Emiliy Sonestedt

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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FMILLY SOMESTEDT

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Factors associated with serum ferritin levels and iron excess: results from the EPIC-EurGast study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 61, 101-114.	3.9	3
2	Development of an EAT-Lancet index and its relation to mortality in a Swedish population. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 705-716.	4.7	54
3	High versus low-added sugar consumption for the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease. The Cochrane Library, 2022, 2022, CD013320.	2.8	7
4	Reply to LT Cacau and DM Marchioni. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 1238.	4.7	0
5	Association between Adherence to Swedish Dietary Guidelines and Mediterranean Diet and Risk of Stroke in a Swedish Population. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 1253.	4.1	6
6	Dietary intakes of dioxins and polychlorobiphenyls (PCBs) and breast cancer risk in 9 European countries. Environment International, 2022, 163, 107213.	10.0	6
7	Gut microbiota composition in relation to intake of added sugar, sugar-sweetened beverages and artificially sweetened beverages in the Malmö Offspring Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 2087-2097.	3.9	29
8	Plant foods, dietary fibre and risk of ischaemic heart disease in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, 212-222.	1.9	12
9	Assessment of a 4-Week Starch- and Sucrose-Reduced Diet and Its Effects on Gastrointestinal Symptoms and Inflammatory Parameters among Patients with Irritable Bowel Syndrome. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 416.	4.1	25
10	Lifetime alcohol intake, drinking patterns over time and risk of stomach cancer: A pooled analysis of data from two prospective cohort studies. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 2759-2773.	5.1	7
11	Association between Sugar Intake and Intima Media Thickness as a Marker for Atherosclerosis: A Cross-Sectional Study in the Malm¶ Diet and Cancer Study (Sweden). Nutrients, 2021, 13, 1555.	4.1	1
12	Dietary Data in the Malmö Offspring Study–Reproducibility, Method Comparison and Validation against Objective Biomarkers. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 1579.	4.1	2
13	Novel Biomarkers of Habitual Alcohol Intake and Associations With Risk of Pancreatic and Liver Cancers and Liver Disease Mortality. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2021, 113, 1542-1550.	6.3	20
14	Polyphenol Intake and Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. Antioxidants, 2021, 10, 1249.	5.1	4
15	Associations of carbohydrates and carbohydrate-rich foods with incidence of type 2 diabetes. British Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 126, 1065-1075.	2.3	8
16	Leisure-time physical activities and the risk of cardiovascular mortality in the Malmö diet and Cancer study. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1948.	2.9	8
17	Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Close Proximity to the Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF21) Gene Found to Be Associated with Sugar Intake in a Swedish Population. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 3954.	4.1	8
18	Dairy Consumption, Lactase Persistence, and Mortality Risk in a Cohort From Southern Sweden. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 779034.	3.7	4

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19	Effect of AMY1 copy number variation and various doses of starch intake on glucose homeostasis: data from a cross-sectional observational study and a crossover meal study. Genes and Nutrition, 2021, 16, 21.	2.5	3
20	Consumption of nuts and seeds and pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 76-84.	5.1	9
21	Intake of fibre and plant foods and the risk of abdominal aortic aneurysm in a large prospective cohort study in Sweden. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 2047-2056.	3.9	8
22	Alpha-amylase 1A copy number variants and the association with memory performance and Alzheimer's dementia. Alzheimer's Research and Therapy, 2020, 12, 158.	6.2	10
23	Citrus intake and risk of skin cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort (EPIC). European Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 35, 1057-1067.	5.7	14
24	Identification of Inflammatory and Disease-Associated Plasma Proteins that Associate with Intake of Added Sugar and Sugar-Sweetened Beverages and Their Role in Type 2 Diabetes Risk. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3129.	4.1	12
25	Association between nutritional profiles of foods underlying Nutri-Score front-of-pack labels and mortality: EPIC cohort study in 10 European countries. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3173.	6.0	54
