

Emiliy Sonestedt

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

150
papers

11,258
citations

45
h-index

105
g-index

154
ext. papers

13,466
ext. citations

6.4
avg, IF

7.23
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
150	High versus low-added sugar consumption for the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease.. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2022 , 1, CD013320	5.2	1
149	Reply to LT Cacau and DM Marchioni.. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 115, 1238	7	
148	Dietary intakes of dioxins and polychlorobiphenyls (PCBs) and breast cancer risk in 9 European countries.. <i>Environment International</i> , 2022 , 163, 107213	12.9	0
147	Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Close Proximity to the Gene Found to Be Associated with Sugar Intake in a Swedish Population. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	1
146	Dairy Consumption, Lactase Persistence, and Mortality Risk in a Cohort From Southern Sweden.. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 8, 779034	6.2	0
145	Effect of AMY1 copy number variation and various doses of starch intake on glucose homeostasis: data from a cross-sectional observational study and a crossover meal study. <i>Genes and Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 16, 21	4.3	0
144	Development of an EAT-Lancet index and its relation to mortality in a Swedish population. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 ,	7	7
143	Leisure-time physical activities and the risk of cardiovascular mortality in the Malmö Diet and Cancer study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 1948	4.1	0
142	Associations of carbohydrates and carbohydrate-rich foods with incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 126, 1065-1075	3.6	1
141	Dietary Data in the Malmö Offspring Study-Replicability, Method Comparison and Validation against Objective Biomarkers. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	1
140	Novel Biomarkers of Habitual Alcohol Intake and Associations With Risk of Pancreatic and Liver Cancers and Liver Disease Mortality. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2021 , 113, 1542-1550	9.7	7
139	Gut microbiota composition in relation to intake of added sugar, sugar-sweetened beverages and artificially sweetened beverages in the Malmö Offspring Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 60, 2087-2097	5.2	8
138	Plant foods, dietary fibre and risk of ischaemic heart disease in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) cohort. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 50, 212-222	7.8	5
137	Assessment of a 4-Week Starch- and Sucrose-Reduced Diet and Its Effects on Gastrointestinal Symptoms and Inflammatory Parameters among Patients with Irritable Bowel Syndrome. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	6
136	Lifetime alcohol intake, drinking patterns over time and risk of stomach cancer: A pooled analysis of data from two prospective cohort studies. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2021 , 148, 2759-2773	7.5	0
135	Factors associated with serum ferritin levels and iron excess: results from the EPIC-EurGast study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1	5.2	0
134	Associations Between Added Sugar Intake and Risk of Four Different Cardiovascular Diseases in a Swedish Population-Based Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 7, 603653	6.2	3

133	Glycemic index, glycemic load, and risk of coronary heart disease: a pan-European cohort study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 112, 631-643	7	10
132	Different domains of self-reported physical activity and risk of type 2 diabetes in a population-based Swedish cohort: the MalmöDiet and Cancer study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020 , 20, 261	4.1	9
131	Association between added sugar intake and micronutrient dilution: a cross-sectional study in two adult Swedish populations. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2020 , 17, 15	4.6	7
130	The associations of major foods and fibre with risks of ischaemic and haemorrhagic stroke: a prospective study of 418 329 participants in the EPIC cohort across nine European countries. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020 , 41, 2632-2640	9.5	28
129	Association of FADS1/2 Locus Variants and Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids With Aortic Stenosis. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 5, 694-702	16.2	7
128	Comparing Self-Reported Sugar Intake With the Sucrose and Fructose Biomarker From Overnight Urine Samples in Relation to Cardiometabolic Risk Factors. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 7, 62	6.2	5
127	Alpha-amylase 1A copy number variants and the association with memory performance and Alzheimer's dementia. <i>Alzheimers Research and Therapy</i> , 2020 , 12, 158	9	3
126	Citrus intake and risk of skin cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort (EPIC). <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 35, 1057-1067	12.1	8
125	Identification of Inflammatory and Disease-Associated Plasma Proteins that Associate with Intake of Added Sugar and Sugar-Sweetened Beverages and Their Role in Type 2 Diabetes Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	4
124	Association between nutritional profiles of foods underlying Nutri-Score front-of-pack labels and mortality: EPIC cohort study in 10 European countries. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2020 , 370, m3173	5.9	23
123	A Body Shape Index (ABSI) achieves better mortality risk stratification than alternative indices of abdominal obesity: results from a large European cohort. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 14541	4.9	31
122	Association between dietary fiber intake and risk of incident aortic stenosis. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 2180-2185	4.5	1
121	Consumption of nuts and seeds and pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2020 , 146, 76-84	7.5	8
120	Intake of fibre and plant foods and the risk of abdominal aortic aneurysm in a large prospective cohort study in Sweden. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 59, 2047-2056	5.2	4
119	Interaction Effect Between Copy Number Variation in Salivary Amylase Locus () and Starch Intake on Glucose Homeostasis in the MalmöDiet and Cancer Cohort. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 7, 598850	6.2	1
118	Association Between Soft Drink Consumption and Mortality in 10 European Countries. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2019 , 179, 1479-1490	11.5	72
117	Consumption of Meat, Fish, Dairy Products, and Eggs and Risk of Ischemic Heart Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2019 , 139, 2835-2845	16.7	52
116	Food patterns in relation to weight change and incidence of type 2 diabetes, coronary events and stroke in the MalmöDiet and Cancer cohort. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 58, 1801-1814	5.2	15

