## **Roger Thompson**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Physical, cognitive, and mental health impacts of COVID-19 after hospitalisation (PHOSP-COVID): a UK multicentre, prospective cohort study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, 1275-1287.	5.2	394
2	MET is required for the recruitment of anti-tumoural neutrophils. Nature, 2015, 522, 349-353.	13.7	359
3	The 2018 Lake Louise Acute Mountain Sickness Score. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2018, 19, 4-6.	0.5	324
4	Co-infections, secondary infections, and antimicrobial use in patients hospitalised with COVID-19 during the first pandemic wave from the ISARIC WHO CCP-UK study: a multicentre, prospective cohort study. Lancet Microbe, The, 2021, 2, e354-e365.	3.4	216
5	Blocking Macrophage Leukotriene B <sub>4</sub> Prevents Endothelial Injury and Reverses Pulmonary Hypertension. Science Translational Medicine, 2013, 5, 200ra117.	5.8	203
6	Pulmonary Hypertension and Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis. American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology, 2011, 45, 1-15.	1.4	199
7	VEGF ameliorates pulmonary hypertension through inhibition of endothelial apoptosis in experimental lung fibrosis in rats. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2009, 119, 1298-1311.	3.9	184
8	Targeting Vascular Remodeling to Treat Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Trends in Molecular Medicine, 2017, 23, 31-45.	3.5	171
9	Outcome of Hospitalization for COVID-19 in Patients with Interstitial Lung Disease. An International Multicenter Study. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 202, 1656-1665.	2.5	171
10	Mechanical Activation of Hypoxia-Inducible Factor 1α Drives Endothelial Dysfunction at Atheroprone Sites. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2017, 37, 2087-2101.	1.1	154
11	Prolyl hydroxylase 3 (PHD3) is essential for hypoxic regulation of neutrophilic inflammation in humans and mice. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2011, 121, 1053-1063.	3.9	147
12	Hypoxia-inducible factor 2α regulates key neutrophil functions in humans, mice, and zebrafish. Blood, 2014, 123, 366-376.	0.6	124
13	Risk of adverse outcomes in patients with underlying respiratory conditions admitted to hospital with COVID-19: a national, multicentre prospective cohort study using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, 699-711.	5.2	122
14	Hypoxia Selectively Inhibits Respiratory Burst Activity and Killing of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> in Human Neutrophils. Journal of Immunology, 2011, 186, 453-463.	0.4	116
15	Characterisation of in-hospital complications associated with COVID-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK: a prospective, multicentre cohort study. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 223-237.	6.3	110
16	Identification of Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Imaging Thresholds for Risk Stratification in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 201, 458-468.	2.5	99
17	The impact of patient choice on survival in chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension. European Respiratory Journal, 2018, 52, 1800589.	3.1	87
18	Oral antioxidant supplementation does not prevent acute mountain sickness: double blind, randomized placebo-controlled trial. QJM - Monthly Journal of the Association of Physicians, 2009, 102, 341-348.	0.2	85

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19	Neutrophils Fuel Effective Immune Responses through Gluconeogenesis and Glycogenesis. Cell Metabolism, 2021, 33, 411-423.e4.	7.2	84
20	Prolyl hydroxylase 2 inactivation enhances glycogen storage and promotes excessive neutrophilic responses. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2017, 127, 3407-3420.	3.9	71
21	Severe Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Induced by SU5416 and Ovalbumin Immunization. American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology, 2012, 47, 679-687.	1.4	70
22	Nuclear Factor κB Inhibition Reduces Lung Vascular Lumen Obliteration in Severe Pulmonary Hypertension in Rats. American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology, 2014, 51, 413-425.	1.4	65
