

Richard K Kobe

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

29
papers

2,949
citations

331670

21
h-index

477307

29
g-index

29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

3565
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Globally, tree fecundity exceeds productivity gradients. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 1471-1482. | 6.4 | 11 |
| 2 | Limits to reproduction and seed size-number trade-offs that shape forest dominance and future recovery. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2381. | 12.8 | 21 |
| 3 | Short-lived legacies of <i>Prunus serotina</i> plant-soil feedbacks. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2021, 196, 529-538. | 2.0 | 7 |
| 4 | Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, . | 7.1 | 42 |
| 5 | Oomycetes associated with <i>Prunus serotina</i> persist in soil after tree harvest. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2021, 53, 101094. | 1.6 | 3 |
| 6 | Fruit production is influenced by tree size and size-asymmetric crowding in a wet tropical forest. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 9, 1458-1472. | 1.9 | 34 |
| 7 | Masting synchrony in northern hardwood forests: super-producers govern population fruit production. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 987-998. | 4.0 | 31 |
| 8 | Plant species differ in early seedling growth and tissue nutrient responses to arbuscular and ectomycorrhizal fungi. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> , 2017, 27, 211-223. | 2.8 | 31 |
| 9 | Tree species and soil nutrients drive tropical reforestation more than associations with mycorrhizal fungi. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017, 410, 283-297. | 3.7 | 12 |
| 10 | Seedling survival responses to conspecific density, soil nutrients, and irradiance vary with age in a tropical forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 2406-2415. | 3.2 | 25 |
| 11 | A Forest Tent Caterpillar Outbreak Increased Resource Levels and Seedling Growth in a Northern Hardwood Forest. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0167139. | 2.5 | 6 |
| 12 | Negative density-dependent mortality varies over time in a wet tropical forest, advantaging rare species, common species, or no species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2015, 179, 853-861. | 2.0 | 32 |
| 13 | Rare species advantage? Richness of damage types due to natural enemies increases with species abundance in a wet tropical forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 846-856. | 4.0 | 29 |
| 14 | Modeling Complex Spatial Dependencies: Low-Rank Spatially Varying Cross-Covariances With Application to Soil Nutrient Data. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2013, 18, 274-298. | 1.4 | 14 |
| 15 | Tropical tree growth is correlated with soil phosphorus, potassium, and calcium, though not for legumes. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2012, 82, 189-203. | 5.4 | 128 |
| 16 | A general integrative framework for modelling woody biomass production and carbon sequestration rates in forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2012, 100, 42-64. | 4.0 | 92 |
| 17 | Conspecific density dependence in seedlings varies with species shade tolerance in a wet tropical forest. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 503-510. | 6.4 | 123 |
| 18 | Neighbour interactions strengthen with increased soil resources in a northern hardwood forest. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 1358-1372. | 4.0 | 47 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Conspecific plant-soil feedbacks reduce survivorship and growth of tropical tree seedlings. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2010, 98, 396-407. | 4.0 | 100 |
| 20 | Conspecific and heterospecific plant-soil feedbacks influence survivorship and growth of temperate tree seedlings. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2010, 98, 408-418. | 4.0 | 63 |
| 21 | Divergence from the growth-survival trade-off and extreme high growth rates drive patterns of exotic tree invasions in closed-canopy forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2010, 98, 778-789. | 4.0 | 90 |
| 22 | Optimal partitioning theory revisited: Nonstructural carbohydrates dominate root mass responses to nitrogen. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 166-179. | 3.2 | 127 |
| 23 | Soil water content and emergence time control seedling establishment in three co-occurring Mediterranean oak species. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2008, 38, 2382-2393. | 1.7 | 88 |
| 24 | Partitioning of understorey light and dry-season soil moisture gradients among seedlings of four rain-forest tree species in Madagascar. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2007, 23, 569-579. | 1.1 | 16 |
| 25 | Sapling size influences shade tolerance ranking among southern boreal tree species. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2006, 94, 471-480. | 4.0 | 109 |
| 26 | Sapling growth as a function of light and landscape-level variation in soil water and foliar nitrogen in northern Michigan. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2006, 147, 119-133. | 2.0 | 81 |
| 27 | RESORPTION EFFICIENCY DECREASES WITH INCREASING GREEN LEAF NUTRIENTS IN A GLOBAL DATA SET. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 2780-2792. | 3.2 | 320 |
| 28 | LIGHT GRADIENT PARTITIONING AMONG TROPICAL TREE SPECIES THROUGH DIFFERENTIAL SEEDLING MORTALITY AND GROWTH. <i>Ecology</i> , 1999, 80, 187-201. | 3.2 | 270 |
| 29 | Forest Models Defined by Field Measurements: Estimation, Error Analysis and Dynamics. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1996, 66, 1-43. | 5.4 | 997 |