

Daniel Altman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

60
papers

2,978
citations

185998

28
h-index

161609

54
g-index

62
all docs

62
docs citations

62
times ranked

2504
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Anterior Colporrhaphy versus Transvaginal Mesh for Pelvic-Organ Prolapse. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2011, 364, 1826-1836.	13.9	492
2	Ovarian Cancer Risk After Salpingectomy: A Nationwide Population-Based Study. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2015, 107, dju410-dju410.	3.0	300
3	Anal Incontinence After Vaginal Delivery: A Five-Year Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 104, 1397-1402.	1.2	157
4	Hysterectomy and risk of cardiovascular disease: a population-based cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2011, 32, 745-750.	1.0	150
5	Hysterectomy and risk of stress-urinary-incontinence surgery: nationwide cohort study. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2007, 370, 1494-1499.	6.3	137
6	Genetic Influence on Stress Urinary Incontinence and Pelvic Organ Prolapse. <i>European Urology</i> , 2008, 54, 918-923.	0.9	123
7	Perioperative Morbidity Using Transvaginal Mesh in Pelvic Organ Prolapse Repair. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 109, 303-308.	1.2	105
8	Pelvic organ prolapse surgery following hysterectomy on benign indications. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 198, 572.e1-572.e6.	0.7	95
9	Trocar-Guided Transvaginal Mesh Repair of Pelvic Organ Prolapse. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 113, 117-126.	1.2	91
10	Short-term outcome after transvaginal mesh repair of pelvic organ prolapse. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2008, 19, 787-793.	0.7	87
11	A Three-Year Prospective Assessment of Rectocele Repair Using Porcine Xenograft. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 107, 59-65.	1.2	82
12	Risk of Urinary Incontinence After Childbirth. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 108, 873-878.	1.2	75
13	Sexual Dysfunction After Trocar-Guided Transvaginal Mesh Repair of Pelvic Organ Prolapse. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 113, 127-133.	1.2	75
14	Hysterectomy on benign indications in Sweden 1987-2003: A nationwide trend analysis. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2009, 88, 52-58.	1.3	59
15	Vaginal hysterectomy and risk of pelvic organ prolapse and stress urinary incontinence surgery. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2012, 23, 43-48.	0.7	56
16	Pelvic organ prolapse repair using the Uphold, Vaginal Support System: a 1-year multicenter study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2016, 27, 1337-1345.	0.7	55
17	Genetic Influences Are Important for Most But Not All Lower Urinary Tract Symptoms: A Population-Based Survey in a Cohort of Adult Swedish Twins. <i>European Urology</i> , 2011, 59, 1032-1038.	0.9	53
18	Symptoms of anal and urinary incontinence following cesarean section or spontaneous vaginal delivery. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 197, 512.e1-512.e7.	0.7	48

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19	Effect of Hysterectomy on Bowel Function. <i>Diseases of the Colon and Rectum</i> , 2004, 47, 502-509.	0.7	43
20	Assessment of posterior vaginal wall prolapse: comparison of physical findings to cystodefecoperitoneography. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2005, 16, 96-103.	0.7	41
21	Functional and Anatomic Outcome After Transvaginal Rectocele Repair Using Collagen Mesh: A Prospective Study. <i>Diseases of the Colon and Rectum</i> , 2005, 48, 1233-1242.	0.7	41
22	Anal sphincter lacerations and upright delivery postures—a risk analysis from a randomized controlled trial. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2006, 18, 141-146.	0.7	41
23	Hysterectomy for Benign Indications and Risk of Pelvic Organ Fistula Disease. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 114, 594-599.	1.2	39
24	The Genetic and Environmental Contribution to the Occurrence of Bladder Pain Syndrome: An Empirical Approach in a Nationwide Population Sample. <i>European Urology</i> , 2011, 59, 280-285.	0.9	39
25	Effects of Hysterectomy on Bowel Function: A Three-Year, Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Diseases of the Colon and Rectum</i> , 2007, 50, 1139-1145.	0.7	38
26	Long-term outcome of abdominal sacrocolpopexy using xenograft compared with synthetic mesh. <i>Urology</i> , 2006, 67, 719-724.	0.5	33
27	The risk of anal incontinence in obese women. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2007, 18, 1283-1289.	0.7	32
28	Clinical and histological safety assessment of rectocele repair using collagen mesh. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2004, 83, 995-1000.	1.3	29
29	The impact of hysterectomy on lower urinary tract symptoms. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2003, 14, 418-423.	0.7	28
30	Quality of life after Uphold, a Vaginal Support System surgery for apical pelvic organ prolapse—A prospective multicenter study. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2017, 208, 86-90.	0.5	24
31	Pelvic Organ Prolapse Repair Using the Uphold Vaginal Support System: 5-Year Follow-Up. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2019, 25, 200-205.	0.6	24
32	Risk of Renal Cell Carcinoma After Hysterectomy. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2010, 170, 2011.	4.3	23
33	Anal incontinence and bowel dysfunction after sacrocolpopexy for vaginal vault prolapse. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2010, 21, 1079-1084.	0.7	21
34	Anatomical outcome and quality of life following posterior vaginal wall prolapse repair using collagen xenograft. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2005, 16, 298-303.	0.7	20
35	Rectocele Repair Using Biomaterial Augmentation: Current Documentation and Clinical Experience. <i>Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey</i> , 2005, 60, 753-760.	0.2	19
36	Somatic Comorbidity in Women with Overactive Bladder Syndrome. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2016, 196, 473-477.	0.2	17