26	A Body Shape Index (ABSI) achieves better mortality risk stratification than alternative indices of abdominal obesity: results from a large European cohort. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 14541.	3.3	84
27	Association between dietary fiber intake and risk of incident aortic stenosis. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 30, 2180-2185.	2.6	3
28	Associations Between Added Sugar Intake and Risk of Four Different Cardiovascular Diseases in a Swedish Population-Based Prospective Cohort Study. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2020, 7, 603653.	3.7	18
29	Glycemic index, glycemic load, and risk of coronary heart disease: a pan-European cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 112, 631-643.	4.7	19
30	Different domains of self-reported physical activity and risk of type 2 diabetes in a population-based Swedish cohort: the Malmö diet and Cancer study. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 261.	2.9	26
31	Association between added sugar intake and micronutrient dilution: a cross-sectional study in two adult Swedish populations. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2020, 17, 15.	3.0	23
32	The associations of major foods and fibre with risks of ischaemic and haemorrhagic stroke: a prospective study of 418Â329 participants in the EPIC cohort across nine European countries. European Heart Journal, 2020, 41, 2632-2640.	2.2	60
33	Association of <i>FADS1/2</i> Locus Variants and Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids With Aortic Stenosis. JAMA Cardiology, 2020, 5, 694.	6.1	32
34	Interaction Effect Between Copy Number Variation in Salivary Amylase Locus (AMY1) and Starch Intake on Glucose Homeostasis in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2020, 7, 598850.	3.7	2
35	Comparing Self-Reported Sugar Intake With the Sucrose and Fructose Biomarker From Overnight Urine Samples in Relation to Cardiometabolic Risk Factors. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2020, 7, 62.	3.7	13
36	Food patterns in relation to weight change and incidence of type 2 diabetes, coronary events and stroke in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. European Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 58, 1801-1814.	3.9	26

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37	Healthy diet and fiber intake are associated with decreased risk of incident symptomatic peripheral artery disease – A prospective cohort study. Vascular Medicine, 2019, 24, 511-518.	1.5	23
38	Association Between Soft Drink Consumption and Mortality in 10 European Countries. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2019, 179, 1479.	5.1	169
39	Consumption of Meat, Fish, Dairy Products, and Eggs and Risk of Ischemic Heart Disease. Circulation, 2019, 139, 2835-2845.	1.6	103
40	The association between dietary intake, lifestyle and incident symptomatic peripheral arterial disease among individuals with diabetes mellitus: insights from the MalmA¶ Diet and Cancer study. Therapeutic Advances in Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 10, 204201881989053.	3.2	5
41	Association between physical activity and risk of hepatobiliary cancers: A multinational cohort study. Journal of Hepatology, 2019, 70, 885-892.	3.7	58
42	Association between added sugar intake and mortality is nonlinear and dependent on sugar source in 2 Swedish population–based prospective cohorts. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 109, 411-423.	4.7	69
43	Adherence to diet recommendations and risk of abdominal aortic aneurysm in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Study. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 2017.	3.3	13
44	Meat and haem iron intake in relation to glioma in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition study. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 379-383.	1.3	12
45	Plasma enterolactone and risk of prostate cancer in middle-aged Swedish men. European Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 57, 2595-2606.	3.9	11
46	Sugar-sweetened beverage intake associations with fasting glucose and insulin concentrations are not modified by selected genetic variants in a ChREBP-FGF21 pathway: a meta-analysis. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 317-330.	6.3	32
47	Salivary amylase gene variations influence the physiologic response to starchy foods: 2 sides of the story. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 656-657.	4.7	2
48	Nutritional quality of food as represented by the FSAm-NPS nutrient profiling system underlying the Nutri-Score label and cancer risk in Europe: Results from the EPIC prospective cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2018, 15, e1002651.	8.4	63
49	A Western dietary pattern is prospectively associated with cardio-metabolic traits and incidence of the metabolic syndrome. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 1168-1176.	2.3	87
