

Inacio Mandomando

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

168
papers

10,929
citations

61945

43
h-index

34964

98
g-index

171
all docs

171
docs citations

171
times ranked

11066
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Short- and Long-term Outcomes of Group B <i>Streptococcus</i> Invasive Disease in Mozambican Children: Results of a Matched Cohort and Retrospective Observational Study and Implications for Future Vaccine Introduction. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2022, 74, S14-S23.	2.9	8
2	Associations Between Eight Earth Observation-Derived Climate Variables and Enteropathogen Infection: An Independent Participant Data Meta-Analysis of Surveillance Studies With Broad Spectrum Nucleic Acid Diagnostics. <i>GeoHealth</i> , 2022, 6, e2021GH000452.	1.9	24
3	Molecular Epidemiology of Rotavirus Strains in Symptomatic and Asymptomatic Children in Manhiça District, Southern Mozambique 2008-2019. <i>Viruses</i> , 2022, 14, 134.	1.5	5
4	Effectiveness of Monovalent Rotavirus Vaccine in Mozambique, a Country with a High Burden of Chronic Malnutrition. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2022, 10, 449.	2.1	2
5	Group B streptococcus infection during pregnancy and infancy: estimates of regional and global burden. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2022, 10, e807-e819.	2.9	61
6	The Clinical Presentation of Culture-positive and Culture-negative, Quantitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR)-Attributable Shigellosis in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study and Derivation of a <i>Shigella</i> Severity Score: Implications for Pediatric <i>Shigella</i> Vaccine Trials. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, e569-e579.	2.9	15
7	Performance of the Xpert MTB/RIF Ultra Assay for Determining Cause of Death by TB in Tissue Samples Obtained by Minimally Invasive Autopsies. <i>Chest</i> , 2021, 159, 103-107.	0.4	5
8	Challenges and needs for social behavioural research and community engagement activities during the COVID-19 pandemic in rural Mozambique. <i>Global Public Health</i> , 2021, 16, 153-157.	1.0	8
9	Cohort Profile Update: Manhiça Health and Demographic Surveillance System (HDSS) of the Manhiça Health Research Centre (CISM). <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 50, 395-395.	0.9	31
10	Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling: A Tool to Guide Efforts to Reduce AIDS-Related Mortality in Resource-Limited Settings. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S343-S350.	2.9	11
11	Rumor surveillance in support of minimally invasive tissue sampling for diagnosing the cause of child death in low-income countries: A qualitative study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0244552.	1.1	5
12	Rotavirus disease burden pre-vaccine introduction in young children in Rural Southern Mozambique, an area of high HIV prevalence. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0249714.	1.1	1
13	Molecular Characterisation of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> spp. in Mozambican Children Younger than 5 Years Enrolled in a Matched Case-Control Study on the Aetiology of Diarrhoeal Disease. <i>Pathogens</i> , 2021, 10, 452.	1.2	2
14	Implementation of the World Health Organization recommendation on the use of rotavirus vaccine without age restriction by African countries. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2021, 39, 3111-3119.	1.7	4
15	High within-host diversity found from direct genotyping on post-mortem tuberculosis specimens in a high-burden setting. <i>Clinical Microbiology and Infection</i> , 2021, 27, 1518.e5-1518.e9.	2.8	0
16	<i>Klebsiella</i> spp. cause severe and fatal disease in Mozambican children: antimicrobial resistance profile and molecular characterization. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 21, 526.	1.3	9
17	Accuracy of verbal autopsy, clinical data and minimally invasive autopsy in the evaluation of malaria-specific mortality: an observational study. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 6, e005218.	2.0	3
18	Molecular Characterization of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Isolated from Raw Milk Samples of Dairy Cows in Manhiça District, Southern Mozambique. <i>Microorganisms</i> , 2021, 9, 1684.	1.6	12

