Joshua P Schimel

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

80 164 184 27,238 g-index h-index citations papers 31,382 195 7.9 7.55 L-index ext. citations avg, IF ext. papers

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|---|----------------|-----------|
| 184 | Estimating microbial carbon use efficiency in soil: Isotope-based and enzyme-based methods measure fundamentally different aspects of microbial resource use. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2022 , 108677 | 7·5 | 1 |
| 183 | Ecosystem metabolomics of dissolved organic matter from arctic soil pore water across seasonal transitions 2022 , 91-106 | | |
| 182 | Beyond bulk: Density fractions explain heterogeneity in global soil carbon abundance and persistence. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021 , | 11.4 | 3 |
| 181 | Amino acids dominate diffusive nitrogen fluxes across soil depths in acidic tussock tundra. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021 , 231, 2162-2173 | 9.8 | 6 |
| 180 | A holistic framework integrating plant-microbe-mineral regulation of soil bioavailable nitrogen. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2021 , 154, 211-229 | 3.8 | 17 |
| 179 | The Democracy of Dirt: Relating Micro-Scale Dynamics to Macro-Scale Ecosystem Function. <i>Advances in Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2021 , 89-102 | 1.3 | 2 |
| 178 | High resolution measurements reveal abiotic and biotic mechanisms of elevated nitric oxide emission after wetting dry soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021 , 160, 108316 | 7.5 | 1 |
| 177 | Partitioning sources of CO2 emission after soil wetting using high-resolution observations and minimal models. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2020 , 143, 107753 | 7.5 | 10 |
| 176 | Cellular and extracellular C contributions to respiration after wetting dry soil. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2020 , 147, 307-324 | 3.8 | 21 |
| 175 | Rainfall intensification increases the contribution of rewetting pulses to soil heterotrophic respiration. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020 , 17, 4007-4023 | 4.6 | 11 |
| 174 | An open-source database for the synthesis of soil radiocarbon data: International Soil Radiocarbon Database (ISRaD) version 1.0. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2020 , 12, 61-76 | 10.5 | 18 |
| 173 | Soybeans Grown with Carbonaceous Nanomaterials Maintain Nitrogen Stoichiometry by Assimilating Soil Nitrogen to Offset Impaired Dinitrogen Fixation. <i>ACS Nano</i> , 2020 , 14, 585-594 | 16.7 | 5 |
| 172 | Persistence of soil organic carbon caused by functional complexity. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2020 , 13, 529-53 | 34 :8.3 | 131 |
| 171 | Changing perspectives on terrestrial nitrogen cycling: The importance of weathering and evolved resource-use traits for understanding ecosystem responses to global change. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2019 , 33, 1818-1829 | 5.6 | 5 |
| 170 | Limited effects of early snowmelt on plants, decomposers, and soil nutrients in Arctic tundra soils. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019 , 9, 1820-1844 | 2.8 | 12 |
| 169 | Effects of carbonaceous nanomaterials on soil-grown soybeans under combined heat and insect stresses. <i>Environmental Chemistry</i> , 2019 , 16, 482-493 | 3.2 | 5 |
| 168 | Plant community regulates decomposer response to freezing more strongly than the rate or extent of the freezing regime. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019 , 10, e02608 | 3.1 | 1 |

(2017-2018)

