Hervé Bocherens

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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222 papers 13,792 citations

59 h-index 25787 108 g-index

256 all docs

256 docs citations

256 times ranked 9031 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A new hominid from the Upper Miocene of Chad, Central Africa. Nature, 2002, 418, 145-151.	27.8	937
2	The genetic history of Ice Age Europe. Nature, 2016, 534, 200-205.	27.8	729
3	Trophic level isotopic enrichment of carbon and nitrogen in bone collagen: case studies from recent and ancient terrestrial ecosystems. International Journal of Osteoarchaeology, 2003, 13, 46-53.	1.2	702
4	The genomic history of southeastern Europe. Nature, 2018, 555, 197-203.	27.8	479
5	Oxygen isotope analyses of co-existing carbonate and phosphate in biogenic apatite: a way to monitor diagenetic alteration of bone phosphate?. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 1996, 142, 1-6.	4.4	410
6	Isotopic Biogeochemistry (13 C, 18 O) of Mammalian Enamel from African Pleistocene Hominid Sites. Palaios, 1996, 11, 306.	1.3	290
7	Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes Suggest a Single Major Dispersal of Non-Africans and a Late Glacial Population Turnover in Europe. Current Biology, 2016, 26, 827-833.	3.9	277
8	Diet, physiology and ecology of fossil mammals as inferred from stable carbon and nitrogen isotope biogeochemistry: implications for Pleistocene bears. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 1994, 107, 213-225.	2.3	263
9	Isotopic biogeochemistry (13C,15N) of fossil vertebrate collagen: application to the study of a past food web including Neandertal man. Journal of Human Evolution, 1991, 20, 481-492.	2.6	259
10	Paleobiological Implications of the Isotopic Signatures (13C,15N) of Fossil Mammal Collagen in Scladina Cave (Sclayn, Belgium). Quaternary Research, 1997, 48, 370-380.	1.7	259
11	Isotopic evidence for diet and subsistence pattern of the Saint-Césaire I Neanderthal: review and use of a multi-source mixing model. Journal of Human Evolution, 2005, 49, 71-87.	2.6	242
12	Can carbon-13 in large herbivores reflect the canopy effect in temperate and boreal ecosystems? Evidence from modern and ancient ungulates. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2008, 266, 69-82.	2.3	237
13	Palaeoenvironmental and Palaeodietary Implications of Isotopic Biogeochemistry of Last Interglacial Neanderthal and Mammal Bones in Scladina Cave (Belgium). Journal of Archaeological Science, 1999, 26, 599-607.	2.4	235
14	Deeply divergent archaic mitochondrial genome provides lower time boundary for African gene flow into Neanderthals. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 16046.	12.8	211
15	Early Diagenetic Evolution of Bone Phosphate: An X-ray Diffractometry Analysis. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1995, 22, 211-221.	2.4	203
16	Effect of diet, physiology and climate on carbon and nitrogen stable isotopes of collagen in a late pleistocene anthropic palaeoecosystem: Marillac, Charente, France. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1995, 22, 67-79.	2.4	170
17	Palaeodietary Implications of Isotopic Variability in Eurasian Lacustrine Fish. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1999, 26, 617-627.	2.4	163
18	Detection of Dietary Changes by Intra-tooth Carbon and Nitrogen Isotopic Analysis: An Experimental Study of Dentine Collagen of Cattle (Bos taurus). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2001, 28, 235-245.	2.4	154

