

Elisabeth Cooper

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

53
papers

4,367
citations

159585

30
h-index

175258

52
g-index

55
all docs

55
docs citations

55
times ranked

5945
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Global assessment of experimental climate warming on tundra vegetation: heterogeneity over space and time. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 164-175. | 6.4 | 764 |
| 2 | Plot-scale evidence of tundra vegetation change and links to recent summer warming. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2012, 2, 453-457. | 18.8 | 745 |
| 3 | Plant functional trait change across a warming tundra biome. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 562, 57-62. | 27.8 | 451 |
| 4 | Large loss of CO ₂ in winter observed across the northern permafrost region. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2019, 9, 852-857. | 18.8 | 225 |
| 5 | Greater temperature sensitivity of plant phenology at colder sites: implications for convergence across northern latitudes. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 2660-2671. | 9.5 | 171 |
| 6 | Variable temperature effects of Open Top Chambers at polar and alpine sites explained by irradiance and snow depth. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 64-74. | 9.5 | 143 |
| 7 | Late snowmelt delays plant development and results in lower reproductive success in the High Arctic. <i>Plant Science</i> , 2011, 180, 157-167. | 3.6 | 133 |
| 8 | Global maps of soil temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 3110-3144. | 9.5 | 113 |
| 9 | The importance of winter in annual ecosystem respiration in the High Arctic: effects of snow depth in two vegetation types. <i>Polar Research</i> , 2010, 29, 58-74. | 1.6 | 98 |
| 10 | Warmer Shorter Winters Disrupt Arctic Terrestrial Ecosystems. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2014, 45, 271-295. | 8.3 | 96 |
| 11 | Deeper snow alters soil nutrient availability and leaf nutrient status in high Arctic tundra. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2015, 124, 81-94. | 3.5 | 90 |
| 12 | Plant recruitment in the High Arctic: Seed bank and seedling emergence on Svalbard. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2004, 15, 115-124. | 2.2 | 86 |
| 13 | Warming shortens flowering seasons of tundra plant communities. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 45-52. | 7.8 | 79 |
| 14 | When spring ephemerals fail to meet pollinators: mechanism of phenological mismatch and its impact on plant reproduction. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 286, 20190573. | 2.6 | 75 |
| 15 | High Arctic plant phenology is determined by snowmelt patterns but duration of phenological periods is fixed: an example of periodicity. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2016, 11, 125006. | 5.2 | 66 |
| 16 | Snow cover and extreme winter warming events control flower abundance of some, but not all species in high arctic <sc>S</sc>valbard. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2013, 3, 2586-2599. | 1.9 | 65 |
| 17 | Using Ordinary Digital Cameras in Place of Near-Infrared Sensors to Derive Vegetation Indices for Phenology Studies of High Arctic Vegetation. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2016, 8, 847. | 4.0 | 57 |
| 18 | Tundra Trait Team: A database of plant traits spanning the tundra biome. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 1402-1411. | 5.8 | 57 |

