

# Catriona L Hurd

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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140  
papers

8,208  
citations

38660

50  
h-index

62479

80  
g-index

145  
all docs

145  
docs citations

145  
times ranked

5786  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Plastic and natural inorganic microparticles do not differ in their effects on adult mussels ( <i>Mytilidae</i> ) from different geographic regions. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 811, 151740.	3.9	10
2	Role of hydrodynamics in shaping chemical habitats and modulating the responses of coastal benthic systems to ocean global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 3812-3829.	4.2	12
3	Forensic carbon accounting: Assessing the role of seaweeds for carbon sequestration. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2022, 58, 347-363.	1.0	53
4	Potential negative effects of ocean afforestation on offshore ecosystems. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 675-683.	3.4	26
5	Seasonal ammonium uptake kinetics of four brown macroalgae: Implications for use in integrated multi-trophic aquaculture. <i>Journal of Applied Phycology</i> , 2022, 34, 1693-1708.	1.5	9
6	Light regulates inorganic nitrogen uptake and storage, but not nitrate assimilation, by the red macroalga <i>Hemineura frondosa</i> (Rhodophyta). <i>European Journal of Phycology</i> , 2021, 56, 174-185.	0.9	6
7	Seasonal and site-specific variation in the nutritional quality of temperate seaweed assemblages: implications for grazing invertebrates and the commercial exploitation of seaweeds. <i>Journal of Applied Phycology</i> , 2021, 33, 603-616.	1.5	16
8	Narrow range of temperature and irradiance supports optimal development of <i>Lessonia corrugata</i> (Ochrophyta) gametophytes: implications for kelp aquaculture and responses to climate change. <i>Journal of Applied Phycology</i> , 2021, 33, 1721-1730.	1.5	12
9	Testing the climate intervention potential of ocean afforestation using the Great Atlantic Sargassum Belt. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2556.	5.8	79
10	Reproductive phenology and morphology of <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> (Laminariales, Ochrophyta) from southern New Zealand in relation to wave exposure. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2021, 57, 1619-1635.	1.0	8
11	Rate and fate of dissolved organic carbon release by seaweeds: A missing link in the coastal ocean carbon cycle. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2021, 57, 1375-1391.	1.0	44
12	Safe in My Garden: Reduction of Mainstream Flow and Turbulence by Macroalgal Assemblages and Implications for Refugia of Calcifying Organisms From Ocean Acidification. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2021, 8, .	1.2	4
13	Ocean acidification as a multiple driver: how interactions between changing seawater carbonate parameters affect marine life. <i>Marine and Freshwater Research</i> , 2020, 71, 263.	0.7	62
14	How do we overcome abrupt degradation of marine ecosystems and meet the challenge of heat waves and climate extremes?. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 343-354.	4.2	34
15	Remnant kelp bed refugia and future phase-shifts under ocean acidification. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0239136.	1.1	6
16	Inorganic carbon uptake strategies in coralline algae: Plasticity across evolutionary lineages under ocean acidification and warming. <i>Marine Environmental Research</i> , 2020, 161, 105107.	1.1	19
17	A comparison with natural particles reveals a small specific effect of PVC microplastics on mussel performance. <i>Marine Pollution Bulletin</i> , 2020, 160, 111703.	2.3	19
18	Effects of multiple drivers of ocean global change on the physiology and functional gene expression of the coccolithophore <i>Emiliana huxleyi</i> . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 5630-5645.	4.2	17

