Salvatore Grasso

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Mortality after surgery in Europe: a 7 day cohort study. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 1059-1065.	6.3	1,614
2	Effects of Recruiting Maneuvers in Patients with Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome Ventilated with Protective Ventilatory Strategy. Anesthesiology, 2002, 96, 795-802.	1.3	462
3	The Application of Esophageal Pressure Measurement in Patients with Respiratory Failure. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 189, 520-531.	2.5	443
4	Esophageal and transpulmonary pressure in the clinical setting: meaning, usefulness and perspectives. Intensive Care Medicine, 2016, 42, 1360-1373.	3.9	352
5	Effect of a Lung Protective Strategy for Organ Donors on Eligibility and Availability of Lungs for Transplantation. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2010, 304, 2620.	3.8	307
6	Airway pressure-time curve profile (stress index) detects tidal recruitment/hyperinflation in experimental acute lung injury. Critical Care Medicine, 2004, 32, 1018-1027.	0.4	261
7	ARDSnet Ventilatory Protocol and Alveolar Hyperinflation. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2007, 176, 761-767.	2.5	249
8	Impact of prolonged assisted ventilation on diaphragmatic efficiency: NAVA versus PSV. Critical Care, 2015, 20, 1.	2.5	208
9	Pressure–Time Curve Predicts Minimally Injurious Ventilatory Strategy in an Isolated Rat Lung Model. Anesthesiology, 2000, 93, 1320-1328.	1.3	197
10	ECMO criteria for influenza A (H1N1)-associated ARDS: role of transpulmonary pressure. Intensive Care Medicine, 2012, 38, 395-403.	3.9	191
11	Epidemiology, practice of ventilation and outcome for patients at increased risk of postoperative pulmonary complications. European Journal of Anaesthesiology, 2017, 34, 492-507.	0.7	189
12	The standard of care of patients with ARDS: ventilatory settings and rescue therapies for refractory hypoxemia. Intensive Care Medicine, 2016, 42, 699-711.	3.9	176
13	Effects of High versus Low Positive End-Expiratory Pressures in Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 171, 1002-1008.	2.5	173
14	Lung morphology predicts response to recruitment maneuver in patients with acute respiratory distress syndrome. Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 38, 1108-1117.	0.4	125
15	Cerebro-pulmonary interactions during the application of low levels of positive end-expiratory pressure. Intensive Care Medicine, 2005, 31, 373-379.	3.9	123
16	Use of N-terminal pro-brain natriuretic peptide to detect acute cardiac dysfunction during weaning failure in difficult-to-wean patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease*. Critical Care Medicine, 2007, 35, 96-105.	0.4	111
17	Compensation for Increase in Respiratory Workload during Mechanical Ventilation. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2000, 161, 819-826.	2.5	108
18	Inhomogeneity of Lung Parenchyma during the Open Lung Strategy. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2009, 180, 415-423.	2.5	108

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19	Effects of Proportional Assist Ventilation on Inspiratory Muscle Effort in Patients with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and Acute Respiratory Failure. Anesthesiology, 1997, 86, 79-91.	1.3	102
20	Effects of Recruitment Maneuver and Positive End-expiratory Pressure on Respiratory Mechanics and Transpulmonary Pressure during Laparoscopic Surgery. Anesthesiology, 2013, 118, 114-122.	1.3	102
21	Acute lung injury and acute respiratory distress syndromes in veterinary medicine: consensus definitions: The Dorothy Russell Havemeyer Working Group on ALI and ARDS in Veterinary Medicine. Journal of Veterinary Emergency and Critical Care, 2007, 17, 333-339.	0.4	100
22	Computed tomographic analysis of the effects of two inspired oxygen concentrations on pulmonary aeration in anesthetized and mechanically ventilated dogs. American Journal of Veterinary Research, 2007, 68, 925-931.	0.3	91
23	Pulmonary atelectasis during low stretch ventilation: "Open lung―versus "lung rest―strategy*. Critical Care Medicine, 2009, 37, 1046-1053.	0.4	91
24	Can diaphragmatic ultrasonography performed during the T-tube trial predict weaning failure? The role of diaphragmatic rapid shallow breathing index. Critical Care, 2016, 20, 305.	2.5	82
25	A method for monitoring and improving patient: ventilator interaction. Intensive Care Medicine, 2007, 33, 1337-1346.	3.9	78
26	Neurally Adjusted Ventilatory Assist in Critically III Postoperative Patients: A Crossover Randomized Study. Anesthesiology, 2010, 113, 925-935.	1.3	76
27	High-flow nasal cannula oxygen therapy decreases postextubation neuroventilatory drive and work of breathing in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Critical Care, 2018, 22, 180.	2.5	72
28	Physiological effects of a lungâ€recruiting strategy applied during oneâ€lung ventilation. Acta Anaesthesiologica Scandinavica, 2008, 52, 766-775.	0.7	67
29	Physiological Effects of the Open Lung Approach in Patients with Early, Mild, Diffuse Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. Anesthesiology, 2015, 123, 1113-1121.	1.3	67
30	Accuracy of Plateau Pressure and Stress Index to Identify Injurious Ventilation in Patients with Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. Anesthesiology, 2013, 119, 880-889.	1.3	65
31	Physiological effects of an open lung ventilatory strategy titrated on elastance-derived end-inspiratory transpulmonary pressure. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 2124-2131.	0.4	55
32	Low Respiratory Rate Plus Minimally Invasive Extracorporeal Co2 Removal Decreases Systemic and Pulmonary Inflammatory Mediators in Experimental Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome*. Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 42, e451-e460.	0.4	55
33	Physiologic Evaluation of Ventilation Perfusion Mismatch and Respiratory Mechanics at Different Positive End-expiratory Pressure in Patients Undergoing Protective One-lung Ventilation. Anesthesiology, 2018, 128, 531-538.	1.3	55
34	Cefiderocol-Based Combination Therapy for "Difficult-to-Treat―Gram-Negative Severe Infections: Real-Life Case Series and Future Perspectives. Antibiotics, 2021, 10, 652.	1.5	54
35	AUTO–POSITIVE END-EXPIRATORY PRESSURE AND DYNAMIC HYPERINFLATION. Clinics in Chest Medicine, 1996, 17, 379-394.	0.8	50
36	Use of the oxygen content–based index, Fshunt, as an indicator of pulmonary venous admixture at various inspired oxygen fractions in anesthetized sheep. American Journal of Veterinary Research, 2012, 73, 2013-2020.	0.3	41