| 167 | Beyond clay: towards an improved set of variables for predicting soil organic matter content. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 137, 297-306 | 3.8 | 236 |
|-----|--|----------------|-----|
| 166 | The Millennial model: in search of measurable pools and transformations for modeling soil carbon in the new century. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 137, 51-71 | 3.8 | 85 |
| 165 | Carbonaceous Nanomaterials Have Higher Effects on Soybean Rhizosphere Prokaryotic Communities During the Reproductive Growth Phase than During Vegetative Growth. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental Science & Environment</i> | 10.3 | 38 |
| 164 | Improving understanding of soil organic matter dynamics by triangulating theories, measurements, and models. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 140, 1-13 | 3.8 | 42 |
| 163 | Effects of altered dry season length and plant inputs on soluble soil carbon. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018 , 99, 2348-236 | 5 4 .6 | 32 |
| 162 | Biotic versus Abiotic Controls on Bioavailable Soil Organic Carbon. <i>Soil Systems</i> , 2018 , 2, 10 | 3.5 | 18 |
| 161 | Environmental controls on extracellular polysaccharide accumulation in a California grassland soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 125, 86-92 | 7.5 | 12 |
| 160 | Understanding how microbiomes influence the systems they inhabit. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2018 , 3, 977- | 9 26 .6 | 101 |
| 159 | Life in Dry Soils: Effects of Drought on Soil Microbial Communities and Processes. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2018 , 49, 409-432 | 13.5 | 235 |
| 158 | Minerals in the rhizosphere: overlooked mediators of soil nitrogen availability to plants and microbes. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 139, 103-122 | 3.8 | 104 |
| 157 | Cooperation of earthworm and arbuscular mycorrhizae enhanced plant N uptake by balancing absorption and supply of ammonia. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 116, 351-359 | 7.5 | 17 |
| 156 | Multiple models and experiments underscore large uncertainty in soil carbon dynamics. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 141, 109-123 | 3.8 | 95 |
| 155 | Evaluating soil microbial carbon use efficiency explicitly as a function of cellular processes: implications for measurements and models. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2018 , 140, 269-283 | 3.8 | 34 |
| 154 | Shrub encroachment in Arctic tundra: Betula nana effects on above- and belowground litter decomposition. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017 , 98, 1361-1376 | 4.6 | 64 |
| 153 | Shifting patterns of microbial N-metabolism across seasons in upland Alaskan tundra soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 105, 96-107 | 7.5 | 10 |
| 152 | Agglomeration Determines Effects of Carbonaceous Nanomaterials on Soybean Nodulation, Dinitrogen Fixation Potential, and Growth in Soil. <i>ACS Nano</i> , 2017 , 11, 5753-5765 | 16.7 | 53 |
| 151 | Global pattern and controls of soil microbial metabolic quotient. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2017 , 87, 429-4 | l ∮ 1 | 68 |
| 150 | Nitrogen cycling and export in California chaparral: the role of climate in shaping ecosystem responses to fire. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2017 , 87, 76-90 | 9 | 19 |

| 149 | Damage assessment for soybean cultivated in soil with either CeO or ZnO manufactured nanomaterials. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 579, 1756-1768 | 10.2 | 69 |
|-----|--|----------------|-----|
| 148 | Linking NO and N2O emission pulses with the mobilization of mineral and organic N upon rewetting dry soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 115, 461-466 | 7.5 | 51 |
| 147 | The importance of anabolism in microbial control over soil carbon storage. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2017 , 2, 17105 | 26.6 | 567 |
| 146 | Soil carbon and nitrogen dynamics throughout the summer drought in a California annual grassland. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 115, 54-62 | 7.5 | 54 |
| 145 | Estimating decay dynamics for enzyme activities in soils from different ecosystems. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 114, 5-11 | 7.5 | 71 |
| 144 | Acidity and organic matter promote abiotic nitric oxide production in drying soils. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017 , 23, 1735-1747 | 11.4 | 24 |
| 143 | Water balance creates a threshold in soil pH at the global scale. <i>Nature</i> , 2016 , 540, 567-569 | 50.4 | 186 |
| 142 | Microbial ecology: Linking omics to biogeochemistry. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2016 , 1, 15028 | 26.6 | 25 |
| 141 | Vegetation Leachate During Arctic Thaw Enhances Soil Microbial Phosphorus. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016 , 19, 47 | 7- <u>4</u> 89 | 10 |
| 140 | Factors Regulating Nitrogen Retention During the Early Stages of Recovery from Fire in Coastal Chaparral Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016 , 19, 910-926 | 3.9 | 23 |
| 139 | Modeling coupled enzymatic and solute transport controls on decomposition in drying soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016 , 95, 275-287 | 7.5 | 58 |
| 138 | Effects of substrate supply, pH, and char on net nitrogen mineralization and nitrification along a wildfire-structured age gradient in chaparral. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016 , 95, 87-99 | 7.5 | 42 |
| 137 | Frontiers in Ecosystem Ecology from a Community Perspective: The Future is Boundless and Bright. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016 , 19, 753-770 | 3.9 | 31 |
| 136 | Long-Term Effects of Multiwalled Carbon Nanotubes and Graphene on Microbial Communities in Dry Soil. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental Science & </i> | 10.3 | 68 |
| 135 | Plant versus microbial controls on soil aggregate stability in a seasonally dry ecosystem. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2016 , 272, 39-50 | 6.7 | 72 |
| 134 | Aridity and plant uptake interact to make dryland soils hotspots for nitric oxide (NO) emissions. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016 , 113, E2608-16 | 11.5 | 65 |
| 133 | Linking microbial community structure and microbial processes: an empirical and conceptual overview. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2015 , 91, | 4.3 | 100 |
| 132 | Improving Nitrite Analysis in Soils: Drawbacks of the Conventional 2 M KCl Extraction. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2015 , 79, 1237-1242 | 2.5 | 18 |