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19	Adjustments in fatty acid composition is a mechanism that can explain resilience to marine heatwaves and future ocean conditions in the habitat-forming seaweed <i>Phyllospora comosa</i> (Labillardière) C. Agardh. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 3512-3524.	4.2	38
20	Nitrogen sufficiency enhances thermal tolerance in habitat-forming kelp: implications for acclimation under thermal stress. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 3186.	1.6	61
21	Stress due to low nitrate availability reduces the biochemical acclimation potential of the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> to high temperature. <i>Algal Research</i> , 2020, 47, 101895.	2.4	19
22	Keith Hunter's legacy to Marine Science in New Zealand. <i>Marine and Freshwater Research</i> , 2020, 71, i.	0.7	0
23	Seaweed nutrient physiology: application of concepts to aquaculture and bioremediation. <i>Phycologia</i> , 2019, 58, 552-562.	0.6	171
24	Toward a Coordinated Global Observing System for Seagrasses and Marine Macroalgae. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2019, 6, .	1.2	123
25	Responses of seaweeds that use CO <sub>2</sub> as their sole inorganic carbon source to ocean acidification: differential effects of fluctuating pH but little benefit of CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2019, 76, 1860-1870.	1.2	26
26	Chemical microenvironments within macroalgal assemblages: Implications for the inhibition of kelp recruitment by turf algae. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2019, 64, 1600-1613.	1.6	24
27	Responses of macroalgae to CO <sub>2</sub> enrichment cannot be inferred solely from their inorganic carbon uptake strategy. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 9, 125-140.	0.8	53
28	Experimental strategies to assess the biological ramifications of multiple drivers of global ocean change—A review. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 2239-2261.	4.2	285
29	Carbonic anhydrase activity in seaweeds: overview and recommendations for measuring activity with an electrometric method, using <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> as a model species. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2018, 165, 1.	0.7	11
30	Macrophytes as bioindicators of heavy metal pollution in estuarine and coastal environments. <i>Marine Pollution Bulletin</i> , 2018, 128, 175-184.	2.3	59
31	Growth and carrageenan composition of two populations of the New Zealand carrageenophyte <i>Sarcothalia lanceata</i> (Gigartinales, Rhodophyta). <i>Journal of Applied Phycology</i> , 2018, 30, 2485-2497.	1.5	7
32	Abiotic and biotic interactions in the diffusive boundary layer of kelp blades create a potential refuge from ocean acidification. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2018, 32, 1329-1342.	1.7	53
33	Ocean acidification in New Zealand waters: trends and impacts. <i>New Zealand Journal of Marine and Freshwater Research</i> , 2018, 52, 155-195.	0.8	27
34	Copper pollution exacerbates the effects of ocean acidification and warming on kelp microscopic early life stages. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 14763.	1.6	77
35	Southern Australian seaweeds: A promising resource for omega-3 fatty acids. <i>Food Chemistry</i> , 2018, 265, 70-77.	4.2	75
36	Environmental controls on the elemental composition of a Southern Hemisphere strain of the coccolithophore <i>Emiliania huxleyi</i> . <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 15, 581-595.	1.3	11

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37	Current understanding and challenges for oceans in a higher-CO <sub>2</sub> world. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2018, 8, 686-694.	8.1	55
38	Seawater <sc>pH</sc>, and not inorganic nitrogen source, affects <sc>pH</sc> at the blade surface of <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> : implications for responses of the giant kelp to future oceanic conditions. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2017, 159, 107-119.	2.6	10
39	Ocean acidification and kelp development: Reduced <sc>pH</sc> has no negative effects on meiospore germination and gametophyte development of <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> and <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2017, 53, 557-566.	1.0	36
40	In situ assessment of <i>Ulva australis</i> as a monitoring and management tool for metal pollution. <i>Journal of Applied Phycology</i> , 2017, 29, 2489-2502.	1.5	22
41	Importance of the invasive macroalga <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> as trophic subsidy for a beach consumer. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2017, 164, 1.	0.7	17
42	Meiospore development of the kelps <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> and <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> under ocean acidification and ocean warming: independent effects are more important than their interaction. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2017, 164, 1.	0.7	28
43	Tissue nitrogen status does not alter the physiological responses of <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> to ocean acidification. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2017, 164, 1.	0.7	12
44	Inorganic carbon physiology underpins macroalgal responses to elevated CO <sub>2</sub> . <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 46297.	1.6	119
45	Environmental controls on the growth, photosynthetic and calcification rates of a Southern Hemisphere strain of the coccolithophore <i>Emiliania huxleyi</i> . <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2017, 62, 519-540.	1.6	50
46	Growth, ammonium metabolism, and photosynthetic properties of <i>Ulva australis</i> (Chlorophyta) under decreasing pH and ammonium enrichment. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0188389.	1.1	23
47	Shaken and stirred: the fundamental role of water motion in resource acquisition and seaweed productivity. <i>Perspectives in Phycology</i> , 2017, 4, 73-81.	1.9	28
48	The invasive kelp <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> hosts an epifaunal assemblage similar to native seaweeds with comparable morphologies. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2017, 582, 45-55.	0.9	23
49	Biological responses to environmental heterogeneity under future ocean conditions. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 2633-2650.	4.2	187
50	Clump structure, population structure and non-destructive biomass estimation of the New Zealand carrageenophyte <i>Sarcothalia lanceata</i> (Gigartinaceae, Rhodophyta). <i>Botanica Marina</i> , 2016, 59, 373-385.	0.6	1
51	Ocean acidification reverses the positive effects of seawater pH fluctuations on growth and photosynthesis of the habitat-forming kelp, <i>Ecklonia radiata</i> . <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 26036.	1.6	76
52	Strategies of dissolved inorganic carbon use in macroalgae across a gradient of terrestrial influence: implications for the Great Barrier Reef in the context of ocean acidification. <i>Coral Reefs</i> , 2016, 35, 1327-1341.	0.9	43
53	Copper ecotoxicology of marine algae: a methodological appraisal. <i>Chemistry and Ecology</i> , 2016, 32, 786-800.	0.6	26
54	Exposure to chronic and high dissolved copper concentrations impedes meiospore development of the kelps <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> and <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> (Ochrophyta). <i>Phycologia</i> , 2016, 55, 12-20.	0.6	17

