

Thomas Madsen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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136
papers

7,462
citations

47006

47
h-index

62596

80
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136
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136
docs citations

136
times ranked

5034
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Transmissible cancer influences immune gene expression in an endangered marsupial, the Tasmanian devil (<i>Sarcophilus harrisii</i>). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2022, 31, 2293-2311.	3.9	3
2	Telomeres, the loop tying cancer to organismal life histories. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2022, 31, 6273-6285.	3.9	6
3	Mass-related differences in metabolic rate and fasting endurance explain divergence in seasonal activity of Mediterranean lizards. <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2022, 43, 225-234.	0.5	2
4	Negative frequency-dependent selection on polymorphic color morphs in adders. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2022, 32, 3385-3388.e3.	3.9	4
5	Darwin, the devil, and the management of transmissible cancers. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2021, 35, 748-751.	4.7	13
6	Dog attacks on adders; a comment on Worthington & Hill & Gill (2019). <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2020, 23, 119-120.	2.9	0
7	Long term effects of outbreeding: experimental founding of island population eliminates malformations and improves hatching success in sand lizards. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2020, 249, 108710.	4.1	4
8	Genetic rescue restores long-term viability of an isolated population of adders (<i>Vipera berus</i>). <i>Current Biology</i> , 2020, 30, R1297-R1299.	3.9	8
9	Komodo dragons are not ecological analogs of apex mammalian predators. <i>Ecology</i> , 2020, 101, e02970.	3.2	18
10	Demography and spatial requirements of the endangered northern quoll on Groote Eylandt. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2020, 47, 224.	1.4	6
11	Transmissible cancer and the evolution of sex. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2019, 17, e3000275.	5.6	12
12	Multiple paternity and precocial breeding in wild Tasmanian devils, <i>Sarcophilus harrisii</i> (Marsupialia: Dasyuridae). <i>Evolution</i> , 2019, 73, 1000-1010.	9.6	5
13	Oncogenesis as a Selective Force: Adaptive Evolution in the Face of a Transmissible Cancer. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2018, 40, 1700146.	2.5	18
14	Genetic diversity, inbreeding and cancer. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 285, 20172589.	2.6	39
15	MHC diversity and female age underpin reproductive success in an Australian icon; the Tasmanian Devil. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 4175.	3.3	14
16	Purifying selection and concerted evolution of RNA-sensing toll-like receptors in migratory waders. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2017, 53, 135-145.	2.3	15
17	The causes and ecological correlates of head scale asymmetry and fragmentation in a tropical snake. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 11363.	3.3	6
18	Curvilinear telomere length dynamics in a squamate reptile. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2017, 31, 753-759.	3.6	39

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19	No signs of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase adaptations to an invasive exotic toxic prey in native squamate predators. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2017, 42, 929-933.	1.5	6
20	Cancer Prevalence and Etiology in Wild and Captive Animals. , 2017, , 11-46.		58
21	Immunoglobulin dynamics and cancer prevalence in Tasmanian devils (<i>Sarcophilus harrisi</i>). <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 25093.	3.3	18
22	Floods and famine: climate-induced collapse of a tropical predator-prey community. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 453-458.	3.6	15
23	Widespread convergence in toxin resistance by predictable molecular evolution. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 11911-11916.	7.1	130
24	Population demography of frillneck lizards (<i>Crotaphytus wislizenii</i>) in the Great Australian Bight. <i>Journal of Herpetology</i> , 2015, 49, 50-54.	1.5	6
25	Anthropogenic selection enhances cancer evolution in Tasmanian devil tumours. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2014, 7, 260-265.	3.1	22
26	Diet fatty acid profile, membrane composition and lifespan: An experimental study using the blowfly (<i>Calliphora stygia</i>). <i>Mechanisms of Ageing and Development</i> , 2014, 138, 15-25.	4.6	8
27	Invasive toxic prey may imperil the survival of an iconic giant lizard, the Komodo dragon.. <i>Pacific Conservation Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 363.	1.0	5
28	ISOLATION BREEDS NAIVETY: ISLAND LIVING ROBBS AUSTRALIAN VARANID LIZARDS OF TOAD-TOXIN IMMUNITY VIA FOUR-BASE-PAIR MUTATION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2013, 67, 289-294.	2.3	47
29	Evolution of a contagious cancer: epigenetic variation in Devil Facial Tumour Disease. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20121720.	2.6	18
30	Invader impact clarifies the roles of top-down and bottom-up effects on tropical snake populations. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2013, 27, 351-361.	3.6	43
31	Queensland northern quolls are not immune to cane toad toxin. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2013, 40, 228.	1.4	13
32	Telomere Dynamics and Homeostasis in a Transmissible Cancer. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e44085.	2.5	22
33	How well do predators adjust to climate-mediated shifts in prey distribution? A study on Australian water pythons. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 777-783.	3.2	19
34	Climate-induced reaction norms for life-history traits in pythons. <i>Ecology</i> , 2011, 92, 1858-1864.	3.2	14
35	Do natural antibodies compensate for humoral immunosenescence in tropical pythons?. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2011, 25, 813-817.	3.6	40
36	IN HOT PURSUIT: FLUCTUATING MATING SYSTEM AND SEXUAL SELECTION IN SAND LIZARDS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2011, 65, 574-583.	2.3	62

