

David L Ashley

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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41
papers

1,284
citations

567281

15
h-index

361022

35
g-index

42
all docs

42
docs citations

42
times ranked

1634
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	“Bored and Stressed”: A Qualitative Study of Exclusive Smokers, ENDS Users, and Transitioning Smokers or ENDS Users in the Time of COVID-19. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2023, 25, 185-192.	2.6	17
2	JUUL releases more nicotine in the first puffs. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2023, 32, 267-268.	3.2	2
3	Variability in Urinary Nicotine Exposure Biomarker Levels Between Waves 1 (2013–2014) and 2 (2014–2015) in the Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health Study. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2023, 25, 616-623.	2.6	2
4	“It brings light to what you really put into your body”: a focus group study of reactions to messages about nicotine reduction in cigarettes. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2022, 31, 649-654.	3.2	14
5	Addicted to smoking or addicted to nicotine? A focus group study on perceptions of nicotine and addiction among US adult current smokers, former smokers, non-smokers and dual users of cigarettes and e-cigarettes. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022, 117, 472-481.	3.3	12
6	Evolution of tobacco products: recent history and future directions. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2022, 31, 175-182.	3.2	29
7	Intentions and Attempts to Quit Smoking Among Sexual Minoritized Adult Smokers After Exposure to the Tips From Former Smokers Campaign. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2022, 5, e2211060.	5.9	5
8	General and Device-Specific Reasons for ENDS Use: A Qualitative Study with Adult ENDS Users. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 6822.	2.6	1
9	Inferences beyond a claim: a typology of potential halo effects related to modified risk tobacco product claims. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2021, 30, 714-720.	3.2	12
10	Impact of Cigarette Filter Ventilation on U.S. Smokers' Perceptions and Biomarkers of Exposure and Potential Harm. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2021, 30, 38-44.	2.5	10
11	Applying the Population Health Standard to the Regulation of Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 780-789.	2.6	13
12	“It’s Cool, Modifying and All, but I Don’t Want Anything Blowing Up on Me”: A Focus Group Study of Motivations to Modify Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS). <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 11735.	2.6	6
13	Factors Associated with Exposure to Trihalomethanes, NHANES 2001–2012. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2020, 54, 1066-1074.	10.0	12
14	Urinary Acrylonitrile Metabolite Concentrations Before and after Smoked, Vaporized, and Oral Cannabis in Frequent and Occasional Cannabis Users. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 6438.	2.6	5
15	What Motivates Smokers to Switch to ENDS? A Qualitative Study of Perceptions and Use. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 8865.	2.6	13
16	IQOS debut in the USA: Philip Morris International’s heated tobacco device introduced in Atlanta, Georgia. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2020, 29, tobaccocontrol-2019-055488.	3.2	34
17	E-cigarettes: How can they help smokers quit without addicting a new generation?. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2020, 140, 106145.	3.4	6
18	Users’ Modifications to Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS): Interviews with ENDS Enthusiasts. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 918.	2.6	13

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19	What are the reasons that smokers reject ENDS? A national probability survey of U.S. Adult smokers, 2017-2018. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2020, 211, 107855.	3.2	15
20	Modifications to Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems: Content Analysis of YouTube Videos. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020, 22, e17104.	4.3	22
21	US Adult Smokersâ€™ Perceived Risk of Fire or Explosion-Related Injury Caused by Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems. <i>Public Health Reports</i> , 2019, 134, 675-684.	2.5	2
22	Use of other combustible tobacco products among priority populations of smokers: Implications for U.S. tobacco regulatory policy. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2019, 93, 194-197.	3.0	14
23	Flavored ENDS Use among Adults Who Have Used Cigarettes and ENDS, 2016-2017. <i>Tobacco Regulatory Science (discontinued)</i> , 2019, 5, 518-531.	0.2	14
24	Effects of Framing Nicotine Reduction in Cigarettes on Anticipated Tobacco Product Use Intentions and Risk Perceptions Among US Adult Smokers. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2019, 21, S108-S116.	2.6	15
25	Patterns and trends of dual use of e-cigarettes and cigarettes among U.S. adults, 2015â€“2018. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2019, 16, 101009.	1.8	81
26	Methyl Tertiary-Butyl Ether Exposure from Gasoline in the U.S. Population, NHANES 2001â€“2012. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2019, 127, 127003.	6.0	12
27	Trends in Trust in the Sources of Health Information on E-Cigarettes Among US Adults, 2015â€“2017. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019, 109, 145-147.	2.7	13
28	Awareness and use of heated tobacco products among US adults, 2016â€“2017. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2018, 27, s55-s61.	3.2	67
29	Who are the smokers who never plan to quit and what do they think about the risks of using tobacco products?. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2018, 87, 62-68.	3.0	13
30	Are electronic nicotine delivery systems helping cigarette smokers quit? Evidence from a prospective cohort study of U.S. adult smokers, 2015â€“2016. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0198047.	2.5	100
31	Anticipating Industry Arguments: The US Food and Drug Administrationâ€™s Authority to Reduce Nicotine Levels in Cigarettes. <i>Public Health Reports</i> , 2018, 133, 502-506.	2.5	2
32	Assessing secondhand smoke using biological markers. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2013, 22, 164-171.	3.2	200
33	The influence of physicochemical properties on the internal dose of trihalomethanes in humans following a controlled showering exposure. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2013, 23, 39-45.	3.9	10
34	Tobacco-specific nitrosamine 4-(methylnitrosamino)-1-(3-pyridyl)-1-butanol (NNAL) in smokers in the united states: NHANES 2007â€“2008. <i>Biomarkers</i> , 2011, 16, 112-119.	1.9	59
35	Effect of Differing Levels of Tobacco-Specific Nitrosamines in Cigarette Smoke on the Levels of Biomarkers in Smokers. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2010, 19, 1389-1398.	2.5	49
36	Measurement of Trihalomethanes and Methyl tert-Butyl Ether in Whole Blood Using Gas Chromatography with High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry. <i>Journal of Analytical Toxicology</i> , 2005, 29, 81-89.	2.8	38

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37	Changes in Blood Trihalomethane Concentrations Resulting From Differences in Water Quality and Water Use Activities. Archives of Environmental and Occupational Health, 2005, 60, 7-15.	1.4	46
38	Measurement of Trihalomethanes and Methyl Tertiary-Butyl Ether in Tap Water Using Solid-Phase Microextraction GC-MS. Journal of Chromatographic Science, 2004, 42, 200-206.	1.4	28
39	Comparison of Trihalomethanes in Tap Water and Blood. Environmental Science & Technology, 2002, 36, 1692-1698.	10.0	84
40	Household exposures to drinking water disinfection by-products: whole blood trihalomethane levels. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2000, 10, 321-326.	3.9	132
41	Time Dependence of Blood Concentrations during and after Exposure to a Mixture of Volatile Organic Compounds. Archives of Environmental Health, 1997, 52, 26-33.	0.4	62