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55	Physiological responses of a Southern Ocean diatom to complex future ocean conditions. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2016, 6, 207-213.	8.1	153
56	Experimental design in ocean acidification research: problems and solutions. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2016, 73, 572-581.	1.2	180
57	Slow-flow habitats as refugia for coastal calcifiers from ocean acidification. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2015, 51, 599-605.	1.0	77
58	Long-Term Conditioning to Elevated pCO <sub>2</sub> and Warming Influences the Fatty and Amino Acid Composition of the Diatom <i>Cylindrotheca fusiformis</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0123945.	1.1	57
59	Saturating light and not increased carbon dioxide under ocean acidification drives photosynthesis and growth in <i>Ulva rigida</i> (Chlorophyta). <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 5, 874-888.	0.8	80
60	Contributions of an annual invasive kelp to native algal assemblages: algal resource allocation and seasonal connectivity across ecotones. <i>Phycologia</i> , 2015, 54, 530-544.	0.6	15
61	Restricted use of nitrate and a strong preference for ammonium reflects the nitrogen ecophysiology of a light-limited red alga. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2015, 51, 277-287.	1.0	24
62	High prevalence of diffusive uptake of CO <sub>2</sub> by macroalgae in a temperate subtidal ecosystem. <i>Photosynthesis Research</i> , 2015, 124, 181-190.	1.6	75
63	Effects of ocean acidification on the photosynthetic performance, carbonic anhydrase activity and growth of the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> . <i>Photosynthesis Research</i> , 2015, 124, 293-304.	1.6	87
64	Laboratory seawater studies are justified. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 525, 187-187.	13.7	3
65	Do native subtidal grazers eat the invasive kelp <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> ?. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2015, 162, 2521-2526.	0.7	15
66	Effect of Ocean Acidification and pH Fluctuations on the Growth and Development of Coralline Algal Recruits, and an Associated Benthic Algal Assemblage. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0140394.	1.1	68
67	Canopy macroalgae influence understory corallines' metabolic control of near-surface pH and oxygen concentration. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2015, 525, 81-95.	0.9	36
68	Bicarbonate uptake via an anion exchange protein is the main mechanism of inorganic carbon acquisition by the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> ( <i>Macrocystidiales</i> ). <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2014, 50, 267-279.	1.0	9
69	Regulation of polyamine metabolism in <i>Pyropia cinnamomea</i> ( <i>Wakatsukiella</i> ), an important mechanism for reducing UV-induced oxidative damage. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2014, 50, 267-279.	1.0	9
70	Growth response of an early successional assemblage of coralline algae and benthic diatoms to ocean acidification. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2014, 161, 1687-1696.	0.7	23
71	Meiospores produced in sori of nonsporophyllous laminae of <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> ( <i>Macrocystidiales</i> , Phaeophyceae) may enhance reproductive output. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2014, 50, 400-405.	1.0	14
72	Diffusion Boundary Layers Ameliorate the Negative Effects of Ocean Acidification on the Temperate Coralline Macroalga <i>Arthrocardia corymbosa</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e97235.	1.1	105

