Jodi A Flaws

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

257	10,272	59	89
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
270	11,777	4.2 avg, IF	6.57
ext. papers	ext. citations		L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
257	The Effects of Environmental Contaminant Exposure on Reproductive Aging and the Menopause Transition <i>Current Environmental Health Reports</i> , 2022 , 9, 53	6.5	1
256	Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) disrupts ovarian steroidogenesis and folliculogenesis in adult mice <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2022 ,	4.4	2
255	Preliminary findings reveal that phthalate exposure is associated with both subjective and objective measures of sleep in a small population of midlife women <i>Maturitas</i> , 2022 , 157, 62-65	5	2
254	Personal care products and cosmetics 2022 , 867-909		
253	Midlife Urinary Phthalate Metabolite Concentrations and Prior Uterine Fibroid Diagnosis <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022 , 19,	4.6	1
252	Effects of Phthalate Mixtures on Ovarian Folliculogenesis and Steroidogenesis. <i>Toxics</i> , 2022 , 10, 251	4.7	0
251	Effects of Nerve Growth Factor-From Bull Seminal Plasma on Steroidogenesis and Angiogenic Markers of the Bovine Pre-ovulatory Follicle Wall Cell Culture <i>Frontiers in Veterinary Science</i> , 2021 , 8, 786480	3.1	1
250	Prenatal exposure to a mixture of phthalates accelerates the age-related decline in reproductive capacity but may not affect direct biomarkers of ovarian aging in the F1 generation of female mice. <i>Environmental Epigenetics</i> , 2021 , 7, dvab010	2.4	1
249	Early-Life Exposure to Environmental Contaminants Perturbs the Sperm Epigenome and Induces Negative Pregnancy Outcomes for Three Generations via the Paternal Lineage <i>Epigenomes</i> , 2021 , 5,	2.3	2
248	Urinary phthalate metabolite concentrations and hot flashes in women from an urban convenience sample of midlife women. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021 , 197, 110891	7.9	3
247	The effects of plasticizers on the ovary. <i>Current Opinion in Endocrine and Metabolic Research</i> , 2021 , 18, 35-47	1.7	1
246	Iodoacetic acid affects estrous cyclicity, ovarian gene expression, and hormone levels in mice Biology of Reproduction, 2021 , 105, 1030-1042	3.9	4
245	Constitutive expression of Steroidogenic factor-1 (NR5A1) disrupts ovarian functions, fertility, and metabolic homeostasis in female mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2021 , 35, e21770	0.9	1
244	Phthalate exposures and one-year change in body mass index across the menopausal transition. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021 , 194, 110598	7.9	2
243	Iodoacetic acid disrupts mouse oocyte maturation by inducing oxidative stress and spindle abnormalities. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2021 , 268, 115601	9.3	9
242	Environmentally relevant mixtures of phthalates and phthalate metabolites differentially alter the cell cycle and apoptosis in mouse neonatal ovaries Biology of Reproduction, 2021, 104, 806-817	3.9	2
241	Effects of Chronic Dietary Exposure to Phytoestrogen Genistein on Uterine Morphology in Mice. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2021 , 69, 1693-1704	5.7	1