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19	Postmortem investigations and identification of multiple causes of child deaths: An analysis of findings from the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS) network. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2021, 18, e1003814.	3.9	24
20	Pathogens Associated With Linear Growth Faltering in Children With Diarrhea and Impact of Antibiotic Treatment: The Global Enteric Multicenter Study. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 224, S848-S855.	1.9	55
21	Global Respiratory Syncytial Virus-Related Infant Community Deaths. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S229-S237.	2.9	29
22	Deaths Attributed to Respiratory Syncytial Virus in Young Children in High-Mortality Rate Settings: Report from Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS). <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S218-S228.	2.9	19
23	Characteristics of <i>Salmonella</i> Recovered From Stools of Children Enrolled in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, 631-641.	2.9	14
24	Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling as an Alternative to Complete Diagnostic Autopsies in the Context of Epidemic Outbreaks and Pandemics: The Example of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S472-S479.	2.9	6
25	Molecular diversity of <i>Giardia duodenalis</i> in children under 5 years from the Manhica district, Southern Mozambique enrolled in a matched case-control study on the aetiology of diarrhoea. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0008987.	1.3	24
26	Consent to minimally invasive tissue sampling procedures in children in Mozambique: A mixed-methods study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0259621.	1.1	6
27	Diarrhoeal disease and subsequent risk of death in infants and children residing in low-income and middle-income countries: analysis of the GEMS case-control study and 12-month GEMS-1A follow-on study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e204-e214.	2.9	121
28	Initial findings from a novel population-based child mortality surveillance approach: a descriptive study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e909-e919.	2.9	89
29	Quality of care and maternal mortality in a tertiary-level hospital in Mozambique: a retrospective study of clinicopathological discrepancies. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e965-e972.	2.9	12
30	Low frequency of enterohemorrhagic, enteroinvasive and diffusely adherent <i>Escherichia coli</i> in children under 5 years in rural Mozambique: a case-control study. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 20, 659.	1.3	9
31	Redefining enteroaggregative <i>Escherichia coli</i> (EAEC): Genomic characterization of epidemiological EAEC strains. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008613.	1.3	34
32	Associations between Household-Level Exposures and All-Cause Diarrhea and Pathogen-Specific Enteric Infections in Children Enrolled in Five Sentinel Surveillance Studies. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 8078.	1.2	18
33	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ST131 clones harbouring AggR and AAF/V fimbriae causing bacteremia in Mozambican children: Emergence of new variant of fimH27 subclone. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008274.	1.3	22
34	First identification of genotypes of <i>Enterocytozoon bienersi</i> (Microsporidia) among symptomatic and asymptomatic children in Mozambique. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008419.	1.3	17
35	Role of DNA-detection-based tools for monitoring the soil-transmitted helminth treatment response in drug-efficacy trials. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0007931.	1.3	10
36	A Longitudinal Analysis Reveals Early Activation and Late Alterations in B Cells During Primary HIV Infection in Mozambican Adults. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 614319.	2.2	0