23	Hypoxia determines survival outcomes of bacterial infection through HIF-1α–dependent reprogramming of leukocyte metabolism. Science Immunology, 2017, 2, .	5.6	61
24	The Role of Neutrophils and Neutrophil Elastase in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Frontiers in Medicine, 2018, 5, 217.	1.2	61
25	Transient Overexpression of Gremlin Results in Epithelial Activation and Reversible Fibrosis in Rat Lungs. American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology, 2011, 44, 870-878.	1.4	60
26	Incidence and predictors of acute mountain sickness among trekkers on Mount Kilimanjaro. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2010, 11, 217-222.	0.5	58
27	HIF-mediated innate immune responses: cell signaling and therapeutic implications. Hypoxia (Auckland,) Tj ETQq1	1.0.78431 1.9	I4rgBT /O∨
28	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug use and outcomes of COVID-19 in the ISARIC Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK cohort: a matched, prospective cohort study. Lancet Rheumatology, The, 2021, 3, e498-e506.	2.2	58
29	Lung Abnormalities Detected with Hyperpolarized <sup>129</sup> Xe MRI in Patients with Long COVID. Radiology, 2022, 305, 709-717.	3.6	57
30	Toll-like Receptor 3 Is a Therapeutic Target for Pulmonary Hypertension. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 199, 199-210.	2.5	55
31	Endogenous Urate Production Augments Plasma Antioxidant Capacity in Healthy Lowland Subjects Exposed to High Altitude. Chest, 2007, 131, 1473-1478.	0.4	52
32	Mild parenchymal lung disease and/or low diffusion capacity impacts survival and treatment response in patients diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. European Respiratory Journal, 2020, 55, 2000041.	3.1	48
33	Network Analysis Reveals Distinct Clinical Syndromes Underlying Acute Mountain Sickness. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e81229.	1.1	48
34	Acute kidney injury in patients hospitalized with COVID-19 from the ISARIC WHO CCP-UK Study: a prospective, multicentre cohort study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2022, 37, 271-284.	0.4	48
35	Whole-Blood RNA Profiles Associated with Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension and Clinical Outcome. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 202, 586-594.	2.5	45
36	Change in plasma vascular endothelial growth factor during onset and recovery from acute mountain sickness. Respiratory Medicine, 2007, 101, 587-594.	1.3	39

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37	CXCR4 Inhibition Ameliorates Severe Obliterative Pulmonary Hypertension and Accumulation of C-Kit+ Cells in Rats. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e89810.	1.1	38
38	Bosutinib therapy resulting in severe deterioration of pre-existing pulmonary arterial hypertension. European Respiratory Journal, 2016, 48, 1514-1516.	3.1	35
39	Pulmonary Microcirculation in Interstitial Lung Disease. Proceedings of the American Thoracic Society, 2011, 8, 516-521.	3.5	34
40	Altered Macrophage Polarization Induces Experimental Pulmonary Hypertension and Is Observed in Patients With Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2021, 41, 430-445.	1.1	33
41	Syrian hamsters as a model of lung injury with SARS-CoV-2 infection: Pathologic, physiologic, and detailed molecular profiling. Translational Research, 2022, 240, 1-16.	2.2	33
42	Sildenafil Citrate for the Prevention of High Altitude Hypoxic Pulmonary Hypertension: Double Blind, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Trial. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2011, 12, 207-214.	0.5	32
43	Deficiency of tumour necrosis factor-related apoptosis-inducing ligand exacerbates lung injury and fibrosis. Thorax, 2012, 67, 796-803.	2.7	31
44	Thromboelastometry and Platelet Function during Acclimatization to High Altitude. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 118, 063-071.	1.8	30
45	Thin Air, Thick Vessels: Historical and Current Perspectives on Hypoxic Pulmonary Hypertension. Frontiers in Medicine, 2019, 6, 93.	1.2	30
46	A diagnostic miRNA signature for pulmonary arterial hypertension using a consensus machine learning approach. EBioMedicine, 2021, 69, 103444.	2.7	30