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37	COST OF MULTIPLE MATINGS IN FEMALE ADDERS (<i>VIPERA BERUS</i>). <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2011, 65, 1823-1825.	2.3	15
38	CLIMATE CHANGE, MULTIPLE PATERNITY AND OFFSPRING SURVIVAL IN LIZARDS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2011, 65, 3323-3326.	2.3	20
39	Detecting the impact of invasive species on native fauna: Cane toads (<i>Bufo marinus</i>), frillneck lizards (<i>Chlamydosaurus kingii</i>) and the importance of spatial replication. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2011, 36, 126-130.	1.5	14
40	Long-term population dynamics in a Mediterranean aquatic snake. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2011, 26, 745-753.	1.5	9
41	Body condition and head size in snakes. <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2011, 32, 565-567.	0.5	2
42	Climate-driven impacts of prey abundance on the population structure of a tropical aquatic predator. <i>Oikos</i> , 2010, 119, 188-196.	2.7	16
43	Sex ratio of breeding Common toads (<i>Bufo bufo</i>) – influence of survival and skipped breeding. <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2010, 31, 509-524.	0.5	21
44	Short Telomeres in Hatchling Snakes: Erythrocyte Telomere Dynamics and Longevity in Tropical Pythons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e7493.	2.5	56
45	Sexual selection favours large body size in males of a tropical snake (<i>Stegonotus cucullatus</i>). <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT / Overlock 10</i>	1.9	29
46	Experimental studies of blowfly (<i>Calliphora stygia</i>) longevity: A little dietary fat is beneficial but too much is detrimental. <i>Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology Part A, Molecular & Integrative Physiology</i> , 2009, 154, 383-388.	1.8	36
47	Spatial ecology of hatchling water pythons (<i>Liasis fuscus</i>) in tropical Australia. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2009, 25, 181-191.	1.1	11
48	PERMANENT GENETIC RESOURCES: Characterization of tri- and tetranucleotide microsatellite loci for the slatey-grey snake (<i>Stegonotus cucullatus</i> , Colubridae). <i>Molecular Ecology Resources</i> , 2008, 8, 431-433.	4.8	4
49	Population genetic structure, gene flow and sex-biased dispersal in frillneck lizards (<i>Chlamydosaurus kingii</i>). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2008, 17, 3557-3564.	3.9	41
50	Male-biased dispersal in a tropical Australian snake (<i>Stegonotus cucullatus</i> , Colubridae). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2008, 17, 3506-3514.	3.9	56
51	Female nonavian reptiles benefit from multiple matings. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2008, 17, 3753-3753.	3.9	7
52	Complete mitochondrial genome of the frillneck lizard (<i>Chlamydosaurus kingii</i> , Reptilia; Agamidae), another squamate with two control regions. <i>DNA Sequence</i> , 2008, 19, 465-470.	0.7	0
53	Island differences in population size structure and catch per unit effort and their conservation implications for Komodo dragons. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2007, 135, 247-255.	4.1	30
54	Mitochondrial DNA recombination in a free-ranging Australian lizard. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2007, 3, 189-192.	2.3	62

