

# Michał, Krzysztof Szymański

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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292  
papers

16,182  
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18436

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26548

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296  
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296  
docs citations

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times ranked

6217  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	OGLE-2019-BLG-0468Lb,c: Two microlensing giant planets around a G-type star. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2022, 658, A93.	2.1	10
2	Systematic KMTNet Planetary Anomaly Search. II. Six New $q < 2 \times 10^{-4}$ Mass-ratio Planets. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2022, 163, 43.	1.9	27
3	OGLE-2014-BLG-0319: A Sub-Jupiter-mass Planetary Event Encountered Degeneracy with Different Mass Ratios and Lens-source Relative Proper Motions. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2022, 163, 123.	1.9	0
4	The OGLE Collection of Variable Stars: One Thousand Heartbeat Stars in the Galactic Bulge and Magellanic Clouds. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2022, 259, 16.	3.0	7
5	Single-lens mass measurement in the high-magnification microlensing event Gaia19bld located in the Galactic disc. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2022, 657, A18.	2.1	6
6	OGLE-2016-BLG-1093Lb: A Sub-Jupiter-mass Spitzer Planet Located in the Galactic Bulge. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2022, 163, 254.	1.9	2
7	OGLE-2018-BLG-0799Lb: a $q \approx 2.7 \times 10^{-3}$ planet with <i>Spitzer</i> parallax. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 514, 5952-5968.	1.6	4
8	The OGLE Collection of Variable Stars: Nearly 66,000 Mira Stars in the Milky Way. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2022, 260, 46.	3.0	15
9	An Isolated Stellar-mass Black Hole Detected through Astrometric Microlensing*. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 933, 83.	1.6	60
10	OGLE-ing the Magellanic System: Optical Reddening Maps of the Large and Small Magellanic Clouds from Red Clump Stars. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2021, 252, 23.	3.0	66
11	OGLE-2018-BLG-1428Lb: a Jupiter-mass planet beyond the snow line of a dwarf star. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2021, 503, 2706-2712.	1.6	4
12	KMT-2017-BLG-2820 and the Nature of the Free-floating Planet Population. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 161, 126.	1.9	22
13	Binarity as the Origin of Long Secondary Periods in Red Giant Stars. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2021, 911, L22.	3.0	21
14	KMT-2019-BLG-1715: Planetary Microlensing Event with Three Lens Masses and Two Source Stars. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 161, 270.	1.9	9
15	KMT-2018-BLG-1025Lb: microlensing super-Earth planet orbiting a low-mass star. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2021, 649, A90.	2.1	11
16	OGLE-2018-BLG-0567Lb and OGLE-2018-BLG-0962Lb: Two Microlensing Planets through the Planetary-caustic Channel. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 161, 293.	1.9	29
17	KMT-2019-BLG-0371 and the Limits of Bayesian Analysis. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 17.	1.9	8
18	Three microlensing planets with no caustic-crossing features. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2021, 650, A89.	2.1	12

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	OGLE-2018-BLG-1185b: A Low-mass Microlensing Planet Orbiting a Low-mass Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 77.	1.9	10
20	Systematic KMTNet Planetary Anomaly Search. I. OGLE-2019-BLG-1053Lb, a Buried Terrestrial Planet. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 163.	1.9	30
21	Three faint-source microlensing planets detected via the resonant-caustic channel. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2021, 655, A21.	2.1	8
22	OGLE-2019-BLG-0960 Lb: the Smallest Microlensing Planet. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 180.	1.9	27
23	OGLE-2019-BLG-0304: Competing Interpretations between a Planet+binary Model and a Binary-source + Binary-lens Model. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 203.	1.9	4
24	Multiwavelength Properties of Miras. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2021, 257, 23.	3.0	13
25	Using Source Proper Motion to Validate Terrestrial Parallax: OGLE-2019-BLG-1058. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 267.	1.9	2
26	Systematic Korea Microlensing Telescope Network planetary anomaly search – III. One wide-orbit planet and two stellar binaries. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2021, 510, 1778-1790.	1.6	16
27	The 2016 January eruption of recurrent Nova LMC 1968. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2020, 491, 655-679.	1.6	8
28	A search for strong magnetic fields in massive and very massive stars in the Magellanic Clouds. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 635, A163.	2.1	13
29	A Wide-orbit Exoplanet OGLE-2012-BLG-0838Lb. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 261.	1.9	4
30	OGLE-2018-BLG-1700L: Microlensing Planet in Binary Stellar System. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 48.	1.9	21
31	OGLE-2018-BLG-0677Lb: A Super-Earth Near the Galactic Bulge. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 256.	1.9	19
32	OGLE-2016-BLG-1227L: A Wide-separation Planet from a Very Short-timescale Microlensing Event. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 91.	1.9	13
33	Candidate Brown-dwarf Microlensing Events with Very Short Timescales and Small Angular Einstein Radii. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 134.	1.9	9
34	Spitzer Microlensing Parallax Reveals Two Isolated Stars in the Galactic Bulge. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 891, 3.	1.6	10
35	OGLE-2013-BLG-0911Lb: A Secondary on the Brown-dwarf Planet Boundary around an M Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 76.	1.9	8
36	Four microlensing planets with faint-source stars identified in the 2016 and 2017 season data. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 642, A110.	2.1	12