| 131 | Controls on Methane Flux from Terrestrial Ecosystems. ASA Special Publication, 2015, 167-182 | 1.1 | 8 |
|-----|--|------|-----|
| 130 | A theoretical analysis of microbial eco-physiological and diffusion limitations to carbon cycling in drying soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014 , 73, 69-83 | 7.5 | 162 |
| 129 | Separating cellular metabolism from exoenzyme activity in soil organic matter decomposition. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014 , 71, 68-75 | 7.5 | 69 |
| 128 | Five reasons to use bacteria when assessing manufactured nanomaterial environmental hazards and fates. <i>Current Opinion in Biotechnology</i> , 2014 , 27, 73-8 | 11.4 | 70 |
| 127 | Soybean plants modify metal oxide nanoparticle effects on soil bacterial communities. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental S</i> | 10.3 | 77 |
| 126 | Assessing Nitrogen-Saturation in a Seasonally Dry Chaparral Watershed: Limitations of Traditional Indicators of N-Saturation. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2014 , 17, 1286-1305 | 3.9 | 42 |
| 125 | Responses of a tundra system to warming using SCAMPS: a stoichiometrically coupled, acclimating microbeplantBoil model. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2014 , 84, 151-170 | 9 | 42 |
| 124 | Soil heterogeneity and the distribution of native grasses in California: Can soil properties inform restoration plans?. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2014 , 5, art46 | 3.1 | 4 |
| 123 | Substrate and environmental controls on microbial assimilation of soil organic carbon: a framework for Earth system models. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014 , 17, 547-55 | 10 | 110 |
| 122 | Analysis of run-to-run variation of bar-coded pyrosequencing for evaluating bacterial community shifts and individual taxa dynamics. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e99414 | 3.7 | 10 |
| 121 | Terrestrial Ecosystems at Toolik Lake, Alaska 2014 , 90-142 | | 23 |
| 120 | Assessing interactions of hydrophilic nanoscale TiO2 with soil water. <i>Journal of Nanoparticle Research</i> , 2013 , 15, 1 | 2.3 | 23 |
| 119 | Potential mechanisms and environmental controls of TiO2 nanoparticle effects on soil bacterial communities. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental Sci</i> | 10.3 | 79 |
| 118 | Soil-plant N processes in a High Arctic ecosystem, NW Greenland are altered by long-term experimental warming and higher rainfall. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013 , 19, 3529-39 | 11.4 | 61 |
| 117 | The impacts of climate change on ecosystem structure and function. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2013 , 11, 474-482 | 5.5 | 301 |
| 116 | Ecological nanotoxicology: integrating nanomaterial hazard considerations across the subcellular, population, community, and ecosystems levels. <i>Accounts of Chemical Research</i> , 2013 , 46, 813-22 | 24.3 | 115 |
| 115 | Cloud shading and fog drip influence the metabolism of a coastal pine ecosystem. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013 , 19, 484-97 | 11.4 | 37 |
| 114 | Static osmolyte concentrations in microbial biomass during seasonal drought in a California grassland. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013 , 57, 356-361 | 7.5 | 51 |