115	Healthy diet and fiber intake are associated with decreased risk of incident symptomatic peripheral artery disease - A prospective cohort study. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2019 , 24, 511-518	3.3	11
114	High versus low added sugar consumption for the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2019 ,	5.2	2
113	The association between dietary intake, lifestyle and incident symptomatic peripheral arterial disease among individuals with diabetes mellitus: insights from the MalmDiet and Cancer study. <i>Therapeutic Advances in Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 10, 2042018819890532	4.5	3
112	Association between physical activity and risk of hepatobiliary cancers: A multinational cohort study. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2019 , 70, 885-892	13.4	30
111	Association between added sugar intake and mortality is nonlinear and dependent on sugar source in 2 Swedish population-based prospective cohorts. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 411-423	7	33
110	Adherence to diet recommendations and risk of abdominal aortic aneurysm in the MalmDiet and Cancer Study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 2017	4.9	10
109	Meat and haem iron intake in relation to glioma in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2018 , 27, 379-383	2	8
108	Plasma enterolactone and risk of prostate cancer in middle-aged Swedish men. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 57, 2595-2606	5.2	8
107	Sugar-sweetened beverage intake associations with fasting glucose and insulin concentrations are not modified by selected genetic variants in a ChREBP-FGF21 pathway: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018 , 61, 317-330	10.3	17
106	A new food-composition database for 437 polyphenols in 19,899 raw and prepared foods used to estimate polyphenol intakes in adults from 10 European countries. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 108, 517-524	7	32
105	Nutritional quality of food as represented by the FSAm-NPS nutrient profiling system underlying the Nutri-Score label and cancer risk in Europe: Results from the EPIC prospective cohort study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2018 , 15, e1002651	11.6	26
104	A Western dietary pattern is prospectively associated with cardio-metabolic traits and incidence of the metabolic syndrome. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 119, 1168-1176	3.6	43
103	Coffee, tea and melanoma risk: findings from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 140, 2246-2255	7.5	25
102	Circulating concentrations of biomarkers and metabolites related to vitamin status, one-carbon and the kynurenine pathways in US, Nordic, Asian, and Australian populations. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 105, 1314-1326	7	13
101	Dietary starch intake modifies the relation between copy number variation in the salivary amylase gene and BMI. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 106, 256-262	7	41
100	Type 2 diabetes, adiposity and cancer morbidity and mortality risk taking into account competing risk of noncancer deaths in a prospective cohort setting. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 141, 1170-1180	7.5	13
99	Dietary flavonoid intake and colorectal cancer risk in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition (EPIC) cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 140, 1836-1844	7.5	45
98	Lifestyle and Dietary Determinants of Serum Apolipoprotein A1 and Apolipoprotein B Concentrations: Cross-Sectional Analyses within a Swedish Cohort of 24,984 Individuals. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017 , 9,	6.7	19

