

Augusto Filippo Di Castelnuovo

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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Version: 2024-04-27

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

244
papers

17,870
citations

53
h-index

131
g-index

263
ext. papers

22,504
ext. citations

7.7
avg, IF

7.51
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
244	Response to commentaries: alcohol intake and total mortality, strengths and limitations of observational studies, waiting for clinical trials.. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022 , 117, 329-330	4.6	
243	Retrospective Recall of Psychological Distress Experienced During the First COVID-19 Lockdown in Italy: Results From the ALT RISCOVID-19 Survey.. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2022 , 67, 1604345		4
242	Targeting the ASMase/S1P pathway protects from sortilin-evoked vascular damage in hypertension.. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2022 , 132,	15.9	2
241	Effects of liraglutide vs. lifestyle changes on soluble suppression of tumorigenesis-2 (sST2) and galectin-3 in obese subjects with prediabetes or type 2 diabetes after comparable weight loss.. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2022 , 21, 36	8.7	1
240	Mediterranean diet and other dietary patterns in association with biological aging in the Moli-sani Study cohort.. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 41, 1025-1033	5.9	1
239	Fine-grained investigation of the relationship between human nutrition and global DNA methylation patterns. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1	5.2	0
238	Psychological distress resulting from the COVID-19 confinement is associated with unhealthy dietary changes in two Italian population-based cohorts. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1	5.2	1
237	Hydroxichloroquine for COVID-19 infection: Do we have a final word after one year?. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2021 , 94, 4-5	3.9	0
236	Platelet Distribution Width Is Associated with P-Selectin Dependent Platelet Function: Results from the Moli-Family Cohort Study. <i>Cells</i> , 2021 , 10,	7.9	2
235	Ultra-processed food intake and all-cause and cause-specific mortality in individuals with cardiovascular disease: the Moli-sani Study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021 ,	9.5	4
234	Association of a traditional Mediterranean diet and non-Mediterranean dietary scores with all-cause and cause-specific mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 60, 729-746	5.2	6
233	Daily Coffee Drinking Is Associated with Lower Risks of Cardiovascular and Total Mortality in a General Italian Population: Results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 395-404	4.1	4
232	Sex-Specific Association of Endogenous PCSK9 With Memory Function in Elderly Subjects at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2021 , 13, 632655	5.3	1
231	Egg consumption and risk of all-cause and cause-specific mortality in an Italian adult population. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 60, 3691-3702	5.2	2
230	Heterogeneous contributions of change in population distribution of body mass index to change in obesity and underweight. <i>ELife</i> , 2021 , 10,	8.9	10
229	Different Anticoagulant Regimens, Mortality, and Bleeding in Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19: A Systematic Review and an Updated Meta-Analysis. <i>Seminars in Thrombosis and Hemostasis</i> , 2021 , 47, 372-391	5.3	19
228	Changes in the consumption of foods characterising the Mediterranean dietary pattern and major correlates during the COVID-19 confinement in Italy: results from two cohort studies. <i>International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 72, 1105-1117	3.7	7

227	Endogenous PCSK9 may influence circulating CD45/CD34 and CD45/CD34/CD146 cells in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 9659	4.9	1
226	Dietary Polyphenol Intake Is Associated with Biological Aging, a Novel Predictor of Cardiovascular Disease: Cross-Sectional Findings from the Moli-Sani Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	4
225	Hydroxychloroquine and mortality in COVID-19 patients: a systematic review and a meta-analysis of observational studies and randomized controlled trials. <i>Pathogens and Global Health</i> , 2021 , 115, 456-466 ^{3.1}	3.1	5
224	Ultra-processed food consumption and its correlates among Italian children, adolescents and adults from the Italian Nutrition & Health Survey (INHES) cohort study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 24, 6258-6271 ^{3.3}	3.3	8
223	Lopinavir/Ritonavir and Darunavir/Cobicistat in Hospitalized COVID-19 Patients: Findings From the Multicenter Italian CORIST Study. <i>Frontiers in Medicine</i> , 2021 , 8, 639970	4.9	9
222	SCORE2 risk prediction algorithms: new models to estimate 10-year risk of cardiovascular disease in Europe. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021 , 42, 2439-2454	9.5	58
221	Disentangling the Association of Hydroxychloroquine Treatment with Mortality in Covid-19 Hospitalized Patients through Hierarchical Clustering. <i>Journal of Healthcare Engineering</i> , 2021 , 2021, 5556207	3.7	2
220	Dietary selenium intake and risk of hospitalization for type 2 diabetes in the Moli-sani study cohort. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 1738-1746	4.5	10
219	Association between body mass index, waist circumference, and relative fat mass with the risk of first unprovoked venous thromboembolism. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 3122-3130	4.5	1
218	Age-dependent effect of susceptibility factors on the risk of intracerebral haemorrhage: Multicenter Study on Cerebral Hemorrhage in Italy (MUCH-Italy). <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 92, 1068-1071	5.5	
217	Determinants of serum uric acid levels in an adult general population: results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Clinical Rheumatology</i> , 2021 , 40, 857-865	3.9	
216	Skin toxicity following radiotherapy in patients with breast carcinoma: is anthocyanin supplementation beneficial?. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 2068-2077	5.9	2
215	The CASSIOPEA Study (Economic Crisis and Adherence to the Mediterranean diet: possible impact on biOMarkers of inflammation and metabolic PhEnotypes in the cohort of the Moli-sAni Study): Rationale, design and characteristics of participants. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 1053-1062	4.5	2
214	Ultra-processed food consumption is associated with increased risk of all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in the Moli-sani Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 113, 446-455	7	36
213	Heparin in COVID-19 Patients Is Associated with Reduced In-Hospital Mortality: The Multicenter Italian CORIST Study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2021 , 121, 1054-1065	7	45
212	Alcohol consumption, cardiac biomarkers, and risk of atrial fibrillation and adverse outcomes. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021 , 42, 1170-1177	9.5	29
211	Changes in ultra-processed food consumption during the first Italian lockdown following the COVID-19 pandemic and major correlates: results from two population-based cohorts. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 24, 3905-3915	3.3	9
210	Alcohol intake and total mortality in 142 960 individuals from the MORGAM Project: a population-based study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2021 ,	4.6	6

