

Thomas J Mozdzer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

40
papers

1,902
citations

279798

23
h-index

276875

41
g-index

44
all docs

44
docs citations

44
times ranked

2354
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Interspecific Competition is Prevalent and Stabilizes Plant Production in a Brackish Marsh Facing Sea Level Rise. <i>Estuaries and Coasts</i> , 2022, 45, 1646-1655.	2.2	4
2	Rapid recovery of carbon cycle processes after the cessation of chronic nutrient enrichment. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 750, 140927.	8.0	4
3	Responses of stomatal features and photosynthesis to porewater N enrichment and elevated atmospheric CO ₂ in <i>Phragmites australis</i> , the common reed. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2021, 108, 718-725.	1.7	2
4	Plant species determine tidal wetland methane response to sea level rise. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 5154.	12.8	24
5	Unraveling the Gordian Knot: Eight testable hypotheses on the effects of nutrient enrichment on tidal wetland sustainability. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 743, 140420.	8.0	14
6	Suitability of Wild <i>Phragmites australis</i> as Bio-Resource: Tissue Quality and Morphology of Populations from Three Continents. <i>Resources</i> , 2020, 9, 143.	3.5	4
7	Not All Nitrogen Is Created Equal: Differential Effects of Nitrate and Ammonium Enrichment in Coastal Wetlands. <i>BioScience</i> , 2020, 70, 1108-1119.	4.9	25
8	The concentration distribution and pollution assessment of heavy metals in surface sediments of the Bohai Bay, China. <i>Marine Pollution Bulletin</i> , 2019, 149, 110497.	5.0	34
9	Evidence does not support the targeting of cryptic invaders at the subspecies level using classical biological control: the example of <i>Phragmites</i> . <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2019, 21, 2529-2541.	2.4	11
10	Complementary responses of morphology and physiology enhance the stand-scale production of a model invasive species under elevated CO ₂ and nitrogen. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2018, 32, 1784-1796.	3.6	17
11	Nitrogen uptake kinetics and saltmarsh plant responses to global change. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 5393.	3.3	20
12	Nitrogen enrichment alters carbon fluxes in a New England salt marsh. <i>Ecosystem Health and Sustainability</i> , 2018, 4, 277-287.	3.1	14
13	Global-change effects on early-stage decomposition processes in tidal wetlands – implications from a global survey using standardized litter. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 15, 3189-3202.	3.3	73
14	Nutrient foraging strategies are associated with productivity and population growth in forest shrubs. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2017, 119, mcw271.	2.9	12
15	An invasive wetland grass primes deep soil carbon pools. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 2104-2116.	9.5	66
16	Global networks for invasion science: benefits, challenges and guidelines. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2017, 19, 1081-1096.	2.4	44
17	Cosmopolitan Species As Models for Ecophysiological Responses to Global Change: The Common Reed <i>Phragmites australis</i> . <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017, 8, 1833.	3.6	123
18	Limits to soil carbon stability; Deep, ancient soil carbon decomposition stimulated by new labile organic inputs. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 98, 85-94.	8.8	113

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19	Contrasting trait responses to latitudinal climate variation in two lineages of an invasive grass. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 2649-2660.	2.4	8
20	Saltmarsh plant responses to eutrophication. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 2649-2661.	3.8	60
21	Allometry data and equations for coastal marsh plants. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 3554-3554.	3.2	22
22	Deep rooting and global change facilitate spread of invasive grass. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 2619-2631.	2.4	38
23	Complex invader-ecosystem interactions and seasonality mediate the impact of non-native <i>Phragmites</i> on CH ₄ emissions. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 2635-2647.	2.4	25
24	Global change accelerates carbon assimilation by a wetland ecosystem engineer. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2015, 10, 115006.	5.2	57
25	Latitudinal variation in the availability and use of dissolved organic nitrogen in Atlantic coast salt marshes. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 3293-3303.	3.2	14
26	Belowground advantages in construction cost facilitate a cryptic plant invasion. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2014, 6, .	2.3	25
27	<i>Phragmites australis</i> management in the United States: 40 years of methods and outcomes. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2014, 6, .	2.3	149
28	Livestock as a potential biological control agent for an invasive wetland plant. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2014, 2, e567.	2.0	20
29	Increased Methane Emissions by an Introduced <i>Phragmites australis</i> Lineage under Global Change. <i>Wetlands</i> , 2013, 33, 609-615.	1.5	51
30	Tidal marsh plant responses to elevated CO ₂ , nitrogen fertilization, and sea level rise. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 1495-1503.	9.5	116
31	Jack-and-Master Trait Responses to Elevated CO ₂ and N: A Comparison of Native and Introduced <i>Phragmites australis</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42794.	2.5	76
32	Twelve testable hypotheses on the geobiology of weathering. <i>Geobiology</i> , 2011, 9, 140-165.	2.4	133
33	Physiological responses of <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> to varying environmental conditions in Virginia marshes. <i>Hydrobiologia</i> , 2011, 669, 167-181.	2.0	18
34	Nitrogen uptake by the shoots of smooth cordgrass <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> . <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2011, 433, 43-52.	1.9	21
35	Nitrogen Uptake by Native and Invasive Temperate Coastal Macrophytes: Importance of Dissolved Organic Nitrogen. <i>Estuaries and Coasts</i> , 2010, 33, 784-797.	2.2	64
36	Ecophysiological differences between genetic lineages facilitate the invasion of non-native <i>Phragmites australis</i> in North American Atlantic coast wetlands. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2010, 98, 451-458.	4.0	119

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37	Efficacy of Imazapyr and Glyphosate in the Control of Non-Native <i>Phragmites australis</i> . <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2008, 16, 221-224.	2.9	37
38	Tidal influences on carbon assimilation by a salt marsh. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2008, 3, 044010.	5.2	91
39	Effects of cadmium and zinc on larval growth and survival in the ground beetle, <i>Pterostichus oblongopunctatus</i> . <i>Environment International</i> , 2003, 28, 737-742.	10.0	26
40	Effects of salinity and sulfide on the distribution of <i>Phragmites australis</i> and <i>Spartina alterniflora</i> in a tidal saltmarsh. <i>Aquatic Botany</i> , 1998, 62, 161-169.	1.6	126