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICOLOGY: Effects of chemical mixtures on the ovary. Reproduction, 2021, 162, F91-F31800 2 240 Maternal high-fat diet during pregnancy with concurrent phthalate exposure leads to abnormal 239 4.9 placentation. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 16602 Iodoacetic Acid, a Water Disinfection Byproduct, Disrupts Hypothalamic, and Pituitary Reproductive 238 1 Regulatory Factors and Induces Toxicity in the Female Pituitary. Toxicological Sciences, 2021, 184, 46-56 $^{4\cdot4}$ Placental outcomes of phthalate exposure. Reproductive Toxicology, 2021, 103, 1-17 237 3.4 The Impact of Di-Isononyl Phthalate Exposure on Specialized Epithelial Cells in the Colon. 236 4.4 O Toxicological Sciences, 2021, 184, 142-153 Prenatal exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture alters ovarian steroidogenesis 235 and folliculogenesis in the F1 generation of adult female mice. Reproductive Toxicology, 2021, 106, 25-31 $^{3.4}$ Early postnatal exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate causes sex-specific disruption of gonadal 234 1 3.4 development in pigs. Reproductive Toxicology, 2021, 105, 53-61 Maternal phthalate and phthalate alternative metabolites and urinary biomarkers of estrogens and 12.9 9 233 testosterones across pregnancy. Environment International, 2021, 155, 106676 Prenatal exposure to a mixture of different phthalates increases the risk of mammary O 232 4.7 carcinogenesis in F1 female offspring. Food and Chemical Toxicology, 2021, 156, 112519 Urinary phthalate metabolite concentrations and serum hormone levels in pre- and perimenopausal 231 12.9 9 women from the Midlife Women's Health Study. Environment International, 2021, 156, 106633 Racial differences in lifestyle, demographic, and health factors associated with quality of life (QoL) 230 2.3 2 in midlife women. Womens Midlife Health, 2021, 7, 2 Endocrine disrupting chemicals and reproductive disorders in women, men, and animal models. 229 5.7 *Advances in Pharmacology*, **2021**, 92, 151-190 Subacute exposure to di-isononyl phthalate alters the morphology, endocrine function, and 228 4.9 5 immune system in the colon of adult female mice. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 18788 Prenatal exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture accelerates biomarkers of reproductive aging in a multiple and transgenerational manner in female mice. Reproductive 227 9 3.4 Toxicology, **2020**, 98, 260-268 The Impact of Environmental Chemicals on the Gut Microbiome. Toxicological Sciences, 2020, 176, 253-2844. 226 34 Endocrine Disruptors in Water and Their Effects on the Reproductive System. International Journal 6.3 62 225 of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, Prenatal exposure to a phthalate mixture leads to multigenerational and transgenerational effects 224 3.4 14 on uterine morphology and function in mice. Reproductive Toxicology, 2020, 93, 178-190 Exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and diisononyl phthalate during adulthood disrupts hormones and ovarian folliculogenesis throughout the prime reproductive life of the mouse. 223 20 Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology, 2020, 393, 114952

222	Multi and transgenerational epigenetic effects of di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) in liver. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2020 , 402, 115123	4.6	11
221	Germline-dependent transmission of male reproductive traits induced by an endocrine disruptor, di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate, in future generations. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 5705	4.9	13
220	Subchronic and Low Dose of Tributyltin Exposure Leads to Reduced Ovarian Reserve, Reduced Uterine Gland Number, and Other Reproductive Irregularities in Female Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 176, 74-85	4.4	3
219	Iodoacetic acid inhibits follicle growth and alters expression of genes that regulate apoptosis, the cell cycle, estrogen receptors, and ovarian steroidogenesis in mouse ovarian follicles. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 91, 101-108	3.4	14
218	The effects of a phthalate metabolite mixture on antral follicle growth and sex steroid synthesis in mice. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2020 , 388, 114875	4.6	17
217	Late-life consequences of short-term exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and diisononyl phthalate during adulthood in female mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 93, 28-42	3.4	16
216	Mechanisms of action of agrochemicals acting as endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 502, 110680	4.4	15
215	Associations of Pregnancy History with BMI and Weight Gain in 45-54-Year-Old Women. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 4, nzz139	0.4	3
214	Data integration, analysis, and interpretation of eight academic CLARITY-BPA studies. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 98, 29-60	3.4	25
213	Association of phthalate exposure and endogenous hormones with self-reported sleep disruptions: results from the Midlife Womenß Health Study. <i>Menopause</i> , 2020 , 27, 1251-1264	2.5	7
212	A Mechanism for the Influence of the Prenatal Environment on Adult Fertility. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 2469-2470	4.8	1
211	Subchronic Exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate and Diisononyl Phthalate During Adulthood Has Immediate and Long-Term Reproductive Consequences in Female Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019 , 168, 620-631	4.4	29
21 0	Sanitary pads and diapers contain higher phthalate contents than those in common commercial plastic products. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2019 , 84, 114-121	3.4	20
209	Prenatal and ancestral exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate alters gene expression and DNA methylation in mouse ovaries. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2019 , 379, 114629	4.6	27
208	Exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture during prostate development induces microRNA upregulation and transcriptome modulation in rats. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019 ,	4.4	21
207	Transgenerational Effects of Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals on Male and Female Reproduction. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 1421-1435	4.8	68
206	The epigenetic impacts of endocrine disruptors on female reproduction across generations Biology of Reproduction, 2019 , 101, 635-644	3.9	37
205	Exposure to di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate transgenerationally alters anxiety-like behavior and amygdala gene expression in adult male and female mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2019 , 207, 7-14	3.5	11

