

Farzad Hadaegh

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

247
papers

4,343
citations

35
h-index

56
g-index

268
ext. papers

5,223
ext. citations

4.1
avg. IF

5.64
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
247	Contribution of obesity and cardiometabolic risk factors in developing cardiovascular disease: a population-based cohort study.. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022 , 12, 1544	4.9	1
246	Sex differences in the association between diabetes and hypertension and the risk of stroke: cohort of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study.. <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , 2022 , 13, 10	9.3	0
245	Improvement of glycemic indices by a hypocaloric legume-based DASH diet in adults with type 2 diabetes: a randomized controlled trial.. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 1	5.2	0
244	Long delay in diagnosis of a case with MEN1 due to concomitant presence of AIMAH with insulinoma: a case report and literature review.. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2022 , 22, 108	3.3	0
243	Effect of legumes in energy reduced dietary approaches to stop hypertension (DASH) diet on blood pressure among overweight and obese type 2 diabetic patients: a randomized controlled trial.. <i>Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome</i> , 2022 , 14, 72	5.6	0
242	The effect of TCF7L2 polymorphisms on inflammatory markers after 16 weeks of legume-based dietary approach to stop hypertension (DASH) diet versus a standard DASH diet: a randomised controlled trial.. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2022 , 19, 35	4.6	
241	Persistent hypercalcemia with similar familial Hypocalciuric hypercalcemia features: a case report and literature review. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2021 , 21, 220	3.3	
240	Diabetes, Hypertension, and Incidence of Chronic Kidney Disease: Is There any Multiplicative or Additive Interaction?. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 , 19, e101061	1.8	1
239	Sex Differences in Cumulative Exposure to Metabolic Risk Factors Before Hypertension Onset: The Cohort of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021 , 10, e021922	6.2	0
238	Clinical features, risk factors and a prediction model for in-hospital mortality among diabetic patients infected with COVID-19: data from a referral centre in Iran.. <i>Public Health</i> , 2021 , 202, 84-92	4	0
237	The role of different lipid measures for incident hypertension during more than 12 years follow-up: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1-32	3.6	0
236	Letter to the Editor Regarding "Nationwide Prevalence of Diabetes and Prediabetes and Associated Risk Factors Among Iranian Adults: Analysis of Data from PERSIAN Cohort Study". <i>Diabetes Therapy</i> , 2021 , 13, 217	3.6	1
235	Polypill cardiovascular and non-cardiovascular mortalities.. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders</i> , 2021 , 20, 2133-2134	2.5	
234	Live birth/parity number and the risk of incident hypertension among parous women during over 13 years of follow-up. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 23, 2000-2008	2.3	3
233	The association of parity/live birth number with incident type 2 diabetes among women: over 15 years of follow-up in The Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 378	2.9	
232	Iranian Endocrine Society Guidelines for Screening, Diagnosis, and Management of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 , 19, e107906	1.8	1
231	Prediction Models for Type 2 Diabetes Risk in the General Population: A Systematic Review of Observational Studies. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 , 19, e109206	1.8	1