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37	OGLE-2015-BLG-1771Lb: A Microlens Planet Orbiting an Ultracool Dwarf?. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 116.	1.9	15
38	A Free-floating or Wide-orbit Planet in the Microlensing Event OGLE-2019-BLG-0551. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 159, 262.	1.9	30
39	KMT-2019-BLG-1339L: An M Dwarf with a Giant Planet or a Companion near the Planet/Brown Dwarf Boundary. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 64.	1.9	7
40	OGLE-2017-BLG-0406: Spitzer Microlens Parallax Reveals Saturn-mass Planet Orbiting M-dwarf Host in the Inner Galactic Disk. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 74.	1.9	14
41	A Gas Giant Planet in the OGLE-2006-BLG-284L Stellar Binary System. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 72.	1.9	10
42	OGLE-2018-BLG-0532Lb: Cold Neptune with Possible Jovian Sibling. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 183.	1.9	15
43	OGLE-2018-BLG-1269Lb: A Jovian Planet with a Bright $\sim 16$ Host. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 148.	1.9	8
44	KMT-2019-BLG-0842Lb: A Cold Planet below the Uranus/Sun Mass Ratio. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2020, 160, 255.	1.9	13
45	OGLE-ing the Magellanic System: Cepheids in the Bridge*. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 889, 25.	1.6	7
46	OGLE-ing the Magellanic System: RR Lyrae Stars in the Bridge*. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 889, 26.	1.6	13
47	A Terrestrial-mass Rogue Planet Candidate Detected in the Shortest-timescale Microlensing Event. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2020, 903, L11.	3.0	36
48	Microlensing Optical Depth and Event Rate in the OGLE-IV Galactic Plane Fields. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2020, 249, 16.	3.0	16
49	OGLE-GAL-ACEP-091: The First Known Multi-mode Anomalous Cepheid. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2020, 901, L25.	3.0	2
50	Spectroscopic Mass and Host-star Metallicity Measurements for Newly Discovered Microlensing Planet OGLE-2018-BLG-0740Lb. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 158, 102.	1.9	14
51	A three-dimensional map of the Milky Way using classical Cepheid variable stars. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 365, 478-482.	6.0	116
52	12,660 Spotted Stars toward the OGLE Galactic Bulge Fields. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 879, 114.	1.6	14
53	Spitzer Parallax of OGLE-2018-BLG-0596: A Low-mass-ratio Planet around an M Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 158, 28.	1.9	15
54	MOA-bin-29b: A Microlensing Gas-giant Planet Orbiting a Low-mass Host Star. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 158, 224.	1.9	12