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19	Carbon and nitrogen stable isotopes as tracers of change in diet breadth during Middle and Upper Palaeolithic in Europe. International Journal of Osteoarchaeology, 2004, 14, 162-177.	1.2	141
20	Comparative performance of the BGISEQ-500 vs Illumina HiSeq2500 sequencing platforms for palaeogenomic sequencing. GigaScience, 2017, 6, 1-13.	6.4	137
21	Trophic Structure and Climatic Information From Isotopic Signatures in Pleistocene Cave Fauna of Southern England. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1995, 22, 327-340.	2.4	133
22	New isotopic evidence for dietary habits of Neandertals from Belgium. Journal of Human Evolution, 2001, 40, 497-505.	2.6	132
23	New data on the late Neandertals: Direct dating of the Belgian Spy fossils. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2009, 138, 421-428.	2.1	128
24	Herbivore paleodiet and paleoenvironmental changes in Chad during the Pliocene using stable isotope ratios of tooth enamel carbonate. Paleobiology, 2000, 26, 294-309.	2.0	125
25	Annual rainfall and nitrogen-isotope correlation in macropod collagen: application as a palaeoprecipitation indicator. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 1997, 153, 279-285.	4.4	120
26	Reconstruction of the Gravettian food-web at PÅ™edmostÃ-I using multi-isotopic tracking (13C, 15N, 34S) of bone collagen. Quaternary International, 2015, 359-360, 211-228.	1.5	118
27	Withering Away–25,000 Years of Genetic Decline Preceded Cave Bear Extinction. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2010, 27, 975-978.	8.9	117
28	Diagenetic evolution and experimental heating of bone phosphate. Palaeogeography, Palaeoecology, 1996, 126, 135-149.	2.3	115
29	Isotopic tracking of large carnivore palaeoecology in the mammoth steppe. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2015, 117, 42-71.	3.0	115
30	Stable isotope abundances (13C, 15N) in collagen and soft tissues from Pleistocene mammals from Yakutia: Implications for the palaeobiology of the Mammoth Steppe. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 1996, 126, 31-44.	2.3	111
31	Carbon and nitrogen isotopic composition of red deer (Cervus elaphus) collagen as a tool for tracking palaeoenvironmental change during the Late-Glacial and Early Holocene in the northern Jura (France). Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2003, 195, 375-388.	2.3	110
32	European Bison as a Refugee Species? Evidence from Isotopic Data on Early Holocene Bison and Other Large Herbivores in Northern Europe. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0115090.	2.5	109
33	Intra-bone Variability of Collagen and Apatite Isotopic Composition Used as Evidence of a Change of Diet. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1999, 26, 593-598.	2.4	107
34	Evidence for shifting environmental conditions in Southwestern France from 33â€^000 to 15â€^000 years ago derived from carbon-13 and nitrogen-15 natural abundances in collagen of large herbivores. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 2003, 216, 163-173.	4.4	106
35	Isotopic evidence for dietary ecology of cave lion (Panthera spelaea) in North-Western Europe: Prey choice, competition and implications for extinction. Quaternary International, 2011, 245, 249-261.	1.5	106
36	An isotopic palaeoenvironmental study of human skeletal remains from the Nile Valley. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 1996, 126, 15-30.	2.3	103

