Andrew M Derrington

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68
papers
citations

4,061
h-index

63
g-index

70
ext. papers
ext. citations

4,280
ext. citations
avg, IF

L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|---|----------------------|-----------|
| 68 | Chromatic mechanisms in lateral geniculate nucleus of macaque. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1984 , 357, 241- | - 65 .9 | 1059 |
| 67 | Spatial and temporal contrast sensitivities of neurones in lateral geniculate nucleus of macaque. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1984 , 357, 219-40 | 3.9 | 743 |
| 66 | Separate detectors for simple and complex grating patterns?. Vision Research, 1985, 25, 1869-78 | 2.1 | 141 |
| 65 | The influence of temporal frequency and adaptation level on receptive field organization of retinal ganglion cells in cat. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1982 , 333, 343-66 | 3.9 | 131 |
| 64 | Discriminating the direction of second-order motion at short stimulus durations. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1993 , 33, 1785-94 | 2.1 | 108 |
| 63 | Spatial and temporal properties of X and Y cells in the cat lateral geniculate nucleus. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1979 , 293, 347-64 | 3.9 | 95 |
| 62 | Rapid colour-specific detection of motion in human vision. <i>Nature</i> , 1996 , 379, 72-4 | 50.4 | 92 |
| 61 | Detecting the displacement of periodic patterns. Vision Research, 1985, 25, 1253-8 | 2.1 | 87 |
| 60 | Refraction, aliasing, and the absence of motion reversals in peripheral vision. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1995 , 35, 939-47 | 2.1 | 82 |
| 59 | The low level motion system has both chromatic and luminance inputs. Vision Research, 1985, 25, 1879 | -8<u>4</u>. 1 | 76 |
| 58 | Detecting and discriminating the direction of motion of luminance and colour gratings. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1993 , 33, 799-811 | 2.1 | 74 |
| 57 | Visual mechanisms of motion analysis and motion perception. <i>Annual Review of Psychology</i> , 2004 , 55, 181-205 | 26.1 | 72 |
| 56 | Feedback from V1 and inhibition from beyond the classical receptive field modulates the responses of neurons in the primate lateral geniculate nucleus. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 2002 , 19, 583-92 | 1.7 | 71 |
| 55 | The effects of remote retinal stimulation on the responses of cat retinal ganglion cells. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1977 , 269, 177-94 | 3.9 | 69 |
| 54 | Motion of complex patterns is computed from the perceived motions of their components. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1991 , 31, 139-49 | 2.1 | 62 |
| 53 | Analysis of the motion of 2-dimensional patterns: evidence for a second-order process. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1992 , 32, 699-707 | 2.1 | 60 |
| 52 | Failure of motion discrimination at high contrasts: evidence for saturation. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1989 , 29, 1767-76 | 2.1 | 59 |

[1998-1989]

| 51 | Detecting the displacements of spatial beats: no role for distortion products. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1989 , 29, 731-9 | 2.1 | 54 | |
|----|--|----------------|----|--|
| 50 | Motion of chromatic stimuli: first-order or second-order?. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1994 , 34, 49-58 | 2.1 | 51 | |
| 49 | Two-stage analysis of the motion of 2-dimensional patterns, what is the first stage?. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1992 , 32, 691-8 | 2.1 | 51 | |
| 48 | Detection of spatial beats: non-linearity or contrast increment detection?. Vision Research, 1986, 26, 343 | 3 <u>-8</u> 1 | 48 | |
| 47 | The nature of V1 neural responses to 2D moving patterns depends on receptive-field structure in the marmoset monkey. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2003 , 90, 930-7 | 3.2 | 43 | |
| 46 | Distortion products in geniculate X-cells: a physiological basis for masking by spatially modulated gratings?. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1987 , 27, 1377-86 | 2.1 | 43 | |
| 45 | The mechanism of peripherally evoked responses in retinal ganglion cells. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1979 , 289, 299-310 | 3.9 | 41 | |
| 44 | Some observations on the masking effects of two-dimensional stimuli. Vision Research, 1989, 29, 241-6 | 2.1 | 39 | |
| 43 | The development of spatial-frequency selectivity in kitten striate cortex. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1981 , 316, 1-10 | 3.9 | 39 | |
| 42 | Errors in direction-of-motion discrimination with complex stimuli. Vision Research, 1987, 27, 61-75 | 2.1 | 36 | |
| 41 | Spatial and temporal properties of cat geniculate neurones after prolonged deprivation. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1981 , 314, 107-20 | 3.9 | 35 | |
| 40 | Spatial distribution of suppressive signals outside the classical receptive field in lateral geniculate nucleus. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2005 , 94, 1789-97 | 3.2 | 34 | |
| 39 | Second-order motion discrimination by feature-tracking. Vision Research, 1999, 39, 1465-75 | 2.1 | 34 | |
| 38 | Pattern discrimination with flickering stimuli. Vision Research, 1981, 21, 597-602 | 2.1 | 32 | |
| 37 | Gain control from beyond the classical receptive field in primate primary visual cortex. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 2003 , 20, 221-30 | 1.7 | 30 | |
| 36 | Long-range interactions modulate the contrast gain in the lateral geniculate nucleus of cats. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 1999 , 16, 943-56 | 1.7 | 30 | |
| 35 | Spatial frequency selectivity of remote pattern masking. Vision Research, 1984, 24, 1965-8 | 2.1 | 26 | |
| 34 | Temporal resolution of dichoptic and second-order motion mechanisms. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1998 , 38, 3531 | - <u>2</u> 9.1 | 24 | |