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55	Microensing Optical Depth and Event Rate toward the Galactic Bulge from 8 yr of OGLE-IV Observations. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2019, 244, 29.	3.0	54
56	OGLE-2017-BLG-1186: first application of asteroseismology and Gaussian processes to microlensing. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2019, 488, 3308-3323.	1.6	11
57	First Assessment of the Binary Lens OGLE-2015-BLG-0232. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 870, 11.	1.6	7
58	OGLE-2014-BLG-0962 and a Comparison of Galactic Model Priors to Microlensing Data. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 873, 30.	1.6	7
59	OGLE-2015-BLG-1670Lb: A Cold Neptune beyond the Snow Line in the Provisional WFIRST Microlensing Survey Field. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 157, 232.	1.9	10
60	OGLE-2014-BLG-1186: gravitational microlensing providing evidence for a planet orbiting the foreground star or for a close binary source?. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2019, 484, 5608-5632.	1.6	7
61	Spitzer Microlensing Parallax for OGLE-2017-BLG-0896 Reveals a Counter-rotating Low-mass Brown Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 157, 106.	1.9	20
62	Spitzer Microlensing Parallax for OGLE-2016-BLG-1067: A Sub-Jupiter Orbiting an M Dwarf in the Disk. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 157, 121.	1.9	17
63	Discovery and follow-up of the unusual nuclear transient OGLE17aaj. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2019, 622, L2.	2.1	22
64	Spitzer Microlensing of MOA-2016-BLG-231L: A Counter-rotating Brown Dwarf Binary in the Galactic Disk. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 871, 179.	1.6	8
65	OGLE-2016-BLG-0156: Microlensing Event with Pronounced Microlens-parallax Effects Yielding a Precise Lens Mass Measurement. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 872, 175.	1.6	2
66	OGLE-2018-BLG-0022: First Prediction of an Astrometric Microlensing Signal from a Photometric Microlensing Event. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 876, 81.	1.6	3
67	Two new free-floating or wide-orbit planets from microlensing. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2019, 622, A201.	2.1	49
68	OGLE-2018-BLG-1011Lb,c: Microlensing Planetary System with Two Giant Planets Orbiting a Low-mass Star. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 158, 114.	1.9	20
69	OGLE-2015-BLG-1649Lb: A Gas Giant Planet around a Low-mass Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2019, 158, 212.	1.9	3
70	Rotation Curve of the Milky Way from Classical Cepheids. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2019, 870, L10.	3.0	82
71	Discovery of Two Quasars at $z \approx 5$ from the OGLE Survey. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 878, 115.	1.6	3
72	A Neptune-mass Free-floating Planet Candidate Discovered by Microlensing Surveys. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 121.	1.9	78

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73	OGLE-2017-BLG-0173Lb: Low-mass-ratio Planet in a "Hollywood" Microlensing Event. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 20.	1.9	50
74	OGLE-2017-BLG-0482Lb: A Microlensing Super-Earth Orbiting a Low-mass Host Star. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 211.	1.9	7
75	OGLE-2017-BLG-1522: A Giant Planet around a Brown Dwarf Located in the Galactic Bulge. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 219.	1.9	50
76	An Ice Giant Exoplanet Interpretation of the Anomaly in Microlensing Event OGLE-2011-BLG-0173. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 156, 104.	1.9	11
77	OGLE-2017-BLG-0039: Microlensing Event with Light from a Lens Identified from Mass Measurement. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 867, 136.	1.6	6
78	MOA-2015-BLG-337: A Planetary System with a Low-mass Brown Dwarf/Planetary Boundary Host, or a Brown Dwarf Binary. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 156, 136.	1.9	15
79	OGLE-2017-BLG-1130: The First Binary Gravitational Microlens Detected from Spitzer Only. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 860, 25.	1.6	8
80	OGLE-2016-BLG-1266: A Probable Brown Dwarf/Planet Binary at the Deuterium Fusion Limit. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 858, 107.	1.6	11
81	A Likely Detection of a Two-planet System in a Low-magnification Microlensing Event. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 263.	1.9	18
82	Spitzer Opens New Path to Break Classic Degeneracy for Jupiter-mass Microlensing Planet OGLE-2017-BLG-1140Lb. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 261.	1.9	14
83	OGLE-2015-BLG-1459L: The Challenges of Exo-moon Microlensing. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 259.	1.9	20
84	A Planetary Microlensing Event with an Unusually Red Source Star: MOA-2011-BLG-291. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 156, 113.	1.9	15
85	The Late-type Eclipsing Binaries in the Large Magellanic Cloud: Catalog of Fundamental Physical Parameters. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 860, 1.	1.6	28
86	OGLE-2016-BLG-1190Lb: The First Spitzer Bulge Planet Lies Near the Planet/Brown-dwarf Boundary. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 40.	1.9	53
87	The First Planetary Microlensing Event with Two Microlensed Source Stars. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2018, 155, 141.	1.9	41
88	OGLE-2014-BLG-0289: Precise Characterization of a Quintuple-peak Gravitational Microlensing Event. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 853, 70.	1.6	7
89	OGLE-2016-BLG-1045: A Test of Cheap Space-based Microlens Parallaxes. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 863, 23.	1.6	15
90	OGLE-2017-BLG-0537: A Microlensing Event with a Resolvable Lens in $\approx 25$ years from High-resolution Follow-up Observations. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 863, 22.	1.6	6

