

Timothy P Hughes

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

405
papers

33,485
citations

72
h-index

180
g-index

419
ext. papers

37,457
ext. citations

5.6
avg, IF

6.55
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
405	Five-year follow-up of patients receiving imatinib for chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2006 , 355, 2408-17	59.2	2811
404	Imatinib compared with interferon and low-dose cytarabine for newly diagnosed chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2003 , 348, 994-1004	59.2	2797
403	European LeukemiaNet recommendations for the management of chronic myeloid leukemia: 2013. <i>Blood</i> , 2013 , 122, 872-84	2.2	1413
402	Nilotinib versus imatinib for newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2010 , 362, 2251-9	59.2	1266
401	Chronic myeloid leukemia: an update of concepts and management recommendations of European LeukemiaNet. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2009 , 27, 6041-51	2.2	1019
400	Evolving concepts in the management of chronic myeloid leukemia: recommendations from an expert panel on behalf of the European LeukemiaNet. <i>Blood</i> , 2006 , 108, 1809-20	2.2	998
399	Monitoring CML patients responding to treatment with tyrosine kinase inhibitors: review and recommendations for harmonizing current methodology for detecting BCR-ABL transcripts and kinase domain mutations and for expressing results. <i>Blood</i> , 2006 , 108, 28-37	2.2	977
398	Targetable kinase-activating lesions in Ph-like acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014 , 371, 1005-15	59.2	885
397	BCR-ABL1 lymphoblastic leukaemia is characterized by the deletion of Ikaros. <i>Nature</i> , 2008 , 453, 110-4	50.4	835
396	A phase 2 trial of ponatinib in Philadelphia chromosome-positive leukemias. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2013 , 369, 1783-96	59.2	736
395	Six-year follow-up of patients receiving imatinib for the first-line treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2009 , 23, 1054-61	10.7	711
394	Dynamics of chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>Nature</i> , 2005 , 435, 1267-70	50.4	667
393	Lin28 promotes transformation and is associated with advanced human malignancies. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2009 , 41, 843-8	36.3	641
392	Long-Term Outcomes of Imatinib Treatment for Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017 , 376, 917-927	59.2	618
391	High frequency of point mutations clustered within the adenosine triphosphate-binding region of BCR/ABL in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia or Ph-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia who develop imatinib (STI571) resistance. <i>Blood</i> , 2002 , 99, 3472-5	2.2	582
390	Safety and efficacy of imatinib cessation for CML patients with stable undetectable minimal residual disease: results from the TWISTER study. <i>Blood</i> , 2013 , 122, 515-22	2.2	519
389	Dasatinib induces notable hematologic and cytogenetic responses in chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia after failure of imatinib therapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2007 , 109, 2303-9	2.2	498

