

Alison R Yung

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

399
papers

30,840
citations

85
h-index

166
g-index

467
ext. papers

35,109
ext. citations

4.9
avg, IF

7.08
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
399	Clinical and cost-effectiveness of social recovery therapy for the prevention and treatment of long-term social disability among young people with emerging severe mental illness (PRODIGY): randomised controlled trial.. <i>British Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 1-9	5.4	0
398	Outcomes for first-episode psychosis after entry via an at-risk mental state clinic compared to direct entry to a first episode of psychosis service: A systematic review and meta-analysis.. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 240, 214-219	3.6	0
397	Proportion and characteristics of young people in a first-episode psychosis clinic who first attended an at-risk mental state service or other specialist youth mental health service.. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 241, 94-101	3.6	1
396	Role of Diet in Depression in Young People: Recommendations for Implementation in Practice. <i>Psychiatric Annals</i> , 2022 , 52, 56-61	0.5	
395	The association of plasma inflammatory markers with omega-3 fatty acids and their mediating role in psychotic symptoms and functioning: An analysis of the NEURAPRO clinical trial. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2022 , 99, 147-156	16.6	0
394	A review of economic evaluations of health care for people at risk of psychosis and for first-episode psychosis.. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 22, 126	4.2	0
393	Staff perspectives on the barriers and facilitators to exercise implementation in inpatient mental health services: A qualitative study. <i>Mental Health and Physical Activity</i> , 2022 , 22, 100452	5	
392	After the acute crisis - engaging people with psychosis in rehabilitation-oriented care.. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 21, 246-247	14.4	0
391	The EMPOWER blended digital intervention for relapse prevention in schizophrenia: a feasibility cluster randomised controlled trial in Scotland and Australia.. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2022 , 9, 477-486	23.3	2
390	Pineal morphology of the clinical high-risk state for psychosis and different psychotic disorders.. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2022 , 244, 1-7	3.6	
389	Digital smartphone intervention to recognise and manage early warning signs in schizophrenia to prevent relapse: the EMPOWER feasibility cluster RCT. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2022 , 26, 1-174	4.4	0
388	Intertwined associations between oxidative and nitrosative stress and endocannabinoid system pathways: Relevance for neuropsychiatric disorders. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 110481	5.5	0
387	Omega-3 fatty acids and neurocognitive ability in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 874-881	3.3	3
386	Early persistence of psychotic-like experiences in a community sample of adolescents. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 1575-1583	3.3	2
385	Cannabidiol for at risk for psychosis youth: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 ,	3.3	4
384	Preventive interventions for individuals at ultra high risk for psychosis: An updated and extended meta-analysis. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2021 , 86, 102005	10.8	9
383	Association of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Measures With Psychosis Onset in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Developing Psychosis: An ENIGMA Working Group Mega-analysis. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 78, 753-766	14.5	17

382	Prediction of clinical outcomes beyond psychosis in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 642-651	3.3	4
381	The reality of at risk mental state services: a response to recent criticisms. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021 , 51, 212-218	6.9	14
380	Combined individual and family therapy in comparison to treatment as usual for people at-risk of psychosis: A feasibility study (IF CBT): Trial rationale, methodology and baseline characteristics. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 140-148	3.3	5
379	Intervention strategies for ultra-high risk for psychosis: Progress in delaying the onset and reducing the impact of first-episode psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 228, 344-356	3.6	3
378	Greater preference for eveningness is associated with negative symptoms in an ultra-high risk for psychosis sample. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 1793-1798	3.3	1
377	Investigation of structural brain correlates of neurological soft signs in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 271, 1475-1485	5.1	
376	Examining the feasibility, acceptability, validity and reliability of physical activity, sedentary behaviour and sleep measures in people with schizophrenia. <i>Mental Health and Physical Activity</i> , 2021 , 21, 100415	5	0
375	Patients', carers' and clinicians' attitudes towards alternative terms to describe the at-risk for psychosis state. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 237, 69-75	3.6	0
374	The association between migrant status and transition in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 56, 943-952	4.5	0
373	Prevalence of Major Cardiovascular Disease Events Among People Diagnosed With Schizophrenia Who Have Sleep Disturbance, Sedentary Behavior, or Muscular Weakness.. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , 2021 , 2, sgaa069	2.2	1
372	Transdiagnostic clinical staging in youth mental health: a first international consensus statement. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 19, 233-242	14.4	61
371	The value of early intervention in creating the new mental health system: Response to Allison et al. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 54, 667-669	2.6	4
370	Do schizotypal or borderline personality disorders predict onset of psychotic disorder or persistent attenuated psychotic symptoms in patients at high clinical risk?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 220, 275-277	3.6	2
369	Cognitive functioning in ultra-high risk for psychosis individuals with and without depression: Secondary analysis of findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 218, 48-54	3.6	4
368	Commentary: Preventive Treatments for Psychosis: Umbrella Review (Just the Evidence). <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 11, 488	5	2
367	At-risk mental states 2020 , 47-57		3
366	Impaired olfactory ability associated with larger left hippocampus and rectus volumes at earliest stages of schizophrenia: A sign of neuroinflammation?. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2020 , 289, 112909	9.9	2
365	Early Signs Monitoring to Prevent Relapse in Psychosis and Promote Well-Being, Engagement, and Recovery: Protocol for a Feasibility Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial Harnessing Mobile Phone Technology Blended With Peer Support. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2020 , 9, e15058	2	13