(2018-2019)

204	Chronic Exposure of Mice to Bisphenol-A Alters Uterine Fibroblast Growth Factor Signaling and Leads to Aberrant Epithelial Proliferation. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 1234-1246	4.8	12
203	Reproductive Toxicity Biomarkers 2019 , 287-301		
202	Ovarian follicle resilience in mice orally dosed with methoxychlor: Are reproductive impacts possible in mammals as ecological receptors?. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019 , 106, 105502	5.8	O
201	Transgenerational Bisphenol A Causes Deficits in Social Recognition and Alters Postsynaptic Density Genes in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 1854-1867	4.8	15
200	Ovarian Metabolism of an Environmentally Relevant Phthalate Mixture. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019 , 169, 246-259	4.4	14
199	Hormone variability and hot flash experience: Results from the midlife women® health study. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2019 , 119, 1-7	5	7
198	Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) alters proliferation and uterine gland numbers in the uteri of adult exposed mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2018 , 77, 70-79	3.4	24
197	Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate Exposure During Prenatal Development Causes Adverse Transgenerational Effects on Female Fertility in Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 163, 420-429	4.4	38
196	Prenatal Exposure to DEHP Induces Neuronal Degeneration and Neurobehavioral Abnormalities in Adult Male Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 164, 439-452	4.4	48
195	Association between polycystic ovary syndrome and hot flash presentation during the midlife period. <i>Menopause</i> , 2018 , 25, 691-696	2.5	5
194	Prenatal Exposure to Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate Causes Long-Term Transgenerational Effects on Female Reproduction in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 795-809	4.8	65
193	Transgenerational Effects of Bisphenol A on Gene Expression and DNA Methylation of Imprinted Genes in Brain. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 132-144	4.8	57
192	Factors associated with poor sleep during menopause: results from the Midlife Womenß Health Study. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2018 , 45, 98-105	4.6	27
191	Prenatal exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate disrupts ovarian function in a transgenerational manner in female mice. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2018 , 98, 130-145	3.9	51
190	Bisphenol A and Phthalates Modulate Peritoneal Macrophage Function in Female Mice Involving SYMD2-H3K36 Dimethylation. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 2216-2228	4.8	16
189	Effects of Exposure to the Endocrine-Disrupting Chemical Bisphenol A During Critical Windows of Murine Pituitary Development. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 119-131	4.8	10
188	The effects of dietary levels of genistein on ovarian follicle number and gene expression. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2018 , 81, 132-139	3.4	6
187	Dynamic and Sex-Specific Changes in Gonadotropin-Releasing Hormone Neuron Activity and Excitability in a Mouse Model of Temporal Lobe Epilepsy. <i>ENeuro</i> , 2018 , 5,	3.9	11