388	Long-term benefits and risks of frontline nilotinib vs imatinib for chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase: 5-year update of the randomized ENESTnd trial. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2016 , 30, 1044-54	10.7	497
387	Intermittent target inhibition with dasatinib 100 mg once daily preserves efficacy and improves tolerability in imatinib-resistant and -intolerant chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2008 , 26, 3204-12	2.2	408
386	Nilotinib versus imatinib for the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed chronic phase, Philadelphia chromosome-positive, chronic myeloid leukaemia: 24-month minimum follow-up of the phase 3 randomised ENESTnd trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2011 , 12, 841-51	21.7	383
385	Long-term prognostic significance of early molecular response to imatinib in newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukemia: an analysis from the International Randomized Study of Interferon and STI571 (IRIS). <i>Blood</i> , 2010 , 116, 3758-65	2.2	382
384	OCT-1-mediated influx is a key determinant of the intracellular uptake of imatinib but not nilotinib (AMN107): reduced OCT-1 activity is the cause of low in vitro sensitivity to imatinib. <i>Blood</i> , 2006 , 108, 697-704	2.2	370
383	Nilotinib vs imatinib in patients with newly diagnosed Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase: ENESTnd 3-year follow-up. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2012 , 26, 2197-203	10.7	335
382	Early molecular and cytogenetic response is predictive for long-term progression-free and overall survival in chronic myeloid leukemia (CML). <i>Leukemia</i> , 2012 , 26, 2096-102	10.7	328
381	Dasatinib or high-dose imatinib for chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia after failure of first-line imatinib: a randomized phase 2 trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2007 , 109, 5143-50	2.2	320
380	Sequential ABL kinase inhibitor therapy selects for compound drug-resistant BCR-ABL mutations with altered oncogenic potency. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2007 , 117, 2562-9	15.9	315
379	Dasatinib induces durable cytogenetic responses in patients with chronic myelogenous leukemia in chronic phase with resistance or intolerance to imatinib. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2008 , 22, 1200-6	10.7	311
378	Desirable performance characteristics for BCR-ABL measurement on an international reporting scale to allow consistent interpretation of individual patient response and comparison of response rates between clinical trials. <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 112, 3330-8	2.2	306
377	Nilotinib is effective in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase after imatinib resistance or intolerance: 24-month follow-up results. <i>Blood</i> , 2011 , 117, 1141-5	2.2	296
376	Most CML patients who have a suboptimal response to imatinib have low OCT-1 activity: higher doses of imatinib may overcome the negative impact of low OCT-1 activity. <i>Blood</i> , 2007 , 110, 4064-72	2.2	277
375	The allosteric inhibitor ABL001 enables dual targeting of BCR-ABL1. <i>Nature</i> , 2017 , 543, 733-737	50.4	256
374	Nilotinib (formerly AMN107), a highly selective BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase inhibitor, is active in patients with imatinib-resistant or -intolerant accelerated-phase chronic myelogenous leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 111, 1834-9	2.2	255
373	International Randomized Study of Interferon Vs STI571 (IRIS) 8-Year Follow up: Sustained Survival and Low Risk for Progression or Events in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in Chronic Phase (CML-CP) Treated with Imatinib.. <i>Blood</i> , 2009 , 114, 1126-1126	2.2	252
372	Impact of baseline BCR-ABL mutations on response to nilotinib in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2009 , 27, 4204-10	2.2	248
371	Macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor c-fms is a novel target of imatinib. <i>Blood</i> , 2005 , 105, 3127-32		244

370	Phase III, randomized, open-label study of daily imatinib mesylate 400 mg versus 800 mg in patients with newly diagnosed, previously untreated chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase using molecular end points: tyrosine kinase inhibitor optimization and selectivity study. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2010 , 28, 424-30	2.2	235
369	Dasatinib treatment of chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia: analysis of responses according to preexisting BCR-ABL mutations. <i>Blood</i> , 2009 , 114, 4944-53	2.2	230
368	Moving treatment-free remission into mainstream clinical practice in CML. <i>Blood</i> , 2016 , 128, 17-23	2.2	224
367	Patients with chronic myeloid leukemia who maintain a complete molecular response after stopping imatinib treatment have evidence of persistent leukemia by DNA PCR. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 1719-24	10.7	222
366	Ponatinib efficacy and safety in Philadelphia chromosome-positive leukemia: final 5-year results of the phase 2 PACE trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2018 , 132, 393-404	2.2	221
365	Early molecular response predicts outcomes in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase treated with frontline nilotinib or imatinib. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 123, 1353-60	2.2	196
364	Nilotinib in imatinib-resistant or imatinib-intolerant patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase: 48-month follow-up results of a phase II study. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2013 , 27, 107-12	10.7	169
363	Dasatinib or high-dose imatinib for chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia resistant to imatinib at a dose of 400 to 600 milligrams daily: two-year follow-up of a randomized phase 2 study (START-R). <i>Cancer</i> , 2009 , 115, 4136-47	6.4	168
362	Ponatinib versus imatinib for newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukaemia: an international, randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2016 , 17, 612-21	21.7	164
361	Dasatinib cellular uptake and efflux in chronic myeloid leukemia cells: therapeutic implications. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2008 , 14, 3881-8	12.9	157
360	Dasatinib in the treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia in accelerated phase after imatinib failure: the START a trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2009 , 27, 3472-9	2.2	154
359	Functional activity of the OCT-1 protein is predictive of long-term outcome in patients with chronic-phase chronic myeloid leukemia treated with imatinib. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2010 , 28, 2761-7	2.2	153
358	Impact of early dose intensity on cytogenetic and molecular responses in chronic-phase CML patients receiving 600 mg/day of imatinib as initial therapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 112, 3965-73	2.2	151
357	Prognosis for patients with CML and >10% BCR-ABL1 after 3 months of imatinib depends on the rate of BCR-ABL1 decline. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 124, 511-8	2.2	145
356	Selecting optimal second-line tyrosine kinase inhibitor therapy for chronic myeloid leukemia patients after imatinib failure: does the BCR-ABL mutation status really matter?. <i>Blood</i> , 2009 , 114, 5426-35	2.2	141
355	Long-term imatinib therapy promotes bone formation in CML patients. <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 111, 2538-47	2.2	136
354	Minimal residual disease after allogeneic bone marrow transplantation for chronic myeloid leukaemia in first chronic phase: correlations with acute graft-versus-host disease and relapse. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 1993 , 84, 67-74	4.5	134
353	Early molecular response and female sex strongly predict stable undetectable BCR-ABL1, the criteria for imatinib discontinuation in patients with CML. <i>Blood</i> , 2013 , 121, 3818-24	2.2	123