209	Protective effect of oral anticoagulant drugs in atrial fibrillation patients admitted for COVID-19: Results from the CORIST study. <i>Thrombosis Research</i> , 2021 , 203, 138-141	8.2	0
208	Insulin resistance and NAFLD may influence memory performance in obese patients with prediabetes or newly-diagnosed type 2 diabetes. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 2685-2692	4.5	
207	Reduced pulmonary function, low-grade inflammation and increased risk of total and cardiovascular mortality in a general adult population: Prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2021 , 184, 106441	4.6	2
206	Exploring domains, clinical implications and environmental associations of a deep learning marker of biological ageing. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 1	12.1	2
205	Worldwide trends in hypertension prevalence and progress in treatment and control from 1990 to 2019: a pooled analysis of 1201 population-representative studies with 104 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2021 , 398, 957-980	40	154
204	DNA methylation in blood is associated with metabolic and inflammatory indices: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Epigenetics</i> , 2021 , 16, 1347-1360	5.7	1
203	Combined influence of depression severity and low-grade inflammation on incident hospitalization and mortality risk in Italian adults. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021 , 279, 173-182	6.6	5
202	Height and body-mass index trajectories of school-aged children and adolescents from 1985 to 2019 in 200 countries and territories: a pooled analysis of 2181 population-based studies with 65 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2020 , 396, 1511-1524	40	73
201	Revisiting the link between platelets and depression through genetic epidemiology: new insights from platelet distribution width. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2020 , 105, e246-e248	6.6	8
200	Controversial Relationship Between Renin-Angiotensin System Inhibitors and Severity of COVID-19: Announcing a Large Multicentre Case-Control Study in Italy. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020 , 76, 312-313	8.5	8
199	Repositioning of the global epicentre of non-optimal cholesterol. <i>Nature</i> , 2020 , 582, 73-77	50.4	48
198	Reply: Chili Pepper Intake and Mortality: Clarification on Management of Confounding and Mediating Pathways. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 75, 1866-1867	15.1	
197	High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin I Levels and Prediction of Heart Failure: Results From the BiomarCaRE Consortium. <i>JACC: Heart Failure</i> , 2020 , 8, 401-411	7.9	15
196	Associations between systemic inflammation and somatic depressive symptoms: Findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Depression and Anxiety</i> , 2020 , 37, 935-943	8.4	2
195	Liraglutide improves memory in obese patients with prediabetes or early type 2 diabetes: a randomized, controlled study. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020 , 44, 1254-1263	5.5	23
194	Comparison of Cardiovascular Risk Factors in European Population Cohorts for Predicting Atrial Fibrillation and Heart Failure, Their Subsequent Onset, and Death. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020 , 9, e015218	6	6
193	Reduced Kidney Function and Relative Hypocalciuria-Observational, Cross-Sectional, Population-Based Data. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020 , 9,	5.1	1
192	RAAS inhibitors are not associated with mortality in COVID-19 patients: Findings from an observational multicenter study in Italy and a meta-analysis of 19 studies. <i>Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2020 , 135, 106805	5.9	34