50	A new food-composition database for 437 polyphenols in 19,899 raw and prepared foods used to estimate polyphenol intakes in adults from 10 European countries. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 517-524.	4.7	47
51	Coffee, tea and melanoma risk: findings from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 140, 2246-2255.	5.1	39
52	Circulating concentrations of biomarkers and metabolites related to vitamin status, one-carbon and the kynurenine pathways in US, Nordic, Asian, and Australian populations. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 1314-1326.	4.7	22
53	Dietary starch intake modifies the relation between copy number variation in the salivary amylase gene and BMI. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 256-262.	4.7	51
54	Type 2 diabetes, adiposity and cancer morbidity and mortality risk taking into account competing risk of noncancer deaths in a prospective cohort setting. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 141, 1170-1180.	5.1	15

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55	Dietary flavonoid intake and colorectal cancer risk in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition (EPIC) cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 140, 1836-1844.	5.1	50
56	Perspective: An Extension of the STROBE Statement for Observational Studies in Nutritional Epidemiology (STROBE-nut): Explanation and Elaboration. Advances in Nutrition, 2017, 8, 652-678.	6.4	44
57	Changes in dietary intake following a culturally adapted lifestyle intervention among Iraqi immigrants to Sweden at high risk of type 2 diabetes: a randomised trial. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 2827-2838.	2.2	10
58	Variation in the Sweet Taste Receptor Gene and Dietary Intake in a Swedish Middle-Aged Population. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2017, 8, 348.	3.5	12
59	Lifestyle and Dietary Determinants of Serum Apolipoprotein A1 and Apolipoprotein B Concentrations: Cross-Sectional Analyses within a Swedish Cohort of 24,984 Individuals. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 211.	4.1	39
60	Genetic determinants of circulating GIP and GLP-1 concentrations. JCI Insight, 2017, 2, .	5.0	46
61	A High Diet Quality Based on Dietary Recommendations Is Not Associated with Lower Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in the Malm¶ Diet and Cancer Cohort. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2016, 17, 901.	4.1	21
62	Diet Quality and Change in Blood Lipids during 16 Years of Follow-up and Their Interaction with Genetic Risk for Dyslipidemia. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 274.	4.1	26
63	Worldwide trends in diabetes since 1980: a pooled analysis of 751 population-based studies with 4·4 million participants. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1513-1530.	13.7	2,842
64	Trends in adult body-mass index in 200 countries from 1975 to 2014: a pooled analysis of 1698 population-based measurement studies with 19·2 million participants. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1377-1396.	13.7	3,941
65	Excess maternal transmission of variants in the THADA gene to offspring with type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2016, 59, 1702-1713.	6.3	19
66	Genetic susceptibility to dyslipidemia and incidence of cardiovascular disease depending on a diet quality index in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. Genes and Nutrition, 2016, 11, 20.	2.5	6
67	Consumption of soft drinks and juices and risk of liver and biliary tract cancers in a European cohort. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 7-20.	3.9	48
68	Plasma carotenoids, vitamin C, tocopherols, and retinol and the risk of breast cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 454-464.	4.7	83
69	Nutrient-wide association study of 57 foods/nutrients and epithelial ovarian cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition study and the Netherlands Cohort Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 161-167.	4.7	29
70	Main nutrient patterns are associated with prospective weight change in adults from 10 European countries. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 2093-2104.	3.9	15
71	Dietary polyphenol intake in Europe: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 1359-1375.	3.9	313
72	Diet Quality Scores and Prediction of All-Cause, Cardiovascular and Cancer Mortality in a Pan-European Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0159025.	2.5	75

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73	The Association between Carbohydrate-Rich Foods and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease Is Not Modified by Genetic Susceptibility to Dyslipidemia as Determined by 80 Validated Variants. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0126104.	2.5	33
74	lsocaloric substitution of carbohydrates with protein: the association with weight change and mortality among patients with type 2 diabetes. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2015, 14, 39.	6.8	21