97	Perspective: An Extension of the STROBE Statement for Observational Studies in Nutritional Epidemiology (STROBE-nut): Explanation and Elaboration. <i>Advances in Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 8, 652-678	10	28
96	Changes in dietary intake following a culturally adapted lifestyle intervention among Iraqi immigrants to Sweden at high risk of type 2 diabetes: a randomised trial. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 20, 2827-2838	3.3	9
95	Variation in the Sweet Taste Receptor Gene and Dietary Intake in a Swedish Middle-Aged Population. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 8, 348	5.7	7
94	Genetic determinants of circulating GIP and GLP-1 concentrations. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2017 , 2,	9.9	27
93	Dietary polyphenol intake in Europe: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 55, 1359-75	5.2	238
92	Genetic susceptibility to dyslipidemia and incidence of cardiovascular disease depending on a diet quality index in the MalmDiet and Cancer cohort. <i>Genes and Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 11, 20	4.3	2
91	Consumption of soft drinks and juices and risk of liver and biliary tract cancers in a European cohort. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 55, 7-20	5.2	20
90	Plasma carotenoids, vitamin C, tocopherols, and retinol and the risk of breast cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 103, 454-64	7	69
89	Nutrient-wide association study of 57 foods/nutrients and epithelial ovarian cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition study and the Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 103, 161-7	7	22
88	Main nutrient patterns are associated with prospective weight change in adults from 10 European countries. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 55, 2093-104	5.2	14
87	Diet Quality Scores and Prediction of All-Cause, Cardiovascular and Cancer Mortality in a Pan-European Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0159025	3.7	58
86	A High Diet Quality Based on Dietary Recommendations Is Not Associated with Lower Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in the MalmDiet and Cancer Cohort. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2016 , 17,	6.3	15
85	Diet Quality and Change in Blood Lipids during 16 Years of Follow-up and Their Interaction with Genetic Risk for Dyslipidemia. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2016 , 8,	6.7	17
84	Worldwide trends in diabetes since 1980: a pooled analysis of 751 population-based studies with 4.4 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016 , 387, 1513-1530	40	2039
83	Trends in adult body-mass index in 200 countries from 1975 to 2014: a pooled analysis of 1698 population-based measurement studies with 192 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016 , 387, 1377-1396 ⁴⁰	40	2787
82	Excess maternal transmission of variants in the THADA gene to offspring with type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2016 , 59, 1702-13	10.3	13
81	Total, caffeinated and decaffeinated coffee and tea intake and gastric cancer risk: results from the EPIC cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 136, E720-30	7.5	16
80	Effects of diabetes definition on global surveillance of diabetes prevalence and diagnosis: a pooled analysis of 96 population-based studies with 331,288 participants. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the</i> , 2015 , 3, 624-37	18.1	109

79	Meat and fish consumption and the risk of renal cell carcinoma in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 136, E423-31	7.5	15
78	Food sources of fat may clarify the inconsistent role of dietary fat intake for incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 101, 1065-80	7	113
77	Consumption of meat is associated with higher fasting glucose and insulin concentrations regardless of glucose and insulin genetic risk scores: a meta-analysis of 50,345 Caucasians. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 102, 1266-78	7	51
76	Fish consumption and mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015 , 30, 57-70	12.1	33
75	The association between carbohydrate-rich foods and risk of cardiovascular disease is not modified by genetic susceptibility to dyslipidemia as determined by 80 validated variants. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0126104	3.7	19
74	Iso-caloric substitution of carbohydrates with protein: the association with weight change and mortality among patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2015 , 14, 39	8.7	16
73	Investigation of dietary factors and endometrial cancer risk using a nutrient-wide association study approach in the EPIC and Nurses' Health Study (NHS) and NHSII. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015 , 24, 466-71	4	35
72	Gene × dietary pattern interactions in obesity: analysis of up to 68 317 adults of European ancestry. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015 , 24, 4728-38	5.6	68
71	Reproductive factors and epithelial ovarian cancer survival in the EPIC cohort study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 113, 1622-31	8.7	20
70	Dairy products and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014 , 135, 1662-72	7.5	44
69	TCF7L2 type 2 diabetes risk variant, lifestyle factors, and incidence of prostate cancer. <i>Prostate</i> , 2014 , 74, 1161-70	4.2	5
68	Dietary fat intake and development of specific breast cancer subtypes. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2014 , 106,	9.7	71
67	Fruit and vegetable intake and cause-specific mortality in the EPIC study. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 29, 639-52	12.1	41
66	Dietary fat intake and risk of epithelial ovarian cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 38, 528-37	2.8	10
65	Genetic determinants of long-term changes in blood lipid concentrations: 10-year follow-up of the GLACIER study. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2014 , 10, e1004388	6	25
64	FTO genetic variants, dietary intake and body mass index: insights from 177,330 individuals. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014 , 23, 6961-72	5.6	120
63	Dietary intakes and risk of lymphoid and myeloid leukemia in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2014 , 66, 14-28	2.8	20
62	Plasma alkylresorcinol metabolites as biomarkers for whole-grain intake and their association with prostate cancer: a Swedish nested case-control study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 73-83	4	17

