

# Alexandra Sanches

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2562117/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

15  
papers

193  
citations

1163117

8  
h-index

1058476

14  
g-index

15  
all docs

15  
docs citations

15  
times ranked

266  
citing authors

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1  | Microsatellites loci isolated in the freshwater fish <i>Brycon hilarii</i> . <i>Molecular Ecology Notes</i> , 2006, 6, 1045-1046.  | 1.7 | 32        |
| 2  | Contribution of conservation genetics in assessing neotropical freshwater fish biodiversity. <i>Brazilian Journal of Biology</i> , 2008, 68, 1039-1050.  | 0.9 | 27        |
| 3  | Genetic evidence of population structuring in the neotropical freshwater fish <i>Brycon hilarii</i> (Valenciennes, 1850). <i>Brazilian Journal of Biology</i> , 2007, 67, 889-895.   | 0.9 | 25        |
| 4  | Initial description of the phylogeography, population structure and genetic diversity of Atlantic spotted dolphins from Brazil and the Caribbean, inferred from analyses of mitochondrial and nuclear DNA. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2013, 48, 263-270. | 1.3 | 23        |
| 5  | Genetic population structure of two migratory freshwater fish species ( <i>Brycon orthotaenia</i> and <i>T. ETQq1</i> ). <i>Latin American Journal of Aquatic Research</i> , 2012, 40, 177-186.  | 0.6 | 15        |
| 6  | Population genetic structure revealed by a school of the freshwater migratory fish, <i>Brycon hilarii</i> . <i>Latin American Journal of Aquatic Research</i> , 2012, 40, 408-417.   | 0.6 | 14        |
| 7  | Illegal hunting cases detected with molecular forensics in Brazil. <i>Investigative Genetics</i> , 2012, 3, 17.  | 3.3 | 14        |
| 8  | Wildlife forensic DNA and lowland tapir ( <i>Tapirus terrestris</i> ) poaching. <i>Conservation Genetics Resources</i> , 2011, 3, 189-193.   | 0.8 | 13        |
| 9  | Microsatellite loci isolated from the lowland tapir ( <i>Tapirus terrestris</i> ), one of the largest Neotropical mammal. <i>Conservation Genetics Resources</i> , 2009, 1, 115.   | 0.8 | 7         |
| 10 | Isolation and characterization of microsatellite loci for white-lipped peccaries ( <i>Tayassu pecari</i> ) and cross-amplification in collared peccaries ( <i>Pecari tajacu</i> ). <i>Conservation Genetics Resources</i> , 2011, 3, 151-154.                              | 0.8 | 6         |
| 11 | Sex identification of the extant mega mammal, the lowland tapir, <i>Tapirus terrestris</i> (Tapiridae). <i>Conservation Genetics Resources</i> , 2017, 9, 17-19.   | 0.8 | 5         |
| 12 | Isolation and characterization of 11 microsatellite loci from cattle egret ( <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> ) and cross-amplification in other Ardeidae species. <i>Conservation Genetics Resources</i> , 2012, 4, 707-709.  | 0.8 | 4         |
| 13 | Microsatellite loci characterized in the leaf-cutter ant <i>Atta laevigata</i> . <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2013, 6, 328.   | 1.4 | 3         |
| 14 | Isolation and characterization of microsatellite loci for the mud-dauber wasp <i>Trypoxylon (Trypargilum) albitarse</i> (Hymenoptera: Crabronidae). <i>European Journal of Entomology</i> , 2013, 110, 541-543.  | 1.2 | 3         |
| 15 | Long-term persistence of the large mammal lowland tapir is at risk in the largest Atlantic forest corridor. <i>Perspectives in Ecology and Conservation</i> , 2022, , .  | 1.9 | 2         |