47	EmPHasis-10 health-related quality of life score predicts outcomes in patients with idiopathic and connective tissue disease-associated pulmonary arterial hypertension: results from a UK multicentre study. European Respiratory Journal, 2021, 57, 2000124.	3.1	29
48	Cigarette smoke exposure aggravates air space enlargement and alveolar cell apoptosis in Smad3 knockout mice. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2011, 301, L391-L401.	1.3	28
49	Hypoxia, the HIF pathway and neutrophilic inflammatory responses. Biological Chemistry, 2013, 394, 471-477.	1.2	28
50	Understanding the burden of interstitial lung disease post-COVID-19: the UK Interstitial Lung Disease-Long COVID Study (UKILD-Long COVID). BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2021, 8, e001049.	1.2	28
51	Pulmonary hypertension phenotypes in patients with systemic sclerosis. European Respiratory Review, 2021, 30, 210053.	3.0	27
52	When Innate Immunity Meets Angiogenesis—The Role of Toll-Like Receptors in Endothelial Cells and Pulmonary Hypertension. Frontiers in Medicine, 2020, 7, 352.	1.2	24
53	Mice infected with Mycobacterium tuberculosis are resistant to acute disease caused by secondary infection with SARS-CoV-2. PLoS Pathogens, 2022, 18, e1010093.	2.1	24
54	A therapeutic antibody targeting osteoprotegerin attenuates severe experimental pulmonary arterial hypertension. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 5183.	5.8	22

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55	Mutations in succinate dehydrogenase B (SDHB) enhance neutrophil survival independent of HIF-1α expression. Blood, 2016, 127, 2641-2644.	0.6	21
56	Biological heterogeneity in idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension identified through unsupervised transcriptomic profiling of whole blood. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 7104.	5.8	21
57	NT-proBNP Does Not Rise on Acute Ascent to High Altitude. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2008, 9, 307-310.	0.5	20
58	Inhibition of ErbB kinase signalling promotes resolution of neutrophilic inflammation. ELife, 2019, 8, .	2.8	20
59	Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase Polymorphisms Do Not Influence Pulmonary Artery Systolic Pressure at Altitude. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2006, 7, 221-227.	0.5	19
60	Vascular Repair and Regeneration as a Therapeutic Target for Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Respiration, 2013, 85, 355-364.	1.2	16
61	Hypoxic regulation of neutrophil function and consequences for Staphylococcus aureus infection. Microbes and Infection, 2017, 19, 166-176.	1.0	15
62	Clonally selected primitive endothelial cells promote occlusive pulmonary arteriopathy and severe pulmonary hypertension in rats exposed to chronic hypoxia. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 1136.	1.6	15
63	Critical care outcomes in patients with pre-existing pulmonary hypertension: insights from the ASPIRE registry. ERJ Open Research, 2021, 7, 00046-2021.	1.1	15
64	Right ventricular remodelling in pulmonary arterial hypertension predicts treatment response. Heart, 2022, 108, 1392-1400.	1.2	15
65	Endothelial cells are a source of Nestin expression in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0213890.	1.1	13
66	Maximal Exercise Testing Using the Incremental Shuttle Walking Test Can Be Used to Risk-Stratify Patients with Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Annals of the American Thoracic Society, 2021, 18, 34-43.	1.5	13
67	Epigenetic Regulation of Endothelial Dysfunction and Inflammation in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 12098.	1.8	13
68	Retinal Vessel Tortuosity in Response to Hypobaric Hypoxia. High Altitude Medicine and Biology, 2012, 13, 263-268.	0.5	12
69	Hypoxia Modulates Platelet Purinergic Signalling Pathways. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 120, 253-261.	1.8	12
70	Cardiovascular magnetic resonance predicts all-cause mortality in pulmonary hypertension associated with heart failure with preserved ejection fraction. International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging, 2021, 37, 3019-3025.	0.7	12
