

Kerin K Higa

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

301
citations

1307366
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1281743
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g-index

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all docs

11
docs citations

11
times ranked

616
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Nicotine improves probabilistic reward learning in wildtype but not alpha7 nAChR null mutants, yet alpha7 nAChR agonists do not improve probabilistic learning. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2018, 28, 1217-1231.	0.3	4
2	Striatal dopamine D1 receptor suppression impairs reward-associative learning. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2017, 323, 100-110.	1.2	23
3	Adolescent GBR12909 exposure induces oxidative stress, disrupts parvalbumin-positive interneurons, and leads to hyperactivity and impulsivity in adult mice. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 345, 166-175.	1.1	10
4	A novel animal model for neuroinflammation and white matter degeneration. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2017, 5, e3905.	0.9	4
5	Boymaw, Overexpressed in Brains With Major Psychiatric Disorders, May Encode a Small Protein to Inhibit Mitochondrial Function and Protein Translation. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2015, 168, 284-295.	1.1	7
6	GlyT-1 Inhibition Attenuates Attentional But Not Learning or Motivational Deficits of the Sp4 Hypomorphic Mouse Model Relevant to Psychiatric Disorders. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 40, 2715-2726.	2.8	33
7	Restoration of <i>Sp4</i> in Forebrain GABAergic Neurons Rescues Hypersensitivity to Ketamine in <i>Sp4</i> Hypomorphic Mice. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 18, pyv063.	1.0	4
8	Over-expression of XIST, the Master Gene for X Chromosome Inactivation, in Females With Major Affective Disorders. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2015, 2, 909-918.	2.7	41
9	Inhibition of protein translation by the DISC1-Boymaw fusion gene from a Scottish family with major psychiatric disorders. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014, 23, 5683-5705.	1.4	31
10	Isolation rearing effects on probabilistic learning and cognitive flexibility in rats. <i>Cognitive, Affective and Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 14, 388-406.	1.0	66
11	Reduced Dopamine Transporter Functioning Induces High-Reward Risk-Preference Consistent with Bipolar Disorder. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 39, 3112-3122.	2.8	78