352	Persistent activation of nuclear factor-kappaB in cultured rat hepatic stellate cells involves the induction of potentially novel Rel-like factors and prolonged changes in the expression of IkappaB family proteins. <i>Hepatology</i> , 1999 , 30, 761-9	11.2	122
351	In vitro sensitivity to imatinib-induced inhibition of ABL kinase activity is predictive of molecular response in patients with de novo CML. <i>Blood</i> , 2005 , 106, 2520-6	2.2	121
350	Establishment of the first World Health Organization International Genetic Reference Panel for quantitation of BCR-ABL mRNA. <i>Blood</i> , 2010 , 116, e1111-7	2.2	120
349	BCR-ABL messenger RNA levels continue to decline in patients with chronic phase chronic myeloid leukemia treated with imatinib for more than 5 years and approximately half of all first-line treated patients have stable undetectable BCR-ABL using strict sensitivity criteria. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2007 , 13, 7080-5	12.9	116
348	Molecular monitoring of BCR-ABL as a guide to clinical management in chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>Blood Reviews</i> , 2006 , 20, 29-41	11.1	116
347	Asciminib in Chronic Myeloid Leukemia after ABL Kinase Inhibitor Failure. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019 , 381, 2315-2326	59.2	114
346	Rac2-MRC-cll-generated ROS cause genomic instability in chronic myeloid leukemia stem cells and primitive progenitors. <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 119, 4253-63	2.2	110
345	Dysregulation of bone remodeling by imatinib mesylate. <i>Blood</i> , 2010 , 115, 766-74	2.2	108
344	CML patients with deep molecular responses to TKI have restored immune effectors and decreased PD-1 and immune suppressors. <i>Blood</i> , 2017 , 129, 1166-1176	2.2	95
343	The Src/ABL kinase inhibitor dasatinib (BMS-354825) inhibits function of normal human T-lymphocytes in vitro. <i>Clinical Immunology</i> , 2008 , 127, 330-9	9	93
342	Association between imatinib transporters and metabolizing enzymes genotype and response in newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukemia patients receiving imatinib therapy. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2013 , 98, 193-200	6.6	83
341	Integrative genomic analysis reveals cancer-associated mutations at diagnosis of CML in patients with high-risk disease. <i>Blood</i> , 2018 , 132, 948-961	2.2	80
340	Treatment-Free Remission After Second-Line Nilotinib Treatment in Patients With Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in Chronic Phase: Results From a Single-Group, Phase 2, Open-Label Study. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2018 , 168, 461-470	8	78
339	Initial molecular response at 3 months may predict both response and event-free survival at 24 months in imatinib-resistant or -intolerant patients with Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase treated with nilotinib. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012 , 30, 4323-9	2.2	78
338	Plasma exposure of imatinib and its correlation with clinical response in the Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor Optimization and Selectivity Trial. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2012 , 97, 731-8	6.6	76
337	Deep molecular responses achieved in patients with CML-CP who are switched to nilotinib after long-term imatinib. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 124, 729-36	2.2	75
336	Monoclonal antibody targeting of IL-3 receptor with CSL362 effectively depletes CML progenitor and stem cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 123, 1218-28	2.2	74
335	Population pharmacokinetic and exposure-response analysis of nilotinib in patients with newly diagnosed Ph+ chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase. <i>European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 68, 723-33	2.8	74