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55	Do "infectious" prey select for high levels of natural antibodies in tropical pythons?. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 2007, 21, 271-279.	1.2	25
56	Maximum body size among insular Komodo dragon populations covaries with large prey density. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006, 112, 422-429.	2.7	76
57	MHC class I variation associates with parasite resistance and longevity in tropical pythons. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2006, 19, 1973-1978.	1.7	71
58	Size matters: extraordinary rodent abundance on an Australian tropical flood plain. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2006, 31, 361-365.	1.5	11
59	Rain, rats and pythons: Climate-driven population dynamics of predators and prey in tropical Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2006, 31, 30-37.	1.5	89
60	Age, parasites, and condition affect humoral immune response in tropical pythons. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2006, 17, 20-24.	2.2	70
61	DOES MATE GUARDING PREVENT RIVAL MATING IN SNOW SKINKS? A TEST USING AFLP. <i>Herpetologica</i> , 2005, 61, 389-394.	0.4	9
62	Spatial ecology of slatey-grey snakes (<i>Stegonotus cucullatus</i> , Colubridae) on a tropical Australian floodplain. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2005, 21, 605-612.	1.1	34
63	Paternal alleles enhance female reproductive success in tropical pythons. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2005, 14, 1783-1787.	3.9	27
64	THE ROLE OF HALDANE'S RULE IN SEX ALLOCATION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2005, 59, 221-225.	2.3	21
65	MHC, health, color, and reproductive success in sand lizards. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2005, 58, 289-294.	1.4	37
66	Old pythons stay fit; effects of haematozoan infections on life history traits of a large tropical predator. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2005, 142, 407-412.	2.0	57
67	THE ROLE OF HALDANE'S RULE IN SEX ALLOCATION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2005, 59, 221.	2.3	2
68	Discrepancy in mitochondrial and nuclear polymorphism in meadow vipers (<i>Vipera ursinii</i>) questions the unambiguous use of mtDNA in conservation studies. <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2005, 26, 287-292.	0.5	12
69	Severe malformation in neonate <i>Vipera ursinii rakosiensis</i> . <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2005, 26, 388-390.	0.5	2
70	Costly parasite resistance: a genotype-dependent handicap in sand lizards?. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2005, 1, 375-377.	2.3	13
71	Offspring-driven local dispersal in female sand lizards (<i>Lacerta agilis</i>). <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2004, 17, 1215-1220.	1.7	12
72	Haldane rules: costs of outbreeding at production of daughters in sand lizards. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 7, 924-928.	6.4	17

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73	FECUNDITY AND MHC AFFECTS EJACULATION TACTICS AND PATERNITY BIAS IN SAND LIZARDS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2004, 58, 906-909.	2.3	42
74	High Prevalence of Hepatozoon Spp. (Apicomplexa, Hepatozoidae) Infection in Water Pythons (<i>Liasis fuscus</i>). <i>Trends in Parasitology</i> , 2004, 29, 154-159.	0.7	154
75	Novel genes continue to enhance population growth in adders (<i>Vipera berus</i>). <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2004, 120, 145-147.	4.1	83
76	Family and population effects on disease resistance in a reptile. <i>Heredity</i> , 2003, 91, 112-116.	2.6	10
77	Major histocompatibility complex and mate choice in sand lizards. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2003, 270, S254-6.	2.6	219
78	Responses of three sympatric snake species to tropical seasonality in northern Australia. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2002, 18, 549-568.	1.1	62
79	Low genetic diversity threatens imminent extinction for the Hungarian meadow viper (<i>Vipera ursinii</i>). <i>Trends in Parasitology</i> , 2002, 27, 114-119.	4.1	56
80	Short and chubby or long and slim? Food intake, growth and body condition in free-ranging pythons. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2002, 27, 672-680.	1.5	46
81	Between-year variation in determinants of offspring survival in the Sand Lizard, <i>Lacerta agilis</i> . <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2001, 15, 443-450.	3.6	25
82	Promiscuity in Sand Lizards (<i>Lacerta agilis</i>) and Adder Snakes (<i>Vipera berus</i>): Causes and Consequences. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2001, 92, 190-197.		67
83	Energy versus risk: costs of reproduction in free-ranging pythons in tropical Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2000, 25, 670-675.	1.5	55
84	Rain, fish and snakes: climatically driven population dynamics of Arafura filesnakes in tropical Australia. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2000, 124, 208-215.	2.0	87
85	Testosterone, ticks and travels: a test of the immunocompetence-handicap hypothesis in free-ranging male sand lizards. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2000, 267, 2339-2343.	2.6	121
86	Population size and genetic diversity in sand lizards (<i>Lacerta agilis</i>) and adders (<i>Vipera berus</i>). <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2000, 94, 257-262.	4.1	63
87	Silver spoons and snake body sizes: prey availability early in life influences long-term growth rates of free-ranging pythons. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2000, 69, 952-958.	2.8	56
88	Silver spoons and snake body sizes: prey availability early in life influences long-term growth rates of free-ranging pythons. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2000, 69, 952-958.	2.8	202
89	Energy versus risk: costs of reproduction in free-ranging pythons in tropical Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2000, 25, 670-675.	1.5	12
90	LIFE HISTORY CONSEQUENCES OF NEST-SITE VARIATION IN TROPICAL PYTHONS (<i>LIASIS FUSCUS</i>). <i>Ecology</i> , 1999, 80, 989-997.	3.2	77