| 113 | Drivers of microbial respiration and net N mineralization at the continental scale. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013 , 60, 65-76 | 7.5 | 114 |
|-----|--|--------------|-----|
| 112 | Long-term warming restructures Arctic tundra without changing net soil carbon storage. <i>Nature</i> , 2013 , 497, 615-8 | 50.4 | 283 |
| 111 | Seasonal patterns of microbial extracellular enzyme activities in an arctic tundra soil: Identifying direct and indirect effects of long-term summer warming. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013 , 66, 119-1 | 2 795 | 73 |
| 110 | What's in a name? The importance of soil taxonomy for ecology and biogeochemistry. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2013 , 11, 405-406 | 5.5 | 9 |
| 109 | When structure means conservation: Effect of aggregate structure in controlling microbial responses to rewetting events. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2012 , 44, 1-8 | 7.5 | 97 |
| 108 | Detecting microbial N-limitation in tussock tundra soil: Implications for Arctic soil organic carbon cycling. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2012 , 55, 78-84 | 7.5 | 98 |
| 107 | Stoichiometric flexibility as a regulator of carbon and nutrient cycling in terrestrial ecosystems under change. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2012 , 196, 68-78 | 9.8 | 175 |
| 106 | Soybean susceptibility to manufactured nanomaterials with evidence for food quality and soil fertility interruption. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012 , 109, E2451-6 | 11.5 | 377 |
| 105 | Sinks for nitrogen inputs in terrestrial ecosystems: a meta-analysis of 15N tracer field studies. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012 , 93, 1816-29 | 4.6 | 162 |
| 104 | Grassland community composition drives small-scale spatial patterns in soil properties and processes. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2012 , 170, 269-279 | 6.7 | 15 |
| 103 | Responses of soil microbial communities to water stress: results from a meta-analysis. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012 , 93, 930-8 | 4.6 | 585 |
| 102 | Identification of soil bacteria susceptible to TiO2 and ZnO nanoparticles. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2012 , 78, 6749-58 | 4.8 | 195 |
| 101 | Reply to Lombi et al.: Clear effects of manufactured nanomaterials to soybean. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012 , 109, E3337-E3337 | 11.5 | 1 |
| 100 | Microbial control over carbon cycling in soil. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2012, 3, 348 | 5.7 | 674 |
| 99 | Evidence for negative effects of TiO2 and ZnO nanoparticles on soil bacterial communities. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental Science & Environmen</i> | 10.3 | 357 |
| 98 | Soil nitrogen availability and transformations differ between the summer and the growing season in a California grassland. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2011 , 48, 185-192 | 5 | 100 |
| 97 | Carbon and Nitrogen Cycling in Snow-Covered Environments. <i>Geography Compass</i> , 2011 , 5, 682-699 | 2.4 | 142 |
| 96 | A cross-seasonal comparison of active and total bacterial community composition in Arctic tundra soil using bromodeoxyuridine labeling. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2011 , 43, 287-295 | 7.5 | 71 |

(2008-2011)