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|----|---|------|-----------|
| 19 | Experimental warming differentially affects vegetative and reproductive phenology of tundra plants. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 3442. | 12.8 | 56 |
| 20 | Global plant trait relationships extend to the climatic extremes of the tundra biome. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 1351. | 12.8 | 52 |
| 21 | Annual growth of <i>Cassiope tetragona</i> as a proxy for Arctic climate: developing correlative and experimental transfer functions to reconstruct past summer temperature on a millennial time scale. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009, 15, 1703-1715. | 9.5 | 51 |
| 22 | Winter carbon dioxide effluxes from Arctic ecosystems: An overview and comparison of methodologies. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2010, 24, . | 4.9 | 51 |
| 23 | Traditional plant functional groups explain variation in economic but not size-related traits across the tundra biome. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2019, 28, 78-95. | 5.8 | 49 |
| 24 | Germinability of arctic plants is high in perceived optimal conditions but low in the field. <i>Botany</i> , 2011, 89, 337-348. | 1.0 | 45 |
| 25 | Idiosyncratic Responses of High Arctic Plants to Changing Snow Regimes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e86281. | 2.5 | 45 |
| 26 | Winters are changing: snow effects on Arctic and alpine tundra ecosystems. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 572-608. | 2.3 | 43 |
| 27 | Deepened winter snow increases stem growth and alters stem ^{13}C and ^{15}N in evergreen dwarf shrub <i>Cassiope tetragona</i> in high-arctic Svalbard tundra. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2015, 10, 044008. | 5.2 | 39 |
| 28 | Growth and Reproductive Responses of <i>Cassiope tetragona</i> , a Circumpolar Evergreen Shrub, to Experimentally Delayed Snowmelt. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2011, 43, 404-409. | 1.1 | 36 |
| 29 | High Arctic flowering phenology and plant-pollinator interactions in response to delayed snow melt and simulated warming. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2016, 11, 115006. | 5.2 | 35 |
| 30 | A comparison of annual and seasonal carbon dioxide effluxes between sub-Arctic Sweden and High-Arctic Svalbard. <i>Polar Research</i> , 2010, 29, 75-84. | 1.6 | 34 |
| 31 | Long-term experimentally deepened snow decreases growing-season respiration in a low- and high-Arctic tundra ecosystem. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2016, 121, 1236-1248. | 3.0 | 34 |
| 32 | Cold-season soil respiration in response to grazing and warming in High-Arctic Svalbard. <i>Polar Research</i> , 2010, 29, 46-57. | 1.6 | 30 |
| 33 | Ectomycorrhizal and saprotrophic fungi respond differently to long-term experimentally increased snow depth in the High Arctic. <i>MicrobiologyOpen</i> , 2016, 5, 856-869. | 3.0 | 30 |
| 34 | Deepened winter snow significantly influences the availability and forms of nitrogen taken up by plants in High Arctic tundra. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2019, 135, 222-234. | 8.8 | 29 |
| 35 | Out of Sight, Out of Mind: Thermal Acclimation of Root Respiration in Arctic <i>Ranunculus</i> . <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2004, 36, 308-313. | 1.1 | 26 |
| 36 | Dead or Alive; or Does It Really Matter? Level of Congruency Between Trophic Modes in Total and Active Fungal Communities in High Arctic Soil. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 3243. | 3.5 | 23 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Disappearing green: Shrubs decline and bryophytes increase with nine years of increased snow accumulation in the High Arctic. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2019, 30, 857-867. | 2.2 | 20 |
| 38 | Deepened snow enhances gross nitrogen cycling among Pan-Arctic tundra soils during both winter and summer. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021, 160, 108356. | 8.8 | 17 |
| 39 | Polar desert vegetation and plant recruitment in Murchisonfjord, Nordaustlandet, Svalbard. <i>Geografiska Annaler, Series A: Physical Geography</i> , 2011, 93, 243-252. | 1.5 | 14 |
| 40 | Winter Ecosystem Respiration and Sources of CO ₂ From the High Arctic Tundra of Svalbard: Response to a Deeper Snow Experiment. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 123, 2627-2642. | 3.0 | 14 |
| 41 | Soil organic carbon depletion and degradation in surface soil after long-term non-growing season warming in High Arctic Svalbard. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019, 646, 158-167. | 8.0 | 13 |
| 42 | Aphid-willow interactions in a high Arctic ecosystem: responses to raised temperature and goose disturbance. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 3698-3708. | 9.5 | 12 |
| 43 | Freeze-thaw cycles have minimal effect on the mineralisation of low molecular weight, dissolved organic carbon in Arctic soils. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2016, 39, 2387-2401. | 1.2 | 10 |
| 44 | A distributed time-lapse camera network to track vegetation phenology with high temporal detail and at varying scales. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2021, 13, 3593-3606. | 9.9 | 8 |
| 45 | The tundra phenology database: more than two decades of tundra phenology responses to climate change. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 1026-1039. | 2.3 | 7 |
| 46 | Increased snow and cold season temperatures alter High Arctic parasitic fungi-host plant interactions. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 0, , 1-27. | 2.3 | 5 |
| 47 | The seasonal dynamics of a High Arctic plant-visitor network: temporal observations and responses to delayed snow melt. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 786-803. | 2.3 | 5 |
| 48 | Natural variation in snow depth and snow melt timing in the High Arctic have implications for soil and plant nutrient status and vegetation composition. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 767-785. | 2.3 | 5 |
| 49 | Onset of autumn senescence in High Arctic plants shows similar patterns in natural and experimental snow depth gradients. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 2022, 8, 744-766. | 2.3 | 4 |
| 50 | Habitat determines plant community responses to climate change in the High Arctic. <i>Arctic Science</i> , 0, , . | 2.3 | 2 |
| 51 | Multi-Sensor Analysis of Snow Seasonality and a Preliminary Assessment of SAR Backscatter Sensitivity to Arctic Vegetation: Limits and Capabilities. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2022, 14, 1866. | 4.0 | 2 |
| 52 | Introduction to a special section: winter terrestrial ecology in Arctic and alpine tundra. <i>Polar Research</i> , 2010, 29, 36-37. | 1.6 | 1 |
| 53 | Towards a JÅmon food database: construction, analysis and implications for Hokkaido and the Ryukyu Islands, Japan. <i>World Archaeology</i> , 2022, 54, 390-406. | 1.1 | 1 |