

# Katriina L Whitaker

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2848515/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

62  
papers

2,562  
citations

257101

24  
h-index

205818

48  
g-index

65  
all docs

65  
docs citations

65  
times ranked

4048  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Subjective Meaning of Sleep Quality: A Comparison of Individuals with and without Insomnia. <i>Sleep</i> , 2008, 31, 383-393.	0.6	312
2	Stress and Adiposity: A Meta-Analysis of Longitudinal Studies. <i>Obesity</i> , 2011, 19, 771-778.	1.5	275
3	Comparing maternal and paternal intergenerational transmission of obesity risk in a large population-based sample. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2010, 91, 1560-1567.	2.2	235
4	Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the symptomatic diagnosis of cancer: the view from primary care. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2020, 21, 748-750.	5.1	203
5	Psychosocial Determinants of Socioeconomic Inequalities in Cancer Screening Participation: A Conceptual Framework. <i>Epidemiologic Reviews</i> , 2011, 33, 135-147.	1.3	135
6	Socioeconomic inequalities in colorectal cancer screening uptake: Does time perspective play a role?. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2011, 30, 702-709.	1.3	101
7	Cancer Fatalism: Deterring Early Presentation and Increasing Social Inequalities?. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2011, 20, 2127-2131.	1.1	86
8	Women's responses to information about overdiagnosis in the UK breast cancer screening programme: a qualitative study: Table A1. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e002703.	0.8	78
9	Cancer symptom experience and help-seeking behaviour during the COVID-19 pandemic in the UK: a cross-sectional population survey. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e053095.	0.8	72
10	Do social norms affect intended food choice?. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2009, 49, 190-193.	1.6	67
11	Applying symptom appraisal models to understand sociodemographic differences in responses to possible cancer symptoms: a research agenda. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 112, S27-S34.	2.9	65
12	Help seeking for cancer "alarm" symptoms: a qualitative interview study of primary care patients in the UK. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2015, 65, e96-e105.	0.7	63
13	Earlier diagnosis: the importance of cancer symptoms. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2020, 21, 6-8.	5.1	54
14	Over-reassurance and undersupport after a 'false alarm': a systematic review of the impact on subsequent cancer symptom attribution and help seeking. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e007002-e007002.	0.8	52
15	A survey study of women's responses to information about overdiagnosis in breast cancer screening in Britain. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 111, 1831-1835.	2.9	48
16	Attributions of Cancer "Alarm" Symptoms in a Community Sample. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e114028.	1.1	47
17	Smokers are less likely than non-smokers to seek help for a lung cancer "alarm" symptom. <i>Thorax</i> , 2016, 71, 659-661.	2.7	47
18	Worrying about wasting GP time as a barrier to help-seeking: a community-based, qualitative study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2016, 66, e474-e482.	0.7	45

