

Peter T Baltrus

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

48
papers

1,436
citations

471509

17
h-index

330143

37
g-index

49
all docs

49
docs citations

49
times ranked

2163
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Neighborhood characteristics and ideal cardiovascular health among Black adults: results from the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2022, 65, 120.e1-120.e10.	1.9	19
2	Association of physical activity with arterial stiffness among Black adults. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2022, 27, 13-20.	1.5	3
3	Screening for uterine cancer.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, e18578-e18578.	1.6	0
4	Percentage of Black Population and Primary Care Shortage Areas Associated with Higher COVID-19 Case and Death Rates in Georgia Counties. <i>Southern Medical Journal</i> , 2021, 114, 57-62.	0.7	10
5	Population-Level Disparities in COVID-19: Measuring the Independent Association of the Proportion of Black Population on COVID-19 Cases and Deaths in US Counties. <i>Journal of Public Health Management and Practice</i> , 2021, 27, 268-277.	1.4	15
6	Food Access and Cardiovascular Outcomes in Metropolitan Atlanta Census Tracts With Residents at Low Risk and High Risk of Cardiovascular Disease: The Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular Center for Health Equity Study. <i>Preventing Chronic Disease</i> , 2021, 18, E42.	3.4	0
7	Variation in Reporting of the Race and Ethnicity of COVID-19 Cases and Deaths Across US States: April 12, 2020, and November 9, 2020. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021, 111, 1141-1148.	2.7	13
8	Identifying neighbourhood and individual resilience profiles for cardiovascular health: a cross-sectional study of blacks living in the Atlanta metropolitan area. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e041435.	1.9	3
9	Association Between Early Trauma and Ideal Cardiovascular Health Among Black Americans. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2021, 14, e007904.	2.2	11
10	Racial and ethnic disparities in H1N1 vaccine uptake in Medicaid: Lessons learned for a COVID-19 vaccine rollout. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2021, 24, 101588.	1.8	5
11	Measuring State-Level Racial Inequity in Severe Maternal Morbidity in the Medicaid Population. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2021, , 1.	1.5	0
12	2. Space Time Trends of Community Onset <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Infections in Children Living in Southeastern United States: 2002-2016. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 8, S1-S2.	0.9	0
13	Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Treatment and Treatment Type for Depression in a National Sample of Medicaid Recipients. <i>Psychiatric Services</i> , 2020, 71, 663-669.	2.0	22
14	Primary Care Comprehensiveness and Care Coordination in Robust Specialist Networks Results in Lower Emergency Department Utilization: A Network Analysis of Medicaid Physician Networks. <i>Journal of Primary Care and Community Health</i> , 2020, 11, 215013272092443.	2.1	5
15	Cardiovascular Risk and Resilience Among Black Adults: Rationale and Design of the MECA Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e015247.	3.7	17
16	Individual Psychosocial Resilience, Neighborhood Context, and Cardiovascular Health in Black Adults. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2020, 13, e006638.	2.2	14
17	Abstract MP04: Association Between Early Trauma and Ideal Cardiovascular Health Among Black Americans: Results From the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 141, .	1.6	0
18	Abstract P469: Association Between Quality and Patterns of Sleep and Ideal Cardiovascular Health in Black Americans: Results From the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 141, .	1.6	0

