

Yves Barral

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2868744/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

73
papers

5,205
citations

117571

34
h-index

91828

69
g-index

130
all docs

130
docs citations

130
times ranked

4283
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Whi3 mnemonic association with endoplasmic reticulum membranes confines the memory of deceptive courtship to the yeast mother cell. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2022, 32, 963-974.e7.	1.8	7
2	DNA circles promote yeast ageing in part through stimulating the reorganization of nuclear pore complexes. <i>ELife</i> , 2022, 11, .	2.8	11
3	Surface tensiometry of phase separated protein and polymer droplets by the sessile drop method. <i>Soft Matter</i> , 2021, 17, 1655-1662.	1.2	32
4	Demixing the cell: how cells channel and store signaling information. <i>Current Opinion in Cell Biology</i> , 2021, 69, iii-v.	2.6	0
5	Asymmetric cell division shapes naive and virtual memory T-cell immunity during ageing. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2715.	5.8	19
6	Structure and regulation of the microtubule plus-end tracking protein Kar9. <i>Structure</i> , 2021, 29, 1266-1278.e4.	1.6	5
7	Mapping bilayer thickness in the ER membrane. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, .	4.7	26
8	Yeast Sporulation and [SMAUG+] Prion: Faster Is Not Always Better. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2020, 77, 203-204.	4.5	2
9	Yeast ceramide synthases, Lag1 and Lac1, have distinct substrate specificity. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2019, 132, .	1.2	26
10	Modulation of asymmetric cell division as a mechanism to boost CD8 ⁺ T cell memory. <i>Science Immunology</i> , 2019, 4, .	5.6	42
11	Remote control of microtubule plus-end dynamics and function from the minus-end. <i>ELife</i> , 2019, 8, .	2.8	23
12	Structure-Function Relationship of the Bik1-Bim1 Complex. <i>Structure</i> , 2018, 26, 607-618.e4.	1.6	18
13	Spatial cues and not spindle pole maturation drive the asymmetry of astral microtubules between new and preexisting spindle poles. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2018, 29, 10-28.	0.9	23
14	Centromeres License the Mitotic Condensation of Yeast Chromosome Arms. <i>Cell</i> , 2018, 175, 780-795.e15.	13.5	37
15	Asymmetric Segregation of Aged Spindle Pole Bodies During Cell Division: Mechanisms and Relevance Beyond Budding Yeast?. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2018, 40, e1800038.	1.2	15
16	Compartmentalization of ER-Bound Chaperone Confines Protein Deposit Formation to the Aging Yeast Cell. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2017, 27, 773-783.	1.8	54
17	Aggregation of the Whi3 protein, not loss of heterochromatin, causes sterility in old yeast cells. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, 1184-1187.	6.0	51
18	Budding yeast Wee1 distinguishes spindle pole bodies to guide their pattern of age-dependent segregation. <i>Nature Cell Biology</i> , 2017, 19, 941-951.	4.6	24

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	A Droplet to Sense Sugar Drops. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2017, 68, 1017-1019.	4.5	1
20	Heat stress promotes longevity in budding yeast by relaxing the confinement of age-promoting factors in the mother cell. <i>ELife</i> , 2017, 6, .	2.8	27
21	Protein aggregation as a mechanism of adaptive cellular responses. <i>Current Genetics</i> , 2016, 62, 711-724.	0.8	64
22	Compartmentalization of the endoplasmic reticulum in the early <i>C. elegans</i> embryos. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2016, 214, 665-676.	2.3	17
23	Molecular basis of Kar9-Bim1 complex function during mating and spindle positioning. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2016, 27, 3729-3745.	0.9	17
24	Asymmetric partitioning of transfected DNA during mammalian cell division. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 7177-7182.	3.3	35
25	Posttranslational Regulation: A Way to Evolve. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2016, 26, R119-R121.	1.8	0
26	Fluorescence Recovery After Photo-Bleaching (FRAP) and Fluorescence Loss in Photo-Bleaching (FLIP) Experiments to Study Protein Dynamics During Budding Yeast Cell Division. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2016, 1369, 25-44.	0.4	9
27	Asymmetry of the Budding Yeast Tem1 GTPase at Spindle Poles Is Required for Spindle Positioning But Not for Mitotic Exit. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2015, 11, e1004938.	1.5	26
28	Rho1- and Pkc1-dependent phosphorylation of the F-BAR protein Syp1 contributes to septin ring assembly. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2015, 26, 3245-3262.	0.9	21
29	A mechanism for the segregation of age in mammalian neural stem cells. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 349, 1334-1338.	6.0	129
30	Protein aggregates are associated with replicative aging without compromising protein quality control. <i>ELife</i> , 2015, 4, .	2.8	117
31	Axial contraction and short-range compaction of chromatin synergistically promote mitotic chromosome condensation. <i>ELife</i> , 2015, 4, e1039.	2.8	37
32	The Mitotic Exit Network: new turns on old pathways. <i>Trends in Cell Biology</i> , 2014, 24, 145-152.	3.6	50
33	Budding yeast as a model organism to study the effects of age. <i>FEMS Microbiology Reviews</i> , 2014, 38, 300-325.	3.9	189
34	A Cascade of Histone Modifications Induces Chromatin Condensation in Mitosis. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 343, 77-80.	6.0	223
35	Mnemons: encoding memory by protein super-assembly. <i>Microbial Cell</i> , 2014, 1, 100-102.	1.4	15
36	A sphingolipid-dependent diffusion barrier confines ER stress to the yeast mother cell. <i>ELife</i> , 2014, 3, e01883.	2.8	134