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91	Rainfall and rats: Climatically-driven dynamics of a tropical rodent population. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 1999, 24, 80-89.	1.5	105
92	The adjustment of reproductive threshold to prey abundance in a capital breeder. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 1999, 68, 571-580.	2.8	110
93	Restoration of an inbred adder population. <i>Nature</i> , 1999, 402, 34-35.	27.8	501
94	MHC variation in birds and reptiles. <i>Genetica</i> , 1998, 104, 301-309.	1.1	36
95	Spatial subdivision within a population of tropical pythons (<i>Liasis fuscus</i>) in a superficially homogeneous habitat. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 1998, 23, 340-348.	1.5	14
96	Quantity or quality? Determinants of maternal reproductive success in tropical pythons (<i>Liasis fuscus</i>). <i>Evolution</i> , 1998, 52, 1078-1086.	2.6	45
97	Sexual Selection and Sperm Competition in Reptiles. <i>Evolution</i> , 1998, 52, 503-577.		187
98	PREY ABUNDANCE AND PREDATOR REPRODUCTION: RATS AND PYTHONS ON A TROPICAL AUSTRALIAN FLOODPLAIN. <i>Ecology</i> , 1997, 78, 1078-1086.	3.2	92
99	Is sperm really so cheap? Costs of reproduction in male adders, <i>Vipera berus</i> . <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 1997, 264, 455-459.	2.6	277
100	Sperm choice by females. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 1997, 12, 445-446.	8.7	28
101	Inbreeding depression in an isolated population of adders <i>Vipera berus</i> . <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 1996, 75, 113-118.	4.1	190
102	Seasonal Migration of Predators and Prey—A Study of Pythons and Rats in Tropical Australia. <i>Ecology</i> , 1996, 77, 149-156.	3.2	159
103	PATERNAL GENOTYPE INFLUENCES INCUBATION PERIOD, OFFSPRING SIZE, AND OFFSPRING SHAPE IN AN OVIPAROUS REPTILE. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1996, 50, 1328-1333.	2.3	36
104	Is Thermoregulation Unimportant for Most Reptiles? An Example Using Water Pythons (<i>Liasis fuscus</i>) in Tropical Australia. <i>Physiological Zoology</i> , 1996, 69, 252-269.	1.5	168
105	Sperm selection by females. <i>Nature</i> , 1996, 383, 585-585.	27.8	258
106	Paternal Genotype Influences Incubation Period, Offspring Size, and Offspring Shape in an Oviparous Reptile. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1996, 50, 1328.	2.3	16
107	Female choice on male quantitative traits in lizards: why is it so rare?. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1995, 36, 179-184.	1.4	123
108	Sexual Dichromatism in Snakes of the Genus <i>Vipera</i> : A Review and a New Evolutionary Hypothesis. <i>Journal of Herpetology</i> , 1994, 28, 114.	0.5	50