334	Nilotinib is associated with a reduced incidence of BCR-ABL mutations vs imatinib in patients with newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase. <i>Blood</i> , 2013 , 121, 3703-8	2.2	73
333	Imatinib as a potential antiresorptive therapy for bone disease. <i>Blood</i> , 2006 , 107, 4334-7	2.2	71
332	Front-line and salvage therapies with tyrosine kinase inhibitors and other treatments in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2011 , 29, 524-31	2.2	70
331	Clinical resistance to imatinib: mechanisms and implications. <i>Hematology/Oncology Clinics of North America</i> , 2004 , 18, 641-56, ix	3.1	69
330	Dasatinib suppresses in vitro natural killer cell cytotoxicity. <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 111, 4415-6	2.2	68
329	Sensitive detection of BCR-ABL1 mutations in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia after imatinib resistance is predictive of outcome during subsequent therapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2011 , 29, 4250-9	2.2	67
328	TIDEL-II: first-line use of imatinib in CML with early switch to nilotinib for failure to achieve time-dependent molecular targets. <i>Blood</i> , 2015 , 125, 915-23	2.2	65
327	Compound mutations in BCR-ABL1 are not major drivers of primary or secondary resistance to ponatinib in CP-CML patients. <i>Blood</i> , 2016 , 127, 703-12	2.2	65
326	Signalling by the γ family of cytokines. <i>Cytokine and Growth Factor Reviews</i> , 2013 , 24, 189-201	17.9	62
325	Chronic myeloid leukemia: reminiscences and dreams. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2016 , 101, 541-58	6.6	61
324	Overall survival with ponatinib versus allogeneic stem cell transplantation in Philadelphia chromosome-positive leukemias with the T315I mutation. <i>Cancer</i> , 2017 , 123, 2875-2880	6.4	57
323	Chronic myeloid leukemia CD34+ cells have reduced uptake of imatinib due to low OCT-1 activity. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 765-70	10.7	57
322	Poor response to second-line kinase inhibitors in chronic myeloid leukemia patients with multiple low-level mutations, irrespective of their resistance profile. <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 119, 2234-8	2.2	55
321	Factors affecting the outcome of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation for adult patients with refractory or relapsed acute leukaemia. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 1999 , 107, 409-18	4.5	55
320	Interaction of the efflux transporters ABCB1 and ABCG2 with imatinib, nilotinib, and dasatinib. <i>Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics</i> , 2014 , 95, 294-306	6.1	54
319	A phase 2 study of MK-0457 in patients with BCR-ABL T315I mutant chronic myelogenous leukemia and philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2014 , 4, e238	7	53
318	Measurement of in vivo BCR-ABL kinase inhibition to monitor imatinib-induced target blockade and predict response in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2007 , 25, 4445-51	2.2	53
317	Dynamics of chronic myeloid leukemia response to long-term targeted therapy reveal treatment effects on leukemic stem cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2011 , 118, 1622-31	2.2	52