364	Evidence for preventive treatments in young patients at clinical high risk of psychosis: the need for context. <i>Lancet Psychiatry, the</i> , 2020 , 7, 378-380	23.3	8
363	Basic symptoms in young people at ultra-high risk of psychosis: Association with clinical characteristics and outcomes. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 255-261	3.6	8
362	Evidence-based guidelines for the pharmacological treatment of schizophrenia: Updated recommendations from the British Association for Psychopharmacology. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2020 , 34, 3-78	4.6	85
361	Handgrip Strength Is Associated With Hippocampal Volume and White Matter Hyperintensities in Major Depression and Healthy Controls: A UK Biobank Study. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2020 , 82, 39-46	3.7	15
360	Trajectories of symptom severity and functioning over a three-year period in a psychosis high-risk sample: A secondary analysis of the Neurapro trial. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2020 , 124, 103527	5.2	7
359	Distress related to psychotic symptoms in individuals at high risk of psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 66-73	3.6	8
358	Comorbidity rates of depression and anxiety in first episode psychosis: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 322-329	3.6	16
357	Terminology and assessment tools of psychosis: A systematic narrative review. <i>Psychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences</i> , 2020 , 74, 226-246	6.2	15
356	Duration of Untreated Psychosis: Getting Both the Timing and the Sample Right. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 177, 1183	11.9	5
355	Multiple lifestyle factors and depressed mood: a cross-sectional and longitudinal analysis of the UK Biobank (N = 84,860). <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2020 , 18, 354	11.4	12
354	Antipsychotic medication versus psychological intervention versus a combination of both in adolescents with first-episode psychosis (MAPS): a multicentre, three-arm, randomised controlled pilot and feasibility study. <i>Lancet Psychiatry, the</i> , 2020 , 7, 788-800	23.3	23
353	Transcending false dichotomies and diagnostic silos to reduce disease burden in mental disorders. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 55, 1095-1103	4.5	6
352	Does cortical brain morphology act as a mediator between childhood trauma and transition to psychosis in young individuals at ultra-high risk?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 224, 116-125	3.6	2
351	Validation of the Dutch version of the Multidimensional Adolescent Functioning Scale (MAFS). <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2020 , 18, 306	3	0
350	Examining healthcare professionals' beliefs and actions regarding the physical health of people with schizophrenia. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020 , 20, 771	2.9	2
349	The NEURAPRO Biomarker Analysis: Long-Chain Omega-3 Fatty Acids Improve 6-Month and 12-Month Outcomes in Youths at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 87, 243-252	7.9	22
348	Supplementation with the omega-3 long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids: Changes in the concentrations of omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipids of people at ultra high risk of developing psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 52-60	3.6	0
347	The prognostic significance of attenuated psychotic symptoms in help-seeking youth. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 277-283	3.6	4