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37	Limitations to current methods to estimate cause of death: a validation study of a verbal autopsy model. <i>Gates Open Research</i> , 2020, 4, 55.	2.0	18
38	Limitations to current methods to estimate cause of death: a validation study of a verbal autopsy model. <i>Gates Open Research</i> , 2020, 4, 55.	2.0	21
39	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
40	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
41	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
42	<i>Sneathia amnii</i> and Maternal Chorioamnionitis and Stillbirth, Mozambique. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 25, 1614-1616.	2.0	11
43	Overview and Development of the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance Determination of Cause of Death (DeCoDe) Process and DeCoDe Diagnosis Standards. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 69, S333-S341.	2.9	43
44	Mortality Surveillance Methods to Identify and Characterize Deaths in Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance Network Sites. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 69, S262-S273.	2.9	62
45	Investigating the Feasibility of Child Mortality Surveillance With Postmortem Tissue Sampling: Generating Constructs and Variables to Strengthen Validity and Reliability in Qualitative Research. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 69, S291-S301.	2.9	18
46	Interpreting HIV diagnostic histories into infection time estimates: analytical framework and online tool. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 19, 894.	1.3	26
47	Clinico-pathological discrepancies in the diagnosis of causes of death in adults in Mozambique: A retrospective observational study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0220657.	1.1	17
48	Fatal multi-drug-resistant <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> pneumonia in Maputo, Mozambique: A case report. <i>Enfermedades Infecciosas Y Microbiologia Clinica (English Ed)</i> , 2019, 37, 485-487.	0.2	0
49	Different pattern of stool and plasma gastrointestinal damage biomarkers during primary and chronic HIV infection. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0218000.	1.1	11
50	Evolution of the gut microbiome following acute HIV-1 infection. <i>Microbiome</i> , 2019, 7, 73.	4.9	69
51	Mortality due to <i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i> and <i>Cryptococcus gattii</i> in low-income settings: an autopsy study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 7493.	1.6	42
52	Evidence of reduction of rotavirus diarrheal disease after rotavirus vaccine introduction in national immunization programs in the African countries: Report of the 11th African rotavirus symposium held in Lilongwe, Malawi. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2019, 37, 2975-2981.	1.7	5
53	The incidence, aetiology, and adverse clinical consequences of less severe diarrhoeal episodes among infants and children residing in low-income and middle-income countries: a 12-month case-control study as a follow-on to the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e568-e584.	2.9	168
54	Risk factors for death among children 5-6 months of age with moderate-to-severe diarrhea in Manhica district, southern Mozambique. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 19, 322.	1.3	30

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55	Unmasking the hidden tuberculosis mortality burden in a large post mortem study in Maputo Central Hospital, Mozambique. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2019, 54, 1900312.	3.1	31
56	Fatal multi-drug-resistant <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> pneumonia in Maputo, Mozambique: A case report. <i>Enfermedades Infecciosas Y Microbiología Clínica</i> , 2019, 37, 485-487.	0.3	1
57	Whole genome analyses of DS-1-like Rotavirus A strains detected in children with acute diarrhoea in southern Mozambique suggest several reassortment events. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2019, 69, 68-75.	1.0	16
58	Colonization factors among enterotoxigenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> isolates from children with moderate-to-severe diarrhea and from matched controls in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007037.	1.3	68
59	Postdischarge Mortality Prediction in Sub-Saharan Africa. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2019, 143, .	1.0	33
60	Contribution of the clinical information to the accuracy of the minimally invasive and the complete diagnostic autopsy. <i>Human Pathology</i> , 2019, 85, 184-193.	1.1	10
61	Whole-genome characterization of G12 rotavirus strains detected in Mozambique reveals a co-infection with a GXP[14] strain of possible animal origin. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2019, 100, 932-937.	1.3	12
62	Unmasking the hidden tuberculosis mortality burden in a large postmortem study in Mozambique. , 2019, , .		1
63	Management of superficial and deep-seated <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> skin and soft tissue infections in sub-Saharan Africa: a post hoc analysis of the StaphNet cohort. <i>Infection</i> , 2018, 46, 395-404.	2.3	7
64	Antibiotic resistance and molecular characterization of shigella isolates recovered from children aged less than 5 years in Manhísa, Southern Mozambique. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2018, 51, 881-887.	1.1	19
65	Epidemiology of Rotavirus Infection in Children from a Rural and Urban Area, in Maputo, Southern Mozambique, before Vaccine Introduction. <i>Journal of Tropical Pediatrics</i> , 2018, 64, 141-145.	0.7	15
66	Rotavirus A strains obtained from children with acute gastroenteritis in Mozambique, 2012-2013: G and P genotypes and phylogenetic analysis of VP7 and partial VP4 genes. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2018, 163, 153-165.	0.9	16
67	Direct Detection of Shigella in Stool Specimens by Use of a Metagenomic Approach. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2018, 56, .	1.8	25
68	Postmortem Interval and Diagnostic Performance of the Autopsy Methods. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 16112.	1.6	13
69	Clinical features, risk factors, and impact of antibiotic treatment of diarrhea caused by <i>Shigella</i> in children less than 5 years in Manhísa District, rural Mozambique. <i>Infection and Drug Resistance</i> , 2018, Volume 11, 2095-2106.	1.1	15
70	<i>Salmonella enterica</i> serovars Typhimurium and Enteritidis causing mixed infections in febrile children in Mozambique. <i>Infection and Drug Resistance</i> , 2018, Volume 11, 195-204.	1.1	8
71	The role of HIV infection in the etiology and epidemiology of diarrheal disease among children aged 0-59 months in Manhísa District, Rural Mozambique. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 73, 10-17.	1.5	16
72	The Epidemiology of Diarrhea in Children Under 5 Years of Age in Mozambique. <i>Current Tropical Medicine Reports</i> , 2018, 5, 115-124.	1.6	23