316	Dasatinib inhibits recombinant viral antigen-specific murine CD4+ and CD8+ T-cell responses and NK-cell cytolytic activity in vitro and in vivo. <i>Experimental Hematology</i> , 2009 , 37, 256-65	3.1	51
315	Laying the foundation for genomically-based risk assessment in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2019 , 33, 1835-1850	10.7	50
314	The GM-CSF receptor family: mechanism of activation and implications for disease. <i>Growth Factors</i> , 2012 , 30, 63-75	1.6	50
313	Therapeutic concentrations of dasatinib inhibit in vitro osteoclastogenesis. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2009 , 23, 994-7	10.7	50
312	BCR-ABL1 mutation development during first-line treatment with dasatinib or imatinib for chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015 , 29, 1832-8	10.7	49
311	Chronic phase chronic myeloid leukemia patients with low OCT-1 activity randomized to high-dose imatinib achieve better responses and have lower failure rates than those randomized to standard-dose imatinib. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2012 , 97, 907-14	6.6	48
310	Tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance in chronic myeloid leukemia cell lines: investigating resistance pathways. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2011 , 52, 2139-47	1.9	48
309	Monitoring disease response to tyrosine kinase inhibitor therapy in CML. <i>Hematology American Society of Hematology Education Program</i> , 2009 , 477-87	3.1	48
308	The impact of multiple low-level BCR-ABL1 mutations on response to ponatinib. <i>Blood</i> , 2016 , 127, 1870-80	10.7	45
307	Blocking cytokine signaling along with intense Bcr-Abl kinase inhibition induces apoptosis in primary CML progenitors. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 771-8	10.7	45
306	The clinical significance of ABCB1 overexpression in predicting outcome of CML patients undergoing first-line imatinib treatment. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017 , 31, 75-82	10.7	44
305	International Randomized Study of Interferon Versus STI571 (IRIS) 7-Year Follow-up: Sustained Survival, Low Rate of Transformation and Increased Rate of Major Molecular Response (MMR) in Patients (pts) with Newly Diagnosed Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in Chronic Phase (CMLCP) Treated with Imatinib (IM). <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 119, 1061-06	2.2	44
304	Plasma adiponectin levels are markedly elevated in imatinib-treated chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) patients: a mechanism for improved insulin sensitivity in type 2 diabetic CML patients?. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2010 , 95, 3763-7	5.6	43
303	OCT1 and imatinib transport in CML: is it clinically relevant?. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015 , 29, 1960-9	10.7	41
302	How I determine if and when to recommend stopping tyrosine kinase inhibitor treatment for chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2014 , 166, 3-11	4.5	41
301	SHP-1 expression accounts for resistance to imatinib treatment in Philadelphia chromosome-positive cells derived from patients with chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2011 , 118, 3634-44	2.2	41
300	Dasatinib treatment for Philadelphia chromosome-positive leukemias: practical considerations. <i>Cancer</i> , 2009 , 115, 1381-94	6.4	40
299	Detection of BCR-ABL mutations and resistance to imatinib mesylate. <i>Methods in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2006 , 125, 93-106		40