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37	Carbon isotopic abundances in Mesozoic and Cenozoic fossil plants: Palaeoecological implications. Lethaia, 1993, 26, 347-358.	1.4	96
38	Were European steppe bison migratory? 18O, 13C and Sr intra-tooth isotopic variations applied to a palaeoethological reconstruction. Quaternary International, 2012, 271, 106-119.	1.5	96
39	Ecological niche of Neanderthals from Spy Cave revealed by nitrogen isotopes of individual amino acids in collagen. Journal of Human Evolution, 2016, 93, 82-90.	2.6	96
40	A high-precision chronological model for the decorated Upper Paleolithic cave of Chauvet-Pont d'Arc, ArdÃ"che, France. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 4670-4675.	7.1	95
41	Diet, Status and Decomposition at Weingarten: Trace Element and Isotope Analyses on Early Mediaeval Skeletal Material. Journal of Archaeological Science, 1999, 26, 675-685.	2.4	92
42	A multi-analytical study of bone diagenesis: the Neolithic site of Bercy (Paris, France). Measurement Science and Technology, 2003, 14, 1608-1619.	2.6	89
43	Ancient DNA and the Population Genetics of Cave Bears (Ursus spelaeus) Through Space and Time. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2002, 19, 1920-1933.	8.9	88
44	Ancient West African foragers in the context of African population history. Nature, 2020, 577, 665-670.	27.8	86
45	Evolution of habitat and environment of red deer (Cervus elaphus) during the Late-glacial and early Holocene in eastern France (French Jura and the western Alps) using multi-isotope analysis (δ13C, δ15N,) Tj ETQq1	l 1.5 0.7843	B lat rgBT /
46	Bears and humans in Chauvet Cave (Vallon-Pont-d'Arc, ArdÃ"che, France): Insights from stable isotopes and radiocarbon dating of bone collagen. Journal of Human Evolution, 2006, 50, 370-376.	2.6	82
47	Pleistocene bears in the Swabian Jura (Germany): Genetic replacement, ecological displacement, extinctions and survival. Quaternary International, 2011, 245, 225-237.	1.5	80
48	Investigation of equid paleodiet from Sch \tilde{A} ¶ningen 13 II-4 through dental wear and isotopic analyses: Archaeological implications. Journal of Human Evolution, 2015, 89, 129-137.	2.6	80
49	Ecological distribution of Cenomanian terrestrial plants based on 13C/12C ratios. Palaeogeography, Palaeoecology, 1999, 145, 79-93.	2.3	79
50	Isotopic evidence for dietary ecology of late Neandertals in North-Western Europe. Quaternary International, 2016, 411, 327-345.	1.5	77
51	Palaeodiet of Mesolithic and Neolithic populations of Meuse Basin (Belgium): evidence from stable isotopes. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2007, 34, 10-27.	2.4	72
52	Niche partitioning between two sympatric genetically distinct cave bears (Ursus spelaeus and Ursus) Tj ETQq0 0 0 Quaternary International, 2011, 245, 238-248.	rgBT /Ove 1.5	erlock 10 Tf 70
53	Neandertal cannibalism and Neandertal bones used as tools in Northern Europe. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 29005.	3.3	70
54	Ancient DNA suggests modern wolves trace their origin to a Late Pleistocene expansion from Beringia. Molecular Ecology, 2020, 29, 1596-1610.	3.9	70