230	Age and aging effects on blood pressure: 15 years follow-up of Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 23, 1205-1211	2.3	1
229	Macrosomia is a risk factor for incident maternal chronic kidney disease. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2021 , 21, 210	3.2	
228	Familial genetic and environmental risk profile and high blood pressure event: a prospective cohort of cardio-metabolic and genetic study. <i>Blood Pressure</i> , 2021 , 30, 196-204	1.7	3
227	Sex-specific incidence rates and risk factors for fracture: A 16-year follow-up from the Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Bone</i> , 2021 , 146, 115869	4.7	0
226	Impact of short- and long-term exposure to air pollution on blood pressure: A two-decade population-based study in Tehran. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2021 , 234, 113719	6.9	3
225	Genome-wide association study on blood pressure traits in the Iranian population suggests ZBED9 as a new locus for hypertension. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 11699	4.9	2
224	Metabolic risk factors among prediabetic individuals and the trajectory toward the diabetes incidence. <i>Journal of Diabetes</i> , 2021 , 13, 905-914	3.8	0
223	Long term prognostic implication of newly detected abnormal glucose tolerance among patients with stable cardiovascular disease: a population-based cohort study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 277	8.5	0
222	Multi-trajectories of lipid indices with incident cardiovascular disease, heart failure, and all-cause mortality: 23½years follow-up of two US cohort studies. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 286	8.5	2
221	Anthropometric indices and the risk of incident sudden cardiac death among adults with and without diabetes: over 15½years of follow-up in The Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome</i> , 2021 , 13, 82	5.6	0
220	The association of priori and posteriori dietary patterns with the risk of incident hypertension: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 44	8.5	5
219	Recurrence of a neuroendocrine tumor of adrenal origin: a case report with more than a decade follow-up. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2021 , 21, 9	3.3	
218	The risk and added values of the atherosclerotic cardiovascular risk enhancers on prediction of cardiovascular events: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 25	8.5	0
217	Number of parity/live birth(s) and cardiovascular disease among Iranian women and men: results of over 15 years of follow-up. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2021 , 21, 28	3.2	8
216	National trends in cardiovascular health metrics among Iranian adults using results of three cross-sectional STEPwise approaches to surveillance surveys. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 58	4.9	3
215	Adolescent metabolic syndrome and its components associations with incidence of type 2 diabetes in early adulthood: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome</i> , 2021 , 13, 1	5.6	8
214	The protective effect of obesity on mortality among those with (or without) CVD cannot be fully explained by collider-stratification bias. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2021 , 45, 918-919	5.5	1
213	The Role of Metabolic Syndrome and its Components in Incident Fracture: A 15-Year Follow-Up Among the Iranian Population. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 , 106, e1968-e1983	5.6	0

212	Sex specific trajectories of central adiposity, lipid indices, and glucose level with incident hypertension: 12 years Follow-up in Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 84	8.5	2
211	Sex- specific clustering of metabolic syndrome components and incidence of cardiovascular disease: A latent class analysis in a population-based cohort study. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2021 , 35, 107942	3.2	1
210	Trajectories of cardiovascular disease risk and their association with the incidence of cardiovascular events over 18 years of follow-up: The Tehran Lipid and Glucose study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 19, 309	8.5	0
209	Weight change and risk of cardiovascular disease among adults with type 2 diabetes: more than 14 years of follow-up in the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2021 , 20, 141	8.7	2
208	Contribution of obesity in increasing type 2 diabetes prevalence in Iranian urban and rural adults during recent decade. <i>Primary Care Diabetes</i> , 2021 , 15, 1052-1057	2.4	1
207	Sudden cardiac death among Iranian population: a two decades follow-up of Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 15720	4.9	0
206	Long-term glucose variability and incident cardiovascular diseases and all-cause mortality events in subjects with and without diabetes: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2021 , 178, 108942	7.4	1
205	Incidence and risk factors of severe non-proliferative/proliferative diabetic retinopathy: More than a decade follow up in the Tehran Lipids and Glucose Study. <i>Journal of Diabetes Investigation</i> , 2021 ,	3.9	2
204	High Incidence of Chronic Kidney Disease among Iranian Diabetic Adults: Using CKD-EPI and MDRD Equations for Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate. <i>Diabetes and Metabolism Journal</i> , 2021 , 45, 684-697	5	5
203	Dynamic prediction models improved the risk classification of type 2 diabetes compared with classical static models. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 140, 33-43	5.7	1
202	Comparison of radioiodine ablation rates between low high dose, and according to the surgeon's expertise in the low-risk group of differentiated thyroid cancer. <i>World Journal of Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2021 , 20, 17-22	0.6	
201	Wrist circumference as a novel predictor of transition from metabolically healthy to unhealthy phenotype in overweight/obese adults: a gender-stratified 15.5-year follow-up.. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 2276	4.1	0
200	Nasopharyngeal B-cell lymphoma with pan-hypopituitarism and oculomotor nerve palsy: a case report and review of the literature. <i>BMC Endocrine Disorders</i> , 2020 , 20, 163	3.3	4
199	Incorporating kidney disease measures into cardiovascular risk prediction: Development and validation in 9 million adults from 72 datasets. <i>EClinicalMedicine</i> , 2020 , 27, 100552	11.3	15
198	Bayesian joint modeling of ordinal longitudinal measurements and competing risks survival data for analysing Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Journal of Biopharmaceutical Statistics</i> , 2020 , 30, 689-703	1.3	1
197	Spousal metabolic risk factors and future cardiovascular events: A prospective cohort study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2020 , 298, 36-41	3.1	2
196	External validation of the European risk assessment tool for chronic cardio-metabolic disorders in a Middle Eastern population. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2020 , 18, 267	8.5	3
195	Multi-state analysis of hypertension and mortality: application of semi-Markov model in a longitudinal cohort study. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2020 , 20, 321	2.3	1

