Philip J Gage

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

236612 454577 3,085 38 25 30 citations h-index g-index papers 40 40 40 3223 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Oculomotor nerve guidance and terminal branching requires interactions with differentiating extraocular muscles. Developmental Biology, 2021, 476, 272-281.	0.9	4
2	Foxc1 and Foxc2 in the Neural Crest Are Required for Ocular Anterior Segment Development., 2017, 58, 1368.		62
3	A targeted approach to genome-wide studies reveals new genetic associations with central corneal thickness. Molecular Vision, 2017, 23, 952-962.	1.1	5
4	AP- $2\hat{l}^2$ Is a Downstream Effector of PITX2 Required to Specify Endothelium and Establish Angiogenic Privilege During Corneal Development., 2016, 57, 1072.		28
5	Heterozygous <i>Pitx2</i> Null Mice Accurately Recapitulate the Ocular Features of Axenfeld-Rieger Syndrome and Congenital Glaucoma., 2016, 57, 5023.		46
6	$\hat{l}^2\text{-catenin}$ is required in the neural crest and mesencephalon for pituitary gland organogenesis. BMC Developmental Biology, 2016, 16, 16.	2.1	25
7	Mouse Models for the Dissection of CHD7 Functions in Eye Development and the Molecular Basis for Ocular Defects in CHARGE Syndrome., 2015, 56, 7923.		26
8	The homeodomain transcription factor PITX2 is required for specifying correct cell fates and establishing angiogenic privilege in the developing cornea. Developmental Dynamics, 2014, 243, 1391-1400.	0.8	50
9	Mutation of FOXC1 and PITX2 induces cerebral small-vessel disease. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2014, 124, 4877-4881.	3.9	105
10	FGF9–Pitx2–FGF10 signaling controls cecal formation in mice. Developmental Biology, 2012, 369, 340-348.	0.9	29
11	Pitx2 is an upstream activator of extraocular myogenesis and survival. Developmental Biology, 2011, 349, 395-405.	0.9	58
12	Shroom3 and a Pitx2-N-cadherin pathway function cooperatively to generate asymmetric cell shape changes during gut morphogenesis. Developmental Biology, 2011, 357, 227-234.	0.9	51
13	Canonical Wnt/βâ€catenin signaling is required for maintenance but not activation of <i>Pitx2</i> expression in neural crest during eye development. Developmental Dynamics, 2010, 239, 3215-3225.	0.8	35
14	AP- $2\hat{l}_{\pm}$ knockout mice exhibit optic cup patterning defects and failure of optic stalk morphogenesis. Human Molecular Genetics, 2010, 19, 1791-1804.	1.4	72
15	Human PRKC Apoptosis WT1 Regulator Is a Novel PITX2-interacting Protein That Regulates PITX2 Transcriptional Activity in Ocular Cells. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2009, 284, 34829-34838.	1.6	23
16	Signaling "crossâ€ŧalk―is integrated by transcription factors in the development of the anterior segment in the eye. Developmental Dynamics, 2009, 238, 2149-2162.	0.8	61
17	The canonical Wnt signaling antagonist DKK2 is an essential effector of PITX2 function during normal eye development. Developmental Biology, 2008, 317, 310-324.	0.9	115
18	Myocardial Pitx2 Differentially Regulates the Left Atrial Identity and Ventricular Asymmetric Remodeling Programs. Circulation Research, 2008, 102, 813-822.	2.0	88

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19	Sequential expression and redundancy of Pitx2 and Pitx3 genes during muscle development. Developmental Biology, 2007, 307, 421-433.	0.9	77
20	Pitx2 regulates cardiac left–right asymmetry by patterning second cardiac lineage-derived myocardium. Developmental Biology, 2006, 296, 437-449.	0.9	110
21	Expression of Pitx2 in stromal cells is required for normal hematopoiesis. Blood, 2006, 107, 492-500.	0.6	31
22	Hematopoiesis following disruption of the Pitx2 homeodomain gene. Experimental Hematology, 2006, 34, 167-178.	0.2	7
23	Nestin-Cre mediated deletion ofPitx2 in the mouse. Genesis, 2006, 44, 336-344.	0.8	41
24	Extraocular Muscle Morphogenesis and Gene Expression Are Regulated byPitx2Gene Dose., 2006, 47, 1785.		94
25	Functional interactions between FOXC1 and PITX2 underlie the sensitivity to FOXC1 gene dose in Axenfeld \hat{a} e Rieger syndrome and anterior segment dysgenesis. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 905-919.	1.4	137
26	Tbx1 affects asymmetric cardiac morphogenesis by regulating Pitx2 in the secondary heart field. Development (Cambridge), 2006, 133, 1565-1573.	1.2	132
27	Reduced Human and Murine Corneal Thickness in an Axenfeld-Rieger Syndrome Subtype. , 2006, 47, 4905.		26
28	Fate Maps of Neural Crest and Mesoderm in the Mammalian Eye., 2005, 46, 4200.		326
29	Expression of the homeobox gene Pitx2 in neural crest is required for optic stalk and ocular anterior segment development. Human Molecular Genetics, 2005, 14, 3347-3359.	1.4	202
30	PITX Genes Are Required for Cell Survival and Lhx3 Activation. Molecular Endocrinology, 2005, 19, 1893-1903.	3.7	128
31	Transgenic Mice Expressing Cre-Recombinase Specifically in M- or S-Cone Photoreceptors. , 2004, 45, 42.		29
32	PITX2 is required for normal development of neurons in the mouse subthalamic nucleus and midbrain. Developmental Biology, 2004, 267, 93-108.	0.9	94
33	Characterization of mouse orthologue of ELOVL4: genomic organization and spatial and temporal expression. Genomics, 2004, 83, 626-635.	1.3	86
34	Pitx2 Distinguishes Subtypes of Terminally Differentiated Neurons in the Developing Mouse	0.9	59
	Neuroepithelium. Developmental Biology, 2002, 252, 84-99.		
35	Neuroepithelium. Developmental Biology, 2002, 252, 84-99. <i>Pitx2</i> is required at multiple stages of pituitary organogenesis: pituitary primordium formation and cell specification. Development (Cambridge), 2002, 129, 329-337.	1.2	168

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37	The bicoid -related Pitx gene family in development. Mammalian Genome, 1999, 10, 197-200.	1.0	148
38	Pituitary homeobox 2, a novel member of the bicoid-related family of homeobox genes, is a potential regulator of anterior structure formation. Human Molecular Genetics, 1997, 6, 457-464.	1.4	243