Harry A Noyes

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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72 papers

2,562 citations

30 h-index 206112 48 g-index

75 all docs 75 docs citations

75 times ranked 3215 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Genetics of Human Schistosomiasis Infection Intensity and Liver Disease: A Review. Frontiers in Immunology, 2021, 12, 613468.	4.8	11
2	Unmapped exome reads implicate a role for Anelloviridae in childhood HIV-1 long-term non-progression. Npj Genomic Medicine, 2021, 6, 24.	3.8	3
3	Candidate gene family-based and case-control studies of susceptibility to high Schistosoma mansoni worm burden in African children: a protocol. AAS Open Research, 2021, 4, 36.	1.5	O
4	Field assessment in Cameroon of a reader of POC-CCA lateral flow strips for the quantification of Schistosoma mansoni circulating cathodic antigen in urine. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009569.	3.0	15
5	High Levels of Genetic Diversity within Nilo-Saharan Populations: Implications for Human Adaptation. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2020, 107, 473-486.	6.2	12
6	Variant antigen diversity in Trypanosoma vivax is not driven by recombination. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 844.	12.8	22
7	Copy number variation in human genomes from three major ethno-linguistic groups in Africa. BMC Genomics, 2020, 21, 289.	2.8	7
8	SNPs in IL4 and IFNG show no protective associations with human African trypanosomiasis in the Democratic Republic of the Congo: a case-control study. AAS Open Research, 2020, 3, 35.	1.5	0
9	Association of APOL1 renal disease risk alleles with Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense infection outcomes in the northern part of Malawi. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007603.	3.0	13
10	Association between IL1 gene polymorphism and human African trypanosomiasis in populations of sleeping sickness foci of southern Cameroon. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007283.	3.0	2
11	Macrophage migrating inhibitory factor expression is associated with Trypanosoma brucei gambiense infection and is controlled by trans-acting expression quantitative trait loci in the Guinean population. Infection, Genetics and Evolution, 2019, 71, 108-115.	2.3	3
12	Do Cryptic Reservoirs Threaten Gambiense-Sleeping Sickness Elimination?. Trends in Parasitology, 2018, 34, 197-207.	3.3	139
13	Variant antigen repertoires in Trypanosoma congolense populations and experimental infections can be profiled from deep sequence data using universal protein motifs. Genome Research, 2018, 28, 1383-1394.	5.5	15
14	No evidence for association between APOL1 kidney disease risk alleles and Human African Trypanosomiasis in two Ugandan populations. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0006300.	3.0	12
15	Candidate genes-based investigation of susceptibility to Human African Trypanosomiasis in CÃ'te d'Ivoire. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005992.	3.0	14
16	Introducing the TrypanoGEN biobank: A valuable resource for the elimination of human African trypanosomiasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005438.	3.0	27
17	Candidate gene polymorphisms study between human African trypanosomiasis clinical phenotypes in Guinea. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005833.	3.0	21
18	A polymorphism in the haptoglobin, haptoglobin related protein locus is associated with risk of human sleeping sickness within Cameroonian populations. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005979.	3.0	14