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91	A gravitationally lensed quasar discovered in OGLE. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2018, 476, 663-672.	1.6	13
92	OGLE-2017-BLG-0329L: A Microlensing Binary Characterized with Dramatically Enhanced Precision Using Data from Space-based Observations. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 859, 82.	1.6	6
93	Binary Source Microlensing Event OGLE-2016-BLG-0733: Interpretation of a Long-term Asymmetric Perturbation. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 153, 129.	1.9	39
94	OGLE-2016-BLG-1003: First Resolved Caustic-crossing Binary-source Event Discovered by Second-generation Microlensing Surveys. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 841, 75.	1.6	13
95	OGLE-2015-BLG-1482L: The First Isolated Low-mass Microlens in the Galactic Bulge. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 838, 154.	1.6	31
96	OGLE-2012-BLG-0950Lb: THE FIRST PLANET MASS MEASUREMENT FROM ONLY MICROLENS PARALLAX AND LENS FLUX. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 153, 1.	1.9	37
97	OGLE-2016-BLG-0168 Binary Microlensing Event: Prediction and Confirmation of the Microlens Parallax Effect from Space-based Observations. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 154, 176.	1.9	34
98	Hydrogen-rich supernovae beyond the neutrino-driven core-collapse paradigm. Nature Astronomy, 2017, 1, 713-720.	4.2	48
99	Ground-based Parallax Confirmed by Spitzer: Binary Microlensing Event MOA-2015-BLG-020. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 845, 129.	1.6	7
100	Extracting Microlensing Signals from <i>K2</i> Campaign 9. Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific, 2017, 129, 104501.	1.0	43
101	OGLE-2016-BLG-0263Lb: Microlensing Detection of a Very Low-mass Binary Companion through a Repeating Event Channel. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 154, 133.	1.9	32
102	No large population of unbound or wide-orbit Jupiter-mass planets. Nature, 2017, 548, 183-186.	13.7	228
103	OGLE-2015-BLG-0196: GROUND-BASED GRAVITATIONAL MICROLENS PARALLAX CONFIRMED BY SPACE-BASED OBSERVATION. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 834, 82.	1.6	12
104	Toward a Galactic Distribution of Planets. I. Methodology and Planet Sensitivities of the 2015 High-cadence Spitzer Microlens Sample. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 154, 210.	1.9	82
105	OGLE-2013-BLG-0132Lb and OGLE-2013-BLG-1721Lb: Two Saturn-mass Planets Discovered around M-dwarfs. Astronomical Journal, 2017, 154, 205.	1.9	30
106	Blue large-amplitude pulsators as a new class of variable stars. Nature Astronomy, 2017, 1, .	4.2	49
107	OGLE-2016-BLG-1469L: Microlensing Binary Composed of Brown Dwarfs. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 843, 59.	1.6	33
108	OGLE-2014-BLG-1112LB: A Microlensing Brown Dwarf Detected through the Channel of a Gravitational Binary-lens Event. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 843, 87.	1.6	26

