

Jodi A Flaws

List of Publications by Citations

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257
papers

10,272
citations

59
h-index

89
g-index

270
ext. papers

11,777
ext. citations

4.2
avg, IF

6.57
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|--|------|-----------|
| 257 | Ability of exercise testing to predict cardiovascular and all-cause death in asymptomatic women: a 20-year follow-up of the lipid research clinics prevalence study. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2003 , 290, 1600-7 | 27.4 | 361 |
| 256 | Bisphenol a and reproductive health: update of experimental and human evidence, 2007-2013. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2014 , 122, 775-86 | 8.4 | 353 |
| 255 | Prolongation of ovarian lifespan into advanced chronological age by Bax-deficiency. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 1999 , 21, 200-3 | 36.3 | 306 |
| 254 | Bcl-x and Bax regulate mouse primordial germ cell survival and apoptosis during embryogenesis. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 2000 , 14, 1038-52 | | 196 |
| 253 | Environmental toxicants and female reproduction. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 1998 , 70, 613-22 | 4.8 | 176 |
| 252 | Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and early reproductive health outcomes among women undergoing IVF. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 27, 3583-92 | 5.7 | 172 |
| 251 | The effects of phthalates on the ovary. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2015 , 6, 8 | 5.7 | 163 |
| 250 | Endocrine-disrupting chemicals in ovarian function: effects on steroidogenesis, metabolism and nuclear receptor signaling. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2011 , 142, 633-46 | 3.8 | 162 |
| 249 | Exposure to endocrine disruptors during adulthood: consequences for female fertility. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 233, R109-R129 | 4.7 | 144 |
| 248 | BRCA2 deficiency in mice leads to meiotic impairment and infertility. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2004 , 131, 131-42 | 6.6 | 142 |
| 247 | Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and implantation failure among women undergoing in vitro fertilization. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2012 , 120, 978-83 | 8.4 | 141 |
| 246 | Loss of the peroxisome proliferation-activated receptor gamma (PPARGgamma) does not affect mammary development and propensity for tumor formation but leads to reduced fertility. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2002 , 277, 17830-5 | 5.4 | 135 |
| 245 | Evidence for bisphenol A-induced female infertility: a review (2007-2016). <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2016 , 106, 827-56 | 4.8 | 133 |
| 244 | Bisphenol A impairs follicle growth, inhibits steroidogenesis, and downregulates rate-limiting enzymes in the estradiol biosynthesis pathway. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2011 , 119, 209-17 | 4.4 | 132 |
| 243 | Effect of bcl-2 on the primordial follicle endowment in the mouse ovary. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2001 , 64, 1153-9 | 3.9 | 132 |
| 242 | Body mass and stage of breast cancer at diagnosis. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2002 , 98, 279-83 | 7.5 | 127 |
| 241 | Smoking, body mass, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003 , 101, 264-72 | 4.9 | 116 |

