

Fatemeh Nouri

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

29
papers

191
citations

1163117

8
h-index

1199594

12
g-index

30
all docs

30
docs citations

30
times ranked

391
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Dietary sodium and potassium intake and their association with blood pressure in a non-hypertensive Iranian adult population: Isfahan salt study. <i>Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2017, 74, 275-282.	1.8	24
2	Survival rate and predictors of mortality in patients hospitalised with heart failure: a cohort study on the data of Persian registry of cardiovascular disease (PROVE). <i>Postgraduate Medical Journal</i> , 2018, 94, 318-324.	1.8	16
3	Major dietary patterns in Iranian adolescents: Isfahan Healthy Heart Program, Iran. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 11, 61-8.	0.4	16
4	Inverse association of legume consumption and dyslipidemia: Isfahan Healthy Heart Program. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2014, 8, 584-593.	1.5	11
5	How Five-Factor Personality Traits Affect Psychological Distress and Depression? Results from a Large Population-Based Study. <i>Psychological Studies</i> , 2019, 64, 59-69.	1.0	11
6	Trend of salt intake measured by 24-hour urine collection samples among Iranian adults population between 1998 and 2013: The Isfahan salt study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2019, 29, 1323-1329.	2.6	11
7	Methods of sampling and sample size determination of a comprehensive integrated community-based interventional trial: Isfahan Healthy Heart Program. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 14, 58-70.	0.4	11
8	Temporal trend analysis of stroke and salt intake: a 15-year population-based study. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 24, 384-394.	3.1	10
9	PERSONALITY TRAITS ARE DIFFERENTLY ASSOCIATED WITH DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY: EVIDENCE FROM APPLYING BIVARIATE MULTIPLE BINARY LOGISTIC REGRESSION ON A LARGE SAMPLE OF GENERAL ADULTS. <i>Psychiatria Danubina</i> , 2019, 31, 448-456.	0.4	9
10	Relationship between legumes consumption and metabolic syndrome: Findings of the Isfahan Healthy Heart Program. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 10, 18-24.	0.4	9
11	How different domains of quality of life are associated with latent dimensions of mental health measured by GHQ-12. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2021, 19, 255.	2.4	9
12	Longitudinal association between an overall diet quality index and latent profiles of cardiovascular risk factors: results from a population based 13-year follow up cohort study. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 18, 28.	3.0	8
13	Relation between usual daily walking time and metabolic syndrome. <i>Nigerian Medical Journal</i> , 2014, 55, 29.	0.6	7
14	<p>Temporal Trends of the Incidence of Ischemic Heart Disease in Iran Over 15 Years: A Comprehensive Report from a Multi-Centric Hospital-Based Registry<p>. <i>Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2020, Volume 12, 847-856.	3.0	7
15	Association between sleep duration and hypertension: Isfahan Healthy Heart Program, Iran. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019, 15, 22-26.	0.4	6
16	A cross-sectional population-based study on the association of personality traits with anxiety and psychological stress: Joint modeling of mixed outcomes using shared random effects approach. <i>Journal of Research in Medical Sciences</i> , 2014, 19, 834-43.	0.9	5
17	Ten-year trend in stroke incidence and its subtypes in Isfahan, Iran during 2003-2013. <i>Iranian Journal of Neurology</i> , 2017, 16, 201-209.	0.5	5
18	The longitudinal association between soybean and non-soybean legumes intakes and risk of cardiovascular disease: Isfahan cohort study. <i>British Food Journal</i> , 2021, 123, 2864-2879.	2.9	4

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19	Do any kinds of perceived stressors lead to hypertension? A longitudinal cohort study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2022, 45, 1058-1066.	2.7	3
20	Metolazone Add-On Therapy in Heart Failure: A Cohort Study from Persian Registry of Cardiovascular Disease/Heart Failure (PROVE/HF). <i>Critical Care Research and Practice</i> , 2021, 2021, 1-7.	1.1	2
21	Association of socioeconomic status and hypertension based on habitual smoking among Iranian population: IHHP study. <i>Acta Biomedica</i> , 2019, 89, 498-504.	0.3	2
22	Morning Exercise at School and Sedentary Activities are Important Determinants for Hypertension in Adolescents.. <i>International Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2021, 12, 131.	0.4	2
23	Low correlation between morning spot and 24-hour urine samples for estimating sodium intake in an Iranian population: Isfahan Salt Study. <i>International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research</i> , 2019, 89, 185-191.	1.5	1
24	Is urinary sodium excretion related to anthropometric indicators of adiposity in adults?. <i>Journal of Research in Medical Sciences</i> , 2020, 25, 50.	0.9	1
25	Rationale, design, and preliminary results of the Iran-premature coronary artery disease study (I-PAD): A multi-center case-control study of different Iranian ethnicities. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2020, 16, 295-300.	0.4	1
26	Rationale and Design of the Persian CardioVascular Disease Registry (PCVDR): Scale-Up of Persian Registry Of CardioVascular Disease (PROVE). <i>Current Problems in Cardiology</i> , 2021, 46, 100577.	2.4	0
27	Comparison of effects of soft margarine, blended, ghee, and unhydrogenated oil with hydrogenated oil on serum lipids: A randomized clinical trail. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013, 9, 363-71.	0.4	0
28	Development and evaluation of the psychometric properties of a hypertension self-care questionnaire. <i>ARYA Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019, 15, 241-249.	0.4	0
29	Patients Characteristics and Preliminary Outcomes of Heart Failure Registry in A Middle-Income Country: Persian Registry of Cardiovascular Disease/Heart Failure (PROVE/HF). <i>Galen</i> , 2018, 7, e1026.	0.6	0