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109	OGLE-2013-BLG-1761Lb: A Massive Planet around an M/K Dwarf. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2017, 154, 1.	1.9	34
110	Faint-source-star planetary microlensing: the discovery of the cold gas-giant planet OGLE-2014-BLG-0676Lb. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2017, 466, 2710-2717.	1.6	24
111	OGLE-2016-BLG-0693LB: Probing the Brown Dwarf Desert with Microlensing. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2017, 154, 247.	1.9	7
112	OGLE-2016-BLG-0613LABb: A Microlensing Planet in a Binary System. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2017, 154, 223.	1.9	48
113	OGLE-2016-BLG-0596Lb: A High-mass Planet from a High-magnification Pure-survey Microlensing Event. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2017, 153, 143.	1.9	37
114	An Isolated Microlens Observed from K2, Spitzer, and Earth. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2017, 849, L31.	3.0	44
115	Variable classification in the LSST era: exploring a model for quasi-periodic light curves. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2017, 468, 2189-2205.	1.6	12
116	Chemical evolution of the Galactic bulge as traced by microlensed dwarf and subgiant stars. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2017, 605, A89.	2.1	135
117	The lowest mass ratio planetary microlens: OGLE 2016â€“BLGâ€“1195Lb. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2017, 469, 2434-2440.	1.6	74
118	A companion on the planet/brown dwarf mass boundary on a wide orbit discovered by gravitational microlensing. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2017, 604, A103.	2.1	12
119	OGLE-2012-BLG-0724LB: A SATURN-MASS PLANET AROUND AN M DWARF. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 824, 139.	1.6	30
120	Discovery of a high state AM CVn binary in the Galactic Bulge Survey. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 2016, 462, L106-L110.	1.2	18
121	Anomalous double-mode RR Lyrae stars in the Magellanic Clouds. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 463, 1332-1341.	1.6	28
122	OGLE ATLAS OF CLASSICAL NOVAE. II. MAGELLANIC CLOUDS. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2016, 222, 9.	3.0	23
123	THE FIRST NEPTUNE ANALOG OR SUPER-EARTH WITH A NEPTUNE-LIKE ORBIT: MOA-2013-BLG-605LB. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 825, 112.	1.6	70
124	DISCOVERY OF A GAS GIANT PLANET IN MICROLENSING EVENT OGLE-2014-BLG-1760. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2016, 152, 140.	1.9	30
125	Campaign 9 of the K2 Mission: Observational Parameters, Scientific Drivers, and Community Involvement for a Simultaneous Space- and Ground-based Microlensing Survey. <i>Publications of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific</i> , 2016, 128, 124401.	1.0	79
126	OGLE-2014-BLG-0257L: A MICROLENSING BROWN DWARF ORBITING A LOW-MASS M DWARF. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 822, 75.	1.6	14



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127	THE SPITZER MICROLENSING PROGRAM AS A PROBE FOR GLOBULAR CLUSTER PLANETS: ANALYSIS OF OGLE-2015-BLG-0448. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 823, 63.	1.6	39
128	The frequency of snowline-region planets from four years of OGLE's "MOA" Wise second-generation microlensing. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 457, 4089-4113.	1.6	108
129	SPITZER PARALLAX OF OGLE-2015-BLG-0966: A COLD NEPTUNE IN THE GALACTIC DISK. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 819, 93.	1.6	95
130	OGLE-2015-BLG-0051/KMT-2015-BLG-0048LB: A GIANT PLANET ORBITING A LOW-MASS BULGE STAR DISCOVERED BY HIGH-CADENCE MICROLENSING SURVEYS. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2016, 152, 95.	1.9	35
131	SPACE-BASED MICROLENS PARALLAX OBSERVATION AS A WAY TO RESOLVE THE SEVERE DEGENERACY BETWEEN MICROLENS-PARALLAX AND LENS-ORBITAL EFFECTS. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 827, 11.	1.6	13
132	OGLE-2015-BLG-0479LA,B: BINARY GRAVITATIONAL MICROLENS CHARACTERIZED BY SIMULTANEOUS GROUND-BASED AND SPACE-BASED OBSERVATIONS. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 828, 53.	1.6	23
133	The awakening of a classical nova from hibernation. <i>Nature</i> , 2016, 537, 649-651.	13.7	27
134	THE FIRST CIRCUMBINARY PLANET FOUND BY MICROLENSING: OGLE-2007-BLG-349L(AB)c. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2016, 152, 125.	1.9	94
135	THE FIRST SIMULTANEOUS MICROLENSING OBSERVATIONS BY TWO SPACE TELESCOPES: SPITZER AND SWIFT REVEAL A BROWN DWARF IN EVENT OGLE-2015-BLG-1319. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 831, 183.	1.6	21
136	SPITZER OBSERVATIONS OF OGLE-2015-BLG-1212 REVEAL A NEW PATH TOWARD BREAKING STRONG MICROLENS DEGENERACIES. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 820, 79.	1.6	19
137	MASS MEASUREMENTS OF ISOLATED OBJECTS FROM SPACE-BASED MICROLENSING. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 825, 60.	1.6	39
138	The OGLE-III planet detection efficiency from six years of microlensing observations (2003-2008). <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 457, 1320-1331.	1.6	35
139	MOA-2011-BLG-028Lb: A NEPTUNE-MASS MICROLENSING PLANET IN THE GALACTIC BULGE*. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 820, 4.	1.6	35
140	Black hole, neutron star and white dwarf candidates from microlensing with OGLE-III. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 458, 3012-3026.	1.6	109
141	Interstellar extinction curve variations towards the inner Milky Way: a challenge to observational cosmology. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 456, 2692-2706.	1.6	98
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