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73	Survival in low light: photosynthesis and growth of a red alga in relation to measured in situ irradiance. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2013, 49, 867-879.	1.0	26
74	Concentration boundary layers around complex assemblages of macroalgae: Implications for the effects of ocean acidification on understory coralline algae. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2013, 58, 121-130.	1.6	91
75	Diurnal fluctuations in seawater pH influence the response of a calcifying macroalga to ocean acidification. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20132201.	1.2	174
76	Short- and long-term conditioning of a temperate marine diatom community to acidification and warming. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 368, 20120437.	1.8	86
77	Unexpected shifts in fatty acid composition in response to diet in a common littoral amphipod. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2013, 479, 1-12.	0.9	22
78	Ecophysiology of photosynthesis in macroalgae. <i>Photosynthesis Research</i> , 2012, 113, 105-125.	1.6	142
79	Seaweed Responses to Ocean Acidification. <i>Ecological Studies</i> , 2012, , 407-431.	0.4	29
80	CARBON USE STRATEGIES IN MACROALGAE: DIFFERENTIAL RESPONSES TO LOWERED PH AND IMPLICATIONS FOR OCEAN ACIDIFICATION <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2012, 48, 137-144.	1.0	158
81	Ocean acidification and seaweed reproduction: increased $\text{CO}_2$ ameliorates the negative effect of lowered pH on meiospore germination in the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> (Laminariales, Phaeophyceae). <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 854-864.	4.2	115
82	ANALYSIS OF SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL DIVERSITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF <i>PORPHYRA</i> (RHODOPHYTA) IN SOUTHEASTERN NEW ZEALAND SUPPORTED BY THE USE OF MOLECULAR TOOLS <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2012, 48, 530-538.	1.0	10
83	BEFORE OCEAN ACIDIFICATION: CALCIFIER CHEMISTRY LESSONS <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2012, 48, 840-843.	1.0	104
84	Uptake and transport of nitrogen derived from sessile epifauna in the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> . <i>Aquatic Biology</i> , 2012, 14, 121-128.	0.5	19
85	Diversity of carbon use strategies in a kelp forest community: implications for a high $\text{CO}_2$ ocean. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 2488-2497.	4.2	233
86	Metabolically induced pH fluctuations by some coastal calcifiers exceed projected 22nd century ocean acidification: a mechanism for differential susceptibility?. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 3254-3262.	4.2	148
87	FLOW-INDUCED MORPHOLOGICAL VARIATIONS AFFECT DIFFUSION BOUNDARY-LAYER THICKNESS OF <i>MACROCYSTIS PYRIFERA</i> (HETEROKONTOPHYTA, LAMINARIALES) <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2011, 47, 341-351.	1.0	39
88	VARIATIONS IN GROWTH, EROSION, PRODUCTIVITY, AND MORPHOLOGY OF <i>ECKLONIA RADIATA</i> (ALARIACEAE); Tj,ETQq0 0 0rgBT /Ov	1.0	26
89	UV-B radiation induces changes in polyamine metabolism in the red seaweed <i>Porphyra cinnamomea</i> . <i>Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2011, 65, 389-399.	1.8	21
90	Photosynthetic response of monospecific macroalgal stands to density. <i>Aquatic Biology</i> , 2011, 13, 41-49.	0.5	25

