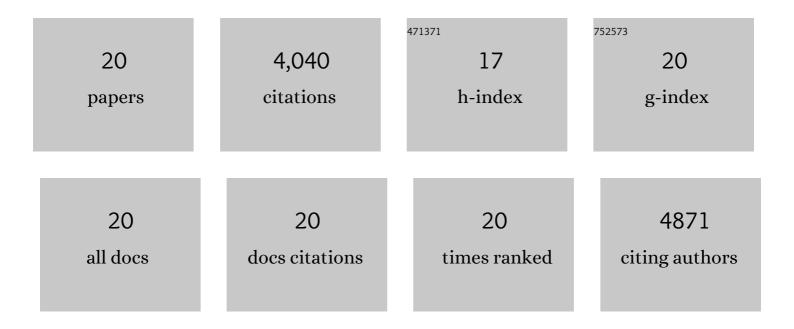
Christopher T Wong

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Low Level of Brain Dopamine D2Receptors in Methamphetamine Abusers: Association With Metabolism in the Orbitofrontal Cortex. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2001, 158, 2015-2021.	4.0	840
2	Low dopamine striatal D2 receptors are associated with prefrontal metabolism in obese subjects: Possible contributing factors. NeuroImage, 2008, 42, 1537-1543.	2.1	488
3	Exposure to appetitive food stimuli markedly activates the human brain. NeuroImage, 2004, 21, 1790-1797.	2.1	330
4	Expectation Enhances the Regional Brain Metabolic and the Reinforcing Effects of Stimulants in Cocaine Abusers. Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 23, 11461-11468.	1.7	293
5	Inverse Association Between BMI and Prefrontal Metabolic Activity in Healthy Adults. Obesity, 2009, 17, 60-65.	1.5	276
6	Association Between Age-Related Decline in Brain Dopamine Activity and Impairment in Frontal and Cingulate Metabolism. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2000, 157, 75-80.	4.0	261
7	Enhanced Striatal Dopamine Release During Food Stimulation in Binge Eating Disorder. Obesity, 2011, 19, 1601-1608.	1.5	260
8	Dopamine increases in striatum do not elicit craving in cocaine abusers unless they are coupled with cocaine cues. NeuroImage, 2008, 39, 1266-1273.	2.1	208
9	Evidence of gender differences in the ability to inhibit brain activation elicited by food stimulation. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 1249-1254.	3.3	207
10	Methylphenidate-Elicited Dopamine Increases in Ventral Striatum Are Associated with Long-Term Symptom Improvement in Adults with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder. Journal of Neuroscience, 2012, 32, 841-849.	1.7	181
11	Decreased dopamine brain reactivity in marijuana abusers is associated with negative emotionality and addiction severity. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, E3149-56.	3.3	180
12	Sleep Deprivation Decreases Binding of [¹¹ C]Raclopride to Dopamine D ₂ /D ₃ Receptors in the Human Brain. Journal of Neuroscience, 2008, 28, 8454-8461.	1.7	168
13	Effects of expectation on the brain metabolic responses to methylphenidate and to its placebo in non-drug abusing subjects. NeuroImage, 2006, 32, 1782-1792.	2.1	106
14	Reduced Metabolism in Brain "Control Networks―following Cocaine-Cues Exposure in Female Cocaine Abusers. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e16573.	1.1	78
15	Cannabis Abusers Show Hypofrontality and Blunted Brain Responses to a Stimulant Challenge in Females but not in Males. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 41, 2596-2605.	2.8	59
16	Predominance of D2 Receptors in Mediating Dopamine's Effects in Brain Metabolism: Effects of Alcoholism. Journal of Neuroscience, 2013, 33, 4527-4535.	1.7	36
17	Striatal Dopamine D2/D3 Receptor Availability Varies Across Smoking Status. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 2325-2332.	2.8	22
18	Expectation effects on brain dopamine responses to methylphenidate in cocaine use disorder. Translational Psychiatry, 2019, 9, 93.	2.4	17

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	New Repeat Polymorphism in the <i>AKT1</i> Gene Predicts Striatal Dopamine D2/D3 Receptor Availability and Stimulant-Induced Dopamine Release in the Healthy Human Brain. Journal of Neuroscience, 2017, 37, 4982-4991.	1.7	15
20	Inhibition of food craving is a metabolically active process in the brain in obese men. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 590-600.	1.6	15