194	The external validity and performance of the no-laboratory American Diabetes Association screening tool for identifying undiagnosed type 2 diabetes among the Iranian population. <i>Primary Care Diabetes</i> , 2020 , 14, 672-677	2.4	1
193	Sex-specific clustering of metabolic risk factors and cancer risk: a longitudinal study in Iran. <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , 2020 , 11, 21	9.3	1
192	COVID-19 prognosis: what we know of the significance and prognostic value of liver-related laboratory parameters in SARS-CoV-2 infection. <i>Gastroenterology and Hepatology From Bed To Bench</i> , 2020 , 13, 313-320	1.2	1
191	Serum Thyroid Peroxidase Antibody Level and Incident Hypertension in Iranian Men: A Suggestion for the Role of Thyroid Autoimmunity. <i>Endocrine, Metabolic and Immune Disorders - Drug Targets</i> , 2020 , 20, 1711-1718	2.2	1
190	Diabetes Management during the COVID-19 Pandemic: An Iranian Expert Opinion Statement. <i>Archives of Iranian Medicine</i> , 2020 , 23, 564-567	2.4	4
189	Sex-Specific Incidence Rates and Risk Factors for Hypertension During 13 Years of Follow-up: The Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Global Heart</i> , 2020 , 15, 29	2.9	8
188	Spousal metabolic risk factors and incident hypertension: A longitudinal cohort study in Iran. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2020 , 22, 95-102	2.3	4
187	Sex-specific prevalence of coronary heart disease among Tehranian adult population across different glycemc status: Tehran lipid and glucose study, 2008-2011. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020 , 20, 1510	4.1	8
186	Sex Differences in Rates of Change and Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors Among Adults Who Did and Did Not Go On to Develop Diabetes: Two Decades of Follow-up From the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2020 , 43, 3061-3069	14.6	3
185	The impact of triglyceride-glucose index on incident cardiovascular events during 16 years of follow-up: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2020 , 19, 155	8.7	23
184	Trends in cardiovascular risk factors in diabetic patients in comparison to general population in Iran: findings from National Surveys 2007-2016. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 11724	4.9	6
183	Iranian general populationsPand health care providersPpreferences for benefits and harms of statin therapy for primary prevention of cardiovascular disease. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2020 , 20, 288	3.6	0
182	Trends of low physical activity among Iranian adolescents across urban and rural areas during 2006-2011. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 21318	4.9	2
181	Long-term effectiveness of a lifestyle intervention on the prevention of type 2 diabetes in a middle-income country. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 14173	4.9	3
180	Association of body mass index with life expectancy with and without cardiovascular disease. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020 , 44, 195-203	5.5	4
179	Change in glucose intolerance status and risk of incident cardiovascular disease: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2020 , 19, 41	8.7	8
178	Sex differences in the association between spousal metabolic risk factors with incidence of type 2 diabetes: a longitudinal study of the Iranian population. <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , 2019 , 10, 41	9.3	4
177	Metabolic health in the Middle East and north Africa. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 7, 866-879	18.1	44