| 95 | Drying/rewetting cycles mobilize old C from deep soils from a California annual grassland. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2011 , 43, 1101-1103 | 7.5 | 62 | |
|----|---|-------|-----|--|
| 94 | Seasonal and episodic moisture controls on plant and microbial contributions to soil respiration. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2011 , 167, 265-78 | 2.9 | 139 | |
| 93 | Marine Macrophyte Wrack Inputs and Dissolved Nutrients in Beach Sands. <i>Estuaries and Coasts</i> , 2011 , 34, 839-850 | 2.8 | 77 | |
| 92 | The ecological coherence of high bacterial taxonomic ranks. <i>Nature Reviews Microbiology</i> , 2010 , 8, 523- | 922.2 | 406 | |
| 91 | Invasive Grasses Increase Nitrogen Availability in California Grassland Soils. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2010 , 3, 40-47 | 1 | 30 | |
| 90 | Pushing the limits for amplifying BrdU-labeled DNA encoding 16S rRNA: DNA polymerase as the determining factor. <i>Journal of Microbiological Methods</i> , 2010 , 83, 312-6 | 2.8 | 4 | |
| 89 | Adding an empirical factor to better represent the rewetting pulse mechanism in a soil biogeochemical model. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2010 , 159, 440-451 | 6.7 | 20 | |
| 88 | Understanding and eliminating iron interference in colorimetric nitrate and nitrite analysis. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2010 , 165, 633-41 | 3.1 | 16 | |
| 87 | Slow turnover and production of fungal hyphae during a Californian dry season. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010 , 42, 1657-1660 | 7.5 | 25 | |
| 86 | Seasonal variation in nitrogen uptake and turnover in two high-elevation soils: mineralization responses are site-dependent. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2009 , 93, 253-270 | 3.8 | 31 | |
| 85 | Seasonal variation in enzyme activities and temperature sensitivities in Arctic tundra soils. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009 , 15, 1631-1639 | 11.4 | 253 | |
| 84 | Does adding microbial mechanisms of decomposition improve soil organic matter models? A comparison of four models using data from a pulsed rewetting experiment. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2009 , 41, 1923-1934 | 7.5 | 148 | |
| 83 | Microbial growth in Arctic tundra soil at -2LC. Environmental Microbiology Reports, 2009, 1, 162-6 | 3.7 | 44 | |
| 82 | Towards a predictive understanding of belowground process responses to climate change: have we moved any closer?. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2008 , 22, 937-940 | 5.6 | 27 | |
| 81 | Soil heterogeneity in lumped mineralization[Immobilization models. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2008 , 40, 1137-1148 | 7.5 | 32 | |
| 80 | Drying and rewetting effects on C and N mineralization and microbial activity in surface and subsurface California grassland soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2008 , 40, 2281-2289 | 7.5 | 365 | |
| 79 | Abiotic nitrate incorporation, anaerobic microsites, and the ferrous wheel. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2008 , 91, 223-227 | 3.8 | 31 | |
| 78 | Evaluation of hyperspectral data for pasture estimate in the Brazilian Amazon using field and imaging spectrometers. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2008 , 112, 1569-1583 | 13.2 | 67 | |

| 77 | Microbial stress-response physiology and its implications for ecosystem function. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007 , 88, 138 | 864-194 | 1510 |
|----|--|--------------------------|------|
| 76 | Characterization of pasture biophysical properties and the impact of grazing intensity using remotely sensed data. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2007 , 109, 314-327 | 13.2 | 99 |
| 75 | Bacterial and fungal community structure in Arctic tundra tussock and shrub soils. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2007 , 59, 428-35 | 4.3 | 170 |
| 74 | Nitrogen transfer between decomposing leaves of different N status. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2007 , 39, 1428-1436 | 7.5 | 167 |
| 73 | Temporal nutrient variation in soil and vegetation of post-forest pastures as a function of soil order, pasture age, and management, Rondfiia, Brazil. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2007 , 118, 159-172 | 5.7 | 24 |
| 72 | Abiotic nitrate incorporation in soil: is it real?. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2007 , 84, 161-169 | 3.8 | 54 |
| 71 | Mineralization responses at near-zero temperatures in three alpine soils. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2007 , 84, 23 | 3 <i>-9</i> 2 % 5 | 36 |
| 70 | New Directions in Microbial Ecology1. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007 , 88, 1343-1344 | 4.6 | 43 |
| 69 | Cold-season Production of CO2 in Arctic Soils: Can Laboratory and Field Estimates Be Reconciled through a Simple Modeling Approach?. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2006 , 38, 249-256 | 1.8 | 45 |
| 68 | Predicting the temperature dependence of microbial respiration in soil: A continental-scale analysis. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2006 , 20, n/a-n/a | 5.9 | 164 |
| 67 | Decadal-scale Dynamics of Water, Carbon and Nitrogen in a California Chaparral Ecosystem: DAYCENT Modeling Results. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2006 , 77, 217-245 | 3.8 | 39 |
| 66 | Winter Biological Processes Could Help Convert Arctic Tundra to Shrubland. <i>BioScience</i> , 2005 , 55, 17 | 5.7 | 473 |
| 65 | Nitrogen Cycling and the Spread of Shrubs Control Changes in the Carbon Balance of Arctic Tundra Ecosystems. <i>BioScience</i> , 2005 , 55, 408 | 5.7 | 136 |
| 64 | Role of land-surface changes in arctic summer warming. <i>Science</i> , 2005 , 310, 657-60 | 33.3 | 1028 |
| 63 | Microbial community composition and soil nitrogen cycling: is there really a connection? 2005 , 171-188 | | 33 |
| 62 | Changing microbial substrate use in Arctic tundra soils through a freeze-thaw cycle. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2005 , 37, 1411-1418 | 7.5 | 153 |
| 61 | Seasonal protein dynamics in Alaskan arctic tundra soils. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2005, 37, 1469-1 | 47. 5 | 83 |
| 60 | Episodic rewetting enhances carbon and nitrogen release from chaparral soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2005 , 37, 2195-2204 | 7.5 | 254 |

