Jaideep C Menon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2771491/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

759233 642732 29 619 12 23 h-index citations g-index papers 37 37 37 906 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Presentation, management, and outcomes of 25 748 acute coronary syndrome admissions in Kerala, India: results from the Kerala ACS Registry. European Heart Journal, 2013, 34, 121-129.	2.2	193
2	Prevalence of hypertension among Indian adults: Results from the great India blood pressure survey. Indian Heart Journal, 2019, 71, 309-313.	0.5	110
3	Potential for the use of mHealth in the management of cardiovascular disease in Kerala: a qualitative study. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e009367-e009367.	1.9	45
4	What was right about Kerala's response to the COVID-19 pandemic?. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003212.	4.7	39
5	Below the poverty line and non-communicable diseases in Kerala: The Epidemiology of Non-communicable Diseases in Rural Areas (ENDIRA) study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 187, 519-524.	1.7	29
6	Geographical variation of Indian Russell's viper venom and neutralization of its coagulopathy by polyvalent antivenom. Toxin Reviews, 2014, 33, 7-15.	3.4	27
7	Psychological distress and burnout among healthcare worker during COVID-19 pandemic in Indiaâ€"A cross-sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0264956.	2.5	26
8	Surveillance of Noncommunicable Diseases by Community Health Workers in Kerala: The Epidemiology of Noncommunicable Diseases in Rural Areas (ENDIRA) Study. Global Heart, 2014, 9, 409.	2.3	23
9	Estimation of the economic burden of COVID-19 using disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) and productivity losses in Kerala, India: a model-based analysis. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e049619.	1.9	20
10	Potential for mobile health (mHealth) prevention of cardiovascular diseases in Kerala: A population-based survey. Indian Heart Journal, 2017, 69, 182-199.	0.5	17
11	Proteomic Analysis of Human Blister Fluids Following Envenomation by Three Snake Species in India: Differential Markers for Venom Mechanisms of Action. Toxins, 2019, 11, 246.	3.4	14
12	A comparison of clinical outcomes between vaccinated and vaccine-naive patients of COVID-19, in four tertiary care hospitals of Kerala, South India. Clinical Epidemiology and Global Health, 2022, 13, 100971.	1.9	13
13	Pulmonary Hypertension Registry of Kerala (PROKERALA) – Rationale, design and methods. Indian Heart Journal, 2016, 68, 709-715.	0.5	12
14	Microeconomic Costs, Insurance, and Catastrophic Health Spending Among Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction in India. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e193831.	5.9	11
15	Pulmonary hypertension registry of Kerala, India (PRO-KERALA) â€" Clinical characteristics and practice patterns. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 265, 212-217.	1.7	8
16	Impact of the 2017 ACC/AHA guidelines on the prevalence of hypertension among Indian adults: Results from a cross-sectional survey. International Journal of Cardiology: Hypertension, 2020, 7, 100055.	2.2	7
17	Venomous Snake Bite in India - Why do 50,000 Indians Die Every Year?. Journal of the Association of Physicians of India, The, 2017, 65, 78-81.	0.0	5
18	Pulmonary Hypertension Registry of Kerala, India (PRO-KERALA): One-year outcomes. Indian Heart Journal, 2022, 74, 34-39.	0.5	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	A Sustainable Community-Based Model of Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factor Surveillance (Shraddha-Jagrithi Project): Protocol for a Cohort Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2021, 10, e27299.	1.0	3
20	Uncontrolled Blood Pressure and Associated Factors Among Persons With Diabetes: A Community Based Study From Kerala, India. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 778235.	2.7	3
21	Non-communicable diseases awareness and control in a rural population in an epidemiologically advanced stage of transition (Kerala): results of the epidemiology of non-communicable diseases in rural areas study. International Journal of Community Medicine and Public Health, 2020, 7, 2628.	0.1	2
22	Abstract P362: Surveillance Of Non-Communicable Diseases By Non-Physician Health Workers In Kerala: the Epidemiology of Non-communicable Diseases in Rural Areas (ENDIRA) study. Circulation, 2014, 129, .	1.6	2
23	Estimating epidemiological and economic burden and community derived disability weights for snake bite in Kerala: a study protocol. F1000Research, 2021, 10, 167.	1.6	1
24	Association of lipoprotein (a) with coronary artery disease in a South Asian population: A case-control study. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0267807.	2.5	1
25	Hypocholesterolaemia as a prognostic factor in venomous snakebite: a retrospective study from a single centre in Kerala, India. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 0, , .	1.8	1
26	Estimating epidemiological and economic burden and community derived disability weights for snake bite in Kerala: a study protocol. F1000Research, 2021, 10, 167.	1.6	0
27	White paper on venomous snakebite in India. Indian Journal of Medical Research, 2020, 152, 568-574.	1.0	O
28	Sibling Risk Factor Study in Premature Coronary Artery Disease. Journal of the Association of Physicians of India, The, 2021, 69, 11-12.	0.0	0
29	Effectiveness of Framingham and ASCVD Risk Scores in Predicting Coronary Artery Disease - A Comparative Study with Syntax Score Journal of the Association of Physicians of India, The, 2022, 69, 11-12.	0.0	O