Shixian Zhai

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2429667/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A two-pollutant strategy for improving ozone and particulate air quality in China. Nature Geoscience, 2019, 12, 906-910.	12.9	493
2	Fine particulate matter (PM _{2.5}) trends in China, 2013–2018: separating contributions from anthropogenic emissions and meteorology. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2019, 19, 11031-11041.	4.9	442
3	Control of particulate nitrate air pollution in China. Nature Geoscience, 2021, 14, 389-395.	12.9	139
4	Ozone pollution in the North China Plain spreading into the late-winter haze season. Proceedings of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	138
5	Effect of changing NO _{<i>x</i>} lifetime on the seasonality and long-term trends of satellite-observed tropospheric NO ₂ columns over China. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2020. 20. 1483-1495.	4.9	135
6	Construction of a virtual PM2.5 observation network in China based on high-density surface meteorological observations using the Extreme Gradient Boosting model. Environment International, 2020, 141, 105801.	10.0	85
7	Assessment of human exposure level to PM10 in China. Atmospheric Environment, 2013, 70, 376-386.	4.1	39
8	Global modeling of cloud water acidity, precipitation acidity, and acid inputs to ecosystems. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2020, 20, 12223-12245.	4.9	33
9	Estimating hourly surface PM2.5 concentrations across China from high-density meteorological observations by machine learning. Atmospheric Research, 2021, 254, 105516.	4.1	30
10	Development of an adjoint model of GRAPES–CUACE and its application in tracking influential haze source areas in north China. Geoscientific Model Development, 2016, 9, 2153-2165.	3.6	25
11	Detection of critical PM _{2.5} emission sources and their contributions to a heavy haze episode in Beijing, China, using an adjoint model. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2018, 18, 6241-6258.	4.9	22
12	Relating geostationary satellite measurements of aerosol optical depth (AOD) over East Asia to fine particulate matter (PM _{2.5}): insights from the KORUS-AQ aircraft campaign and GEOS-Chem model simulations. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2021, 21, 16775-16791.	4.9	18
13	Model assessment of atmospheric pollution control schemes for critical emission regions. Atmospheric Environment, 2016, 124, 367-377.	4.1	17
14	Global modeling of heterogeneous hydroxymethanesulfonate chemistry. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2021, 21, 457-481.	4.9	17
15	Limitations in representation of physical processes prevent successful simulation of PM _{2.5} during KORUS-AQ. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2022, 22, 7933-7958.	4.9	17
16	Tracking sensitive source areas of different weather pollution types using GRAPES-CUACE adjoint model. Atmospheric Environment, 2018, 175, 154-166.	4.1	13
17	Tracking a Severe Pollution Event in Beijing in December 2016 with the GRAPES–CUACE Adjoint Model. Journal of Meteorological Research, 2018, 32, 49-59.	2.4	6
18	Continuous mapping of fine particulate matter (PM _{2.5}) air quality in East Asia at daily 6  —  6 km ² res a random forest algorithm to 20211–2019 GOCI geostationary satellite data. Atmospheric Measurement	olution by a	application of

a random forest algorithm to 2011a Techniques, 2022, 15, 1075-1091.

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Aerosolâ€Radiation Interactions in China in Winter: Competing Effects of Reduced Shortwave Radiation and Cloud‣nowfallâ€Albedo Feedbacks Under Rapidly Changing Emissions. Journal of Geophysical Research D: Atmospheres, 2022, 127, .	3.3	5
20	Comparative analysis of precipitation structures in two Southwest China Vortex events over eastern Sichuan Basin by TRMM. Journal of Atmospheric and Solar-Terrestrial Physics, 2021, 221, 105691.	1.6	2