346	Comparison of erythrocyte omega-3 index, fatty acids and molecular phospholipid species in people at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis and healthy people. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 226, 44-51	3.6	14
345	33.1 ETHICAL ISSUES IN EARLY INTERVENTION. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, S143-S143	1.3	78
344	The relationship between childhood trauma and clinical characteristics in ultra-high risk for psychosis youth. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2019 , 11, 28-41	1.2	4
343	Importance of Variable Selection in Multimodal Prediction Models in Patients at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis and Recent-Onset Depression. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 76, 339	14.5	7
342	The Lancet Psychiatry Commission: a blueprint for protecting physical health in people with mental illness. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 6, 675-712	23.3	411
341	Study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of CBT vs antipsychotics vs both in 14-18-year-olds: Managing Adolescent first episode Psychosis: a Feasibility study (MAPS). <i>Trials</i> , 2019 , 20, 395	2.8	6
340	Relationship Between Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Psychopathology in the NEURAPRO Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 393	5	13
339	Perceived stress and psychosis: The effect of perceived stress on psychotic-like experiences in a community sample of adolescents. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1465-1469	3.3	11
338	Improving Mood with Physical ACTivity (IMPACT) trial: a cluster randomised controlled trial to determine the effectiveness of a brief physical activity behaviour change intervention on depressive symptoms in young people, compared with psychoeducation, in addition to routine clinical care within youth mental health services-a protocol study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e034002	3	1
337	Individualised prediction of psychosis in individuals meeting at-risk mental state (ARMS) criteria: protocol for a systematic review of clinical prediction models. <i>Diagnostic and Prognostic Research</i> , 2019 , 3, 21	5.5	2
336	Neurocognition as a predictor of transition to psychotic disorder and functional outcomes in ultra-high risk participants: Findings from the NEURAPRO randomized clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 67-74	3.6	25
335	Persistent negative symptoms in individuals at Ultra High Risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 355-361	3.6	24
334	Longitudinal Cognitive Performance in Individuals at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychosis: A 10-year Follow-up. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, 1101-1111	1.3	13
333	Can youth at high risk of illness progression be identified by measures of rumination and sleep-wake disturbance. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 1214-1219	3.3	6
332	More frequent lithium testing in UK Primary Care associates with a lower hospital admission rate for bipolar disorder-What this can tell us about GP practice engagement with this group. <i>International Journal of Clinical Practice</i> , 2019 , 73, e13277	2.9	1
331	Perceptual abnormalities in an ultra-high risk for psychosis population relationship to trauma and co-morbid disorder. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 231-240	3.3	4
330	Exploring functional impairment in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis: A qualitative study. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019 , 13, 789-797	3.3	5
329	Antipsychotic drugs versus cognitive behavioural therapy versus a combination of both in people with psychosis: a randomised controlled pilot and feasibility study. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 5, 411-423	23.3	35

328	Grip Strength Is Associated With Cognitive Performance in Schizophrenia and the General Population: A UK Biobank Study of 476559 Participants. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, 728-736	1.3	47
327	Association Between Muscular Strength and Cognition in People With Major Depression or Bipolar Disorder and Healthy Controls. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 75, 740-746	14.5	33
326	Adjunctive nutrients in first-episode psychosis: A systematic review of efficacy, tolerability and neurobiological mechanisms. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 774-783	3.3	11
325	Clinical trajectories in the ultra-high risk for psychosis population. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 197, 550-556	3.6	34
324	Monitoring of physical health in services for young people at ultra-high risk of psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 153-159	3.3	19
323	Long-term maintenance and effects of exercise in early psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 578-585	3.3	15
322	Exercise as an intervention for first-episode psychosis: a feasibility study. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 307-315	3.3	66
321	The Ultra-High-Risk for psychosis groups: Evidence to maintain the status quo. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 195, 543-548	3.6	20
320	The Validity and Value of Self-reported Physical Activity and Accelerometry in People With Schizophrenia: A Population-Scale Study of the UK Biobank. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2018 , 44, 1293-1300	1.3	52
319	Dynamic prediction of transition to psychosis using joint modelling. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 333-340	3.6	13
318	Stand-alone cognitive behavioural therapy is not in clinical equipoise with antipsychotic treatment - Author's reply. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 5, 540-541	23.3	
317	Enhancing social functioning in young people at Ultra High Risk (UHR) for psychosis: A pilot study of a novel strengths and mindfulness-based online social therapy. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 202, 369-377	3.6	53
316	Women with schizophrenia are at increased risk of breast cancer. <i>Evidence-Based Mental Health</i> , 2018 , 21, e13	11.1	
315	The role of coping in the association between subclinical psychotic experiences and functioning: A within study replication in two independent adolescent samples. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 201, 91-97	3.6	8
314	Ultra-high risk phase: A missed opportunity for physical health care. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 267-268	3.3	2
313	Pre-onset risk characteristics for mania among young people at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 192, 345-350	3.6	2
312	Investigating the Agreement Between Cardiovascular Disease Risk Calculators Among People Diagnosed With Schizophrenia. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 9, 685	5	5
311	Diet as a hot topic in psychiatry: a population-scale study of nutritional intake and inflammatory potential in severe mental illness. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 17, 365-367	14.4	58