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37	Time-course of impairment of respiratory mechanics after cardiac surgery and cardiopulmonary bypass. Critical Care Medicine, 1999, 27, 1454-1460.	0.4	41
38	Effects of reduction of inspired oxygen fraction or application of positive end-expiratory pressure after an alveolar recruitment maneuver on respiratory mechanics, gas exchange, and lung aeration in dogs during anesthesia and neuromuscular blockade. American Journal of Veterinary Research, 2013, 74, 25-33.	0.3	39
39	Association between night-time surgery and occurrence of intraoperative adverse events and postoperative pulmonary complications. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2019, 122, 361-369.	1.5	39
40	Point of Care Ultrasound to Identify Diaphragmatic Dysfunction after Thoracic Surgery. Anesthesiology, 2019, 131, 266-278.	1.3	38
41	Effects of two fractions of inspired oxygen on lung aeration and gas exchange in cats under inhalant anaesthesia. Veterinary Anaesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 37, 483-490.	0.3	37
42	Effects of positive end-expiratory pressure on anesthesia-induced atelectasis and gas exchange in anesthetized and mechanically ventilated sheep. American Journal of Veterinary Research, 2010, 71, 867-874.	0.3	34
43	High-flow oxygen therapy in tracheostomized patients at high risk of weaning failure. Annals of Intensive Care, 2019, 9, 4.	2.2	31
44	Lung Recruitability in Severe Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome Requiring Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 1177-1183.	0.4	29
45	Risk stratification using SpO2/FiO2 and PEEP at initial ARDS diagnosis and after 24Âh in patients with moderate or severe ARDS. Annals of Intensive Care, 2017, 7, 108.	2.2	28
46	Effects of Positive End-Expiratory Pressure in "High Compliance―Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome*. Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 48, e1332-e1336.	0.4	27
47	Nonelective surgery at night and in-hospital mortality. European Journal of Anaesthesiology, 2015, 32, 477-485.	0.7	25
48	Chest wall and lung contribution to the elastic properties of the respiratory system in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. European Respiratory Journal, 1996, 9, 1232-1239.	3.1	24
49	Respiratory effects of low versus high tidal volume with or without positive end-expiratory pressure in anesthetized dogs with healthy lungs. American Journal of Veterinary Research, 2018, 79, 496-504.	0.3	24
50	Noninvasive continuous positive airway pressure delivered using a pediatric helmet in dogs recovering from general anesthesia. Journal of Veterinary Emergency and Critical Care, 2014, 24, 578-585.	0.4	23
51	Accuracy of different oxygenation indices in estimating intrapulmonary shunting at increasing infusion rates of dobutamine in horses under general anaesthesia. Veterinary Journal, 2015, 204, 351-356.	0.6	22
52	Peep titration based on the open lung approach during one lung ventilation in thoracic surgery: a physiological study. BMC Anesthesiology, 2018, 18, 156.	0.7	22
53	QTc Interval Prolongation and Life-Threatening Arrhythmias During Hospitalization in Patients With Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19): Results From a Multicenter Prospective Registry. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, e4031-e4038.	2.9	22
54	WHICH AIRWAY PRESSURE SHOULD BE APPLIED DURING BREATHâ€HOLD IN DOGS UNDERGOING THORACIC COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY?. Veterinary Radiology and Ultrasound, 2016, 57, 475-481.	0.4	18

