

Yunfei Xu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

24
papers

817
citations

516710

16
h-index

713466

21
g-index

24
all docs

24
docs citations

24
times ranked

664
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prognostic significance of TBL1XR1 in predicting liver metastasis for early stage colorectal cancer. <i>Surgical Oncology</i> , 2017, 26, 13-20.	1.6	75
2	Structure, function and pharmacology of human itch receptor complexes. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 600, 164-169.	27.8	67
3	FBXW7 suppresses epithelial-mesenchymal transition, stemness and metastatic potential of cholangiocarcinoma cells. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 6310-6325.	1.8	66
4	Annexin10 promotes extrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma metastasis by facilitating EMT via PLA2G4A/PGE2/STAT3 pathway. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2019, 47, 142-155.	6.1	64
5	Prognostic significance of USP33 in advanced colorectal cancer patients: new insights into β -arrestin-dependent ERK signaling. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 81223-81240.	1.8	59
6	Sprouty2 correlates with favorable prognosis of gastric adenocarcinoma via suppressing FGFR2-induced ERK phosphorylation and cancer progression. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 4888-4900.	1.8	57
7	Correlations between TBL1XR1 and recurrence of colorectal cancer. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 44275.	3.3	56
8	Transcription factor 7 promotes the progression of perihilar cholangiocarcinoma by inducing the transcription of c-Myc and FOS-like antigen 1. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2019, 45, 181-191.	6.1	48
9	SRPK1/2 and PP1 \pm exert opposite functions by modulating SRSF1-guided MKNK2 alternative splicing in colon adenocarcinoma. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2021, 40, 75.	8.6	46
10	WDR5 facilitates EMT and metastasis of CCA by increasing HIF-1 \pm accumulation in Myc-dependent and independent pathways. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2021, 29, 2134-2150.	8.2	44
11	FGF19 and FGFR4 promotes the progression of gallbladder carcinoma in an autocrine pathway dependent on GPBAR1-cAMP-EGR1 axis. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2021, 40, 4941-4953.	5.9	40
12	HMGA1-TRIP13 axis promotes stemness and epithelial mesenchymal transition of perihilar cholangiocarcinoma in a positive feedback loop dependent on c-Myc. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2021, 40, 86.	8.6	33
13	Crystal Structure and Substrate Specificity of PTPN12. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2016, 15, 1345-1358.	6.4	32
14	TBL1XR1 predicts isolated tumor cells and micrometastasis in patients with TNM stage I/II colorectal cancer. <i>Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia)</i> , 2017, 32, 1570-1580.	2.8	30
15	The Smad4-MYO18A-PP1A complex regulates β -catenin phosphorylation and pemigatinib resistance by inhibiting PAK1 in cholangiocarcinoma. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2022, 29, 818-831.	11.2	26
16	Sprouty4 correlates with favorable prognosis in perihilar cholangiocarcinoma by blocking the FGFR-ERK signaling pathway and arresting the cell cycle. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2019, 50, 166-177.	6.1	20
17	Wnt-TCF7-SOX9 axis promotes cholangiocarcinoma proliferation and pemigatinib resistance in a FGF7-FGFR2 autocrine pathway. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2022, 41, 2885-2896.	5.9	20
18	Aldehyde dehydrogenase 3B2 promotes the proliferation and invasion of cholangiocarcinoma by increasing Integrin Beta 1 expression. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2021, 12, 1158.	6.3	15

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19	Significance of PYK2 level as a prognosis predictor in patients with colon adenocarcinoma after surgical resection. <i>OncoTargets and Therapy</i> , 2018, Volume 11, 7625-7634.	2.0	10
20	PTPâ€MEG2 regulates quantal size and fusion pore opening through two distinct structural bases and substrates. <i>EMBO Reports</i> , 2021, 22, e52141.	4.5	5
21	PTPN3 suppresses the proliferation and correlates with favorable prognosis of perihilar cholangiocarcinoma by inhibiting AKT phosphorylation. <i>Biomedicine and Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2020, 121, 109583.	5.6	4
22	Repeated Hepatolithiasis and Unknown Mass inÂCholangiography. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2016, 151, e9-e11.	1.3	0
23	Exosome-Mediated Bmi1 Promotes Cholangiocarcinoma Growth and Metastasis Through the Differential Regulation of miR-320b and miR-27b-3p. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , .	0.4	0
24	Abstract CT546: A phase 2, multicenter study to evaluate the efficacy and safety of TACE sequential tislelizumab as adjuvant therapy in patients with HCC at high risk of recurrence after curative resection. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2022, 82, CT546-CT546.	0.9	0