Nurul Alam

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

230014 286692 2,152 65 27 43 citations h-index g-index papers 67 67 67 3357 citing authors all docs docs citations times ranked

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Dowry Inflation: Perception or Reality?. Population Research and Policy Review, 2022, 41, 1641-1672.	1.0	3
2	Neonatal and child mortality data in retrospective population-based surveys compared with prospective demographic surveillance: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 7.	1.3	9
3	Gestational age data completeness, quality and validity in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 16.	1.3	12
4	Electronic data collection in a multi-site population-based survey: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 9.	1.3	3
5	Adult death registration in Matlab, rural Bangladesh: completeness, correlates, and obstacles. Genus, 2021, 77, 13.	1.0	10
6	Randomised comparison of two household survey modules for measuring stillbirths and neonatal deaths in five countries: the Every Newborn-INDEPTH study. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e555-e566.	2.9	37
7	On the estimation of population cause-specific mortality fractions from in-hospital deaths. BMC Medicine, 2019, 17, 29.	2.3	4
8	Robustness of the Tariff method for diagnosing verbal autopsies: impact of additional site data on the relationship between symptom and cause. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2019, 19, 232.	1.4	2
9	Arsenic exposure and young adult's mortality risk: A 13-year follow-up study in Matlab, Bangladesh. Environment International, 2019, 123, 358-367.	4.8	33
10	Collecting verbal autopsies: improving and streamlining data collection processes using electronic tablets. Population Health Metrics, 2018, 16, 3.	1.3	15
11	Comparing tariff and medical assistant assigned causes of death from verbal autopsy interviews in Matlab, Bangladesh: implications for a health and demographic surveillance system. Population Health Metrics, 2018, 16, 10.	1.3	10
12	Factors influencing patients' satisfaction at different levels of health facilities in Bangladesh: Results from patient exit interviews. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0196643.	1.1	33
13	Health and Demographic Surveillance System (HDSS) in Matlab, Bangladesh. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 46, 809-816.	0.9	45
14	Vitamin A deficiency and determinants of vitamin A status in Bangladeshi children and women: findings of a national survey. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 1114-1125.	1.1	21
15	The quality of medical death certification of cause of death in hospitals in rural Bangladesh: impact of introducing the International Form of Medical Certificate of Cause of Death. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 688.	0.9	27
16	Implementing the PHMRC shortened questionnaire: Survey duration of open and closed questions in three sites. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0178085.	1.1	3
17	An Assessment of the Potential Impact of Fortification of Staples and Condiments on Micronutrient Intake of Young Children and Women of Reproductive Age in Bangladesh. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 541.	1.7	11
18	The Evolving Demographic and Health Transition in Four Low- and Middle-Income Countries: Evidence from Four Sites in the INDEPTH Network of Longitudinal Health and Demographic Surveillance Systems. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0157281.	1.1	26

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19	Determinants of iron status and Hb in the Bangladesh population: the role of groundwater iron. Public Health Nutrition, 2016, 19, 1862-1874.	1.1	42
20	Consanguineous Marriage, Kinship Ecology, and Market Transition. Current Anthropology, 2016, 57, S167-S180.	0.8	27
21	Use of mobile phones for improving vaccination coverage among children living in rural hard-to-reach areas and urban streets of Bangladesh. Vaccine, 2016, 34, 276-283.	1.7	104
22	Improving performance of the Tariff Method for assigning causes of death to verbal autopsies. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 291.	2.3	80
23	A shortened verbal autopsy instrument for use in routine mortality surveillance systems. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 302.	2.3	70
24	An Assessment of the Potential Impact of Fortification of Staples and Condiments on Micronutrient Intake of Young Children and Women of Reproductive Age in Bangladesh. Nutrients, 2015, 7, 9960-9971.	1.7	7
25	Distribution of chronic disease mortality and deterioration in household socioeconomic status in rural Bangladesh: an analysis over a 24-year period. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 1917-1926.	0.9	33
26	The Neighbourhood Method for Measuring Differences in Maternal Mortality, Infant Mortality and Other Rare Demographic Events. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e83590.	1.1	8
27	Demographic events and economic conditions of rural households in Bangladesh. Asian Population Studies, 2014, 10, 304-318.	0.9	10
28	Effect of Maternal Mortality on Survival of Under-Five Children. Asian Population Studies, 2014, 10, 60-74.	0.9	11
29	Cause-specific mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH health and demographic surveillance system sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25362.	0.7	81
30	Cause-specific childhood mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH health and demographic surveillance system sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25363.	0.7	30
31	Mortality from external causes in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH Health and Demographic Surveillance System Sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25366.	0.7	27
32	Pregnancy-related mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH Health and Demographic Surveillance System sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25368.	0.7	22
33	Malaria mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH health and demographic surveillance system sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25369.	0.7	34
34	Adult non-communicable disease mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH Health and Demographic Surveillance System sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25365.	0.7	45
35	HIV/AIDS-related mortality in Africa and Asia: evidence from INDEPTH health and demographic surveillance system sites. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25370.	0.7	40
36	Distribution of cause of death in rural Bangladesh during 2003–2010: evidence from two rural areas within Matlab Health and Demographic Surveillance site. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25510.	0.7	17