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91	Effects of a small-bladed macroalgal canopy on benthic boundary layer dynamics: implications for nutrient transport. <i>Aquatic Biology</i> , 2011, 14, 41-56.	0.5	23
92	Photosynthetic oxygen flux by <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> : a mass transfer model with experimental validation. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2011, 434, 45-55.	0.9	8
93	An automated pH-controlled culture system for laboratory-based ocean acidification experiments. <i>Limnology and Oceanography: Methods</i> , 2010, 8, 686-694.	1.0	16
94	Keeping the water clean – Seaweed biofiltration outperforms traditional bacterial biofilms in recirculating aquaculture. <i>Aquaculture</i> , 2010, 306, 153-159.	1.7	44
95	An automated pH-controlled culture system for laboratory-based ocean acidification experiments. <i>Limnology and Oceanography: Methods</i> , 2010, 8, 686-694.	1.0	28
96	AN EXAMINATION OF <i>PACHYMENIA</i> AND <i>AEODES</i> (HALYMENIACEAE, RHODOPHYTA) IN NEW ZEALAND AND THE TRANSFER OF TWO SPECIES OF <i>AEODES</i> IN SOUTH AFRICA TO <i>PACHYMENIA</i> . <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2009, 45, 1389-1399.	1.0	6
97	TESTING THE EFFECTS OF OCEAN ACIDIFICATION ON ALGAL METABOLISM: CONSIDERATIONS FOR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNS. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2009, 45, 1236-1251.	1.0	194
98	Ocean nutrients. <i>Geophysical Monograph Series</i> , 2009, , 139-160.	0.1	4
99	The expanding range of <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> in southern New Zealand: distribution, dispersal mechanisms and the invasion of wave-exposed environments. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2008, 10, 103-115.	1.2	68
100	THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF WATER MOTION ON NITROGEN UPTAKE BY THE SUBTIDAL MACROALGA <i>ADAMSIELLA CHAUVINII</i> (RHODOPHYTA) IN WINTER AND SUMMER. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2008, 44, 320-330.	1.0	25
101	Seasonal patterns of growth and nutrient status of the macroalga <i>Adamsiella chauvinii</i> (Rhodophyta) in soft sediment environments. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2008, 360, 94-102.	0.7	20
102	Affiliation of the parasite <i>Herpodiscus durvillaeae</i> (Phaeophyceae) with the Sphacelariales based on DNA sequence comparisons and morphological observations. <i>European Journal of Phycology</i> , 2008, 43, 283-295.	0.9	15
103	Patterns in the $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ signature of <i>Ulva pertusa</i> : Interaction between physical gradients and nutrient source pools. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2007, 52, 820-832.	1.6	65
104	Seasonal growth, erosion rates, and nitrogen and photosynthetic ecophysiology of <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> (Heterokontophyta) in southern New Zealand. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2007, 43, 1138-1148.	1.0	72
105	Exposure to waves enhances the growth rate and nitrogen status of the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> . <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2007, 339, 99-108.	0.9	89
106	Photoacclimation of <i>Ecklonia radiata</i> (Laminariales, Heterokontophyta) in Doubtful Sound, Fjordland, Southern New Zealand. <i>Phycologia</i> , 2006, 45, 44-52.	0.6	30
107	Macroinvertebrate diet in intertidal seagrass and sandflat communities: A study using C, N, and S stable isotopes. <i>New Zealand Journal of Marine and Freshwater Research</i> , 2006, 40, 615-629.	0.8	18
108	Colony Structure and Seasonal Differences in Light and Nitrogen Modify the Impact of Sessile Epifauna on the Giant Kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> (L.) C Agardh. <i>Hydrobiologia</i> , 2006, 560, 373-384.	1.0	37