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|-----|--|-----|-----|
| 240 | Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate inhibits growth of mouse ovarian antral follicles through an oxidative stress pathway. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 258, 288-95 | 4.6 | 115 |
| 239 | The role of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor in the female reproductive system. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2009 , 77, 547-59 | 6 | 115 |
| 238 | Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and mono-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate inhibit growth and reduce estradiol levels of antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2010 , 242, 224-30 | 4.6 | 114 |
| 237 | Daily exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate alters estrous cyclicity and accelerates primordial follicle recruitment potentially via dysregulation of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling pathway in adult mice. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2014 , 90, 136 | 3.9 | 113 |
| 236 | Chronically elevated luteinizing hormone depletes primordial follicles in the mouse ovary. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 1997 , 57, 1233-7 | 3.9 | 110 |
| 235 | Autophagy is a cell survival program for female germ cells in the murine ovary. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2011 , 141, 759-65 | 3.8 | 108 |
| 234 | Ovarian follicle development requires Smad3. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 2004 , 18, 2224-40 | | 107 |
| 233 | Methoxychlor inhibits growth and induces atresia of antral follicles through an oxidative stress pathway. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2006 , 93, 382-9 | 4.4 | 106 |
| 232 | Destruction of preantral follicles in adult rats by 4-vinyl-1-cyclohexene diepoxide. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 1994 , 8, 509-14 | 3.4 | 105 |
| 231 | Effects of Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals on the Ovary. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 93, 20 | 3.9 | 104 |
| 230 | 90-Day Feeding and One-Generation Reproduction Study in Crl:CD BR Rats with 17 β -Estradiol. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 1998 , 44, 116-142 | 4.4 | 98 |
| 229 | Developmental bisphenol A (BPA) exposure leads to sex-specific modification of hepatic gene expression and epigenome at birth that may exacerbate high-fat diet-induced hepatic steatosis. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 284, 101-12 | 4.6 | 97 |
| 228 | Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate inhibits antral follicle growth, induces atresia, and inhibits steroid hormone production in cultured mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 284, 42-53 | 4.6 | 93 |
| 227 | Relations among menopausal symptoms, sleep disturbance and depressive symptoms in midlife. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2009 , 62, 184-9 | 5 | 93 |
| 226 | Risk factors for hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2003 , 12, 459-72 | 3 | 92 |
| 225 | Phase II study of G3139, a Bcl-2 antisense oligonucleotide, in combination with dexamethasone and thalidomide in relapsed multiple myeloma patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2005 , 23, 4089-99 | 2.2 | 87 |
| 224 | In utero bisphenol A exposure disrupts germ cell nest breakdown and reduces fertility with age in the mouse. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2014 , 276, 157-64 | 4.6 | 85 |
| 223 | In utero effects of chemicals on reproductive tissues in females. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2004 , 198, 111-31 | 4.6 | 81 |

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| 222 | The effects of in utero bisphenol A exposure on reproductive capacity in several generations of mice. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 284, 354-62 | 4.6 | 80 |
| 221 | Predictors of menopausal hot flashes. <i>Journal of Womens Health</i> , 1998 , 7, 1149-55 | | 77 |
| 220 | Mono-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate induces oxidative stress and inhibits growth of mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 152 | 3.9 | 75 |
| 219 | Methoxychlor directly affects ovarian antral follicle growth and atresia through Bcl-2- and Bax-mediated pathways. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2005 , 88, 213-21 | 4.4 | 74 |
| 218 | Age of menopause and menopausal symptoms in HIV-infected women. <i>AIDS Patient Care and STDs</i> , 2005 , 19, 703-11 | 5.8 | 74 |
| 217 | BAX regulates follicular endowment in mice. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2007 , 133, 865-76 | 3.8 | 73 |
| 216 | NIEHS/FDA CLARITY-BPA research program update. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 58, 33-44 | 3.4 | 72 |
| 215 | Mono(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate accelerates early folliculogenesis and inhibits steroidogenesis in cultured mouse whole ovaries and antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2015 , 92, 120 | 3.9 | 70 |
| 214 | Body mass, estrogen levels, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005 , 193, 1353-60 | 6.4 | 70 |
| 213 | Deregulated estrogen receptor alpha expression in mammary epithelial cells of transgenic mice results in the development of ductal carcinoma in situ. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2005 , 65, 681-5 | 10.1 | 70 |
| 212 | Exposure to an Environmentally Relevant Phthalate Mixture Causes Transgenerational Effects on Female Reproduction in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 1739-1754 | 4.8 | 68 |
| 211 | Transgenerational Effects of Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals on Male and Female Reproduction. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 160, 1421-1435 | 4.8 | 68 |
| 210 | The effects of in utero bisphenol A exposure on the ovaries in multiple generations of mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 60, 39-52 | 3.4 | 68 |
| 209 | Aryl hydrocarbon receptor regulates growth, but not atresia, of mouse preantral and antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2003 , 68, 1511-7 | 3.9 | 67 |
| 208 | Acute Exposure to Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate in Adulthood Causes Adverse Reproductive Outcomes Later in Life and Accelerates Reproductive Aging in Female Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2016 , 150, 97-108 | 4.4 | 66 |
| 207 | Bisphenol A down-regulates rate-limiting Cyp11a1 to acutely inhibit steroidogenesis in cultured mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 271, 249-56 | 4.6 | 66 |
| 206 | Bisphenol A inhibits follicle growth and induces atresia in cultured mouse antral follicles independently of the genomic estrogenic pathway. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 63 | 3.9 | 66 |
| 205 | Prenatal Exposure to Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate Causes Long-Term Transgenerational Effects on Female Reproduction in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 795-809 | 4.8 | 65 |