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Intrusive cognitions and anxiety in cancer patients. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2008, 64, 509-517.	1.2	33
20	What prompts help-seeking for cancer "alarm" symptoms? A primary care based survey. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 114, 334-339.	2.9	33
21	Influence of doctor-patient conversations on behaviours of patients presenting to primary care with new or persistent symptoms: a video observation study. <i>BMJ Quality and Safety</i> , 2020, 29, 198-208.	1.8	32
22	Women's interpretation of and responses to potential gynaecological cancer symptoms: a qualitative interview study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e008082.	0.8	30
23	Unintended consequences of an "all-clear" diagnosis for potential cancer symptoms: a nested qualitative interview study with primary care patients. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2016, 66, e158-e170.	0.7	27
24	Birth-order effects on facets of extraversion. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2006, 40, 953-959.	1.6	26
25	Intrusive cognitions and their appraisal in anxious cancer patients. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2009, 18, 1147-1155.	1.0	22
26	Educational differences in responses to breast cancer symptoms: A qualitative comparative study. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2017, 22, 26-41.	1.9	21
27	The Intergenerational Transmission of Thinness. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2011, 165, 900.	3.6	20
28	Emotional responses to the experience of cancer "alarm" symptoms. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2016, 25, 567-573.	1.0	20
29	Patterns of symptoms possibly indicative of cancer and associated help-seeking behaviour in a large sample of United Kingdom residents" The USEFUL study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0228033.	1.1	20
30	Do comorbidities influence help-seeking for cancer alarm symptoms? A population-based survey in England. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 40, 340-349.	1.0	18
31	Patient barriers and facilitators of colonoscopy use: A rapid systematic review and thematic synthesis of the qualitative literature. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2021, 145, 106413.	1.6	18
32	Intentions to participate in cervical and colorectal cancer screening during the COVID-19 pandemic: A mixed-methods study. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2021, 153, 106826.	1.6	18
33	Using the candidacy framework to understand how doctor-patient interactions influence perceived eligibility to seek help for cancer alarm symptoms: a qualitative interview study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2018, 18, 937.	0.9	16
34	Lung cancer symptom appraisal among people with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: A qualitative interview study. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2019, 28, 718-725.	1.0	16
35	Patients' preferences for GP consultation for perceived cancer risk in primary care: a discrete choice experiment. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2017, 67, e388-e395.	0.7	15
36	Ethnic differences in barriers to symptomatic presentation in primary care: A survey of women in England. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2019, 28, 2336-2343.	1.0	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Low cancer suspicion following experience of a cancer “warning sign”™. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 51, 2473-2479.	1.3	13
38	Educational differences in likelihood of attributing breast symptoms to cancer: a vignette-based study. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2016, 25, 1191-1197.	1.0	13
39	Experience of, awareness of and help-seeking for potential cancer symptoms in smokers and non-smokers: A cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0183647.	1.1	13
40	Online Information-Seeking About Potential Breast Cancer Symptoms: Capturing Online Behavior With an Internet Browsing Tracking Tool. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2019, 21, e12400.	2.1	13
41	Socioeconomic differences in help seeking for colorectal cancer symptoms during COVID-19: a UK-wide qualitative interview study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2022, 72, e472-e482.	0.7	13
42	Is lower symptom recognition associated with socioeconomic inequalities in help-seeking for potential breast cancer symptoms?. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2018, 27, 626-632.	1.0	12
43	Variations in trust in Dr Google when experiencing potential breast cancer symptoms: exploring motivations to seek health information online. <i>Health, Risk and Society</i> , 2018, 20, 325-341.	0.9	10
44	Lung cancer symptom appraisal, help-seeking and diagnosis “ rapid systematic review of differences between patients with and without a smoking history. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2022, 31, 562-576.	1.0	10
45	The impact of body vigilance on help-seeking for cancer “alarm”™ symptoms: a community-based survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 1172.	1.2	9
46	Barriers and facilitators to colonoscopy following fecal immunochemical test screening for colorectal cancer: A key informant interview study. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2022, 105, 1652-1662.	1.0	9
47	Addressing language as a barrier to healthcare access and quality. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2022, 72, 4-5.	0.7	9
48	Imagery rescripting for psychological disorder following cancer: A case study. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2010, 15, 41-50.	1.9	7
49	Understanding primary care nurses’™ contribution to cancer early diagnosis: A systematic review. <i>European Journal of Oncology Nursing</i> , 2019, 41, 149-164.	0.9	7
50	Exploring public attitudes towards the new Faster Diagnosis Standard for cancer: a focus group study with the UK public. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2019, 69, e413-e421.	0.7	7
51	The Impact of COVID-19 on Cancer Symptom Experience and Help-Seeking Behaviour in the United Kingdom: A Cross-Sectional Population Survey. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , .	0.4	7
52	Patient factors influencing symptom appraisal and subsequent adjustment to oesophageal cancer: A qualitative interview study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Care</i> , 2018, 27, e12745.	0.7	6
53	The role of chronic conditions in influencing symptom attribution and anticipated help-seeking for potential lung cancer symptoms: a vignette-based study. <i>BJGP Open</i> , 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101086.	0.9	6
54	Validation of self-reported help-seeking, and measurement of the patient interval, for cancer symptoms: an observational study to inform methodological challenges in symptomatic presentation research. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2020, 37, 91-97.	0.8	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Do the British public recognise differences in survival between three common cancers?. British Journal of Cancer, 2012, 106, 1907-1909.	2.9	3
56	Adapting a breast cancer early presentation intervention for Black women: A focus group study with women of Black African and Black Caribbean descent in the United Kingdom. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2022, 31, .	0.7	3
57	How does social context influence appraisal and help-seeking for potential cancer symptoms in adults aged 50 and over? A qualitative interview study. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2022, 31, .	0.7	2
58	How doctors make themselves understood in primary care consultations: A mixed methods analysis of video data applying health literacy universal precautions. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0257312.	1.1	1
59	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0228033.		0
60	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0228033.		0
61	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0228033.		0
62	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0228033.		0