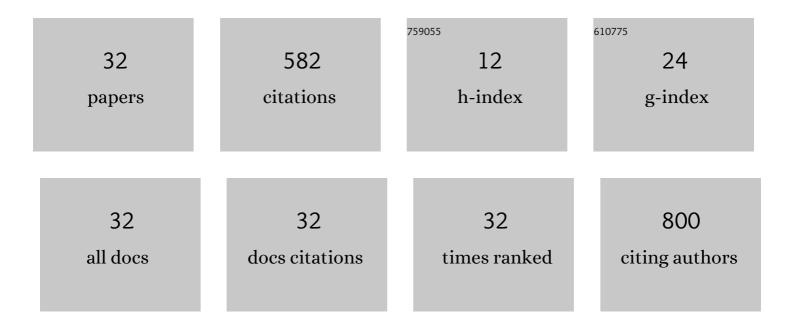
Jane L Goller

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/277635/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Urban area disadvantage and physical activity: a multilevel study in Melbourne, Australia. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2005, 59, 934-940.	2.0	127
2	Love during lockdown: findings from an online survey examining the impact of COVID-19 on the sexual health of people living in Australia. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2021, 97, 357-362.	0.8	98
3	REGIONAL DIFFERENCES IN THE RESPONSE OF PLASMODIUM VIVAX MALARIA TO PRIMAQUINE AS ANTI-RELAPSE THERAPY. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2007, 76, 203-207.	0.6	65
4	Risk factors for HIV seroconversion in men who have sex with men in Victoria, Australia: results from a sentinel surveillance system. Sexual Health, 2011, 8, 319.	0.4	37
5	Establishing a linked sentinel surveillance system for blood-borne viruses and sexually transmissible infections: methods, system attributes and early findings. Sexual Health, 2010, 7, 425.	0.4	32
6	A new national Chlamydia Sentinel Surveillance System in Australia: evaluation of the first stage of implementation. Communicable Diseases Intelligence Quarterly Report, 2010, 34, 319-28.	0.6	24
7	Contraceptive use and pregnancy plans among women of reproductive age during the first Australian COVID-19 lockdown: findings from an online survey. European Journal of Contraception and Reproductive Health Care, 2021, 26, 265-271.	0.6	23
8	Clinical Features and Therapeutic Response in Women Meeting Criteria for Presumptive Treatment for Pelvic Inflammatory Disease Associated With Mycoplasma genitalium. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2019, 46, 73-79.	0.8	19
9	Characteristics of pelvic inflammatory disease where no sexually transmitted infection is identified: a cross-sectional analysis of routinely collected sexual health clinic data. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2017, 93, 68-70.	0.8	16
10	Rates of pelvic inflammatory disease and ectopic pregnancy in Australia, 2009–2014: ecological analysis of hospital data. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2018, 94, 534-541.	0.8	16
11	Chlamydia among Australian Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander people attending sexual health services, general practices and Aboriginal community controlled health services. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 285.	0.9	14
12	Impact evaluation of a youth sexually transmissible infection awareness campaign using routinely collected data sources. Sexual Health, 2011, 8, 234.	0.4	14
13	Correlates of Chlamydia trachomatis infection in a primary care sentinel surveillance network. Sexual Health, 2012, 9, 247.	0.4	13
14	Population attributable fraction of pelvic inflammatory disease associated with chlamydia and gonorrhoea: a cross-sectional analysis of Australian sexual health clinic data. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2016, 92, 525-531.	0.8	11
15	The rise of infectious syphilis in Victoria and the impact of enhanced clinical testing. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2008, 32, 38-42.	0.8	10
16	Trends in chlamydia positivity among heterosexual patients from the Victorian Primary Care Network for Sentinel Surveillance, 2007–2011. Medical Journal of Australia, 2014, 200, 166-169.	0.8	10
17	Chlamydia testing and retesting patterns at family planning clinics in Australia. Sexual Health, 2013, 10, 74.	0.4	8
18	Norovirus excretion in a healthcare worker without major symptoms of gastroenteritis: infection control implications. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2004, 28, 88-89.	0.8	7

JANE L GOLLER

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Chlamydia sentinel surveillance in Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services finds higher testing and positivity rates among younger people. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2012, 36, 577-581.	0.8	7
20	New best practice guidance for general practice to reduce chlamydia-associated reproductive complications in women. Australian Journal of General Practice, 2021, 50, 50-54.	0.3	7
21	Sexual behaviour during COVID-19: a repeated cross-sectional survey in Victoria, Australia. Sexual Health, 2022, 19, 92-100.	0.4	5
22	Diagnosis of pelvic inflammatory disease and barriers to conducting pelvic examinations in Australian general practice: findings from an online survey. Sexual Health, 2021, 18, 180-186.	0.4	4
23	Trends in diagnosis of pelvic inflammatory disease in an Australian sexual health clinic, 2002–16: before and after clinical audit feedback. Sexual Health, 2019, 16, 247-253.	0.4	3
24	The Views of Patients and Partners Toward Patient-Delivered Partner Therapy for Chlamydia: A Systematic Review. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2020, 47, 790-797.	0.8	3
25	Telehealth for sexual and reproductive health issues: a qualitative study of experiences of accessing care during COVID-19. Sexual Health, 2022, 19, 473-478.	0.4	3
26	†It's literally giving them a solution in their hands': the views of young Australians towards patient-delivered partner therapy for treating chlamydia. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2021, 97, 256-260.	0.8	2
27	Patient-delivered partner therapy for chlamydia in Australia: can it become part of routine care?. Sexual Health, 2020, 17, 321.	0.4	2
28	Epididymitis rates in Australian hospitals 2009–2018: ecological analysis. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2020, 97, sextrans-2020-054473.	0.8	1
29	Sexually transmissible infections, partner notification and intimate relationships: a qualitative study exploring the perspectives of general practitioners and people with a recent chlamydia infection. Sexual Health, 2020, 17, 503.	0.4	1
30	A verbal invitation and specimen collection on the spot are crucial to maximise sexually transmissible infection testing uptake in non-traditional settings. Sexual Health, 2015, 12, 469.	0.4	0
31	Lb3.258â€Rates of pelvic inflammatory disease and ectopic pregnancy are no longer declining: an ecological analysis of australian hospital admissions and emergency presentation data, 2009–2014. , 2017, , .		0
32	Patient delivered partner therapy for chlamydia infection is used by some general practitioners, but more support is needed to increase uptake: findings from a mixed-methods study. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2021, , sextrans-2020-054933.	0.8	0