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19	APOL1 renal risk variants have contrasting resistance and susceptibility associations with African trypanosomiasis. ELife, 2017, 6, .	6.0	95
20	Third Report on Chicken Genes and Chromosomes 2015. Cytogenetic and Genome Research, 2015, 145, 78-179.	1.1	97
21	Evidence for genes controlling resistance to Heligmosomoides bakeri on mouse chromosome 1. Parasitology, 2015, 142, 566-575.	1.5	0
22	A simple procedure for directly obtaining haplotype sequences of diploid genomes. BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 642.	2.8	2
23	The Quality of Methods Reporting in Parasitology Experiments. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e101131.	2.5	12
24	Whole-Genome Sequencing of Trypanosoma brucei Reveals Introgression between Subspecies That Is Associated with Virulence. MBio, 2013, 4, .	4.1	42
25	Novel SNP Discovery in African Buffalo, Syncerus caffer, Using High-Throughput Sequencing. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e48792.	2,5	15
26	Multiorgan Dysfunction Caused by Travel-associated African Trypanosomiasis. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2012, 18, 287-289.	4.3	15
27	Genetic and expression analysis of cattle identifies candidate genes in pathways responding to <i>Trypanosoma congolense</i> infection. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 9304-9309.	7.1	92
28	Quantitative trait loci for resistance to <i>Heligmosomoides bakeri</i> and associated immunological and pathological traits in mice: comparison of loci on chromosomes 5, 8 and 11 in F2 and F6/7 inter-cross lines of mice. Parasitology, 2010, 137, 311-320.	1.5	8
29	Genotype and expression analysis of two inbred mouse strains and two derived congenic strains suggest that most gene expression is trans regulated and sensitive to genetic background. BMC Genomics, 2010, 11, 361.	2.8	10
30	A Comprehensive Genetic Analysis of Candidate Genes Regulating Response to Trypanosoma congolense Infection in Mice. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2010, 4, e880.	3.0	14
31	Claudin 13, a Member of the Claudin Family Regulated in Mouse Stress Induced Erythropoiesis. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e12667.	2.5	18
32	Clinical Chemistry of Congenic Mice with Quantitative Trait Loci for Predicted Responses to <i>Trypanosoma congolense</i> Infection. Infection and Immunity, 2009, 77, 3948-3957.	2.2	7
33	Development of a Multilocus Microsatellite Typing Approach for Discriminating Strains of <i>Leishmania</i> (<i>Viannia</i>) Species. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2009, 47, 2818-2825.	3.9	50
34	Heligmosomoides bakeri: a model for exploring the biology and genetics of resistance to chronic gastrointestinal nematode infections. Parasitology, 2009, 136, 1565-1580.	1.5	55
35	A Systematic Strategy for the Discovery of Candidate Genes Responsible for Phenotypic Variation. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2009, 573, 329-345.	0.9	6
36	Mechanisms Controlling Anaemia in Trypanosoma congolense Infected Mice. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e5170.	2.5	49

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37	Strong position-dependent effects of sequence mismatches on signal ratios measured using long oligonucleotide microarrays. BMC Genomics, 2008, 9, 317.	2.8	27
38	An integrated pipeline for the development of novel panels of mapped microsatellite markers for Leishmania donovani complex, Leishmania braziliensis and Leishmania major. Parasitology, 2008, 135, 567-574.	1.5	15
39	A systematic strategy for large-scale analysis of genotype–phenotype correlations: identification of candidate genes involved in African trypanosomiasis. Nucleic Acids Research, 2007, 35, 5625-5633.	14.5	51
40	Trypanosomes, After the Genome (ed. D. Barry, R. McCulloch, J. Mottram and A. Acosta-Serrano), pp. 423. Horizon Bioscience, Wymondham, Norfolk, UK. ISBN 13:978-1-904933-27-4. £140. Parasitology, 2007, 134, 2081-2082.	1.5	0
41	<i>Leishmania donovani</i> and Cutaneous Leishmaniasis, Sri Lanka. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2007, 13, 476-478.	4.3	86
42	A molecular phylogeny of the nightjars (Aves: Caprimulgidae) suggests extensive conservation of primitive morphological traits across multiple lineages. Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 2007, 42, 789-796.	2.7	19
43	A systematic strategy for the discovery of candidate genes responsible for phenotypic variation. BMC Bioinformatics, 2007, 8, .	2.6	2
44	Phylogeny of Trypanosoma (Megatrypanum) theileri and related trypanosomes reveals lineages of isolates associated with artiodactyl hosts diverging on SSU and ITS ribosomal sequences. Parasitology, 2006, 132, 215.	1.5	68
45	Gene expression profiling in a mouse model for African trypanosomiasis. Genes and Immunity, 2006, 7, 667-679.	4.1	35
46	A Gambian Infant with Fever and an Unexpected Blood Film. PLoS Medicine, 2006, 3, e355.	8.4	41
47	MALE SEX PHEROMONES AND THE PHYLOGEOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE OF THE LUTZOMYIA LONGIPALPIS SPECIES COMPLEX (DIPTERA: PSYCHODIDAE) FROM BRAZIL AND VENEZUELA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2005, 73, 734-743.	1.4	50
48	Male sex pheromones and the phylogeographic structure of the Lutzomyia longipalpis species complex (Diptera: Psychodidae) from Brazil and Venezuela. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2005, 73, 734-43.	1.4	25
49	Leishmania donovani is the only cause of visceral leishmaniasis in East Africa; previous descriptions of L. infantum and "L. archibaldi―from this region are a consequence of convergent evolution in the isoenzyme data. Parasitology, 2004, 129, 399-409.	1.5	91
50	Phylogeny, taxonomy and grouping of Trypanosoma rangeli isolates from man, triatomines and sylvatic mammals from widespread geographical origin based on SSU and ITS ribosomal sequences. Parasitology, 2004, 129, 549-561.	1.5	111
51	Genetic identification of two sibling species of Lutzomyia longipalpis (Diptera: Psychodidae) that produce distinct male sex pheromones in Sobral, CearA; State, Brazil. Molecular Ecology, 2003, 12, 1879-1894.	3.9	55
52	Host specificity of Trypanosoma (Herpetosoma) species: evidence that bank voles (Clethrionomys) Tj ETQq0 0 0 carry at least two polyphyletic parasites. Parasitology, 2002, 124, 185-190.	rgBT /Ove 1.5	erlock 10 Tf 50 42
53	A previously unclassified trypanosomatid responsible for human cutaneous lesions in Martinique (French West Indies) is the most divergent member of the genus Leishmania ss. Parasitology, 2002, 124, 17-24.	1.5	58
54	Towards a standard battery of microsatellite markers for the analysis of theLeishmania donovanicomplex. Annals of Tropical Medicine and Parasitology, 2002, 96, 265-270.	1.6	50