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73	Epidemiology and molecular characterization of multidrug-resistant <i>Escherichia coli</i> isolates harboring CTX-M group 1 extended-spectrum β -lactamases causing bacteremia and urinary tract infection in Manhiça, Mozambique. <i>Infection and Drug Resistance</i> , 2018, Volume 11, 927-936.	1.1	20
74	Invasive bacterial disease trends and characterization of group B streptococcal isolates among young infants in southern Mozambique, 2001–2015. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0191193.	1.1	30
75	Burden of invasive pneumococcal disease among children in rural Mozambique: 2001-2012. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0190687.	1.1	11
76	Feasibility of using regional sentinel surveillance to monitor the rotavirus vaccine impact, effectiveness and intussusception incidence in the African Region. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 1663-1667.	1.7	8
77	Community-Associated <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> from Sub-Saharan Africa and Germany: A Cross-Sectional Geographic Correlation Study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 154.	1.6	26
78	A Cytokine Pattern That Differentiates Preseroconversion From Postseroconversion Phases of Primary HIV Infection. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2017, 74, 459-466.	0.9	19
79	IP-10 Levels as an Accurate Screening Tool to Detect Acute HIV Infection in Resource-Limited Settings. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 8104.	1.6	26
80	Molecular Characterization of Community Acquired <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Bacteremia in Young Children in Southern Mozambique, 2001–2009. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 730.	1.5	7
81	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy for cause of death determination in stillborn babies and neonates in Mozambique: An observational study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017, 14, e1002318.	3.9	82
82	Minimal genetic change in <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> in Mozambique over time: Multilocus variable number tandem repeat analysis and whole genome sequencing. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005671.	1.3	31
83	Dynamics of CD4 and CD8 T-Cell Subsets and Inflammatory Biomarkers during Early and Chronic HIV Infection in Mozambican Adults. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017, 8, 1925.	2.2	23
84	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy tool for cause of death determination in pediatric deaths in Mozambique: An observational study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017, 14, e1002317.	3.9	81
85	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy for cause of death determination in maternal deaths in Mozambique: An observational study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017, 14, e1002431.	3.9	41
86	Placental Microparticles and MicroRNAs in Pregnant Women with <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> or HIV Infection. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0146361.	1.1	32
87	Do Xpert MTB/RIF Cycle Threshold Values Provide Information about Patient Delays for Tuberculosis Diagnosis?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162833.	1.1	13
88	Use of quantitative molecular diagnostic methods to identify causes of diarrhoea in children: a reanalysis of the GEMS case-control study. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2016, 388, 1291-1301.	6.3	658
89	<i>Aeromonas</i> -Associated Diarrhea in Children Under 5 Years: The GEMS Experience. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2016, 95, 774-780.	0.6	24
90	The role of Xpert MTB/RIF in diagnosing pulmonary tuberculosis in post-mortem tissues. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 20703.	1.6	23