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55	A stable isotope study of fossil mammal remains from the Paglicci cave, Southern Italy. N and C as palaeoenvironmental indicators. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 1997, 148, 349-357.	4.4	69
56	Middle Pleistocene ecology and Neanderthal subsistence: Insights from stable isotope analyses in Payre (ArdÃ"che, southeastern France). Journal of Human Evolution, 2013, 65, 363-373.	2.6	69
57	Une nouvelle approche pour évaluer l'état de conservation de l'os et du collagÃ ⁻ ne pour les mesures isotopiques (datation au radiocarbone, isotopes stables du carbone et de l'azote). Anthropologie, 2005, 109, 557-567.	0.4	67
58	Evidence for a 15N positive excursion in terrestrial foodwebs at the Middle to Upper Palaeolithic transition in south-western France: Implications for early modern human palaeodiet and palaeoenvironment. Journal of Human Evolution, 2014, 69, 31-43.	2.6	67
59	Trace element composition of archaeological bones and post-mortem alteration in the burial environment. Nuclear Instruments & Methods in Physics Research B, 1999, 150, 656-662.	1.4	65
60	Dietary patterns during the late prehistoric/historic period in Cikobia island (Fiji): insights from stable isotopes and dental pathologies. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2006, 33, 1396-1410.	2.4	64
61	Isotopic paleoecology of the Pleistocene megamammals from the Brazilian Intertropical Region: Feeding ecology (δ13C), niche breadth and overlap. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2017, 170, 152-163.	3.0	62
62	Nitrogen isotopic composition of collagen amino acids as an indicator of aquatic resource consumption: insights from Mesolithic and Epipalaeolithic archaeological sites in France. World Archaeology, 2013, 45, 338-359.	1.1	61
63	Mitochondrial DNA diversity and evolution of the Pleistocene cave bear complex. Quaternary International, 2014, 339-340, 224-231.	1.5	60
64	Stable isotopes reveal patterns of diet and mobility in the last Neandertals and first modern humans in Europe. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 4433.	3.3	60
65	Large-scale mitogenomic analysis of the phylogeography of the Late Pleistocene cave bear. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 10700.	3.3	57
66	Methodological and Archaeological Implications of Intra-tooth Isotopic Variations (Î 13C, Î 18O) in Herbivores from Ain Ghazal (Jordan, Neolithic). Journal of Archaeological Science, 1999, 26, 697-704.	2.4	55
67	Contribution of isotopic biogeochemistry (13C,15N,18O) to the paleoecology of mammoths(mammuthus) Tj E	ГQq1 _{1.4} 1 0.7	784314 rgBT 52
68	Stable carbon isotope reconstructions of diet and paleoenvironment from the late Middle Pleistocene Snake Cave in Northeastern Thailand. Die Naturwissenschaften, 2010, 97, 299-309.	1.6	52
69	Flexibility of diet and habitat in Pleistocene South Asian mammals: Implications for the fate of the giant fossil ape Gigantopithecus. Quaternary International, 2017, 434, 148-155.	1.5	51
70	Isotopic evidence for mobility at large-scale human aggregations in Copper Age Iberia: the mega-site of MarroquÃes. Antiquity, 2018, 92, 991-1007.	1.0	51
71	Stable Carbon and Nitrogen Isotopes as Dietary Indicators of Ancient Nubian Populations (Northern) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314 2.4	4 rgBT /Overlo
72	Ecological and physiological variability of Sr/Ca and Ba/Ca in mammals of West European mid-Wýrmian food webs. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2002, 186, 127-143.	2.3	50

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73	Neanderthal Dietary Habits: Review of the Isotopic Evidence. Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology, 2009, , 241-250.	0.5	48
74	Grey wolf genomic history reveals a dual ancestry of dogs. Nature, 2022, 607, 313-320.	27.8	48
75	Tracking possible decline of woolly mammoth during the Gravettian in Dordogne (France) and the Ach Valley (Germany) using multi-isotope tracking (13C, 14C, 15N, 34S, 18O). Quaternary International, 2015, 359-360, 304-317.	1.5	47
76	Isotopic variability of cave bears (\hat{l} 15N, \hat{l} 13C) across Europe during MIS 3. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 131, 51-72.	3.0	47
77	Ecological change in the lower Omo Valley around 2.8 Ma. Biology Letters, 2013, 9, 20120890.	2.3	46
78	Preservation of bone collagen sulphur isotopic compositions in an early Holocene river-bank archaeological site. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2011, 310, 32-38.	2.3	45
79	Diet reconstruction of ancient brown bears (Ursus arctos) from Mont Ventoux (France) using bone collagen stable isotope biogeochemistry (13C, 15N). Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2004, 82, 576-586.	1.0	43
80	The impact of climate change on the structure of Pleistocene food webs across the mammoth steppe. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2013, 280, 20130239.	2.6	43
81	Isotopic insight on paleodiet of extinct Pleistocene megafaunal Xenarthrans from Argentina. Gondwana Research, 2017, 48, 7-14.	6.0	42
82	Isotope reconstruction of plant palaeoecology. Case study of Cenomanian floras from Bohemia. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2002, 183, 43-70.	2.3	41
83	Stable isotope evidence for palaeodiets in southern Turkmenistan during Historical period and Iron Age. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2006, 33, 253-264.	2.4	41
84	Pre-extinction Demographic Stability and Genomic Signatures of Adaptation in the Woolly Rhinoceros. Current Biology, 2020, 30, 3871-3879.e7.	3.9	41
85	First Hominoid from the Late Miocene of the Irrawaddy Formation (Myanmar). PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e17065.	2.5	40
86	Effects of fungal infection on lipid extract composition of higher plant remains: comparison of shoots of a Cenomanian conifer, uninfected and infected by extinct fungi. Organic Geochemistry, 2000, 31, 1743-1754.	1.8	39
87	Diet and habitat of the saiga antelope during the late Quaternary using stable carbon and nitrogen isotope ratios. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2017, 160, 150-161.	3.0	39
88	Stable isotope signatures of large herbivore foraging habitats across Europe. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190723.	2.5	39
89	Thriving or surviving? The isotopic record of the Wrangel Island woolly mammoth population. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 222, 105884.	3.0	38
90	Unexpected palaeoecological features of the Middle and Late Pleistocene large herbivores in southwestern Germany revealed by stable isotopic abundances in tooth enamel. Quaternary International, 2014, 339-340, 164-178.	1.5	37