310	A systematic review of the nature and correlates of sleep disturbance in early psychosis. <i>Sleep Medicine Reviews</i> , 2017 , 31, 25-38	10.2	75
309	Changes in metabolic parameters in patients with severe mental illness over a 10-year period: A retrospective cohort study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 51, 75-82	2.6	10
308	Examining the association between social cognition and functioning in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 51, 83-92	2.6	22
307	NEURAPRO-E study protocol: a multicentre randomized controlled trial of omega-3 fatty acids and cognitive-behavioural case management for patients at ultra high risk of schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2017 , 11, 418-428	3.3	40
306	Borderline personality pathology in young people at ultra high risk of developing a psychotic disorder. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2017 , 11, 208-214	3.3	17
305	Longitudinal determinants of client treatment satisfaction in an intensive first-episode psychosis treatment programme. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2017 , 11, 354-362	3.3	4
304	Prolonged duration of untreated psychosis: a problem that needs addressing. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2017 , 11, 263-268	3.3	14
303	The effects of vitamin and mineral supplementation on symptoms of schizophrenia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017 , 47, 1515-1527	6.9	43
302	The pro-cognitive mechanisms of physical exercise in people with schizophrenia. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2017 , 174, 3161-3172	8.6	33
301	Cannabis use and symptom severity in individuals at ultra high risk for psychosis: a meta-analysis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2017 , 136, 5-15	6.5	32
300	A pilot randomised controlled trial comparing antipsychotic medication, to cognitive behavioural therapy to a combination of both in people with psychosis: rationale, study design and baseline data of the COMPARE trial. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2017 , 9, 193-204	1.2	3
299	Treatment of people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 16, 207-208	14.4	19
298	Making Early Intervention more equitable. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 51, 534-535	2.6	
297	Challenges in implementing an exercise intervention within residential psychiatric care: A mixed methods study. <i>Mental Health and Physical Activity</i> , 2017 , 12, 141-146	5	12
296	Bipolar At-Risk Criteria: An Examination of Which Clinical Features Have Optimal Utility for Identifying Youth at Risk of Early Transition From Depression to Bipolar Disorders. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017 , 43, 737-744	1.3	31
295	Lifestyle factors may be linked to symptoms of metabolic syndrome in people at risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 183, 47-48	3.6	
294	Effect of Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids in Young People at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychotic Disorders: The NEURAPRO Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 74, 19-27	14.5	162
293	Examining the physical health and lifestyle of young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis: A qualitative study involving service users, parents and clinicians. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2017 , 255, 87-93	9.9	18

292	Prescribing in schizophrenia and psychosis: Increasing polypharmacy over time. <i>Human Psychopharmacology</i> , 2017 , 32, e2579	2.3	12
291	Gym rats: exercise reverses cognitive impairment in the phencyclidine rat model of schizophrenia. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2017 , 27, S72	1.2	
290	Long-term employment among people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 184, 26-31	3.6	19
289	Using clinical information to make individualized prognostic predictions in people at ultra high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 184, 32-38	3.6	44
288	Cannabis-induced attenuated psychotic symptoms: implications for prognosis in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017 , 47, 616-626	6.9	30
287	Metacognitive beliefs in the at-risk mental state: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2017 , 90, 25-31	5.2	30
286	Opening the Black Box of Cognitive-Behavioural Case Management in Clients with Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics</i> , 2017 , 86, 292-299	9.4	17
285	Prevention and treatment of long-term social disability amongst young people with emerging severe mental illness with social recovery therapy (The PRODIGY Trial): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2017 , 18, 315	2.8	11
284	A randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial of minocycline and/or omega-3 fatty acids added to treatment as usual for at-risk mental states (NAYAB): study protocol. <i>Trials</i> , 2017 , 18, 524	2.8	9
283	Aerobic Exercise Improves Cognitive Functioning in People With Schizophrenia: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017 , 43, 546-556	1.3	189
282	Implementing an innovative intervention to increase research capacity for enhancing early psychosis care in Indonesia. <i>Journal of Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing</i> , 2017 , 24, 671-680	2.4	7
281	Ventricular volumes across stages of schizophrenia and other psychoses. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 51, 1041-1051	2.6	13
280	Substance use in youth at risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 181, 23-29	3.6	32
279	Lithium suppression of tau induces brain iron accumulation and neurodegeneration. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2017 , 22, 396-406	15.1	46
278	Neuroanatomical Predictors of Functional Outcome in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017 , 43, 449-458	1.3	15
277	Mobile Phone Ownership and Endorsement of "mHealth" Among People With Psychosis: A Meta-analysis of Cross-sectional Studies. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2016 , 42, 448-55	1.3	213
276	Youth depression alleviation: the Fish Oil Youth Depression Study (YoDA-F): A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled treatment trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2016 , 10, 290-9	3.3	13
275	Physical health promotion for young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis: An application of the COM-B model and behaviour-change wheel. <i>International Journal of Mental Health Nursing</i> , 2016 , 25, 536-545	3.8	19