(2002-2005)

| 59 | The seasonal dynamics of amino acids and other nutrients in Alaskan Arctic tundra soils. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2005 , 73, 359-380 | 3.8 | 116 |
|----|--|---------------|------|
| 58 | LITTER QUALITY AND THE TEMPERATURE SENSITIVITY OF DECOMPOSITION. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005 , 86, 320-32 | 26 4.6 | 479 |
| 57 | Persulfate Digestion and Simultaneous Colorimetric Analysis of Carbon and Nitrogen in Soil Extracts. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2004 , 68, 669-676 | 2.5 | 65 |
| 56 | Playing scales in the methane cycle: from microbial ecology to the globe. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004 , 101, 12400-1 | 11.5 | 25 |
| 55 | Increased snow depth affects microbial activity and nitrogen mineralization in two Arctic tundra communities. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2004 , 36, 217-227 | 7.5 | 464 |
| 54 | NITROGEN MINERALIZATION: CHALLENGES OF A CHANGING PARADIGM. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004 , 85, 591-602 | 4.6 | 1572 |
| 53 | Persulfate Digestion and Simultaneous Colorimetric Analysis of Carbon and Nitrogen in Soil Extracts 2004 , 68, 669 | | 25 |
| 52 | A Proposed Mechanism for the Pulse in Carbon Dioxide Production Commonly Observed Following the Rapid Rewetting of a Dry Soil. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2003 , 67, 798-805 | 2.5 | 138 |
| 51 | Mechanisms underlying export of N from high-elevation catchments during seasonal transitions. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2003 , 64, 1-24 | 3.8 | 90 |
| 50 | Influence of drying-rewetting frequency on soil bacterial community structure. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2003 , 45, 63-71 | 4.4 | 491 |
| 49 | Comparison of subsurface and surface soil bacterial communities in California grassland as assessed by terminal restriction fragment length polymorphisms of PCR-amplified 16S rRNA genes. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2003 , 46, 216-27 | 4.4 | 73 |
| 48 | Interactions between Carbon and Nitrogen Mineralization and Soil Organic Matter Chemistry in Arctic Tundra Soils. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2003 , 6, 129-143 | 3.9 | 225 |
| 47 | Variations in microbial community composition through two soil depth profiles. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2003 , 35, 167-176 | 7.5 | 1156 |
| 46 | Controls on microbial CO2 production: a comparison of surface and subsurface soil horizons. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2003 , 9, 1322-1332 | 11.4 | 321 |
| 45 | The implications of exoenzyme activity on microbial carbon and nitrogen limitation in soil: a theoretical model. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2003 , 35, 549-563 | 7.5 | 1018 |
| 44 | A Proposed Mechanism for the Pulse in Carbon Dioxide Production Commonly Observed Following the Rapid Rewetting of a Dry Soil. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2003 , 67, 798 | 2.5 | 434 |
| 43 | Effects of dryingTewetting frequency on soil carbon and nitrogen transformations. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2002 , 34, 777-787 | 7.5 | 753 |
| 42 | Temperature controls of microbial respiration in arctic tundra soils above and below freezing. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2002 , 34, 1785-1795 | 7.5 | 391 |