176	Heritability of blood pressure traits in diverse populations: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2019 , 33, 775-785	2.6	6
175	Impact of temperature and air pollution on cardiovascular disease and death in Iran: A 15-year follow-up of Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019 , 661, 243-250	10.2	26
174	Incidence and associated risk factors for premature death in the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study cohort, Iran. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019 , 19, 719	4.1	4
173	Status of Hypertension in Tehran: Potential impact of the ACC/AHA 2017 and JNC7 Guidelines, 2012-2015. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 6382	4.9	13
172	Associations of marital status with diabetes, hypertension, cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality: A long term follow-up study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0215593	3.7	39
171	Body mass index trajectories from adolescent to young adult for incident high blood pressure and high plasma glucose. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0213828	3.7	12
170	National trends of pre-hypertension and hypertension among Iranian adolescents across urban and rural areas (2007-2011). <i>Biology of Sex Differences</i> , 2019 , 10, 15	9.3	6
169	Sex-specific clinical outcomes of impaired glucose status: A long follow-up from the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 26, 1080-1091	3.9	14
168	Sex specific impact of different obesity phenotypes on the risk of incident hypertension: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 16, 16	4.6	4
167	Application of Latent Class Analysis to Identify Metabolic Syndrome Components Patterns in adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 1572	4.9	8
166	Smoking habits and incidence of cardiovascular diseases in men and women: findings of a 12 year follow up among an urban Eastern-Mediterranean population. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019 , 19, 1042	4.1	5
165	Gestational diabetes mellitus in mothers and long term cardiovascular disease in both parents: Results of over a decade follow-up of the Iranian population. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019 , 288, 94-100	3.1	5
164	Sex-specific initiation rates of tobacco smoking and its determinants among adults from a Middle Eastern population: a cohort study. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019 , 64, 1345-1354	4	1
163	Impact of 3-year changes in fasting insulin and insulin resistance indices on incident hypertension: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 16, 76	4.6	6
162	Impaired fasting glucose prevalence surge among Iranian adolescents in a decade: The Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Pediatric Diabetes</i> , 2019 , 20, 1064-1071	3.6	1
161	Estimation and Validation of Dietary Nitrate and Nitrite Intake in Iranian Population. <i>Iranian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019 , 48, 162-170	0.7	3
160	Effect of Bedtime Melatonin Administration in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes: A Triple-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Randomized Trial. <i>Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research</i> , 2019 , 18, 258-268	1.1	3
159	Long-Term Effectiveness of a Lifestyle Intervention: A Pragmatic Community Trial to Prevent Metabolic Syndrome. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2019 , 56, 437-446	6.1	6