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91	Evolution of atypical enteropathogenic <i>E. coli</i> by repeated acquisition of LEE pathogenicity island variants. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2016, 1, 15010.	5.9	60
92	Genomic diversity of EPEC associated with clinical presentations of differing severity. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2016, 1, 15014.	5.9	66
93	Detecting <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Virulence and Resistance Genes: a Comparison of Whole-Genome Sequencing and DNA Microarray Technology. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2016, 54, 1008-1016.	1.8	40
94	Infectious cause of death determination using minimally invasive autopsies in developing countries. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2016, 84, 80-86.	0.8	76
95	Validity of a Minimally Invasive Autopsy for Cause of Death Determination in Adults in Mozambique: An Observational Study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2016, 13, e1002171.	3.9	120
96	Evaluation in Cameroon of a Novel, Simplified Methodology to Assist Molecular Microbiological Analysis of <i>V. cholerae</i> in Resource-Limited Settings. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2016, 10, e0004307.	1.3	19
97	The Burden of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> Diarrheal Disease among Children \leq 24 Months of Age in Moderate/High Mortality Regions of Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia, Utilizing Data from the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2016, 10, e0004729.	1.3	201
98	Characterization of Vaginal <i>Escherichia coli</i> Isolated from Pregnant Women in Two Different African Sites. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0158695.	1.1	22
99	Cytoadhesion to gC1qR through <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> Erythrocyte Membrane Protein 1 in Severe Malaria. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016, 12, e1006011.	2.1	33
100	Carriage prevalence of <i>Salmonella enterica</i> serotype Typhi in gallbladders of adult autopsy cases from Mozambique. <i>Journal of Infection in Developing Countries</i> , 2016, 10, 410-412.	0.5	5
101	Invasive <i>Salmonella</i> Infections Among Children From Rural Mozambique, 2001–2014. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015, 61, S339-S345.	2.9	34
102	The Challenge of Diagnosing and Treating <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Invasive Infections in a Resource-limited Sub-Saharan Africa Setting: A Case Report. <i>Journal of Tropical Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 61, 397-402.	0.7	3
103	Bacterial Factors Associated with Lethal Outcome of Enteropathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> Infection: Genomic Case-Control Studies. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003791.	1.3	21
104	Rapid HIV Progression During Acute HIV-1 Subtype C Infection in a Mozambican Patient with Atypical Seroconversion. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 92, 681-683.	0.6	2
105	Characterisation of extended-spectrum β -lactamases among <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> isolates causing bacteraemia and urinary tract infection in Mozambique. <i>Journal of Global Antimicrobial Resistance</i> , 2015, 3, 19-25.	0.9	20
106	Malaria and HIV Infection in Mozambican Pregnant Women Are Associated With Reduced Transfer of Antimalarial Antibodies to Their Newborns. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015, 211, 1004-1014.	1.9	34
107	Diarrheal Disease in Rural Mozambique: Burden, Risk Factors and Etiology of Diarrheal Disease among Children Aged 0–59 Months Seeking Care at Health Facilities. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0119824.	1.1	68
108	Frequency of Pathogenic Paediatric Bacterial Meningitis in Mozambique: The Critical Role of Multiplex Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction to Estimate the Burden of Disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0138249.	1.1	21