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37	Depression, Neuroticism, and Urinary Incontinence in Premenopausal Women: A Nationwide Twin Study. <i>Twin Research and Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 16, 977-984.	0.3	16
38	Cancer Risk After Midurethral Sling Surgery Using Polypropylene Mesh. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 131, 469-474.	1.2	15
39	Diabetes and Obesity-Related Risks for Pelvic Reconstructive Surgery in a Cohort of Swedish Twins. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2008, 31, 1997-1999.	4.3	13
40	A generic health-related quality of life instrument for assessing pelvic organ prolapse surgery: correlation with condition-specific outcome measures. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2018, 29, 1093-1099.	0.7	12
41	Diagnosis of cystocele ? the correlation between clinical and radiological evaluation. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2004, 15, 3-9.	0.7	11
42	Anticholinergic drug use for overactive bladder in Sweden: a nationwide pharmacoepidemiological study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2009, 20, 1285-1291.	0.7	10
43	DIAGNOSTIC COLPOSCOPIC ACCURACY BY THE GYNOCULAR AND A STATIONARY COLPOSCOPE. <i>International Journal of Technology Assessment in Health Care</i> , 2015, 31, 181-187.	0.2	10
44	Long-term cancer risk after hysterectomy on benign indications: Population-based cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 138, 2631-2638.	2.3	10
45	Long-term effects of hysterectomy: a focus on the aging patient. <i>Aging Health</i> , 2013, 9, 179-187.	0.3	9
46	Association between tubal ligation and endometrial cancer risk: A Swedish population-based cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018, 143, 16-21.	2.3	8
47	Association between pelvic inflammatory disease and subsequent salpingectomy on the risk for ovarian cancer. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2021, 145, 38-43.	1.3	8
48	Clinical and histological safety assessment of rectocele repair using collagen mesh. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2004, 83, 995-1000.	1.3	8
49	Transurethral Polyacrylamide Hydrogel Injection Therapy in Women Not Eligible for Midurethral Sling Surgery. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2017, 23, 318-323.	0.6	7
50	Comparison of single- versus multicenter outcomes for pelvic organ prolapse repair using a mesh-capturing device. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2018, 29, 91-97.	0.7	7
51	Innervation of the rectovaginal wall in patients with rectocele compared to healthy controls. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2006, 25, 776-781.	0.8	6
52	Transanal submucosal polyacrylamide gel injection treatment of anal incontinence: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2016, 95, 528-533.	1.3	6
53	Safety and efficacy of mirabegron in daily clinical practice: a prospective observational study. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2016, 203, 167-172.	0.5	6
54	Long-term outcomes of pelvic organ prolapse repair using a mesh-capturing device when comparing single- versus multicenter use. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2021, 303, 135-142.	0.8	6

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55	Health Care Consumption during Pregnancy in relation to Maternal Body Mass Index: A Swedish Population Based Observational Study. <i>Journal of Obesity</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-7.	1.1	5
56	Thyroid cancer after hysterectomy on benign indications: Findings from an observational cohort study in Sweden. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017, 140, 1796-1801.	2.3	5
57	Tension-free vaginal tape after failed cystoscopic transurethral injections for stress urinary incontinence. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Urology and Nephrology</i> , 2009, 43, 506-508.	1.4	4
58	Association between surgical volumes and real-world healthcare cost when using a mesh capturing device for pelvic organ prolapse: A 5-years comparison between single- versus multicenter use. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 3007-3015.	0.7	1
59	Ultrasound evaluation of anterior transvaginal mesh for pelvic organ prolapse: correlation to 5-year clinical outcomes. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, , 1.	0.7	1
60	Surgery for cystocele II: replies. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2012, 23, 663-664.	0.7	0