298	Which TKI? An embarrassment of riches for chronic myeloid leukemia patients. <i>Hematology American Society of Hematology Education Program</i> , 2013 , 2013, 168-75	3.1	39
297	Imatinib mesylate causes growth plate closure in vivo. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2009 , 23, 2155-9	10.7	39
296	Incidence, outcomes, and risk factors of pleural effusion in patients receiving dasatinib therapy for Philadelphia chromosome-positive leukemia. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2019 , 104, 93-101	6.6	38
295	Safety and efficacy of switching to nilotinib 400 mg twice daily for patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase with suboptimal response or failure on front-line imatinib or nilotinib 300 mg twice daily. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2014 , 99, 1204-11	6.6	38
294	Establishment and validation of analytical reference panels for the standardization of quantitative BCR-ABL1 measurements on the international scale. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2013 , 59, 938-48	5.5	38
293	BCR-ABL transcript dynamics support the hypothesis that leukemic stem cells are reduced during imatinib treatment. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2011 , 17, 6812-21	12.9	37
292	Diagnosis and monitoring of chronic myeloid leukemia by qualitative and quantitative RT-PCR. <i>Methods in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2006 , 125, 69-92		37
291	Long-term treatment-free remission of chronic myeloid leukemia with falling levels of residual leukemic cells. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2018 , 32, 2572-2579	10.7	37
290	High prevalence of relapse in children with Philadelphia-like acute lymphoblastic leukemia despite risk-adapted treatment. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2017 , 102, e490-e493	6.6	36
289	BCR-ABL1 doubling times more reliably assess the dynamics of CML relapse compared with the BCR-ABL1 fold rise: implications for monitoring and management. <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 119, 4264-71	2.2	36
288	OCT-1 activity measurement provides a superior imatinib response predictor than screening for single-nucleotide polymorphisms of OCT-1. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 1962-5	10.7	36
287	Long-term outcomes with frontline nilotinib versus imatinib in newly diagnosed chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase: ENESTnd 10-year analysis. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021 , 35, 440-453	10.7	36
286	Long-term response to imatinib is not affected by the initial dose in patients with Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase: final update from the Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor Optimization and Selectivity (TOPS) study. <i>International Journal of Hematology</i> , 2014 , 99, 616-24	2.3	35
285	Long-Term Follow-up of Ponatinib Efficacy and Safety in the Phase 2 PACE Trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 124, 3135-3135		35
284	A pilot study of continuous imatinib vs pulsed imatinib with or without G-CSF in CML patients who have achieved a complete cytogenetic response. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2009 , 23, 1199-201	10.7	34
283	Dasatinib inhibits the secretion of TNF-alpha following TLR stimulation in vitro and in vivo. <i>Experimental Hematology</i> , 2009 , 37, 1435-44	3.1	33
282	Dasatinib-associated major molecular responses in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase following imatinib failure: response dynamics and predictive value. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2009 , 23, 1628-33	10.7	33
281	Apoptosis regulatory gene NEDD2 maps to human chromosome segment 7q34-35, a region frequently affected in haematological neoplasms. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 1995 , 95, 641-4	6.3	33

280	A Phase I/II study of nilotinib in Japanese patients with imatinib-resistant or -intolerant Ph+ CML or relapsed/refractory Ph+ ALL. <i>International Journal of Hematology</i> , 2009 , 89, 679-88	2.3	32
279	Current issues in chronic myeloid leukemia: monitoring, resistance, and functional cure. <i>Journal of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network: JNCCN</i> , 2012 , 10 Suppl 3, S1-S13	7.3	32
278	Imatinib inhibits the functional capacity of cultured human monocytes. <i>Immunology and Cell Biology</i> , 2005 , 83, 48-56	5	32
277	ABL kinase inhibitor therapy for CML: baseline assessments and response monitoring. <i>Hematology American Society of Hematology Education Program</i> , 2006 , 2006, 211-8	3.1	31
276	HLA-identical sibling donor bone marrow transplantation for chronic myeloid leukaemia in first chronic phase: influence of GVHD prophylaxis on outcome. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 1992 , 81, 383-90	4.5	31
275	Sustained deep molecular responses in patients switched to nilotinib due to persistent BCR-ABL1 on imatinib: final ENESTcmr randomized trial results. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2017 , 31, 2529-2531	10.7	30
274	Efficacy and Safety of Nilotinib (NIL) vs Imatinib (IM) in Patients (pts) With Newly Diagnosed Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in Chronic Phase (CML-CP): Long-Term Follow-Up (f/u) of ENESTnd. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 124, 4541-4541	2.2	30
273	Potential mechanisms of disease progression and management of advanced-phase chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2014 , 55, 1451-62	1.9	28
272	Do we have to kill the last CML cell?. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2011 , 25, 193-200	10.7	28
271	Guidelines for whole genome bisulphite sequencing of intact and FFPE DNA on the Illumina HiSeq X Ten. <i>Epigenetics and Chromatin</i> , 2018 , 11, 24	5.8	27
270	Sustained inhibition of STAT5, but not JAK2, is essential for TKI-induced cell death in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015 , 29, 76-85	10.7	27
269	Nilotinib-mediated inhibition of ABCB1 increases intracellular concentration of dasatinib in CML cells: implications for combination TKI therapy. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 658-60	10.7	27
268	International standardisation of quantitative real-time RT-PCR for BCR-ABL. <i>Leukemia Research</i> , 2008 , 32, 505-6	2.7	27
267	Role of allogeneic stem cell transplantation for adult chronic myeloid leukemia in the imatinib era. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2006 , 12, 795-807	4.7	26
266	ENESTnd Update: Nilotinib (NIL) Vs Imatinib (IM) In Patients (pts) With Newly Diagnosed Chronic Myeloid Leukemia In Chronic Phase (CML-CP) and The Impact Of Early Molecular Response (EMR) and Sokal Risk At Diagnosis On Long-Term Outcomes. <i>Blood</i> , 2013 , 122, 92-92	2.2	26
265	TARGET: a survey of real-world management of chronic myeloid leukaemia across 33 countries. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2020 , 190, 869-876	4.5	25
264	Therapeutic targeting of BCR-ABL: prognostic markers of response and resistance mechanism in chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>Critical Reviews in Oncogenesis</i> , 2012 , 17, 17-30	1.3	25
263	Twenty-year follow-up of newborn screening for patients with muscular dystrophy. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 2016 , 53, 570-8	3.4	24