75	Investigation of Dietary Factors and Endometrial Cancer Risk Using a Nutrient-wide Association Study Approach in the EPIC and Nurses' Health Study (NHS) and NHSII. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 466-471.	2.5	42
76	Gene × dietary pattern interactions in obesity: analysis of up to 68 317 adults of European ancestry. Human Molecular Genetics, 2015, 24, 4728-4738.	2.9	84
77	Reproductive factors and epithelial ovarian cancer survival in the EPIC cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2015, 113, 1622-1631.	6.4	29
78	Total, caffeinated and decaffeinated coffee and tea intake and gastric cancer risk: Results from the EPIC cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, E720-30.	5.1	17
79	Effects of diabetes definition on global surveillance of diabetes prevalence and diagnosis: a pooled analysis of 96 population-based studies with 331â€^288 participants. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 624-637.	11.4	139
80	Meat and fish consumption and the risk of renal cell carcinoma in the <scp>E</scp> uropean prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, E423-31.	5.1	20
81	Food sources of fat may clarify the inconsistent role of dietary fat intake for incidence of type 2 diabetes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 1065-1080.	4.7	139
82	Consumption of meat is associated with higher fasting glucose and insulin concentrations regardless of glucose and insulin genetic risk scores: a meta-analysis of 50,345 Caucasians. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1266-1278.	4.7	69
83	Fish consumption and mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 30, 57-70.	5.7	39
84	Genetic Determinants of Long-Term Changes in Blood Lipid Concentrations: 10-Year Follow-Up of the GLACIER Study. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004388.	3.5	25
85	FTO genetic variants, dietary intake and body mass index: insights from 177 330 individuals. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6961-6972.	2.9	143
86	Dietary Intakes and Risk of Lymphoid and Myeloid Leukemia in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). Nutrition and Cancer, 2014, 66, 14-28.	2.0	24
87	Plasma Alkylresorcinol Metabolites as Biomarkers for Whole-Grain Intake and Their Association with Prostate Cancer: A Swedish Nested Case–Control Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 73-83.	2.5	20
88	Genetic Variation in FADS1 Has Little Effect on the Association between Dietary PUFA Intake and Cardiovascular Disease. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 1356-1363.	2.9	21
89	Dairy products and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: The European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 135, 1662-1672.	5.1	58
90	TCF7L2 type 2 diabetes risk variant, lifestyle factors, and incidence of prostate cancer. Prostate, 2014, 74, 1161-1170.	2.3	6

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91	Dietary Fat Intake and Development of Specific Breast Cancer Subtypes. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2014, 106, .	6.3	92
92	Fruit and vegetable intake and cause-specific mortality in the EPIC study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 29, 639-652.	5.7	56
93	Dietary fat intake and risk of epithelial ovarian cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. Cancer Epidemiology, 2014, 38, 528-537.	1.9	16
94	Meat consumption and mortality - results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 63.	5.5	329
95	Genetic susceptibility to obesity and diet intakes: association and interaction analyses in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Study. Genes and Nutrition, 2013, 8, 535-547.	2.5	55
96	Dietary flavonoid and lignan intake and breast cancer risk according to menopause and hormone receptor status in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2013, 139, 163-176.	2.5	52
97	Meta-Analysis Investigating Associations Between Healthy Diet and Fasting Glucose and Insulin Levels and Modification by Loci Associated With Glucose Homeostasis in Data From 15 Cohorts. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 103-115.	3.4	74
98	High intakes of protein and processed meat associate with increased incidence of type 2 diabetes. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 109, 1143-1153.	2.3	88
99	Fruit and Vegetable Consumption and Mortality. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 590-602.	3.4	135
100	Genome-wide meta-analysis of observational studies shows common genetic variants associated with macronutrient intake. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 1395-1402.	4.7	210
101	Genetic variation in the fat mass and obesity-associated gene (<i>FTO</i>) in association with food preferences in healthy adults. Food and Nutrition Research, 2013, 57, 20028.	2.6	44
102	Artificial and sugar-sweetened beverages are associated with increased incidence of hypertension. Evidence-Based Medicine, 2013, 18, e38-e38.	0.6	2