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| 204 | Prenatal exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture disrupts reproduction in F1 female mice. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2017 , 318, 49-57 | 4.6 | 62 |
| 203 | Endocrine Disruptors in Water and Their Effects on the Reproductive System. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020 , 21, | 6.3 | 62 |
| 202 | Bisphenol A inhibits cultured mouse ovarian follicle growth partially via the aryl hydrocarbon receptor signaling pathway. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 42, 58-67 | 3.4 | 59 |
| 201 | Di-n-butyl phthalate disrupts the expression of genes involved in cell cycle and apoptotic pathways in mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2013 , 88, 23 | 3.9 | 59 |
| 200 | Ovarian abnormalities in a mouse model of fragile X primary ovarian insufficiency. <i>Journal of Histochemistry and Cytochemistry</i> , 2012 , 60, 439-56 | 3.4 | 59 |
| 199 | Correlates of depressive symptoms among women undergoing the menopausal transition. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2007 , 63, 263-8 | 4.1 | 59 |
| 198 | Transgenerational Effects of Bisphenol A on Gene Expression and DNA Methylation of Imprinted Genes in Brain. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 132-144 | 4.8 | 57 |
| 197 | NTP-CERHR expert panel report on the reproductive and developmental toxicity of genistein. <i>Birth Defects Research Part B: Developmental and Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2006 , 77, 485-638 | | 56 |
| 196 | Prenatal exposure to di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) affects reproductive outcomes in female mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 53, 23-32 | 3.4 | 55 |
| 195 | The aryl hydrocarbon receptor affects mouse ovarian follicle growth via mechanisms involving estradiol regulation and responsiveness. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2007 , 76, 1062-70 | 3.9 | 55 |
| 194 | Methoxychlor-induced atresia in the mouse involves Bcl-2 family members, but not gonadotropins or estradiol. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2004 , 70, 1828-35 | 3.9 | 54 |
| 193 | Prenatal Exposure to DEHP Induces Premature Reproductive Senescence in Male Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2017 , 156, 96-108 | 4.4 | 54 |
| 192 | Bisphenol A Exposure, Ovarian Follicle Numbers, and Female Sex Steroid Hormone Levels: Results From a CLARITY-BPA Study. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 1727-1738 | 4.8 | 53 |
| 191 | Impact of environmental factors and poverty on pregnancy outcomes. <i>Clinical Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008 , 51, 349-59 | 1.7 | 53 |
| 190 | Type of menopause, patterns of hormone therapy use, and hot flashes. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2006 , 85, 1432-40 | 4.8 | 52 |
| 189 | Prenatal exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate disrupts ovarian function in a transgenerational manner in female mice. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2018 , 98, 130-145 | 3.9 | 51 |
| 188 | Methoxychlor metabolites may cause ovarian toxicity through estrogen-regulated pathways. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2006 , 93, 180-8 | 4.4 | 50 |
| 187 | Cigarette smoking, estrogen levels, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2006 , 53, 133-43 | 5 | 50 |