61	Genetic variation in FADS1 has little effect on the association between dietary PUFA intake and cardiovascular disease. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 144, 1356-63	4.1	16
60	Meat consumption and mortality--results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2013 , 11, 63	11.4	257
59	Genetic susceptibility to obesity and diet intakes: association and interaction analyses in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Study. <i>Genes and Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 8, 535-47	4.3	45
58	Dietary flavonoid and lignan intake and breast cancer risk according to menopause and hormone receptor status in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2013 , 139, 163-76	4.4	44
57	Meta-analysis investigating associations between healthy diet and fasting glucose and insulin levels and modification by loci associated with glucose homeostasis in data from 15 cohorts. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 177, 103-15	3.8	63
56	High intakes of protein and processed meat associate with increased incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 109, 1143-53	3.6	73
55	Fruit and vegetable consumption and mortality: European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 178, 590-602	3.8	108
54	Genome-wide meta-analysis of observational studies shows common genetic variants associated with macronutrient intake. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 97, 1395-402	7	161
53	Genetic variation in the fat mass and obesity-associated gene (FTO) in association with food preferences in healthy adults. <i>Food and Nutrition Research</i> , 2013 , 57,	3.1	31
52	Artificial and sugar-sweetened beverages are associated with increased incidence of hypertension. <i>Evidence-Based Medicine</i> , 2013 , 18, e38		2
51	The role of adiposity in cardiometabolic traits: a Mendelian randomization analysis. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2013 , 10, e1001474	11.6	144
50	Sex-specific interactions between the IRS1 polymorphism and intakes of carbohydrates and fat on incident type 2 diabetes. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 97, 208-16	7	27
49	Adherence to the World Cancer Research Fund/American Institute for Cancer Research guidelines and risk of death in Europe: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Nutrition and Cancer cohort study ^{1,4} . <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 97, 1107-20	7	123
48	Higher magnesium intake is associated with lower fasting glucose and insulin, with no evidence of interaction with select genetic loci, in a meta-analysis of 15 CHARGE Consortium Studies. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 143, 345-53	4.1	39
47	Dietary flavonoid intake and esophageal cancer risk in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition cohort. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 178, 570-81	3.8	29
46	Dietary fiber and the glycemic index: a background paper for the Nordic Nutrition Recommendations 2012. <i>Food and Nutrition Research</i> , 2013 , 57,	3.1	29
45	Dietary flavonoid, lignan and antioxidant capacity and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 133, 2429-43	7.5	54
44	Consumption of fish and meats and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2013 , 24, 2166-73	10.3	60

43	Scoring models of a diet quality index and the predictive capability of mortality in a population-based cohort of Swedish men and women. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 16, 468-78	3.3	20
42	North-south gradients in plasma concentrations of B-vitamins and other components of one-carbon metabolism in Western Europe: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 110, 363-74	3.6	19
41	A high diet quality is associated with lower incidence of cardiovascular events in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e71095	3.7	32
40	Macronutrient composition of the diet and prospective weight change in participants of the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e57300	3.7	54
39	Genetic variation in the glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide receptor modifies the association between carbohydrate and fat intake and risk of type 2 diabetes in the Malmo Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2012 , 97, E810-8	5.6	41
38	Role of TCF7L2 risk variant and dietary fibre intake on incident type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2012 , 55, 2646-2654	10.3	60
37	Dietary fiber and saturated fat intake associations with cardiovascular disease differ by sex in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort: a prospective study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e31637	3.7	50
36	Dietary fibre intake and risks of cancers of the colon and rectum in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition (EPIC). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e39361	3.7	179
35	Combined impact of lifestyle factors on prospective change in body weight and waist circumference in participants of the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e50712	3.7	22
34	Dietary intakes and food sources of phytoestrogens in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) 24-hour dietary recall cohort. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 66, 932-41	5.2	94
33	Does high sugar consumption exacerbate cardiometabolic risk factors and increase the risk of type 2 diabetes and cardiovascular disease?. <i>Food and Nutrition Research</i> , 2012 , 56,	3.1	40
32	Dietary intakes of carbohydrates in relation to prostate cancer risk: a prospective study in the Malmö Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 96, 1409-18	7	65
31	Dietary glycemic index and glycemic load and breast cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 96, 345-55	7	52
30	Fiber intake and total and cause-specific mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 96, 164-74	7	87
29	Intake levels of dietary long-chain PUFAs modify the association between genetic variation in FADS and LDL-C. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2012 , 53, 1183-9	6.3	55
28	High disaccharide intake associates with atherogenic lipoprotein profile. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 107, 1062-9	3.6	12
27	Food patterns, inflammation markers and incidence of cardiovascular disease: the Malmö Diet and Cancer study. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2011 , 270, 365-76	10.8	33
26	Food intake of individuals with and without diabetes across different countries and ethnic groups. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 65, 635-41	5.2	35