274	Moving beyond the weight-loss paradigm of exercise interventions for mental illness. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016 , 246, 392-393	9.9	4
273	Preferences and motivations for exercise in early psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2016 , 134, 83-4	6.5	18
272	Ecological momentary assessment and beyond: The rising interest in e-mental health research. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2016 , 80, 3-4	5.2	43
271	How much physical activity do people with schizophrenia engage in? A systematic review, comparative meta-analysis and meta-regression. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 176, 431-440	3.6	214
270	The Dark Side of the Moon: Meta-analytical Impact of Recruitment Strategies on Risk Enrichment in the Clinical High Risk State for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2016 , 42, 732-43	1.3	144
269	The effectiveness of simple psychological and physical activity interventions for high prevalence mental health problems in young people: A factorial randomised controlled trial. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2016 , 196, 200-9	6.6	40
268	Baseline grey matter volume of non-transitioned "ultra high risk" for psychosis individuals with and without attenuated psychotic symptoms at long-term follow-up. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 173, 152-158	3.6	31
267	Declining transition rates to psychotic disorder in "ultra-high risk" clients: Investigation of a dilution effect. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 170, 130-6	3.6	70
266	Are UHR patients who present with hallucinations alone at lower risk of transition to psychosis?. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016 , 235, 177-96	9.9	10
265	Do affective or dissociative symptoms mediate the association between childhood sexual trauma and transition to psychosis in an ultra-high risk cohort?. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016 , 236, 182-185	9.9	17
264	The effects and determinants of exercise participation in first-episode psychosis: a qualitative study. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 16, 36	4.2	44
263	Heterogeneity of Psychosis Risk Within Individuals at Clinical High Risk: A Meta-analytical Stratification. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 73, 113-20	14.5	270
262	How age and gender predict illness course in a first-episode nonaffective psychosis cohort. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 77, e283-9	4.6	16
261	Distress in relation to attenuated psychotic symptoms in the ultra-high-risk population is not associated with increased risk of psychotic disorder. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2016 , 10, 258-62	3.3	12
260	Physical health promotion in people with schizophrenia: why we should consider the ultra high-risk state. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2016 , 133, 166-167	6.5	
259	Adulthood revictimization: looking beyond childhood trauma. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2016 , 134, 368	6.5	10
258	Psychotic experiences and their significance. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 15, 130-1	14.4	22
257	Motivating factors and barriers towards exercise in severe mental illness: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2016 , 46, 2869-2881	6.9	221

256	Cardiometabolic risk factors in young people at ultra-high risk for psychosis: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 170, 290-300	3.6	58
255	Further examination of the reducing transition rate in ultra high risk for psychosis samples: The possible role of earlier intervention. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016 , 174, 43-49	3.6	38
254	Social cognition in multiple sclerosis: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016 , 87, 1727-1736	3.6	91
253	Can an Internet-based intervention reduce suicidal ideation, depression and hopelessness among secondary school students: results from a pilot study. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2016 , 10, 28-35	3.3	52
252	Discrete alterations of brain network structural covariance in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2015 , 77, 989-96	7.9	38
251	A qualitative study of the prodrome to first-episode major depressive disorder in adolescents. <i>Psychopathology</i> , 2015 , 48, 153-61	3.4	5
250	Transitions Study of predictors of illness progression in young people with mental ill health: study methodology. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2015 , 9, 38-47	3.3	24
249	Declining transition rates to psychosis: the contribution of potential changes in referral pathways to an ultra-high-risk service. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2015 , 9, 200-6	3.3	48
248	Childhood trauma and functional disability in psychosis, bipolar disorder and borderline personality disorder: a review of the literature. <i>Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine</i> , 2015 , 32, 21-30	3	34
247	Self reported rates of criminal offending and victimization in young people at-risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015 , 166, 55-9	3.6	12
246	Outcomes of nontransitioned cases in a sample at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2015 , 172, 249-58	11.9	184
245	The relationship between personality traits and psychotic like experiences in a large non-clinical adolescent sample. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2015 , 73, 92-97	3.3	6
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