103	The Role of Adiposity in Cardiometabolic Traits: A Mendelian Randomization Analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001474.	8.4	178
104	Sex-specific interactions between the IRS1 polymorphism and intakes of carbohydrates and fat on incident type 2 diabetes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 208-216.	4.7	30
105	Adherence to the World Cancer Research Fund/American Institute for Cancer Research guidelines and risk of death in Europe: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Nutrition and Cancer cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 1107-1120.	4.7	150
106	Higher Magnesium Intake Is Associated with Lower Fasting Glucose and Insulin, with No Evidence of Interaction with Select Genetic Loci, in a Meta-Analysis of 15 CHARGE Consortium Studies. Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 143, 345-353.	2.9	47
107	Dietary Flavonoid Intake and Esophageal Cancer Risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 570-581.	3.4	29
108	Dietary fiber and the glycemic index: a background paper for the Nordic Nutrition Recommendations 2012. Food and Nutrition Research, 2013, 57, 20709.	2.6	33

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109	Dietary flavonoid, lignan and antioxidant capacity and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition study. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 133, 2429-2443.	5.1	65
110	Consumption of fish and meats and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). Annals of Oncology, 2013, 24, 2166-2173.	1.2	72
111	Scoring models of a diet quality index and the predictive capability of mortality in a population-based cohort of Swedish men and women. Public Health Nutrition, 2013, 16, 468-478.	2.2	25
112	North–south gradients in plasma concentrations of B-vitamins and other components of one-carbon metabolism in Western Europe: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 110, 363-374.	2.3	23
113	A High Diet Quality Is Associated with Lower Incidence of Cardiovascular Events in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e71095.	2.5	40
114	Macronutrient Composition of the Diet and Prospective Weight Change in Participants of the EPIC-PANACEA Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57300.	2.5	64
115	Does high sugar consumption exacerbate cardiometabolic risk factors and increase the risk of type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease?. Food and Nutrition Research, 2012, 56, 19104.	2.6	64
116	Dietary intakes of carbohydrates in relation to prostate cancer risk: a prospective study in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 1409-1418.	4.7	80
117	Dietary glycemic index and glycemic load and breast cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 345-355.	4.7	67
118	Fiber intake and total and cause-specific mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 164-174.	4.7	116
119	Intake levels of dietary long-chain PUFAs modify the association between genetic variation in FADS and LDL-C. Journal of Lipid Research, 2012, 53, 1183-1189.	4.2	64
120	High disaccharide intake associates with atherogenic lipoprotein profile. British Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 107, 1062-1069.	2.3	17
121	Genetic Variation in the Glucose-Dependent Insulinotropic Polypeptide Receptor Modifies the Association between Carbohydrate and Fat Intake and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2012, 97, E810-E818.	3.6	46
122	Role of TCF7L2 risk variant and dietary fibre intake on incident type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 2646-2654.	6.3	66
123	Dietary Fiber and Saturated Fat Intake Associations with Cardiovascular Disease Differ by Sex in the MalmA¶ Diet and Cancer Cohort: A Prospective Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e31637.	2.5	59
124	Dietary Fibre Intake and Risks of Cancers of the Colon and Rectum in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e39361.	2.5	218
125	Combined Impact of Lifestyle Factors on Prospective Change in Body Weight and Waist Circumference in Participants of the EPIC-PANACEA Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e50712.	2.5	27
126	Dietary intakes and food sources of phytoestrogens in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) 24-hour dietary recall cohort. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 66, 932-941.	2.9	113

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127	Food patterns, inflammation markers and incidence of cardiovascular disease: the Malmö Diet and Cancer study. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2011, 270, 365-376.	6.0	38
128	Food intake of individuals with and without diabetes across different countries and ethnic groups. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 65, 635-641.	2.9	44