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55	DNA extraction and amplification of <i>Leishmania </i> from archived, Giemsa-stained slides, for the diagnosis of cutaneous leishmaniasis by PCR. Annals of Tropical Medicine and Parasitology, 2002, 96, 31-34.	1.6	84
56	Polymorphic microsatellite repeats are not conserved between Leishmania donovani and Leishmania major. Molecular Ecology Notes, 2002, 2, 104-106.	1.7	20
57	Corrigendum to "A nested PCR for the ssrRNA gene detects Trypanosoma binneyi in the platypus and Trypanosoma sp. in wombats and kangaroos in Australia―[International Journal for Parasitology 29 (2) (1999) 331–339]. International Journal for Parasitology, 2000, 30, 228.	3.1	10
58	Evidence for a neotropical origin of Leishmania. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2000, 95, 575-578.	1.6	29
59	An outbreak of cutaneous leishmaniasis in an Afghan refugee settlement in north-west Pakistan. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1999, 93, 133-136.	1.8	74
60	Leishmania (Sauroleishmania): A Comment on Classification. Parasitology Today, 1998, 14, 167.	3.0	17
61	Reply. Parasitology Today, 1998, 14, 335.	3.0	6
62	The Evolution of Trypanosomes Infecting Humans and Primates. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 1998, 93, 669-676.	1.6	60
63	A Nested-PCR-Based Schizodeme Method for Identifying <i>Leishmania</i> Kinetoplast Minicircle Classes Directly from Clinical Samples and Its Application to the Study of the Epidemiology of <i>Leishmania tropica</i> in Pakistan. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 1998, 36, 2877-2881.	3.9	226
64	Implications of a Neotropical Origin of the Genus Leishmania. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 1998, 93, 657-662.	1.6	35
65	The Leishmania hertigi (Kinetoplastida; Trypanosomatidae) Complex and the Lizard Leishmania: Their Classification and Evidence for a Neotropical Origin of the Leishmania-Endotrypanum Clade. Journal of Eukaryotic Microbiology, 1997, 44, 511-517.	1.7	54
66	Leishmania chagasi:Genotypically Similar Parasites from Honduras Cause both Visceral and Cutaneous Leishmaniasis in Humans. Experimental Parasitology, 1997, 85, 264-273.	1.2	58
67	Comparison of the sex-pheromone components of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis </i> (Diptera: Psychodidae) from areas of visceral and atypical cutaneous leishmaniasis in Honduras and Costa Rica. Annals of Tropical Medicine and Parasitology, 1996, 90, 533-541.	1.6	33
68	Leishmania herreri (Kinetoplastida; Trypanosomatidae) is more closely related to Endotrypanum (Kinetoplastida; Trypanosomatidae) than to Leishmania. Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology, 1996, 80, 119-123.	1.1	29
69	LeishmaniaandSauroleishmania:The Use of Random Amplified Polymorphic DNA for the Identification of Parasites from Vertebrates and Invertebrates. Experimental Parasitology, 1996, 83, 150-154.	1.2	32
70	Appraisal of Various Random Amplified Polymorphic DNA-Polymerase Chain Reaction Primers for Leishamnia Identification. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1996, 55, 98-105.	1.4	46
71	Gene expression changes in mammalian hosts during schistosomiasis: a review. AAS Open Research, 0, 4, 54.	1.5	1
72	Candidate gene family-based and case-control studies of susceptibility to high Schistosoma mansoni worm burden in African children: a protocol. AAS Open Research, 0, 4, 36.	1.5	2