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109	Can female adders multiply?. <i>Nature</i> , 1994, 369, 528-528.	27.8	80
110	Rewards of promiscuity. <i>Nature</i> , 1994, 372, 230-230.	27.8	50
111	Costs of Reproduction Influence the Evolution of Sexual Size Dimorphism in Snakes. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1994, 48, 1389.	2.3	26
112	Toxicity of a tropical Australian frog, <i>Litoria dahlii</i> , to sympatric snakes. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 1994, 21, 21.	1.4	11
113	Components of Lifetime Reproductive Success in Adders, <i>Vipera berus</i> . <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 1994, 63, 561.	2.8	39
114	COSTS OF REPRODUCTION INFLUENCE THE EVOLUTION OF SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM IN SNAKES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1994, 48, 1389-1397.	2.3	38
115	Costs of reproduction in a population of European adders. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1993, 94, 488-495.	2.0	125
116	Determinants of mating success in male adders, <i>Vipera berus</i> . <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 1993, 45, 491-499.	1.9	159
117	Male Mating Success and Body Size in European Grass Snakes. <i>Copeia</i> , 1993, 1993, 561.	1.3	70
118	Phenotypic Plasticity in Body Sizes and Sexual Size Dimorphism in European Grass Snakes. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1993, 47, 321.	2.3	84
119	Temporal Variability in Sexual Selection Acting on Reproductive Tactics and Body Size in Male Snakes. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 1993, 141, 167-171.	2.1	134
120	PHENOTYPIC PLASTICITY IN BODY SIZES AND SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM IN EUROPEAN GRASS SNAKES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1993, 47, 321-325.	2.3	103
121	SEXUAL COMPETITION AMONG BROTHERS MAY INFLUENCE OFFSPRING SEX RATIO IN SNAKES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1992, 46, 1549-1552.	2.3	30
122	A RAPID, SEXUALLY SELECTED SHIFT IN MEAN BODY SIZE IN A POPULATION OF SNAKES. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1992, 46, 1220-1224.	2.3	23
123	A Rapid, Sexually Selected Shift in Mean Body Size in a Population of Snakes. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1992, 46, 1220.	2.3	10
124	Sexual Competition among Brothers May Influence Offspring Sex Ratio in Snakes. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1992, 46, 1549.	2.3	24
125	Determinants of reproductive success in female adders, <i>Vipera berus</i> . <i>Oecologia</i> , 1992, 92, 40-47.	2.0	106
126	Why do female adders copulate so frequently?. <i>Nature</i> , 1992, 355, 440-441.	27.8	339

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127	Breeding pond fidelity in the common toad, <i>Bufo bufo</i> . Journal of Zoology, 1991, 225, 201-211.	1.7	102
128	Female adder (<i>Vipera berus</i>) in southern Sweden recorded giving birth in spring. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1989, 10, 88-89.	0.5	0
129	The Effect of Size Dependent Mortality on Colour Morphs in Male Adders, <i>Vipera berus</i> . Oikos, 1988, 52, 73.	2.7	27
130	Reproductive success, mortality and sexual size dimorphism in the adder, <i>Vipera berus</i> . Ecography, 1988, 11, 77-80.	4.5	22
131	Cost of Reproduction and Female Life-History Tactics in a Population of Grass Snakes, <i>Natrix natrix</i> , in Southern Sweden. Oikos, 1987, 49, 129.	2.7	53
132	Are Juvenile Grass Snakes, <i>Natrix natrix</i> , Aposematically Coloured?. Oikos, 1987, 48, 265.	2.7	56
133	On the Role of Colour Display in the Social and Spatial. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1987, 8, 365-371.	0.5	17
134	Multiple Paternity in the Adder, <i>Vipera berus</i> . Oikos, 1986, 47, 173.	2.7	52
135	Growth Rates, Maturation and Sexual Size Dimorphism in a Population of Grass Snakes, <i>Natrix natrix</i> , in Southern Sweden. Oikos, 1983, 40, 277.	2.7	49
136	Notes on the Biology of the Fish-Eating Snake <i>Lycodonomorphus bicolor</i> in Lake Tanganyika. Journal of Herpetology, 1982, 16, 185.	0.5	29