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19	Identification of Resilient and At-Risk Neighborhoods for Cardiovascular Disease Among Black Residents: the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity Study. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2019, 16, E57.	3.4	17
20	Identifying County-Level All-Cause Mortality Rate Trajectories and Their Spatial Distribution Across the United States. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2019, 16, E55.	3.4	11
21	Individual Characteristics of Resilience are Associated With Lower Than Expected Neighborhood Rates of Cardiovascular Disease in Blacks: Results From the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e011633.	3.7	19
22	Sex differences in the association of psychosocial resources with prevalent type 2 diabetes among African Americans: The Jackson Heart Study. Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications, 2019, 33, 113-117.	2.3	13
23	Abstract P426: Association Between Neighborhood Characteristics, Personal Resilience, and Arterial Stiffness Among Blacks: Results From the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity. Circulation, 2019, 139, .	1.6	0
24	Abstract O15: Better Neighborhood Characteristics Are Associated with Ideal Cardiovascular Health Among Blacks: Results From the Morehouse-Emory Cardiovascular (MECA) Center for Health Equity. Circulation, 2019, 139, .	1.6	0
25	Neighborhood Environmental Health and Premature Death From Cardiovascular Disease. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2018, 15, E17.	3.4	30
26	Quality of Care Indicators in Patients with Sickle Cell Disease (SCD): Influenza Vaccination and Routine Eye Examination Are Associated with Outpatient Utilization but Not Acute Hospital Care, Whereas Comorbidity Indexes Are Strongly Associated with Both. Blood, 2018, 132, 3574-3574.	1.4	1
27	Individual and county level predictors of asthma related emergency department visits among children on Medicaid: A multilevel approach. Journal of Asthma, 2017, 54, 53-61.	1.7	29
28	Applying a Community-Based Participatory Research Approach to Address Determinants of Cardiovascular Disease and Diabetes Mellitus in an Urban Setting. , 2017, , 131-154.		2
29	Paths to health equity: Local area variation in progress toward eliminating breast cancer mortality disparities, 1990-2009. Cancer, 2015, 121, 2765-2774.	4.1	27
30	Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Mental Health Service Utilization among Youth Participating in Negative Externalizing Behaviors. Ethnicity and Disease, 2015, 25, 123-9.	2.3	18
31	Geographic and racial variation in asthma prevalence and emergency department use among Medicaid-enrolled children in 14 southern states. Journal of Asthma, 2014, 51, 913-921.	1.7	30
32	Characterizing Depression and Comorbid Medical Conditions in African American Women in a Primary Care Setting. Journal of the National Medical Association, 2013, 105, 183-191.	0.8	8
33	Black White Disparities in Receiving a Physician Recommendation for Colorectal Cancer Screening and Reasons for not Undergoing Screening. Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved, 2013, 24, 1115-1124.	0.8	42
34	Using Appendiceal Perforation Rates to Measure Impact of a Disaster on Healthcare System Effectiveness. Southern Medical Journal, 2013, 106, 82-88.	0.7	10
35	Increasing Knowledge of Cardiovascular Risk Factors Among African Americans by Use of Community Health Workers: The ABCD Community Intervention Pilot Project. Journal of the National Medical Association, 2012, 104, 179-185.	0.8	6
36	Paths to Success: Optimal and Equitable Health Outcomes for All. Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved, 2012, 23, 7-19.	0.8	17

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37	Racial/ethnic disparities, social support, and depression: examining a social determinant of mental health. <i>Ethnicity and Disease</i> , 2012, 22, 15-20.	2.3	35
38	Prevalence, Treatment, and Control of Depressive Symptoms in the United States: Results from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), 2005-2008. <i>Journal of the American Board of Family Medicine</i> , 2011, 24, 33-38.	1.5	215
39	Presence of Medical Schools May Contribute to Reducing Breast Cancer Mortality and Disparities. <i>Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved</i> , 2010, 21, 961-976.	0.8	9
40	Socioeconomic position, stress, and cortisol in relation to waist circumference in African American and white women. <i>Ethnicity and Disease</i> , 2010, 20, 376-82.	2.3	7
41	Presence of a Community Health Center and Uninsured Emergency Department Visit Rates in Rural Counties. <i>Journal of Rural Health</i> , 2009, 25, 8-16.	2.9	76
42	Cardiovascular Risk Factors among Asian Americans: Results from a National Health Survey. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 19, 718-723.	1.9	168
43	Practical Barriers to Timely Primary Care Access. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2008, 168, 1705.	3.8	202
44	Black-White Disparities in Elderly Breast Cancer Mortality Before and After Implementation of Medicare Benefits for Screening Mammography. <i>Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved</i> , 2008, 19, 103-134.	0.8	19
45	The shape of health to come: prospective study of the determinants of 30-year health trajectories in the Alameda County Study. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 36, 542-548.	1.9	23
46	Socioeconomic Position in Childhood and Adulthood and Weight Gain over 34 Years: The Alameda County Study. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 17, 608-614.	1.9	30
47	Black-White Mortality From HIV in the United States Before and After Introduction of Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy in 1996. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2007, 97, 1884-1892.	2.7	79
48	Race/Ethnicity, Life-Course Socioeconomic Position, and Body Weight Trajectories Over 34 years: The Alameda County Study. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2005, 95, 1595-1601.	2.7	156