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37	Causes of death in two rural demographic surveillance sites in Bangladesh, 2004–2010: automated coding of verbal autopsies using InterVA-4. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 25511.	0.7	16
38	Does Absence Matter?. Human Nature, 2013, 24, 76-110.	0.8	35
39	Health and demographic surveillance systems: contributing to an understanding of the dynamics in migration and health. Global Health Action, 2013, 6, 21496.	0.7	25
40	A model comparison approach shows stronger support for economic models of fertility decline. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2013, 110, 8045-8050.	3.3	85
41	The association of weather and mortality in Bangladesh from 1983–2009. Global Health Action, 2012, 5, 19121.	0.7	25
42	Injury deaths among people with epilepsy in rural Bangladesh: A retrospective population-based study. Epilepsy and Behavior, 2012, 23, 291-293.	0.9	7
43	Determinants of undernutrition in children under 2 years of age from rural Bangladesh. Indian Pediatrics, 2012, 49, 821-824.	0.2	46
44	Nutrition of Children and Women in Bangladesh: Trends and Directions for the Future. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2012, 30, 1-11.	0.7	148
45	The association of meteorological factors and mortality in rural Bangladesh, 1983–2009. Global Health Action, 2012, 5, 19063.	0.7	27
46	OUT-MIGRATION FROM MATLAB—A RURAL AREA OF BANGLADESH. Asian Population Studies, 2011, 7, 35-50.	0.9	11
47	A comparison of physicians and medical assistants in interpreting verbal autopsy interviews for allocating cause of neonatal death in Matlab, Bangladesh: can medical assistants be considered an alternative to physicians?. Population Health Metrics, 2010, 8, 23.	1.3	6
48	Nutritional Status, Dietary Intake, and Relevant Knowledge of Adolescent Girls in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 86-94.	0.7	75
49	Causes of Neonatal Deaths in a Rural Subdistrict of Bangladesh: Implications for Intervention. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 375-82.	0.7	61
50	Causes of Death of Adults and Elderly and Healthcareseeking before Death in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 520-8.	0.7	42
51	Sexually Harassing Behavior Against Adolescent Girls in Rural Bangladesh. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, 2010, 25, 443-456.	1.3	16
52	Spatio-temporal patterns of under-five mortality in Matlab HDSS in rural Bangladesh. Global Health Action, 2010, 3, 5252.	0.7	11
53	Epidemiological transition in rural Bangladesh, 1986–2006. Global Health Action, 2009, 2, 1904.	0.7	122
54	Determinants of Perceived Morbidity and Use of Health Services by Children Less Than 15ÂYears Old in Rural Bangladesh. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2009, 13, 119-129.	0.7	11

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55	Nutrition: Basis for Healthy Children and Mothers in Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2009, 26, 325-39.	0.7	92
56	Trends in stillbirths, early and late neonatal mortality in rural Bangladesh: the role of public health interventions. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2008, 22, 269-279.	0.8	35
57	Duration and magnitude of mortality after pregnancy in rural Bangladesh. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 397-404.	0.9	17
58	UNMET NEED FOR ADDITIONAL MEDICAL CARE FOR SICK CHILDREN IN MOTHER'S VIEW IN RURAL BANGLADESH: IMPLICATIONS FOR IMPROVING CHILD HEALTH SERVICES. Journal of Biosocial Science, 2007, 39, 769-778.	0.5	3
59	Infant mortality among twins and triplets in rural Bangladesh in 1975–2002. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2007, 12, 1506-1514.	1.0	16
60	THE EFFECT OF DIVORCE ON INFANT MORTALITY IN A REMOTE AREA OF BANGLADESH. Journal of Biosocial Science, 2001, 33, 271-278.	0.5	18
61	TEENAGE MOTHERHOOD AND INFANT MORTALITY IN BANGLADESH: MATERNAL AGE-DEPENDENT EFFECT OF PARITY ONE. Journal of Biosocial Science, 2000, 32, 229-236.	0.5	73
62	INFANT AND CHILD MORTALITY IN BANGLADESH: AGE-SPECIFIC EFFECTS OF PREVIOUS CHILD'S DEATH. Journal of Biosocial Science, 1998, 30, 333-348.	0.5	19
63	Birth spacing and infant and early childhood mortality in a high fertility area of Bangladesh: age-dependent and interactive effects. Journal of Biosocial Science, 1995, 27, 393-404.	0.5	57
64	Sustained Effects of the 1974–5 Famine on Infant and Child Mortality in a Rural Area of Bangladesh. Population Studies, 1990, 44, 145-154.	1.1	54
65	Making healthcare decisions for terminally ill adults and elderly in rural Bangladesh: an application of social autopsy. Journal of Global Health Reports, 0, 3, .	1.0	2