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91	Behavioural ecology of Late Pleistocene bears (Ursus spelaeus, Ursus ingressus): Insight from stable isotopes (C, N, O) and tooth microwear. Quaternary International, 2014, 339-340, 148-163.	1.5	37
92	Chronology of Megalithic Funerary Practices in Southeastern Iberia: The Necropolis of Panoria (Granada, Spain). Radiocarbon, 2018, 60, 1-19.	1.8	37
93	Chronology and ancient feeding ecology of two upper Pleistocene megamammals from the Brazilian Intertropical Region. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2014, 99, 78-83.	3.0	36
94	Paleobiology of sabretooth cat Smilodon populator in the Pampean Region (Buenos Aires Province,) Tj ETQq0 0 0 bone collagen. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2016, 449, 463-474.	rgBT /Ove 2.3	rlock 10 Tf 5 35
95	Isotopic analyses suggest mammoth and plant in the diet of the oldest anatomically modern humans from far southeast Europe. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 6833.	3.3	35
96	Adapt or dieâ€"Response of large herbivores to environmental changes in Europe during the Holocene. Global Change Biology, 2019, 25, 2915-2930.	9.5	35
97	Evidence of physico-chemical and isotopic modifications in archaeological bones during controlled acid etching. Archaeometry, 2002, 44, 329-336.	1.3	34
98	The last of its kind? Radiocarbon, ancient DNA and stable isotope evidence from a late cave bear (Ursus) Tj ETQq0	00 rgBT /	'Qyerlock 10 34
99	Isotopic insights on cave bear palaeodiet. Historical Biology, 2019, 31, 410-421.	1.4	34
100	Late Middle Pleistocene ecology and climate in Northeastern Thailand inferred from the stable isotope analysis of Khok Sung herbivore tooth enamel and the land mammal cenogram. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2018, 193, 24-42.	3.0	33
101	Ancient RNA from Late Pleistocene permafrost and historical canids shows tissue-specific transcriptome survival. PLoS Biology, 2019, 17, e3000166.	5.6	33
102	Microstructural and geochemical investigations on Late Cretaceous archosaur teeth from Alberta, Canada. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 1994, 31, 783-792.	1.3	32
103	Evolution of the chemical composition of Ginkgo biloba external and internal leaf lipids through senescence and litter formation. Organic Geochemistry, 2001, 32, 45-55.	1.8	32
104	Carbon and nitrogen stable isotopes of well-preserved Middle Pleistocene bone collagen from SchĶningen (Germany) and their paleoecological implications. Journal of Human Evolution, 2015, 89, 105-113.	2.6	32
105	A new approach for deciphering between single and multiple accumulation events using intra-tooth isotopic variations: Application to the Middle Pleistocene bone bed of Sch¶ningen 13 II-4. Journal of Human Evolution, 2015, 89, 114-128.	2.6	32
106	Stable carbon and nitrogen isotope analysis on human remains from the Early Mesolithic site of La Vergne (Charente-Maritime, France). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2008, 35, 763-772.	2.4	31
107	Central European Woolly Mammoth Population Dynamics: Insights from Late Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 17714.	3.3	30
108	New fossil and isotope evidence for the Pleistocene zoogeographic transition and hypothesized savanna corridor in peninsular Thailand. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 221, 105861.	3.0	30