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| 186 | Polymorphisms in cytochrome P4503A5 (CYP3A5) may be associated with race and tumor characteristics, but not metabolism and side effects of tamoxifen in breast cancer patients. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2005 , 217, 61-72 | 9.9 | 49 |
| 185 | Prenatal Exposure to DEHP Induces Neuronal Degeneration and Neurobehavioral Abnormalities in Adult Male Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 164, 439-452 | 4.4 | 48 |
| 184 | Acute and chronic effects of oral genistein administration in neonatal mice. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2010 , 83, 114-21 | 3.9 | 48 |
| 183 | Introduction of estrogen receptor-alpha into the tTA/Tag conditional mouse model precipitates the development of estrogen-responsive mammary adenocarcinoma. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2003 , 163, 1713-9 | 5.8 | 46 |
| 182 | Cytochrome gene polymorphisms, serum estrogens, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005 , 106, 1372-81 | 4.9 | 46 |
| 181 | Cigarette smoking, androgen levels, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008 , 112, 1037-44 | 4.9 | 45 |
| 180 | Smoking, Body Mass, and Hot Flashes in Midlife Women. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003 , 101, 264-272 | 4.9 | 44 |
| 179 | Effects of an Environmentally Relevant Phthalate Mixture on Cultured Mouse Antral Follicles. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2017 , 156, 217-229 | 4.4 | 42 |
| 178 | Prenatal exposure to low doses of bisphenol A increases pituitary proliferation and gonadotroph number in female mice offspring at birth. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2012 , 87, 82 | 3.9 | 42 |
| 177 | Depressive symptoms and self-reported fast-food intake in midlife women. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2011 , 52, 254-7 | 4.3 | 41 |
| 176 | Physical activity and risk of hot flashes among women in midlife. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2007 , 16, 124-33 | 3 | 41 |
| 175 | Renewed debate over postnatal oogenesis in the mammalian ovary. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2004 , 26, 829-32 | 4.1 | 40 |
| 174 | Activation of mitogen-activated protein kinases and AP-1 transcription factor in ovotoxicity induced by 4-vinylcyclohexene diepoxide in rats. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2002 , 67, 718-24 | 3.9 | 40 |
| 173 | Can obesity explain the racial difference in stage of breast cancer at diagnosis between black and white women?. <i>Journal of Women's Health and Gender-Based Medicine</i> , 2002 , 11, 527-36 | | 40 |
| 172 | Chronic Exposure to Bisphenol A Affects Uterine Function During Early Pregnancy in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 157, 1764-74 | 4.8 | 39 |
| 171 | In utero growth restriction and catch-up adipogenesis after developmental di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate exposure cause glucose intolerance in adult male rats following a high-fat dietary challenge. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2015 , 26, 1208-20 | 6.3 | 38 |
| 170 | Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate Exposure During Prenatal Development Causes Adverse Transgenerational Effects on Female Fertility in Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 163, 420-429 | 4.4 | 38 |
| 169 | Methoxychlor reduces estradiol levels by altering steroidogenesis and metabolism in mouse antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2011 , 253, 161-9 | 4.6 | 38 |

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| 168 | Genetic polymorphisms, hormone levels, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2007 , 57, 120-31 | 5 | 38 |
| 167 | Methoxychlor inhibits brain mitochondrial respiration and increases hydrogen peroxide production and CREB phosphorylation. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2005 , 88, 495-504 | 4.4 | 38 |
| 166 | Association of tamoxifen (TAM) and TAM metabolite concentrations with self-reported side effects of TAM in women with breast cancer. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2004 , 85, 89-97 | 4.4 | 38 |
| 165 | The epigenetic impacts of endocrine disruptors on female reproduction across generations□ <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2019 , 101, 635-644 | 3.9 | 37 |
| 164 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin activates the aryl hydrocarbon receptor and alters sex steroid hormone secretion without affecting growth of mouse antral follicles in vitro. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 261, 88-96 | 4.6 | 36 |
| 163 | Genistein exposure during the early postnatal period favors the development of obesity in female, but not male rats. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2014 , 138, 161-74 | 4.4 | 36 |
| 162 | Association between race and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2006 , 54, 260-9 | 5 | 36 |
| 161 | The Impact of Environmental Chemicals on the Gut Microbiome. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 176, 253-284 | 4.4 | 34 |
| 160 | Bisphenol A exposure inhibits germ cell nest breakdown by reducing apoptosis in cultured neonatal mouse ovaries. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2015 , 57, 87-99 | 3.4 | 34 |
| 159 | BAX is involved in regulating follicular growth, but is dispensable for follicle atresia in adult mouse ovaries. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2007 , 133, 107-16 | 3.8 | 34 |
| 158 | Differences between rats and mice in the involvement of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor in 4-vinylcyclohexene diepoxide-induced ovarian follicle loss. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2005 , 203, 114-23 | 4.6 | 34 |
| 157 | Follicular mechanisms associated with 4-vinylcyclohexene diepoxide-induced ovotoxicity in rats. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 1996 , 10, 137-43 | 3.4 | 34 |
| 156 | The ability of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor to regulate ovarian follicle growth and estradiol biosynthesis in mice depends on stage of sexual maturity. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2010 , 83, 698-706 | 3.9 | 33 |
| 155 | The effects of in utero bisphenol A exposure on ovarian follicle numbers and steroidogenesis in the F1 and F2 generations of mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 74, 150-157 | 3.4 | 32 |
| 154 | Factors that may influence the experience of hot flushes by healthy middle-aged women. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2010 , 19, 1905-14 | 3 | 32 |
| 153 | NTP-CERHR expert panel report on the reproductive and developmental toxicity of soy formula. <i>Birth Defects Research Part B: Developmental and Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2006 , 77, 280-397 | | 32 |
| 152 | Methoxychlor and estradiol induce oxidative stress DNA damage in the mouse ovarian surface epithelium. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2008 , 105, 182-7 | 4.4 | 31 |
| 151 | The aryl hydrocarbon receptor is required for normal gonadotropin responsiveness in the mouse ovary. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2007 , 223, 66-72 | 4.6 | 31 |

