Josef Anrather

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2618946/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

43 papers

7,550 citations

201575 27 h-index 35 g-index

44 all docs 44 docs citations

44 times ranked 11271 citing authors

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Inflammation and Immune Response. , 2022, , 117-128.e5. | | 2 |
| 2 | Role of microglial and endothelial CD36 in post-ischemic inflammasome activation and interleukin-11²-induced endothelial activation. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 95, 489-501. | 2.0 | 17 |
| 3 | Stroke affects intestinal immune cell trafficking to the central nervous system. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 96, 295-302. | 2.0 | 34 |
| 4 | Effects of COVID-19 on the Nervous System. Cell, 2020, 183, 16-27.e1. | 13.5 | 526 |
| 5 | Endothelium-Macrophage Crosstalk Mediates Blood-Brain Barrier Dysfunction in Hypertension. Hypertension, 2020, 76, 795-807. | 1.3 | 91 |
| 6 | Tau induces PSD95–neuronal NOS uncoupling and neurovascular dysfunction independent of neurodegeneration. Nature Neuroscience, 2020, 23, 1079-1089. | 7.1 | 78 |
| 7 | tPA Deficiency Underlies Neurovascular Coupling Dysfunction by Amyloid-β. Journal of Neuroscience, 2020, 40, 8160-8173. | 1.7 | 33 |
| 8 | Distinct Commensal Bacterial Signature in the Gut Is Associated With Acute and Long-Term Protection From Ischemic Stroke. Stroke, 2020, 51, 1844-1854. | 1.0 | 60 |
| 9 | Immune responses to stroke: mechanisms, modulation, and therapeutic potential. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2020, 130, 2777-2788. | 3.9 | 344 |
| 10 | AGO CLIP Reveals an Activated Network for Acute Regulation of Brain Glutamate Homeostasis in Ischemic Stroke. Cell Reports, 2019, 28, 979-991.e6. | 2.9 | 20 |
| 11 | Th17 and Cognitive Impairment: Possible Mechanisms of Action. Frontiers in Neuroanatomy, 2019, 13, 95. | 0.9 | 81 |
| 12 | Dietary salt promotes cognitive impairment through tau phosphorylation. Nature, 2019, 574, 686-690. | 13.7 | 140 |
| 13 | Ablation of nasal-associated lymphoid tissue does not affect focal ischemic brain injury in mice. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0205470. | 1.1 | 5 |
| 14 | Diverse Inflammatory Response After Cerebral Microbleeds Includes Coordinated Microglial Migration and Proliferation. Stroke, 2018, 49, 1719-1726. | 1.0 | 53 |
| 15 | Endogenous Protection from Ischemic Brain Injury by Preconditioned Monocytes. Journal of Neuroscience, 2018, 38, 6722-6736. | 1.7 | 57 |
| 16 | Abstract 149: CD36 in Perivascular Macrophages Contributes to Neurovascular and Cognitive Dysfunction and Amyloid Angiopathy in Mice Overexpressing the Alzheimer Al 2 Peptide. Stroke, 2018, 49, . | 1.0 | 2 |
| 17 | Abstract TMP94: Dietary Salt Impairs Cognitive Function Through Suppression of Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthesis and Hippocampal BDNF Signaling. Stroke, 2018, 49, . | 1.0 | O |
| 18 | Size-selective opening of the blood–brain barrier by targeting endothelial sphingosine 1–phosphate receptor 1. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 4531-4536. | 3.3 | 167 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Brain Perivascular Macrophages Initiate the Neurovascular Dysfunction of Alzheimer A \hat{l}^2 Peptides. Circulation Research, 2017, 121, 258-269. | 2.0 | 159 |
| 20 | Microbiota differences between commercial breeders impacts the post-stroke immune response. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2017, 66, 23-30. | 2.0 | 58 |
| 21 | Brain perivascular macrophages: characterization and functional roles in health and disease. Journal of Molecular Medicine, 2017, 95, 1143-1152. | 1.7 | 143 |
| 22 | Inflammation and Stroke: An Overview. Neurotherapeutics, 2016, 13, 661-670. | 2.1 | 631 |