71	Right Ventricular Adaptation Assessed Using Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Predicts Survival in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2021, 14, 1271-1272.	2.3	11
72	Enhanced neutrophil extracellular trap formation in COVID-19 is inhibited by the protein kinase C inhibitor ruboxistaurin. ERJ Open Research, 2022, 8, 00596-2021.	1.1	11

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73	A decoy receptor 3 analogue reduces localised defects in phagocyte function in pneumococcal pneumonia. Thorax, 2012, 67, 985-992.	2.7	10
74	Partial anomalous pulmonary venous drainage in patients presenting with suspected pulmonary hypertension: A series of 90 patients from the ASPIRE registry. Respirology, 2020, 25, 1066-1072.	1.3	10
75	Severe pulmonary hypertension associated with lung disease is characterised by a loss of small pulmonary vessels on quantitative computed tomography. ERJ Open Research, 2022, 8, 00503-2021.	1.1	10
76	Endogenous Retroviral Elements Generate Pathologic Neutrophils in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2022, 206, 1019-1034.	2.5	10
77	RNA Signaling in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension—A Double-Stranded Sword. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2020, 21, 3124.	1.8	9
78	Manual Assessment of the Initial Fall in Blood Pressure After Orthostatic Challenge at High Altitude. Wilderness and Environmental Medicine, 2008, 19, 225.	0.4	8
79	A local circadian clock calls time on lung inflammation. Nature Medicine, 2014, 20, 809-811.	15.2	8
80	From Here to There, Progenitor Cells and Stem Cells Are Everywhere in Lung Vascular Remodeling. Frontiers in Pediatrics, 2016, 4, 80.	0.9	8
81	Selective improvement of pulmonary arterial hypertension with a dual ET <sub>A</sub> /ET <sub>B</sub> receptors antagonist in the apolipoprotein E <sup>â^'/â^'</sup> model of PAH and atherosclerosis. Pulmonary Circulation, 2018, 8, 1-11.	0.8	8
82	The incremental shuttle walk test predicts mortality in nonâ€group 1 pulmonary hypertension: results from the ASPIRE Registry. Pulmonary Circulation, 2019, 9, 1-9.	0.8	7
83	Imaging and Risk Stratification in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension: Time to Include Right Ventricular Assessment. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2022, 9, 797561.	1.1	7
84	Pericardial effusions in healthy lowlanders after acute ascent to high altitude. Heart, 2005, 92, 539-540.	1.2	6
85	The citric acid cough threshold and the ventilatory response to carbon dioxide on ascent to high altitude. Respiratory Medicine, 2009, 103, 1182-1188.	1.3	5
86	Incremental Shuttle Walking Test Distance Is Reduced in Patients With Pulmonary Hypertension in World Health Organisation Functional Class I. Frontiers in Medicine, 2018, 5, 172.	1.2	4
87	Soluble P-Selectin and von Willebrand Factor Rise in Healthy Volunteers Following Non-exertional Ascent to High Altitude. Frontiers in Physiology, 2022, 13, 825819.	1.3	3
88	Elective lower limb orthopedic arthroplasty surgery in patients with pulmonary hypertension. Pulmonary Circulation, 2022, 12, e12019.	0.8	2
89	A complication of peroral bronchoscopy. European Respiratory Journal, 2010, 35, 221-222.	3.1	1
90	A Novel Peptide for Immunomodulation in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 199, 1460-1461.	2.5	1

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91	Editorial: Pulmonary Hypertension: Mechanisms and Management, History and Future. Frontiers in Medicine, 2020, 7, 125.	1.2	1
92	Mild parenchymal lung disease and/or low diffusion capacity impacts survival and treatment response in patients diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. , 2020, , .		1
93	Catastrophe for a campanologist. European Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2006, 13, 184-186.	0.5	0
94	Pulmonary Hypertension and Right Ventricular Dysfunction in Chronic Lung Diseases: New Pathobiologic Concepts. Current Respiratory Medicine Reviews, 2012, 8, 116-122.	0.1	0
95	Percent-predicted incremental shuttle walking test distance stratifies risk in pulmonary arterial hypertension. , 2020, , .		Ο