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|-----|--|-----|----|
| 150 | Subchronic Exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate and Diisononyl Phthalate During Adulthood Has Immediate and Long-Term Reproductive Consequences in Female Mice. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019 , 168, 620-631 | 4.4 | 29 |
| 149 | Risk factors for hot flashes among women undergoing the menopausal transition: baseline results from the Midlife Women's Health Study. <i>Menopause</i> , 2015 , 22, 1098-107 | 2.5 | 29 |
| 148 | Bisphenol A and Phthalates: How Environmental Chemicals Are Reshaping Toxicology. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018 , 166, 246-249 | 4.4 | 28 |
| 147 | Prenatal and ancestral exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate alters gene expression and DNA methylation in mouse ovaries. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2019 , 379, 114629 | 4.6 | 27 |
| 146 | Factors associated with poor sleep during menopause: results from the Midlife Women's Health Study. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2018 , 45, 98-105 | 4.6 | 27 |
| 145 | Environmental Contaminants Affecting Fertility and Somatic Health. <i>Seminars in Reproductive Medicine</i> , 2017 , 35, 241-249 | 1.4 | 27 |
| 144 | Change in body mass index, weight, and hot flashes: a longitudinal analysis from the midlife women's health study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2014 , 23, 231-7 | 3 | 27 |
| 143 | Serum leptin levels, hormone levels, and hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2010 , 94, 1037-43 | 4.8 | 27 |
| 142 | Effects of ERalpha overexpression on female reproduction in mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2007 , 23, 317-25 | 3.4 | 25 |
| 141 | Data integration, analysis, and interpretation of eight academic CLARITY-BPA studies. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 98, 29-60 | 3.4 | 25 |
| 140 | Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) alters proliferation and uterine gland numbers in the uteri of adult exposed mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2018 , 77, 70-79 | 3.4 | 24 |
| 139 | Bcl-x is not required for maintenance of follicles and corpus luteum in the postnatal mouse ovary. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 2002 , 66, 438-44 | 3.9 | 24 |
| 138 | Co-treatment of mouse antral follicles with 17 β -estradiol interferes with mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP)-induced atresia and altered apoptosis gene expression. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 45, 45-51 | 3.4 | 23 |
| 137 | Dioxin exposure reduces the steroidogenic capacity of mouse antral follicles mainly at the level of HSD17B1 without altering atresia. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2012 , 264, 1-12 | 4.6 | 23 |
| 136 | Methoxychlor induces proliferation of the mouse ovarian surface epithelium. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2005 , 83, 355-62 | 4.4 | 23 |
| 135 | Premature ovarian failure among hairdressers. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2009 , 24, 2636-41 | 5.7 | 22 |
| 134 | Effects of the organochlorine pesticide methoxychlor on dopamine metabolites and transporters in the mouse brain. <i>NeuroToxicology</i> , 2009 , 30, 274-80 | 4.4 | 22 |
| 133 | Mono-hydroxy methoxychlor alters levels of key sex steroids and steroidogenic enzymes in cultured mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2010 , 249, 107-13 | 4.6 | 22 |