| 23 | Spatio-temporal profile, phenotypic diversity, and fate of recruited monocytes into the post-ischemic brain. Journal of Neuroinflammation, 2016, 13, 285. | 3.1 | 83 |
| 24 | Commensal microbiota affects ischemic stroke outcome by regulating intestinal $\hat{I}^3\hat{I}$ T cells. Nature Medicine, 2016, 22, 516-523. | 15.2 | 770 |
| 25 | Endothelial CD36 Contributes to Postischemic Brain Injury by Promoting Neutrophil Activation via CSF3. Journal of Neuroscience, 2015, 35, 14783-14793. | 1.7 | 48 |
| 26 | The Myelin and Lymphocyte Protein MAL Is Required for Binding and Activity of Clostridium perfringens $\hat{l}\mu$ -Toxin. PLoS Pathogens, 2015, 11, e1004896. | 2.1 | 69 |
| 27 | The ubiquitin ligase HERC3 attenuates NF-κB-dependent transcription independently of its enzymatic activity by delivering the RelA subunit for degradation. Nucleic Acids Research, 2015, 43, gkv1064. | 6.5 | 26 |
| 28 | Immune interventions in stroke. Nature Reviews Neurology, 2015, 11, 524-535. | 4.9 | 296 |
| 29 | SUMO2/3 is Associated with Ubiquitinated Protein Aggregates in the Mouse Neocortex after Middle Cerebral Artery Occlusion. Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism, 2015, 35, 1-5. | 2.4 | 35 |
| 30 | Inducible Nitric Oxide Synthase in Neutrophils and Endothelium Contributes to Ischemic Brain Injury in Mice. Journal of Immunology, 2014, 193, 2531-2537. | 0.4 | 112 |
| 31 | Biological Networks in Ischemic Tolerance — Rethinking the Approach to Clinical Conditioning. Translational Stroke Research, 2013, 4, 114-129. | 2.3 | 18 |
| 32 | Lipoprotein Receptor–Related Protein-6 Protects the Brain From Ischemic Injury. Stroke, 2013, 44, 2284-2291. | 1.0 | 25 |
| 33 | Phospholipases A2 (PLA2) and cyclooxygenase 1 (COXâ€1) are critical for angiotensin II (Angâ€II)â€Induced reactive oxygen species (ROS) production and Lâ€type Ca2+ current in subfornical organ (SFO) neurons. FASEB Journal, 2012, 26, . | 0.2 | 0 |
| 34 | The immunology of stroke: from mechanisms to translation. Nature Medicine, 2011, 17, 796-808. | 15.2 | 2,006 |
| 35 | Reply to: Mannose-binding lectinâ€"the forgotten molecule?. Nature Medicine, 2011, 17, 1548-1548. | 15.2 | 0 |
| 36 | Purinergic Signaling Induces Cyclooxygenase-1-Dependent Prostanoid Synthesis in Microglia: Roles in the Outcome of Excitotoxic Brain Injury. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e25916. | 1.1 | 30 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Cyclooxygenase (COX)â€1 derived prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) acting on its type 1 receptor (EP1R) mediates slowâ€pressor angiotensinâ€II (AngII) hypertension. FASEB Journal, 2009, 23, 802.2. | 0.2 | O |
| 38 | Activation of angiotensin II (AngII) typeâ€⊋ receptors (AT2R) modulates voltageâ€gated Ca2+ currents in dorsomedial NTS (dmNTS) neurons through nitric oxide (NO). FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 1168.7. | 0.2 | 0 |
| 39 | Prostaglandin E2 typeâ€1 (EP1) receptors are required for the cerebrovascular dysfunction induced by angiotensin II (AngII). FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 1237.2. | 0.2 | 0 |
| 40 | NF-κB Regulates Phagocytic NADPH Oxidase by Inducing the Expression of gp91. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2006, 281, 5657-5667. | 1.6 | 333 |
| 41 | cis-Acting Element-specific Transcriptional Activity of Differentially Phosphorylated Nuclear Factor-κB. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2005, 280, 244-252. | 1.6 | 87 |
| 42 | EP1 receptors are responsible for COX-2 mediated neurotoxicity. Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism, 2005, 25, S424-S424. | 2.4 | 0 |
| 43 | Carbon Monoxide Generated by Heme Oxygenase 1 Suppresses Endothelial Cell Apoptosis. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2000, 192, 1015-1026. | 4.2 | 910 |