| 41 | The Influence of Soil Biodiversity on Hydrological Pathways and the Transfer of Materials between Terrestrial and Aquatic Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2001 , 4, 421-429 | 3.9 | 53 |
|----|---|-------|-----|
| 40 | Respiration from coarse wood litter in central Amazon forests. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2001 , 52, 115-131 | 3.8 | 130 |
| 39 | Errors in ©verestimation of gross N transformation rates in grassland soils©Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2001 , 33, 1433-1435 | 7.5 | 13 |
| 38 | Influence of balsam poplar tannin fractions on carbon and nitrogen dynamics in Alaskan taiga floodplain soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2001 , 33, 1827-1839 | 7.5 | 220 |
| 37 | Biogeochemical Models: Implicit versus Explicit Microbiology 2001 , 177-183 | | 45 |
| 36 | Controls over carbon storage and turnover in high-latitude soils <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2000 , 6, 196-2 | 101.4 | 450 |
| 35 | Decomposition and carbon cycling of dead trees in tropical forests of the central Amazon. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2000 , 122, 380-388 | 2.9 | 308 |
| 34 | Controls on Soil Carbon Dioxide and Methane Fluxes in a Variety of Taiga Forest Stands in Interior Alaska. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2000 , 3, 269-282 | 3.9 | 98 |
| 33 | Moisture effects on microbial activity and community structure in decomposing birch litter in the Alaskan taiga. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1999 , 31, 831-838 | 7.5 | 260 |
| 32 | The Role of Balsam Poplar Secondary Chemicals in Controlling Soil Nutrient Dynamics through Succession in the Alaskan Taiga. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 1998 , 42, 221-234 | 3.8 | 159 |
| 31 | Ancient trees in Amazonia. <i>Nature</i> , 1998 , 391, 135-136 | 50.4 | 195 |
| 30 | Microbial community structure and global trace gases. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 1998 , 4, 745-758 | 11.4 | 210 |
| 29 | Moisture control over atmospheric CH4 consumption and CO2 production in diverse Alaskan soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1998 , 30, 1127-1132 | 7.5 | 107 |
| 28 | Effect of CH4-starvation on atmospheric CH4 oxidizers in Taiga and temperate forest soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1998 , 30, 1463-1467 | 7.5 | 8 |
| 27 | Rivers and Soils: Parallels in Carbon and Nutrient ProcessingStream and soil ecologists can learn much by understanding each others' perspective. <i>BioScience</i> , 1998 , 48, 104-108 | 5.7 | 79 |
| 26 | Dichromate Digestion and Simultaneous Colorimetry of Microbial Carbon and Nitrogen. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 1998 , 62, 937-941 | 2.5 | 4 |
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| 20 | Analysis of Kjeldahl digests by the salicylate method: Optimizing pH and buffering improves both sensitivity and precision. <i>Communications in Soil Science and Plant Analysis</i> , 1996 , 27, 2549-2560 | 1.5 | 3 |
| 19 | Tundra Plant Uptake of Amino Acid and NH4+ Nitrogen in Situ: Plants Complete Well for Amino Acid N. <i>Ecology</i> , 1996 , 77, 2142-2147 | 4.6 | 238 |
| 18 | Effects of balsam poplar (Populus balsamifera) tannins and low molecular weight phenolics on microbial activity in taiga floodplain soil: implications for changes in N cycling during succession. <i>Canadian Journal of Botany</i> , 1996 , 74, 84-90 | | 168 |
| 17 | Nitrogen turnover and availability during succession from alder to poplar in Alaskan taiga forests. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1995 , 27, 743-752 | 7.5 | 79 |
| 16 | Microbial activity of tundra and taiga soils at sub-zero temperatures. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1995 , 27, 1231-1234 | 7.5 | 245 |
| 15 | Plant transport and methane production as controls on methane flux from arctic wet meadow tundra. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 1995 , 28, 183-200 | 3.8 | 214 |
| 14 | Reduction in microbial activity in Birch litter due to drying and rewetting event. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 1994 , 26, 403-406 | 7.5 | 96 |
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| 6 | Nitrogen Incorporation and Flow Through a Coniferous Forest Soil Profile. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 1989 , 53, 779-784 | 2.5 | 55 |

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| 3 | Facile new synthesis and purification of 5,10-methenyl-tetrahydrofolate from folic acid. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 1980 , 103, 255-7 | 3.1 | 10 |
| 2 | Measuring soil microbial parameters relevant for soil carbon fluxes169-186 | | 0 |
| 1 | An open source database for the synthesis of soil radiocarbon data: ISRaD version 1.0 | | 2 |