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|-----|---|-----|----|
| 132 | Current alcohol use is associated with a reduced risk of hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2005 , 40, 563-8 | 3.5 | 22 |
| 131 | Exposure to an environmentally relevant phthalate mixture during prostate development induces microRNA upregulation and transcriptome modulation in rats. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2019 , | 4.4 | 21 |
| 130 | Phthalate metabolite levels and menopausal hot flashes in midlife women. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 60, 76-81 | 3.4 | 21 |
| 129 | Canine pre-iridal fibrovascular membranes: morphologic and immunohistochemical investigations. <i>Veterinary Ophthalmology</i> , 2010 , 13, 4-13 | 1.4 | 21 |
| 128 | Effect of methoxychlor and estradiol on cytochrome p450 enzymes in the mouse ovarian surface epithelium. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2006 , 89, 510-4 | 4.4 | 21 |
| 127 | Chronic ingestion of (3R,3R,6R)-lutein and (3R,3R)-zeaxanthin in the female rhesus macaque. <i>Investigative Ophthalmology and Visual Science</i> , 2006 , 47, 5476-86 | | 21 |
| 126 | Conditional over-expression of estrogen receptor alpha in a transgenic mouse model. <i>Transgenic Research</i> , 2002 , 11, 361-72 | 3.3 | 21 |
| 125 | Sanitary pads and diapers contain higher phthalate contents than those in common commercial plastic products. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2019 , 84, 114-121 | 3.4 | 20 |
| 124 | Exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and diisononyl phthalate during adulthood disrupts hormones and ovarian folliculogenesis throughout the prime reproductive life of the mouse. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2020 , 393, 114952 | 4.6 | 20 |
| 123 | Urinary bisphenol A concentrations and cytochrome P450 19 A1 (Cyp19) gene expression in ovarian granulosa cells: an in vivo human study. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 42, 18-23 | 3.4 | 20 |
| 122 | Increased sensitivity of estrogen receptor alpha overexpressing antral follicles to methoxychlor and its metabolites. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2011 , 120, 447-59 | 4.4 | 20 |
| 121 | Ovarian volume and menopausal status. <i>Menopause</i> , 2000 , 7, 53-61 | 2.5 | 20 |
| 120 | Monohaloacetic acid drinking water disinfection by-products inhibit follicle growth and steroidogenesis in mouse ovarian antral follicles in vitro. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 62, 71-6 | 3.4 | 20 |
| 119 | Genistein exposure inhibits growth and alters steroidogenesis in adult mouse antral follicles. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2016 , 293, 53-62 | 4.6 | 19 |
| 118 | Reproductive history and hot flashes in perimenopausal women. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2012 , 21, 433-9 | 3 | 19 |
| 117 | Methoxychlor inhibits growth of antral follicles by altering cell cycle regulators. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2009 , 240, 1-7 | 4.6 | 19 |
| 116 | Cosmetologists and reproductive outcomes. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009 , 113, 1018-1026 | 4.9 | 19 |
| 115 | Profiles of tamoxifen-related side effects by race and smoking status in women with breast cancer. <i>Cancer Detection and Prevention</i> , 2007 , 31, 384-90 | | 19 |

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| 114 | Effects of isoliquiritigenin on ovarian antral follicle growth and steroidogenesis. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2016 , 66, 107-114 | 3.4 | 18 |
| 113 | Methoxychlor inhibits growth and induces atresia through the aryl hydrocarbon receptor pathway in mouse ovarian antral follicles. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2012 , 34, 16-21 | 3.4 | 18 |
| 112 | Estrogen receptor- β and aryl hydrocarbon receptor involvement in the actions of botanical estrogens in target cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 437, 190-200 | 4.4 | 17 |
| 111 | The association between physical activity and hot flash severity, frequency, and duration in mid-life women. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2009 , 21, 127-9 | 2.7 | 17 |
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3 DEVELOPMENT OF A VALIDATED HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY ASSAY FOR THE DETECTION AND QUANTIFICATION OF METHOXYCHLOR AND ITS MONO- AND BIS-HYDROXY METABOLITES FROM OVARIAN FOLLICLE CULTURE MEDIA. *Journal of Liquid Chromatography and Related Technologies*, 2011, 34, 2596-2605 1.3

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