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109	Evolutionary history and palaeoecology of brown bear in North-East Siberia re-examined using ancient DNA and stable isotopes from skeletal remains. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 4462.	3.3	29
110	Pitfalls in comparing modern hair and fossil bone collagen C and N isotopic data to reconstruct ancient diets: a case study with cave bears (<i>Ursus spelaeus</i>). Isotopes in Environmental and Health Studies, 2014, 50, 291-299.	1.0	28
111	Bondi Cave and the Middle-Upper Palaeolithic transition in western Georgia (south Caucasus). Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 146, 77-98.	3.0	28
112	Pliocene to Middle Pleistocene climate history in the Guadix-Baza Basin, and the environmental conditions of early Homo dispersal in Europe. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2021, 268, 107132.	3.0	28
113	Implications of diagenesis for the isotopic analysis of Upper Miocene large mammalian herbivore tooth enamel from Chad. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2008, 266, 200-210.	2.3	27
114	The Rise of the Anthroposphere since 50,000 Years: An Ecological Replacement of Megaherbivores by Humans in Terrestrial Ecosystems?. Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 6, .	2.2	27
115	Diet and Ecology of Neanderthals: Implications from C and N Isotopes. Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology, 2011, , 73-85.	0.5	27
116	Palaeoenvironmental and Archaeological Implications of Isotopic Analyses (¹³ C, ¹⁵ N) from Neolithic to Present in Qazvin Plain (Iran). Environmental Archaeology, 2000, 5, 1-19.	1.2	26
117	Direct isotopic evidence for subsistence variability in Middle Pleistocene Neanderthals (Payre,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843	14.gBT/C	Dverlock 10 26
118	Chronological and Isotopic data support a revision for the timing of cave bear extinction in Mediterranean Europe. Historical Biology, 2019, 31, 474-484.	1.4	26
119	Genomes of Pleistocene Siberian Wolves Uncover Multiple Extinct Wolf Lineages. Current Biology, 2021, 31, 198-206.e8.	3.9	26
120	Comparison of leaf lipids from a fossil ginkgoalean plant and its extant counterpart at two degradation stages: diagenetic and chemotaxonomic implications. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 2003, 124, 63-78.	1.5	25
121	Were bears or lions involved in salmon accumulation in the Middle Palaeolithic of the Caucasus? An isotopic investigation in Kudaro 3Âcave. Quaternary International, 2014, 339-340, 112-118.	1.5	25
122	Large mammal ecology in the late Middle Miocene Gratkorn locality (Austria). Palaeobiodiversity and Palaeoenvironments, 2014, 94, 189-213.	1.5	25
123	Ecological flexibility and differential survival of Pleistocene Stegodon orientalis and Elephas maximus in mainland southeast Asia revealed by stable isotope (C, O) analysis. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 212, 33-44.	3.0	25
124	Rapid adaptive evolution to drought in a subset of plant traits in a largeâ€scale climate change experiment. Ecology Letters, 2020, 23, 1643-1653.	6.4	25
125	Isotopic paleoecology (Î 13C, Î 18O) of a late Pleistocene vertebrate community from the Brazilian Intertropical Region. Revista Brasileira De Paleontologia, 2020, 23, 138-152.	0.4	25
126	Changes in ecosystems, climate and societies in the Jura Mountains between 40 and 8ÂkaÂcalÂBP. Quaternary International, 2015, 378, 40-72.	1.5	24