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109	Comparison of mechanical properties of four large, wave-exposed seaweeds. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2006, 93, 1426-1432.	0.8	63
110	Conditional mutualism between the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i> and colonial epifauna. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2005, 302, 37-48.	0.9	58
111	Iron and zinc content of <i>Chromola laetevirens</i> in New Zealand. <i>New Zealand Journal of Marine and Freshwater Research</i> , 2004, 38, 73-85.	0.8	7
112	History, current status and future of marine macroalgal research in New Zealand: Taxonomy, ecology, physiology and human uses. <i>Phycological Research</i> , 2004, 52, 80-106.	0.8	13
113	KINETICS OF NITRATE, AMMONIUM, AND UREA UPTAKE BY FOUR INTERTIDAL SEAWEEDES FROM NEW ZEALAND. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2004, 40, 534-545.	1.0	72
114	An idealized model of interaction between fronds of the large seaweed <i>Durvillaea antarctica</i> . <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 2004, 49, 145-156.	0.9	7
115	Reconfiguration as a Prerequisite for Survival in Highly Unstable Flow-Dominated Habitats. <i>Journal of Plant Growth Regulation</i> , 2004, 23, 98-107.	2.8	94
116	History, current status and future of marine macroalgal research in New Zealand: Taxonomy, ecology, physiology and human uses. <i>Phycological Research</i> , 2004, 52, 80-106.	0.8	22
117	Nitrogen ecophysiology of intertidal seaweeds from New Zealand: N uptake, storage and utilisation in relation to shore position and season. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 2003, 264, 31-48.	0.9	63
118	Modelling of diffusion boundary-layers in subtidal macroalgal canopies: The response to waves and currents. <i>Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2003, 65, 81-91.	0.6	36
119	Field measurement of the dynamics of the bull kelp <i>Durvillaea antarctica</i> (Chamisso) Heriot. <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2002, 269, 147-171.	0.7	33
120	Antioxidant metabolism in the intertidal red seaweed <i>Stictosiphonia arbuscula</i> following desiccation. <i>Planta</i> , 2002, 215, 829-838.	1.6	114
121	An in situ study of photosynthetic oxygen exchange and electron transport rate in the marine macroalga <i>Ulva lactuca</i> (Chlorophyta). <i>Photosynthesis Research</i> , 2002, 74, 281-293.	1.6	135
122	Water motion relative to subtidal kelp fronds. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2001, 46, 668-678.	1.6	27
123	WATER MOTION, MARINE MACROALGAL PHYSIOLOGY, AND PRODUCTION. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 2000, 36, 453-472.	1.0	447
124	The role of natural dispersal mechanisms in the spread of <i>Undaria pinnatifida</i> (Laminariales). <i>Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology</i> , 2000, 245, 141-152.	0.6	78
125	Influence of bryozoan colonization on the physiology of the kelp <i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> (Laminariales, Phaeophyta) from nitrogen-rich and -poor sites in Barkley Sound, British Columbia, Canada. <i>Phycologia</i> , 2000, 39, 435-440.	0.6	43
126	Mapping Marine Habitats in Otago, Southern New Zealand. <i>Geocarto International</i> , 1999, 14, 17-28.	1.7	27

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127	The status of commercial algal utilization in New Zealand. <i>Hydrobiologia</i> , 1999, 398/399, 487-494.	1.0	8
128	Spatial and temporal variations in the copper and zinc concentrations of two green seaweeds from Otago Harbour, New Zealand.. <i>Marine Environmental Research</i> , 1999, 47, 175-184.	1.1	48
129	The status of commercial algal utilization in New Zealand. , 1999, , 487-494.		4
130	Visualization of seawater flow around morphologically distinct forms of the giant kelp <i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> from wave-sheltered and exposed sites. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 1997, 42, 156-163.	1.6	47
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132	Boundary-layers around bladed aquatic macrophytes. , 1997, 346, 119-128.		65
133	Effect of seawater velocity on inorganic nitrogen uptake by morphologically distinct forms of <i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> from wave-sheltered and exposed sites. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 1996, 126, 205-214.	0.7	162
134	AN IN VITRO NITRATE REDUCTASE ASSAY FOR MARINE MACROALGAE: OPTIMIZATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE ENZYME FOR <i>FUCUS GARDNERI</i> (PHAEOPHYTA)1. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 1995, 31, 835-843.	1.0	49
135	Effect of bryozoan colonization on inorganic nitrogen acquisition by the kelps <i>Agarum fimbriatum</i> and <i>Macrocystis integrifolia</i> . <i>Marine Biology</i> , 1994, 121, 167-173.	0.7	58
136	A LOW-VOLUME FLOW TANK FOR MEASURING NUTRIENT UPTAKE BY LARGE MACROPHYTES1. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 1994, 30, 892-896.	1.0	20
137	Fitting ecological and physiological data to rectangular hyperbolae: a comparison of methods using Monte Carlo simulations. <i>Marine Ecology - Progress Series</i> , 1994, 114, 175-183.	0.9	50
138	PRODUCTION OF HYALINE HAIRS BY INTERTIDAL SPECIES OF <i>FUCUS</i> (FUCALES) AND THEIR ROLE IN PHOSPHATE UPTAKE1. <i>Journal of Phycology</i> , 1993, 29, 160-165.	1.0	36
139	Desiccation and phosphate uptake by intertidal furoid algae in relation to zonation. <i>British Phycological Journal</i> , 1991, 26, 327-333.	1.3	36
140	Phosphate uptake by intertidal algae in relation to zonation and season. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 1990, 107, 281-289.	0.7	75