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55	Physiological effects of the open lung approach during laparoscopic cholecystectomy: focus on driving pressure. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2018, 84, 159-167.	0.6	18
56	Epidemiological Characteristics, Ventilator Management, and Clinical Outcome in Patients Receiving Invasive Ventilation in Intensive Care Units from 10 Asian Middle-Income Countries (PRoVENT-iMiC): An International, Multicenter, Prospective Study. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2021, , .	0.6	18
57	An alveolar recruitment maneuver followed by positive end-expiratory pressure improves lung function in healthy dogs undergoing laparoscopy. Veterinary Anaesthesia and Analgesia, 2018, 45, 618-629.	0.3	17
58	Accuracy of the Radiographic Assessment of Lung Edema Score for the Diagnosis of ARDS. Frontiers in Physiology, 2021, 12, 672823.	1.3	17
59	Continuous assessment of neuro-ventilatory drive during 12Âh of pressure support ventilation in critically ill patients. Critical Care, 2020, 24, 652.	2.5	16
60	Physiological effects of two driving pressure-based methods to set positive end-expiratory pressure during one lung ventilation. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2021, 35, 1149-1157.	0.7	16
61	Proportional assist ventilation. Respiratory Care Clinics of North America, 2001, 7, 465-473.	0.5	15
62	Focus on renal blood flow in mechanically ventilated patients with SARS-CoV-2: a prospective pilot study. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2022, 36, 161-167.	0.7	15
63	Recruitment maneuvers in acute respiratory distress syndrome and during general anesthesia. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2016, 82, 210-20.	0.6	15
64	PRactice of VENTilation in Middle-Income Countries (PRoVENT-iMIC): rationale and protocol for a prospective international multicentre observational study in intensive care units in Asia. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020841.	0.8	14
65	Integrated lung ultrasound score for early clinical decision-making in patients with COVID-19: results and implications. Ultrasound Journal, 2022, 14, .	1.3	13
66	Lung Ultrasound for Detection of Pulmonary Complications in Critically Ill Obstetric Patients in a Resource-Limited Setting. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2021, 104, 478-486.	0.6	12
67	More skilled clinical management of COVID-19 patients modified mortality in an intermediate respiratory intensive care unit in Italy. Respiratory Research, 2021, 22, 16.	1.4	11
68	Extracorporeal Oxygenation and Coronavirus Disease 2019 Epidemic: Is the Membrane Fail-Safe to Cross Contamination?. ASAIO Journal, 2020, 66, 841-843.	0.9	10
69	Flow Index: a novel, non-invasive, continuous, quantitative method to evaluate patient inspiratory effort during pressure support ventilation. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 196.	2.5	9
70	The Prognostic Capacity of the Radiographic Assessment for Lung Edema Score in Patients With COVID-19 Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome—An International Multicenter Observational Study. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 772056.	1.2	9
71	Imaging Evaluation of Pulmonary and Non-Ischaemic Cardiovascular Manifestations of COVID-19. Diagnostics, 2021, 11, 1271.	1.3	8
72	Flow Index accurately identifies breaths with low or high inspiratory effort during pressure support ventilation. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 427.	2.5	8