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109	Structural Insight into Host Recognition by Aggregative Adherence Fimbriae of Enteroaggregative Escherichia coli. PLoS Pathogens, 2014, 10, e1004404.	2.1	38
110	Effects on pregnancy and breastfeeding on DDT residues warrant further attention. Chemosphere, 2014, 114, 348.	4.2	0
111	Shigella Isolates From the Global Enteric Multicenter Study Inform Vaccine Development. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, 933-941.	2.9	297
112	Staphylococcal disease in Africa: another neglected "tropical" disease. Future Microbiology, 2013, 8, 17-26.	1.0	26
113	Burden and aetiology of diarrhoeal disease in infants and young children in developing countries (the Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overle 209-222.	6.3	2,885
114	Profile: Manhica Health Research Centre (Manhica HDSS). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 42, 1309-1318.	0.9	116
115	Health Care Utilization and Attitudes Survey in Cases of Moderate-to-Severe Diarrhea among Children Ages 0-59 Months in the District of Manhiça, Southern Mozambique. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 89, 41-48.	0.6	14
116	Breast Milk and Gut Microbiota in African Mothers and Infants from an Area of High HIV Prevalence. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80299.	1.1	84
117	Age-Dependent IgG Subclass Responses to Plasmodium falciparum EBA-175 Are Differentially Associated with Incidence of Malaria in Mozambican Children. Vaccine Journal, 2012, 19, 157-166.	3.2	34
118	Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic Characteristics of a New Pediatric Formulation of Artemether-Lumefantrine in African Children with Uncomplicated Plasmodium falciparum Malaria. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2012, 56, 5429-5429.	1.4	1
119	Diagnostic Microbiologic Methods in the GEMS-1 Case/Control Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 55, S294-S302.	2.9	161
120	Intracontinental spread of human invasive Salmonella Typhimurium pathovariants in sub-Saharan Africa. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 1215-1221.	9.4	370
121	IgG against Plasmodium falciparum variant surface antigens and growth inhibitory antibodies in Mozambican children receiving intermittent preventive treatment with sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine. Immunobiology, 2011, 216, 793-802.	0.8	7
122	Four year immunogenicity of the RTS,S/AS02A malaria vaccine in Mozambican children during a phase IIb trial. Vaccine, 2011, 29, 6059-6067.	1.7	44
123	Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic Characteristics of a New Pediatric Formulation of Artemether-Lumefantrine in African Children with Uncomplicated Plasmodium falciparum Malaria. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2011, 55, 3994-3999.	1.4	24
124	Concentration of DDT compounds in breast milk from African women (Manhiça, Mozambique) at the early stages of domestic indoor spraying with this insecticide. Chemosphere, 2011, 85, 307-314.	4.2	16
125	Distinguishing Malaria from Severe Pneumonia among Hospitalized Children who Fulfilled Integrated Management of Childhood Illness Criteria for Both Diseases: A Hospital-Based Study in Mozambique. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 626-634.	0.6	57
126	Assessment of the Epidemiology and Burden of Measles in Southern Mozambique. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 146-151.	0.6	11

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127	HIV and Placental Infection Modulate the Appearance of Drug-Resistant <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> in Pregnant Women who Receive Intermittent Preventive Treatment. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2011, 52, 41-48.	2.9	32
128	Persistence of <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> Parasites in Infected Pregnant Mozambican Women after Delivery. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2011, 79, 298-304.	1.0	12
129	Epidemiology, Molecular Characterization and Antibiotic Resistance of <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> from Patients \geq 15 Years in Manhísa, Rural Mozambique. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e19717.	1.1	19
130	Endemic and Epidemic Cholera in Africa. , 2011, , 31-50.		1
131	Antimicrobial Drug Resistance Trends of Bacteremia Isolates in a Rural Hospital in Southern Mozambique. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2010, 83, 152-157.	0.6	55
132	The Effect of Intermittent Preventive Treatment during Pregnancy on Malarial Antibodies Depends on HIV Status and Is Not Associated with Poor Delivery Outcomes. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2010, 201, 123-131.	1.9	42
133	Safety, Immunogenicity and Duration of Protection of the RTS,S/AS02D Malaria Vaccine: One Year Follow-Up of a Randomized Controlled Phase I/IIb Trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e13838.	1.1	38
134	Antimicrobial Susceptibility and Mechanisms of Resistance in <i>Shigella</i> and <i>Salmonella</i> Isolates from Children under Five Years of Age with Diarrhea in Rural Mozambique. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2009, 53, 2450-2454.	1.4	73
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