25	Association between fat intake, physical activity and mortality depending on genetic variation in FTO. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2011 , 35, 1041-9	5.5	48
24	Dairy products and its association with incidence of cardiovascular disease: the MalmöDiet and cancer cohort. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 26, 609-18	12.1	121
23	Food sources of fat and sex hormone receptor status of invasive breast tumors in women of the MalmöDiet and Cancer cohort. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2011 , 63, 722-33	2.8	13
22	FTO, type 2 diabetes, and weight gain throughout adult life: a meta-analysis of 41,504 subjects from the Scandinavian HUNT, MDC, and MPP studies. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2011 , 60, 1637-44	0.9	102
21	Plasma phospholipid fatty acid concentrations and risk of gastric adenocarcinomas in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-EURGAST). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 94, 1304-13	7	34
20	Pleiotropic effects of GIP on islet function involve osteopontin. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2011 , 60, 2424-33	0.9	72
19	Development of a diet quality index assessing adherence to the Swedish nutrition recommendations and dietary guidelines in the MalmöDiet and Cancer cohort. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 14, 835-45	3.3	36
18	Estimation of the intake of anthocyanidins and their food sources in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 106, 1090-9	3.6	85
17	Total zinc intake may modify the glucose-raising effect of a zinc transporter (SLC30A8) variant: a 14-cohort meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2011 , 60, 2407-16	0.9	81
16	Physical activity attenuates the influence of FTO variants on obesity risk: a meta-analysis of 218,166 adults and 19,268 children. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2011 , 8, e1001116	11.6	379
15	Plasma folate concentrations are positively associated with risk of estrogen receptor beta negative breast cancer in a Swedish nested case control study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2010 , 140, 1661-8	4.1	34
14	Interactions of dietary whole-grain intake with fasting glucose- and insulin-related genetic loci in individuals of European descent: a meta-analysis of 14 cohort studies. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2010 , 33, 2684-91	14.6	112
13	Enterolactone and breast cancer: methodological issues may contribute to conflicting results in observational studies. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 2010 , 30, 667-77	4	20
12	Fruit and vegetable intake and overall cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2010 , 102, 529-37	9.7	301
11	Increased breast cancer risk at high plasma folate concentrations among women with the MTHFR 677T allele. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2009 , 90, 1380-9	7	41
10	The protective association of high plasma enterolactone with breast cancer is reasonably robust in women with polymorphisms in the estrogen receptor alpha and beta genes. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2009 , 139, 993-1001	4.1	32
9	Folate intake, methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase polymorphisms, and breast cancer risk in women from the MalmöDiet and Cancer cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2009 , 18, 1101-10	4	53
8	Fat and carbohydrate intake modify the association between genetic variation in the FTO genotype and obesity. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2009 , 90, 1418-25	7	191

7	Enterolactone is differently associated with estrogen receptor beta-negative and -positive breast cancer in a Swedish nested case-control study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2008 , 17, 3241-51	4	24
6	Plant foods and oestrogen receptor alpha- and beta-defined breast cancer: observations from the Malmo Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2008 , 29, 2203-9	4.6	40
5	Do both heterocyclic amines and omega-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids contribute to the incidence of breast cancer in postmenopausal women of the Malmo Diet and cancer cohort?. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2008 , 123, 1637-43	7.5	26
4	High folate intake is associated with lower breast cancer incidence in postmenopausal women in the Malmo Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2007 , 86, 434-43	7	89
3	Both food habit change in the past and obesity status may influence the association between dietary factors and postmenopausal breast cancer. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2007 , 10, 769-79	3.3	26
2	Past food habit change is related to obesity, lifestyle and socio-economic factors in the Malmo Diet and Cancer Cohort. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2005 , 8, 876-85	3.3	38
1	Misreporting of energy: prevalence, characteristics of misreporters and influence on observed risk estimates in the Malmo Diet and Cancer cohort. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2005 , 94, 832-42	3.6	83