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Role of SAGA in the asymmetric segregation of DNA circles during yeast ageing. <i>ELife</i> , 2014, 3, .	2.8	91
38	A Super-Assembly of Whi3 Encodes Memory of Deceptive Encounters by Single Cells during Yeast Courtship. <i>Cell</i> , 2013, 155, 1244-1257.	13.5	124
39	Unbiased about chromosome segregation: give me a mechanism and I will make you "immortal". <i>Chromosome Research</i> , 2013, 21, 189-191.	1.0	1
40	New approaches to an age-old problem. <i>Current Opinion in Biotechnology</i> , 2013, 24, 784-789.	3.3	4
41	The cell biology of open and closed mitosis. <i>Nucleus</i> , 2013, 4, 160-165.	0.6	77
42	A new answer to old questions. <i>ELife</i> , 2013, 2, e00515.	2.8	5
43	Budding Yeast Dma Proteins Control Septin Dynamics and the Spindle Position Checkpoint by Promoting the Recruitment of the Elm1 Kinase to the Bud Neck. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2012, 8, e1002670.	1.5	25
44	Nuclear envelope morphology constrains diffusion and promotes asymmetric protein segregation in closed mitosis. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2012, 197, 921-937.	2.3	47
45	Organelle segregation during mitosis: Lessons from asymmetrically dividing cells. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2012, 196, 305-313.	2.3	51
46	The MEN mediates the effects of the spindle assembly checkpoint on Kar9-dependent spindle pole body inheritance in budding yeast. <i>Cell Cycle</i> , 2012, 11, 3109-3116.	1.3	17
47	Spindle Pole Bodies Exploit the Mitotic Exit Network in Metaphase to Drive Their Age-Dependent Segregation. <i>Cell</i> , 2012, 148, 958-972.	13.5	61
48	The emerging functions of septins in metazoans. <i>EMBO Reports</i> , 2011, 12, 1118-1126.	2.0	111
49	A Midzone-Based Ruler Adjusts Chromosome Compaction to Anaphase Spindle Length. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 332, 465-468.	6.0	87
50	Septins at the Nexus. <i>Science</i> , 2010, 329, 1289-1290.	6.0	11
51	A mechanism for chromosome segregation sensing by the NoCut checkpoint. <i>Nature Cell Biology</i> , 2009, 11, 477-483.	4.6	118
52	Septins and the Lateral Compartmentalization of Eukaryotic Membranes. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2009, 16, 493-506.	3.1	260
53	Chapter 4 Role of Spindle Asymmetry in Cellular Dynamics. <i>International Review of Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2009, 278, 149-213.	1.6	16
54	A mechanism for asymmetric segregation of age during yeast budding. <i>Nature</i> , 2008, 454, 728-734.	13.7	298

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	The septin family of GTPases: architecture and dynamics. <i>Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 9, 478-489.	16.1	290
56	Structural insights shed light onto septin assemblies and function. <i>Current Opinion in Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 20, 12-18.	2.6	53
57	Cell division, growth and death. <i>Current Opinion in Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 20, 647-649.	2.6	1
58	Regulation of Mitotic Spindle Asymmetry by SUMO and the Spindle-Assembly Checkpoint in Yeast. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2008, 18, 1249-1255.	1.8	39
59	The <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> septin complex is nonpolar. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2007, 26, 3296-3307.	3.5	130
60	Septins: Cellular and Functional Barriers of Neuronal Activity. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2007, 17, R961-R963.	1.8	18
61	Asymmetric Recruitment of Dynein to Spindle Poles and Microtubules Promotes Proper Spindle Orientation in Yeast. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2006, 10, 425-439.	3.1	76
62	Division-Plane Positioning: Microtubules Strike Back. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2005, 15, R595-R597.	1.8	0
63	Septin-dependent compartmentalization of the endoplasmic reticulum during yeast polarized growth. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2005, 169, 897-908.	2.3	145
64	Spatial Coordination of Cytokinetic Events by Compartmentalization of the Cell Cortex. <i>Science</i> , 2004, 305, 393-396.	6.0	261
65	Dissection of septin actin interactions using actin overexpression in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2004, 53, 469-483.	1.2	22
66	Spindle asymmetry: a compass for the cell. <i>Trends in Cell Biology</i> , 2003, 13, 562-569.	3.6	64
67	Asymmetric Loading of Kar9 onto Spindle Poles and Microtubules Ensures Proper Spindle Alignment. <i>Cell</i> , 2003, 112, 561-574.	13.5	238
68	Phosphorylation-Dependent Regulation of Septin Dynamics during the Cell Cycle. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2003, 4, 345-357.	3.1	221
69	Spindle orientation in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> depends on the transport of microtubule ends along polarized actin cables. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2003, 161, 483-488.	2.3	170
70	Microtubule capture by the cleavage apparatus is required for proper spindle positioning in yeast. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2002, 16, 1627-1639.	2.7	132
71	Septins: a ring to part mother and daughter. <i>Current Genetics</i> , 2002, 41, 123-131.	0.8	111
72	Compartmentalization of the Cell Cortex by Septins Is Required for Maintenance of Cell Polarity in Yeast. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2000, 5, 841-851.	4.5	285

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Yeast Septins: A Cortical Organizer. , 0, , 101-124.		3