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73	Non-invasive assessment of respiratory muscle activity during pressure support ventilation: accuracy of end-inspiration occlusion and least square fitting methods. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2021, 35, 913-921.	0.7	7
74	Effects of positive end-expiratory pressure alone or an open-lung approach on recruited lung volumes and respiratory mechanics of mechanically ventilated horses. Veterinary Anaesthesia and Analgesia, 2019, 46, 780-788.	0.3	6
75	Definition and clinical evaluation of a recruiting airway pressure based on the specific lung elastance in anesthetized dogs. Veterinary Anaesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 48, 484-492.	0.3	6
76	Evaluation of Lung Aeration and Respiratory System Mechanics in Obese Dogs Ventilated With Tidal Volumes Based on Ideal vs. Current Body Weight. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2021, 8, 704863.	0.9	6
77	A Lower Global Lung Ultrasound Score Is Associated with Higher Likelihood of Successful Extubation in Invasively Ventilated COVID-19 Patients. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2021, 105, 1490-1497.	0.6	6
78	Evaluation of the effects of helmet continuous positive airway pressure on laryngeal size in dogs anesthetized with propofol and fentanyl using computed tomography. Journal of Veterinary Emergency and Critical Care, 2020, 30, 543-549.	0.4	5
79	Effects of continuous positive airway pressure administered by a helmet in cats under general anaesthesia. Journal of Feline Medicine and Surgery, 2021, 23, 337-343.	0.6	5
80	Intraoperative Assessment of Fluid Responsiveness in Normotensive Dogs under Isoflurane Anaesthesia. Veterinary Sciences, 2021, 8, 26.	0.6	5
81	Thermo-optic design for microwave and millimeter-wave electromagnetic power microsensors. Applied Optics, 2002, 41, 3601.	2.1	4
82	Transpulmonary Pressure–based Mechanical Ventilation in Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. From Theory to Practice?. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 197, 977-978.	2.5	4
83	Initial setting of high-flow nasal oxygen post extubation based on mean inspiratory flow during a spontaneous breathing trial. Journal of Critical Care, 2021, 63, 40-44.	1.0	4
84	A simple prognostic score based on troponin and presepsin for COVID-19 patients admitted to the emergency department: a single-center pilot study. Acta Biomedica, 2021, 92, e2021233.	0.2	4
85	Proportional Assist Ventilation. Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2000, 21, 161-166.	0.8	3
86	Can visual inspection of the electrical activity of the diaphragm improve the detection of patient-ventilator asynchronies by pediatric critical care physicians?. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2021, 87, 319-324.	0.6	3
87	Transpulmonary pressure targets for open lung and protective ventilation: response to Dr. Graf's comment. Intensive Care Medicine, 2012, 38, 1567-1568.	3.9	2
88	Weaning and the Heart. Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 42, 1954-1955.	0.4	2
89	"Hemolysis, or not Hemolysis, that is the question― Use of hydroxychloroquine in a patient with COVID-19 infection and G6PD deficiency Mediterranean Journal of Hematology and Infectious Diseases, 2020, 12, e2020076.	0.5	2
90	Effects of liver ischemia-reperfusion injury on respiratory mechanics and driving pressure during orthotopic liver transplantation. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2019, 85, 494-504.	0.6	2

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91	Respiratory and hemodynamic effects of 2 protocols of low-dose infusion of dexmedetomidine in dogs under isoflurane anesthesia. Canadian Journal of Veterinary Research, 2020, 84, 96-107.	0.2	2
92	Circulating Skeletal Troponin During Weaning From Mechanical Ventilation and Their Association to Diaphragmatic Function: A Pilot Study. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 770408.	1.2	2
93	Measurement of PEEP-induced alveolar recruitment: just a research tool?. Critical Care, 2006, 10, 148.	2.5	1
94	Automatic control of laser beams aberrations in air using an adaptive optics system prototype based on interferometric techniques. , 2008, , .		1
95	Partially Assisted Ventilation–induced Lung Injury in Early Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. When Real Life Is Different from Classical Physiology. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2017, 196, 538-539.	2.5	1
96	Assisted Ventilation in the ICU: When and to Whom?. , 2018, , 103-120.		1
97	Single lung ventilation associated to ECMO: an alternative approach to manage ventilator-induced lung injuries in infants. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2019, 85, 90-91.	0.6	1
98	Electrical impedance tomography: just another tool or a real advance towards precision-medicine in mechanical ventilation?. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2019, 85, 1157-1158.	0.6	1
99	Individualized positive end-expiratory pressure guided by end-expiratory lung volume in early acute respiratory distress syndrome: study protocol for the multicenter, randomized IPERPEEP trial. Trials, 2022, 23, 63.	0.7	1
100	Personalized antimicrobial policies in severe peritonitis: opportunities not to be missed!. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2022, , .	0.6	1
101	The Quest for the Holy Grail: A Dead Lock. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2010, 182, 580-581.	2.5	0
102	Adaptive optics system for fast automatic control of laser beam jitters in air. , 2010, , .		0
103	The authors reply. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, e10-e11.	0.4	0
104	The authors reply. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, e1-e2.	0.4	0
105	Does High-Frequency Ventilation Have Still a Role Among the Current Ventilatory Strategies?. , 2016, , 69-78.		Ο
106	A year in review in Minerva Anestesiologica 2016. Critical Care. Experimental and clinical studies. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2017, 83, 108-120.	0.6	0
107	A year in review in Minerva Anestesiologica 2017 Critical Care: experimental and clinical studies. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2018, 84, 128-139.	0.6	0
108	A year in review in Minerva Anestesiologica 2018. Critical care. Experimental and clinical studies. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2019, 85, 95-105.	0.6	0

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109	Monitoring Mechanical Ventilation. , 2006, , 137-148.		0
110	Hemoptysis due to a large endobronchial mass successful regression after the use of high flow nasal cannula. Monaldi Archives for Chest Disease, 2020, 90, .	0.3	0
111	Hemoptysis due to a large endobronchial mass successful regression after the use of high flow nasal cannula. Monaldi Archives for Chest Disease, 2020, 90, .	0.3	0