186	Understanding the complex relationships underlying hot flashes: a Bayesian network approach. <i>Menopause</i> , 2018 , 25, 182-190	2.5	9
185	Bisphenol A and Phthalates: How Environmental Chemicals Are Reshaping Toxicology. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 166, 246-249	4.4	28
184	Common bisphenol A replacements are reproductive toxicants. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 14, 691-692	15.2	8
183	Prenatal exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture disrupts reproduction in F1 female mice. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2017 , 318, 49-57	4.6	62
182	Factors Affecting Sexual Function in Midlife Women: Results from the Midlife Women® Health Study. <i>Journal of Women® Health</i> , 2017 , 26, 923-932	3	11
181	Bisphenol A Exposure, Ovarian Follicle Numbers, and Female Sex Steroid Hormone Levels: Results From a CLARITY-BPA Study. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 1727-1738	4.8	53
180	Exposure to an Environmentally Relevant Phthalate Mixture Causes Transgenerational Effects on Female Reproduction in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 1739-1754	4.8	68
179	Exposure to endocrine disruptors during adulthood: consequences for female fertility. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 233, R109-R129	4.7	144
178	The effects of in utero bisphenol A exposure on ovarian follicle numbers and steroidogenesis in the F1 and F2 generations of mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 74, 150-157	3.4	32
177	Preconception exposure to dietary levels of genistein affects female reproductive outcomes. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 74, 174-180	3.4	8
176	The Midlife Women® Health Study - a study protocol of a longitudinal prospective study on predictors of menopausal hot flashes. <i>Women® Midlife Health</i> , 2017 , 3, 4	2.3	12
175	Personal Care Products and Cosmetics 2017 , 857-899		
174	Effects of an Environmentally Relevant Phthalate Mixture on Cultured Mouse Antral Follicles. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2017 , 156, 217-229	4.4	42
173	Bisphenol A impairs decidualization of human uterine stromal fibroblasts. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 73, 339-344	3.4	16
172	Environmental Contaminants Affecting Fertility and Somatic Health. <i>Seminars in Reproductive Medicine</i> , 2017 , 35, 241-249	1.4	27
171	Factors Affecting Sexual Activity in Midlife Women: Results from the Midlife Health Study. <i>Journal of Womenis Health</i> , 2017 , 26, 103-108	3	8
170	Prenatal Exposure to DEHP Induces Premature Reproductive Senescence in Male Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2017 , 156, 96-108	4.4	54
169	Estrogen receptor-Land aryl hydrocarbon receptor involvement in the actions of botanical estrogens in target cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 437, 190-200	4.4	17

(2015-2016)

168	Evidence for bisphenol A-induced female infertility: a review (2007-2016). <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2016 , 106, 827-56	4.8	133
167	Effects of isoliquiritigenin on ovarian antral follicle growth and steroidogenesis. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 66, 107-114	3.4	18
166	Genistein exposure inhibits growth and alters steroidogenesis in adult mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2016 , 293, 53-62	4.6	19
165	Phthalate metabolite levels and menopausal hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 60, 76-81	3.4	21
164	Equol inhibits growth, induces atresia, and inhibits steroidogenesis of mouse antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2016 , 295, 47-55	4.6	9
163	Acute Exposure to Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate in Adulthood Causes Adverse Reproductive Outcomes Later in Life and Accelerates Reproductive Aging in Female Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2016 , 150, 97-108	4.4	66
162	The effects of in utero bisphenol A exposure on the ovaries in multiple generations of mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 60, 39-52	3.4	68
161	Age at menarche, androgen concentrations, and midlife obesity: findings from the Midlife Women ß Health Study. <i>Menopause</i> , 2016 , 23, 1182-1188	2.5	9
160	Risk Factors for Extended Duration and Timing of Peak Severity of Hot Flashes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0	0155079	9 17
159	Monohaloacetic acid drinking water disinfection by-products inhibit follicle growth and steroidogenesis in mouse ovarian antral follicles in vitro. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 62, 71-6	3.4	20
158	Chronic Exposure to Bisphenol A Affects Uterine Function During Early Pregnancy in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 157, 1764-74	4.8	39
157	The Associations Between Body Mass Index, Smoking, and Alcohol Intake with Ovarian Volume in Midlife Women. <i>Journal of Womenn</i> Health, 2016 , 25, 409-15	3	2
156	Mono(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate accelerates early folliculogenesis and inhibits steroidogenesis in cultured mouse whole ovaries and antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 92, 120	3.9	70
155	NIEHS/FDA CLARITY-BPA research program update. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 58, 33-44	3.4	72
	the first of the self-defended		
154	In utero growth restriction and catch-up adipogenesis after developmental di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate exposure cause glucose intolerance in adult male rats following a high-fat dietary challenge. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2015 , 26, 1208-20	6.3	38
154	phthalate exposure cause glucose intolerance in adult male rats following a high-fat dietary	6. ₃	163
	phthalate exposure cause glucose intolerance in adult male rats following a high-fat dietary challenge. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2015 , 26, 1208-20		