158	Cost effectiveness of different screening strategies for gestational diabetes mellitus screening: study protocol of a randomized community non-inferiority trial. <i>Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome</i> , 2019 , 11, 106	5.6	1
157	Non-invasive Risk Prediction Models in Identifying Undiagnosed Type 2 Diabetes or Predicting Future Incident Cases in the Iranian Population. <i>Archives of Iranian Medicine</i> , 2019 , 22, 116-124	2.4	3
156	Different Weight Histories and Risk of Incident Coronary Heart Disease and Stroke: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2018 , 7,	6	5
155	Diabetes and number of years of life lost with and without cardiovascular disease: a multi-state homogeneous semi-Markov model. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2018 , 55, 253-262	3.9	6
154	Total antioxidant capacity of the diet modulates the association between habitual nitrate intake and cardiovascular events:. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 15, 19	4.6	5
153	Impact of blood pressure, cholesterol and glucose in the association between adiposity measures and coronary heart disease and stroke among Iranian population. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 2060-2067	5.9	8
152	Trend of cardiovascular risk factors in the older Iranian population: 2002-2014. <i>Geriatrics and Gerontology International</i> , 2018 , 18, 130-137	2.9	14
151	Fasting plasma glucose is a stronger predictor of diabetes than triglyceride-glucose index, triglycerides/high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, and homeostasis model assessment of insulin resistance: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2018 , 55, 1067-1074	3.9	18
150	Optimum cutoff values of anthropometric indices of obesity for predicting hypertension: more than one decades of follow-up in an Iranian population. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2018 , 32, 838-848	2.6	6
149	New modified Friedewald formulae for estimating low-density lipoprotein cholesterol according to triglyceride levels: extraction and validation. <i>Endocrine</i> , 2018 , 62, 404-411	4	6
148	Abdominal obesity phenotypes and incident diabetes over 12 years of follow-up: The Tehran Lipid and glucose study. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2018 , 144, 17-24	7.4	9
147	Impact of 3-year changes in lipid parameters and their ratios on incident type 2 diabetes: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 15, 50	4.6	6
146	Cardiovascular mortality in a Western Asian country: results from the Iran Cohort Consortium. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e020303	3	12
145	Blood pressure components and incident cardiovascular disease and mortality events among Iranian adults with chronic kidney disease during over a decade long follow-up: a prospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2018 , 16, 230	8.5	0
144	Optimal cut-points of different anthropometric indices and their joint effect in prediction of type 2 diabetes: results of a cohort study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018 , 18, 691	4.1	9
143	Effects of Parenteral Vitamin D on the Biomarkers of the Endothelial Function in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes and Ischemic Heart Disease: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research</i> , 2018 , 17, 187-194	1.1	2
142	World Bank Income Group, Health Expenditure or Cardiometabolic Risk Factors? A Further Explanation of the Wide Gap in Cardiometabolic Mortality Between Worldwide Countries: An Ecological Study. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e59946	1.8	2
141	Tobacco Smoking: Findings from 20 Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e84738	1.8	8

140	Outcomes of a Longitudinal Population-based Cohort Study and Pragmatic Community Trial: Findings from 20 Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e84748	1.8	15
139	Serum Lipids During 20 Years in the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study: Prevalence, Trends and Impact on Non-Communicable Diseases. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e84750	1.8	8
138	Blood Pressure and Hypertension: Findings from 20 Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study (TLGS). <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e84769	1.8	3
137	Diabetes Mellitus: Findings from 20 Years of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 16, e84784	1.8	13
136	Is incident type 2 diabetes associated with cumulative excess weight and abdominal adiposity? Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2018 , 136, 134-142	7.4	1
135	Thyroid Dysfunction States and Incident Cardiovascular Events: The Tehran Thyroid Study. <i>Hormone and Metabolic Research</i> , 2018 , 50, e1	3.1	1
134	Thyroid Dysfunction States and Incident Cardiovascular Events: The Tehran Thyroid Study. <i>Hormone and Metabolic Research</i> , 2018 , 50, 37-43	3.1	8
133	Serum alkaline phosphatase and the risk of coronary heart disease, stroke and all-cause mortality: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e023735	3	11
132	Direct and indirect effects of central and general adiposity on cardiovascular diseases: The Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 25, 1170-1181	3.9	8
131	12-year trends in cardiovascular risk factors (2002-2005 through 2011-2014) in patients with cardiovascular diseases: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0195543	3.7	10
130	Mortality prediction of a body shape index versus traditional anthropometric measures in an Iranian population: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 33, 105-112	4.8	13
129	White rice intake and incidence of type-2 diabetes: analysis of two prospective cohort studies from Iran. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017 , 17, 133	4.1	38
128	A new look at risk patterns related to coronary heart disease incidence using survival tree analysis: 12 Years Longitudinal Study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 3237	4.9	7
127	Metabolic mediators of the impact of general and central adiposity measures on cardiovascular disease and mortality risks in older adults: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Geriatrics and Gerontology International</i> , 2017 , 17, 2017-2024	2.9	8
126	Vitamin C intake modify the impact of dietary nitrite on the incidence of type 2 diabetes: A 6-year follow-up in Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Nitric Oxide - Biology and Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 62, 24-31	5	12
125	Impact Of Hypertension versus Diabetes on Cardiovascular and All-cause Mortality in Iranian Older Adults: Results of 14 Years of Follow-up. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 14220	4.9	15
124	Predictors of early adulthood hypertension during adolescence: a population-based cohort study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017 , 17, 915	4.1	18
123	Application of survival tree analysis for exploration of potential interactions between predictors of incident chronic kidney disease: a 15-year follow-up study. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2017 , 15, 240	8.5	6