129	Association between fat intake, physical activity and mortality depending on genetic variation in FTO. International Journal of Obesity, 2011, 35, 1041-1049.	3.4	55
130	Dairy products and its association with incidence of cardiovascular disease: the Malmö diet and cancer cohort. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 26, 609-618.	5.7	149
131	Food Sources of Fat and Sex Hormone Receptor Status of Invasive Breast Tumors in Women of the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort. Nutrition and Cancer, 2011, 63, 722-733.	2.0	14
132	<i>FTO</i> , Type 2 Diabetes, and Weight Gain Throughout Adult Life. Diabetes, 2011, 60, 1637-1644.	0.6	120
133	Plasma phospholipid fatty acid concentrations and risk of gastric adenocarcinomas in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-EURGAST). American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 1304-1313.	4.7	41
134	Pleiotropic Effects of GIP on Islet Function Involve Osteopontin. Diabetes, 2011, 60, 2424-2433.	0.6	83
135	Development of a diet quality index assessing adherence to the Swedish nutrition recommendations and dietary guidelines in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. Public Health Nutrition, 2011, 14, 835-845.	2.2	40
136	Estimation of the intake of anthocyanidins and their food sources in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 106, 1090-1099.	2.3	108
137	Total Zinc Intake May Modify the Glucose-Raising Effect of a Zinc Transporter (SLC30A8) Variant: A 14-Cohort Meta-analysis. Diabetes, 2011, 60, 2407-2416.	0.6	91
138	Physical Activity Attenuates the Influence of FTO Variants on Obesity Risk: A Meta-Analysis of 218,166 Adults and 19,268 Children. PLoS Medicine, 2011, 8, e1001116.	8.4	446
139	Plasma Folate Concentrations Are Positively Associated with Risk of Estrogen Receptor Î ² Negative Breast Cancer in a Swedish Nested Case Control Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2010, 140, 1661-1668.	2.9	35
140	Interactions of Dietary Whole-Grain Intake With Fasting Glucose- and Insulin-Related Genetic Loci in Individuals of European Descent: A meta-analysis of 14 cohort studies. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 2684-2691.	8.6	127
141	Enterolactone and breast cancer: methodological issues may contribute to conflicting results in observational studies. Nutrition Research, 2010, 30, 667-677.	2.9	22
142	Fruit and Vegetable Intake and Overall Cancer Risk in the European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 529-537.	6.3	357
143	Increased breast cancer risk at high plasma folate concentrations among women with the MT HFR 677T allele. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 1380-1389.	4.7	43
144	The Protective Association of High Plasma Enterolactone with Breast Cancer Is Reasonably Robust in Women with Polymorphisms in the Estrogen Receptor α and β Genes. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 993-1001.	2.9	34

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145	Folate Intake, Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase Polymorphisms, and Breast Cancer Risk in Women from the Malmol^ Diet and Cancer Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 1101-1110.	2.5	59
146	Fat and carbohydrate intake modify the association between genetic variation in the FTO genotype and obesity. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 1418-1425.	4.7	217
147	Do both heterocyclic amines and omegaâ€6 polyunsaturated fatty acids contribute to the incidence of breast cancer in postmenopausal women of the Malmö diet and cancer cohort?. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 123, 1637-1643.	5.1	29
148	Enterolactone Is Differently Associated with Estrogen Receptor β–Negative and –Positive Breast Cancer in a Swedish Nested Case-Control Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 3241-3251.	2.5	28
149	Plant foods and oestrogen receptor Â- and Â-defined breast cancer: observations from the Malmo Diet and Cancer cohort. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 2203-2209.	2.8	45
150	High folate intake is associated with lower breast cancer incidence in postmenopausal women in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 434-443.	4.7	99
151	Both food habit change in the past and obesity status may influence the association between dietary factors and postmenopausal breast cancer. Public Health Nutrition, 2007, 10, 769-779.	2.2	28
152	Past food habit change is related to obesity, lifestyle and socio-economic factors in the Malmo Diet and Cancer Cohort. Public Health Nutrition, 2005, 8, 876-885.	2.2	53
153	Misreporting of energy: prevalence, characteristics of misreporters and influence on observed risk estimates in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. British Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 94, 832-842.	2.3	102
154	High versus low added sugar consumption for the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease. The Cochrane Library, 0, , .	2.8	4