262	The new allosteric inhibitor asciminib is susceptible to resistance mediated by ABCB1 and ABCG2 overexpression. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2018 , 9, 13423-13437	3.3	24
261	Clarithromycin enhances dasatinib-induced cell death in chronic myeloid leukemia cells, by inhibition of late stage autophagy. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2013 , 54, 198-201	1.9	23
260	Nilotinib inhibits the Src-family kinase LCK and T-cell function in vitro. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2009 , 13, 599-601	5.6	23
259	A Pivotal Phase 2 Trial of Ponatinib in Patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and Philadelphia Chromosome-Positive Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (Ph+ALL) Resistant or Intolerant to Dasatinib or Nilotinib, or with the T315I BCR-ABL Mutation: 12-Month Follow-up of the PACE Trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 120, 163-163	2.2	23
258	Lineage of measurable residual disease in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in treatment-free remission. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020 , 34, 1052-1061	10.7	23
257	Accumulation of JAK activation loop phosphorylation is linked to type I JAK inhibitor withdrawal syndrome in myelofibrosis. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2018 , 4, eaat3834	14.3	23
256	A phase 3, open-label, randomized study of asciminib, a STAMP inhibitor, vs bosutinib in CML after 2 or more prior TKIs. <i>Blood</i> , 2021 , 138, 2031-2041	2.2	23
255	Successful treatment-free remission in chronic myeloid leukaemia and its association with reduced immune suppressors and increased natural killer cells. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2020 , 191, 433-441	4.5	22
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253	Many BCR-ABL1 compound mutations reported in chronic myeloid leukemia patients may actually be artifacts due to PCR-mediated recombination. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 124, 153-5	2.2	22
252	Prediction of outcomes in patients with Ph+ chronic myeloid leukemia in chronic phase treated with nilotinib after imatinib resistance/intolerance. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2013 , 27, 907-13	10.7	22
251	TGF- β and IL-6 plasma levels selectively identify CML patients who fail to achieve an early molecular response or progress in the first year of therapy. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2016 , 30, 1263-72	10.7	21
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249	Optimizing outcomes for patients with advanced disease in chronic myelogenous leukemia. <i>Seminars in Oncology</i> , 2008 , 35, S1-17; quiz S18-20	5.5	21
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247	Early BCR-ABL1 kinetics are predictive of subsequent achievement of treatment-free remission in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2021 , 137, 1196-1207	2.2	21
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244	Relapse of BCR-ABL1-like ALL mediated by the ABL1 kinase domain mutation T315I following initial response to dasatinib treatment. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2015 , 29, 230-2	10.7	20
243	A dual role for the N-terminal domain of the IL-3 receptor in cell signalling. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018 , 9, 386	17.4	20
242	Concurrent use of proton pump inhibitors or H2 blockers did not adversely affect nilotinib efficacy in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 70, 345-50	3.5	20
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239	Gene expression signature that predicts early molecular response failure in chronic-phase CML patients on frontline imatinib. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2019 , 3, 1610-1621	7.8	20
238	Treatment-free remission in patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020 , 17, 493-503	19.4	19
237	A DNA real-time quantitative PCR method suitable for routine monitoring of low levels of minimal residual disease in chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Journal of Molecular Diagnostics</i> , 2015 , 17, 185-92	5.1	19
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233	KIR2DL5B genotype predicts outcomes in CML patients treated with response-directed sequential imatinib/nilotinib strategy. <i>Blood</i> , 2015 , 126, 2720-3	2.2	18
232	The poor response to imatinib observed in CML patients with low OCT-1 activity is not attributable to lower uptake of imatinib into their CD34+ cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2010 , 116, 2776-8	2.2	18
231	Suboptimal responses in chronic myeloid leukemia: implications and management strategies. <i>Cancer</i> , 2012 , 118, 1181-91	6.4	17
230	Differential expression of MUC4, GPR110 and IL2RA defines two groups of CRLF2-rearranged acute lymphoblastic leukemia patients with distinct secondary lesions. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2017 , 408, 92-101	9.9	17
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227	Distribution of genomic breakpoints in chronic myeloid leukemia: analysis of 308 patients. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2013 , 27, 2105-7	10.7	16