122	The association between changes in blood pressure components and incident cardiovascular diseases. <i>Blood Pressure</i> , 2017 , 26, 341-349	1.7	5
121	Exploring risk patterns for incident ischemic stroke during more than a decade of follow-up: A survival tree analysis. <i>Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine</i> , 2017 , 147, 29-36	6.9	7
120	Sex-specific clustering of metabolic risk factors and their association with incident cardiovascular diseases: A population-based prospective study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2017 , 263, 249-256	3.1	8
119	Sex-specific incidence rates and risk factors of premature cardiovascular disease. A long term follow up of the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017 , 227, 826-832	3.2	23
118	The hypertriglyceridemic waist and waist-to-height ratio phenotypes and chronic kidney disease: Cross-sectional and prospective investigations. <i>Obesity Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2017 , 11, 585-596	5.4	10
117	Determining the Factors Associated with Cardiovascular Disease Recurrence: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>The Journal of Tehran Heart Center</i> , 2017 , 12, 107-113	0.3	3
116	Anthropometric Indices as Predictors of Coronary Heart Disease Risk: Joint Modeling of Longitudinal Measurements and Time to Event. <i>Iranian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017 , 46, 1546-1554	0.7	4
115	Risk of Coronary Heart Events Based on Rose Angina Questionnaire and ECG Besides Diabetes and Other Metabolic Risk Factors: Results of a 10-Year Follow-up in Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>International Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2017 , 15, e42713	1.8	1
114	Screening for Dysglycemia: A Comment on Classification and Diagnosis of Diabetes in American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes-2016. <i>Archives of Iranian Medicine</i> , 2017 , 20, 389	2.4	5
113	Different Combinations of Glucose Tolerance and Blood Pressure Status and Incident Diabetes, Hypertension, and Chronic Kidney Disease. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2016 , 5,	6	16
112	Decision tree-based modelling for identification of potential interactions between type 2 diabetes risk factors: a decade follow-up in a Middle East prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016 , 6, e013336	3	12
111	Classification-based data mining for identification of risk patterns associated with hypertension in Middle Eastern population: A 12-year longitudinal study. <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2016 , 95, e4143	1.8	16
110	Nitrate and nitrite content of vegetables, fruits, grains, legumes, dairy products, meats and processed meats. <i>Journal of Food Composition and Analysis</i> , 2016 , 51, 93-105	4.1	103
109	The Impact of Oversampling with SMOTE on the Performance of 3 Classifiers in Prediction of Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Medical Decision Making</i> , 2016 , 36, 137-44	2.5	37
108	CVD-predictive performances of "a body shape index" versus simple anthropometric measures: Tehran lipid and glucose study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 55, 147-57	5.2	29
107	Incidence and risk factors of isolated systolic and diastolic hypertension: a 10 year follow-up of the Tehran Lipids and Glucose Study. <i>Blood Pressure</i> , 2016 , 25, 177-83	1.7	21
106	Added value of total serum nitrate/nitrite for prediction of cardiovascular disease in middle east caucasian residents in Tehran. <i>Nitric Oxide - Biology and Chemistry</i> , 2016 , 54, 60-6	5	13
105	A tutorial on variable selection for clinical prediction models: feature selection methods in data mining could improve the results. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 71, 76-85	5.7	85

104	Twelve-Year Cardiovascular and Mortality Risk in Relation to Smoking Habits in Type 2 Diabetic and Non-Diabetic Men: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0149780	3.7	11
103	Risk Factors for Incidence of Cardiovascular Diseases and All-Cause Mortality in a Middle Eastern Population over a Decade Follow-up: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0167623	3.7	55
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