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127	Evidence for herbivorous cave bears (<i>Ursus spelaeus</i>) in Goyet Cave, Belgium: implications for palaeodietary reconstruction of fossil bears using amino acid \hat{l} ¹⁵ N approaches. Journal of Quaternary Science, 2016, 31, 598-606.	2.1	23
128	Collagen-to-collagen prey-predator isotopic enrichment (\hat{l} "13C, \hat{l} "15N) in terrestrial mammals - a case study of a subfossil red fox den. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2018, 490, 563-570.	2.3	23
129	Collagen stable isotopes provide insights into the end of the mammoth steppe in the central East European plains during the Epigravettian. Quaternary Research, 2018, 90, 457-469.	1.7	23
130	Preyâ€ŧoâ€fox isotopic enrichment of ³⁴ S in bone collagen: Implications for paleoecological studies. Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry, 2019, 33, 1311-1317.	1.5	21
131	Bone stable isotopic signatures (¹⁵ N, ¹⁸ O) as tracers of temperature variation during the Lateâ€glacial and early Holocene: case study on red deer <i>Cervus elaphus</i> from Rochedane (Jura, France). Geological Journal, 2009, 44, 593-604.	1.3	20
132	Ancestors of domestic cats in Neolithic Central Europe: Isotopic evidence of a synanthropic diet. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 17710-17719.	7.1	20
133	Fox dietary ecology as a tracer of human impact on Pleistocene ecosystems. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0235692.	2.5	20
134	Isotope evidence for paleodiet of late Upper Paleolithic humans in Great Britain: A response to Richards et al. (2005). Journal of Human Evolution, 2006, 51, 440-442.	2.6	19
135	Isotopes stables (13C, 15N) du collagà ne des mammouths de Mezhyrich (Epigravettien, Ukraine)Â: implications palà ©oà ©cologiques. Anthropologie, 2014, 118, 504-517.	0.4	19
136	Dietary interpretations for extinct megafauna using coprolites, intestinal contents and stable isotopes: Complimentary or contradictory?. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2016, 142, 173-178.	3.0	19
137	An overview of methods used for the detection of aquatic resource consumption by humans: Compound-specific delta N-15 analysis of amino acids in archaeological materials. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2016, 6, 720-732.	0.5	19
138	Heavy reliance on plants for Romanian cave bears evidenced by amino acid nitrogen isotope analysis. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 6612.	3.3	19
139	Extinction ofÂendemic vertebrates onÂislands: The case ofÂtheÂgiant rat CanariomysÂbravoi (Mammalia,) Tj ETC	Qq1,10.78	84314 rgBT 18
140	Grotte Chauvet (ArdÃ"che, France): A "natural experimentâ€for bone diagenesis in karstic context. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2008, 266, 220-226.	2.3	18
141	Systematics and phylogeny of middle Miocene Cervidae (Mammalia) from Mae Moh Basin (Thailand) and a paleoenvironmental estimate using enamel isotopy of sympatric herbivore species. Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology, 2014, 34, 179-194.	1.0	18
142	Late Pleistocene paleoecology and phylogeography of woolly rhinoceroses. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2021, 263, 106993.	3.0	18
143	Reconstructing Neanderthal diet: The case for carbohydrates. Journal of Human Evolution, 2022, 162, 103105.	2.6	18
144	Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes Suggest a Single Major Dispersal of Non-Africans and a Late Glacial Population Turnover in Europe. Current Biology, 2016, 26, 557-561.	3.9	17

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145	Palaeoenvironmental and Archaeological Implications of Isotopic Analyses (¹³ C,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843	314 rgBT /0 1.2	Overlock 10 16
146	South American giant short-faced bear (Arctotherium angustidens) diet: evidence from pathology, morphology, stable isotopes, and biomechanics. Journal of Paleontology, 2014, 88, 1240-1250.	0.8	15
147	Feeding a third millennium BC mega-site: Bioarchaeological analyses of palaeodiet and dental disease at MarroquÃes (Jaén, Spain). Journal of Anthropological Archaeology, 2018, 52, 23-43.	1.6	15
148	Out of Africa by spontaneous migration waves. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0201998.	2.5	15
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