150	A potentially functional variant in the serotonin transporter gene is associated with premenopausal and perimenopausal hot flashes. <i>Menopause</i> , 2015 , 22, 108-13	2.5	9
149	Developmental bisphenol A (BPA) exposure leads to sex-specific modification of hepatic gene expression and epigenome at birth that may exacerbate high-fat diet-induced hepatic steatosis. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 284, 101-12	4.6	97
148	Does quitting smoking decrease the risk of midlife hot flashes? A longitudinal analysis. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2015 , 82, 123-7	5	14
147	In vitro re-expression of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor (Ahr) in cultured Ahr-deficient mouse antral follicles partially restores the phenotype to that of cultured wild-type mouse follicles. <i>Toxicology in Vitro</i> , 2015 , 29, 329-36	3.6	6
146	Exposure Duration-Dependent Ovarian Recovery in Methoxychlor-Treated Mice. <i>Birth Defects Research Part B: Developmental and Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 104, 238-43		4
145	Risk factors for hot flashes among women undergoing the menopausal transition: baseline results from the Midlife Womenß Health Study. <i>Menopause</i> , 2015 , 22, 1098-107	2.5	29
144	Bisphenol A exposure inhibits germ cell nest breakdown by reducing apoptosis in cultured neonatal mouse ovaries. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 57, 87-99	3.4	34
143	Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate inhibits antral follicle growth, induces atresia, and inhibits steroid hormone production in cultured mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 284, 42-53	4.6	93
142	Effects of Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals on the Ovary. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 93, 20	3.9	104
141	Daily exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate alters estrous cyclicity and accelerates primordial follicle recruitment potentially via dysregulation of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling pathway in adult mice. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2014 , 90, 136	3.9	113
140	Change in body mass index, weight, and hot flashes: a longitudinal analysis from the midlife women health study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2014 , 23, 231-7	3	27
139	Bisphenol a and reproductive health: update of experimental and human evidence, 2007-2013. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2014 , 122, 775-86	8.4	353
138	Genistein exposure during the early postnatal period favors the development of obesity in female, but not male rats. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2014 , 138, 161-74	4.4	36
137	Co-treatment of mouse antral follicles with 17th stradiol interferes with mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP)-induced atresia and altered apoptosis gene expression. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 45, 45-51	3.4	23
136	In utero bisphenol A exposure disrupts germ cell nest breakdown and reduces fertility with age in the mouse. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2014 , 276, 157-64	4.6	85
135	Follicle-stimulating hormone responsiveness in antral follicles from aryl hydrocarbon receptor knockout mice. <i>Reproductive Biology and Endocrinology</i> , 2013 , 11, 26	5	6
134	Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and cytochrome P450 19 A1 (Cyp19) gene expression in ovarian granulosa cells: an in vivo human study. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 42, 18-23	3.4	20
133	Bisphenol A inhibits cultured mouse ovarian follicle growth partially via the aryl hydrocarbon receptor signaling pathway. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 42, 58-67	3.4	59

(2012-2013)