| 33 | Detecting the displacements of spatial beats: a monocular capability. Vision Research, 1987, 27, 793-7 | 2.1 | 22 |
|----|---|----------------|----|
| 32 | Long-range interactions in the lateral geniculate nucleus of the New-World monkey, Callithrix jacchus. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 2001 , 18, 209-18 | 1.7 | 20 |
| 31 | The analysis of motion of two-dimensional patterns: do Fourier components provide the first stage?. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1994 , 34, 59-72 | 2.1 | 17 |
| 30 | Slow discrimination of contrast-defined expansion patterns. Vision Research, 2000, 40, 735-44 | 2.1 | 16 |
| 29 | Development of spatial frequency selectivity in striate cortex of vision-deprived cats. <i>Experimental Brain Research</i> , 1984 , 55, 431-7 | 2.3 | 16 |
| 28 | Visual calibration of CRT monitors. <i>Displays</i> , 2001 , 22, 87-95 | 3.4 | 15 |
| 27 | Second-order processes in vision: introduction. <i>Journal of the Optical Society of America A: Optics and Image Science, and Vision</i> , 2001 , 18, 2175-8 | 1.8 | 15 |
| 26 | Processing of first-order motion in marmoset visual cortex is influenced by second-order motion. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 2006 , 23, 815-24 | 1.7 | 13 |
| 25 | Cone excitation ratios correlate with color discrimination performance in the horse (Equus caballus). <i>Journal of Comparative Psychology (Washington, D C: 1983)</i> , 2006 , 120, 438-48 | 2.1 | 12 |
| 24 | Vision: can colour contribute to motion?. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2000 , 10, R268-70 | 6.3 | 12 |
| 23 | Peripheral shift reduces visual sensitivity in cat geniculate neurones. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 1998 , 15, 875 | - 8:0 7 | 12 |
| 22 | Speed, spatial-frequency, and temporal-frequency comparisons in luminance and colour gratings. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1994 , 34, 2093-101 | 2.1 | 12 |
| 21 | The uses of colour vision: behavioural and physiological distinctiveness of colour stimuli. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2002 , 357, 975-85 | 5.8 | 11 |
| 20 | Coherent motion perception fails at low contrast. <i>Vision Research</i> , 2005 , 45, 2310-20 | 2.1 | 10 |
| 19 | Detection and motion detection in chromatic and luminance beats. <i>Journal of the Optical Society of America A: Optics and Image Science, and Vision</i> , 1996 , 13, 401 | 1.8 | 10 |
| 18 | What is the denominator for contrast normalisation?. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1996 , 36, 3759-66 | 2.1 | 10 |
| 17 | Linear and non-linear mechanisms in pattern vision. Current Biology, 1993, 3, 800-3 | 6.3 | 10 |
| 16 | Evidence for reciprocal antagonism between motion sensors tuned to coarse and fine features. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2007 , 7, 8.1-14 | 0.4 | 8 |

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

| 15 | Apparent motion from luminance change: sequence discriminators see it too. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1985 , 25, 2003-4 | 2.1 | 8 |
|----|--|-----|---|
| 14 | The lateral geniculate nucleus. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2001 , 11, R635-7 | 6.3 | 6 |
| 13 | Errors in direction-of-motion discrimination with dichoptically viewed stimuli. <i>Vision Research</i> , 1993 , 33, 1491-4 | 2.1 | 6 |
| 12 | Comparing the effect of the interaction between fine and coarse scales and surround suppression on motion discrimination. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2013 , 13, | 0.4 | 5 |
| 11 | How many neurons does it take to see?. Current Biology, 1993, 3, 510-2 | 6.3 | 5 |
| 10 | Antagonism between fine and coarse motion sensors depends on stimulus size and contrast. <i>Journal of Vision</i> , 2010 , 10, 18 | 0.4 | 4 |
| 9 | Visual system: XSXis not for saccades. Current Biology, 2002, 12, R591-2 | 6.3 | 4 |
| 8 | Two-dimensional pattern motion analysis uses local features. Vision Research, 2012 , 62, 84-92 | 2.1 | 2 |
| 7 | Power spectrum model of visual masking: simulations and empirical data. <i>Journal of the Optical Society of America A: Optics and Image Science, and Vision</i> , 2013 , 30, 1119-35 | 1.8 | 2 |
| 6 | Visual system: how is the retina wired up to the cortex?. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2004 , 14, R14-5 | 6.3 | 1 |
| 5 | Motion mechanisms based on nonlinear spatial filters have lower temporal resolution 1994, | | 1 |
| 4 | Errorless performance in a two-frame apparent motion task using high contrast stimuli, a failure to replicate Cleary (1990). <i>Vision Research</i> , 1992 , 32, 2191-3 | 2.1 | 1 |
| 3 | Seeing Motion 2000 , 259-309 | | 1 |
| 2 | The L/M-opponent channel provides a distinct and time-dependent contribution towards visual recognition. <i>Perception</i> , 2010 , 39, 1185-98 | 1.2 | |
| | Implications of motion detection for early non-linearities. Novartis Foundation Symposium, 1994, | | |

Implications of motion detection for early non-linearities. *Novartis Foundation Symposium*, **1994**, 184, 211-20; discussion 220-6, 269-71