226	Contrasting effects of diclofenac and ibuprofen on active imatinib uptake into leukaemic cells. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2012 , 106, 1772-8	8.7	16
225	Classification of patients with chronic myeloid leukemia on basis of BCR-ABL transcript level at 3 months fails to identify patients with low organic cation transporter-1 activity destined to have poor imatinib response. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012 , 30, 1144-5; author reply 1145-6	2.2	15
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221	Modeling the safe minimum frequency of molecular monitoring for CML patients attempting treatment-free remission. <i>Blood</i> , 2019 , 134, 85-89	2.2	14
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210	Enestnd 4-Year (y) Update: Continued Superiority of Nilotinib Vs Imatinib in Patients (pts) with Newly Diagnosed Philadelphia Chromosome Positive (Ph+) Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in Chronic Phase (CML-CP). <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 120, 1676-1676	2.2	13
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204	Molecular monitoring in CML: how deep? How often? How should it influence therapy?. <i>Hematology American Society of Hematology Education Program</i> , 2018 , 2018, 168-176	3.1	12
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202	Low incidence of peripheral arterial disease in patients receiving dasatinib in clinical trials. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2016 , 30, 1593-6	10.7	11
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191	Nilotinib does not significantly reduce imatinib OCT-1 activity in either cell lines or primary CML cells. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2010 , 24, 855-7	10.7	10

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168	Molecular monitoring in CML: how deep? How often? How should it influence therapy?. <i>Blood</i> , 2018 , 132, 2125-2133	2.2	8
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142	Asciminib, a Specific Allosteric BCR-ABL1 Inhibitor, in Patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Carrying the T315I Mutation in a Phase 1 Trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2018 , 132, 792-792	2.2	5
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140	Imatinib (IM) Pharmacokinetic (PK) Exposure and Its Correlation with Clinical Outcome in Patients with Chronic-Phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML-CP) for 400 Mg and 800 Mg Daily Doses (Tyrosine Kinase Dose Optimization Study [TOPS]). <i>Blood</i> , 2008 , 112, 447-447	2.2	5
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