132	Bisphenol A down-regulates rate-limiting Cyp11a1 to acutely inhibit steroidogenesis in cultured mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 271, 249-56	4.6	66	
131	Pregnenolone co-treatment partially restores steroidogenesis, but does not prevent growth inhibition and increased atresia in mouse ovarian antral follicles treated with mono-hydroxy methoxychlor. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 272, 780-6	4.6	7	
130	Genetic polymorphisms in the aryl hydrocarbon receptor-signaling pathway and sleep disturbances in middle-aged women. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2013 , 14, 883-7	4.6	14	
129	Di-n-butyl phthalate disrupts the expression of genes involved in cell cycle and apoptotic pathways in mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2013 , 88, 23	3.9	59	
128	Mouse strain does not influence the overall effects of bisphenol a-induced toxicity in adult antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2013 , 89, 108	3.9	14	
127	Estrogen receptor alpha overexpressing mouse antral follicles are sensitive to atresia induced by methoxychlor and its metabolites. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 33, 353-60	3.4	15	
126	Methoxychlor inhibits growth and induces atresia through the aryl hydrocarbon receptor pathway in mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 34, 16-21	3.4	18	
125	Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate inhibits growth of mouse ovarian antral follicles through an oxidative stress pathway. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 258, 288-95	4.6	115	
124	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin activates the aryl hydrocarbon receptor and alters sex steroid hormone secretion without affecting growth of mouse antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 261, 88-96	4.6	36	
123	Methoxychlor induces atresia by altering Bcl2 factors and inducing caspase activity in mouse ovarian antral follicles in vitro. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 34, 545-51	3.4	13	
122	Reproductive history and hot flashes in perimenopausal women. <i>Journal of Womeni</i> s <i>Health</i> , 2012 , 21, 433-9	3	19	
121	A genetic polymorphism in the CYP19A1 gene and the risk of hypertension among midlife women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2012 , 71, 70-5	5	6	
120	Mono-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate induces oxidative stress and inhibits growth of mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 152	3.9	75	
119	Bisphenol A inhibits follicle growth and induces atresia in cultured mouse antral follicles independently of the genomic estrogenic pathway. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 63	3.9	66	
118	Genetic polymorphisms in the aryl hydrocarbon receptor signaling pathway as potential risk factors of menopausal hot flashes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012 , 207, 202.e9-202.e18	6.4	11	
117	Dioxin exposure reduces the steroidogenic capacity of mouse antral follicles mainly at the level of HSD17B1 without altering atresia. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 264, 1-12	4.6	23	
116	Methoxychlor-induced ovarian follicle toxicity in mice: dose and exposure duration-dependent effects. Birth Defects Research Part B: Developmental and Reproductive Toxicology, 2012, 95, 219-24		15	
115	Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and implantation failure among women undergoing in vitro fertilization. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2012 , 120, 978-83	8.4	141	

114	Ovarian abnormalities in a mouse model of fragile X primary ovarian insufficiency. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2012 , 60, 439-56	3.4	59
113	Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and early reproductive health outcomes among women undergoing IVF. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 27, 3583-92	5.7	172
112	Prenatal exposure to low doses of bisphenol A increases pituitary proliferation and gonadotroph number in female mice offspring at birth. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 82	3.9	42
111	Genetically induced estrogen receptor ImRNA (Esr1) overexpression does not adversely affect fertility or penile development in male mice. <i>Journal of Andrology</i> , 2011 , 32, 282-94		5
110	Involvement of the AHR in Development and Functioning of the Female and Male Reproductive Systems 2011 , 437-466		3
109	Methoxychlor reduces estradiol levels by altering steroidogenesis and metabolism in mouse antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2011 , 253, 161-9	4.6	38
108	Depressive symptoms and self-reported fast-food intake in midlife women. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2011 , 52, 254-7	4.3	41
107	Adverse health outcomes among cosmetologists and noncosmetologists in the Reproductive Outcomes of Salon Employees (ROSE) study. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2011 , 74, 52-61	3.2	4
106	Somatic symptoms among cosmetologists compared to women in other occupations. <i>Journal of Womeni</i> s <i>Health</i> , 2011 , 20, 605-15	3	2
105	Endocrine-disrupting chemicals in ovarian function: effects on steroidogenesis, metabolism and nuclear receptor signaling. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2011 , 142, 633-46	3.8	162
104	Autophagy is a cell survival program for female germ cells in the murine ovary. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2011 , 141, 759-65	3.8	108
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