191	Correction of QRS voltage for body mass index does not improve the prediction of fatal and nonfatal cardiovascular events. The Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 426-433	4.5	
190	Common cardiovascular risk factors and in-hospital mortality in 3,894 patients with COVID-19: survival analysis and machine learning-based findings from the multicentre Italian CORIST Study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 1899-1913	4.5	84
189	Use of hydroxychloroquine in hospitalised COVID-19 patients is associated with reduced mortality: Findings from the observational multicentre Italian CORIST study. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2020 , 82, 38-47	3.9	64
188	Cardiac Troponin I and Incident Stroke in European Cohorts: Insights From the BiomarCaRE Project. <i>Stroke</i> , 2020 , 51, 2770-2777	6.7	3
187	Decomposing the educational gradient in allostatic load across European populations. What matters the most: differentials in exposure or in susceptibility?. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2020 , 74, 1008-1015	5.1	2
186	Lifestyle and biological factors influence the relationship between mental health and low-grade inflammation. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2020 , 85, 4-13	16.6	22
185	Randomised trial of chronic supplementation with a nutraceutical mixture in subjects with non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 123, 190-197	3.6	9
184	National trends in total cholesterol obscure heterogeneous changes in HDL and non-HDL cholesterol and total-to-HDL cholesterol ratio: a pooled analysis of 458 population-based studies in Asian and Western countries. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 49, 173-192	7.8	25
183	Moderate alcohol consumption and lower total mortality risk: Justified doubts or established facts?. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2019 , 29, 1003-1008	4.5	19
182	Alcohol and the global burden of disease. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2019 , 393, 2389	40	5
181	Rising rural body-mass index is the main driver of the global obesity epidemic in adults. <i>Nature</i> , 2019 , 569, 260-264	50.4	278
180	ZBTB12 DNA methylation is associated with coagulation- and inflammation-related blood cell parameters: findings from the Moli-family cohort. <i>Clinical Epigenetics</i> , 2019 , 11, 74	7.7	7
179	Impact of combined healthy lifestyle factors on survival in an adult general population and in high-risk groups: prospective results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2019 , 286, 207-220	10.8	13
178	Socioeconomic trajectories across the life course and risk of total and cause-specific mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2019 , 73, 516-528	5.1	2
177	Consumption of whole grain food and its determinants in a general Italian population: Results from the INHES study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2019 , 29, 611-620	4.5	10
176	NT-proBNP (N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide) and the Risk of Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2019 , 50, 610-617	6.7	21
175	Socioeconomic and psychosocial determinants of adherence to the Mediterranean diet in a general adult Italian population. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019 , 29, 328-335	2.1	20
174	Vitamin D Status and Indices of Mineral Homeostasis in the Population: Differences Between 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and 1,25-Dihydroxyvitamin D. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11,	6.7	6

173	Machine Learning Approaches for the Estimation of Biological Aging: The Road Ahead for Population Studies. <i>Frontiers in Medicine</i> , 2019 , 6, 146	4.9	13
172	Variation of PEAR1 DNA methylation influences platelet and leukocyte function. <i>Clinical Epigenetics</i> , 2019 , 11, 151	7.7	9
171	Chili Pepper Consumption and Mortality in Italian Adults. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 74, 3139-3149	15.1	30
170	Interaction between Mediterranean diet and statins on mortality risk in patients with cardiovascular disease: Findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 276, 248-254	3.2	9
169	Alcohol consumption and hospitalization burden in an adult Italian population: prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019 , 114, 636-650	4.6	9
168	Association of proinflammatory diet with low-grade inflammation: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 54, 182-188	4.8	46
167	Favorable association of polyphenol-rich diets with lung function: Cross-sectional findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2018 , 136, 48-57	4.6	16
166	Serum vitamin D deficiency and risk of hospitalization for heart failure: Prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2018 , 28, 298-307	4.5	16
165	Reduced mortality risk by a polyphenol-rich diet: An analysis from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 48, 87-95	4.8	18
164	Health-related quality of life and risk of composite coronary heart disease and cerebrovascular events in the Moli-sani study cohort. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 25, 287-297	3.9	8
163	Age- and sex-based ranges of platelet count and cause-specific mortality risk in an adult general population: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Platelets</i> , 2018 , 29, 312-315	3.6	12
162	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 47, 872-883i	7.8	40
161	Mediterranean-type diet is associated with higher psychological resilience in a general adult population: findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 72, 154-160	5.2	28
160	Alcohol intake and the risk of intracerebral hemorrhage in the elderly: The MUCH-Italy. <i>Neurology</i> , 2018 , 91, e227-e235	6.5	17
159	Abstract 031: Socioeconomic Trajectories Across the Life Course and Risk of All-cause and Cardiovascular Mortality: Prospective Findings From the Moli-sani Study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2018 , 137,	16.7	1
158	Body Mass Index and Mortality in Elderly Subjects from the Moli-Sani Study: A Possible Mediation by Low-Grade Inflammation?. <i>Immunological Investigations</i> , 2018 , 47, 774-789	2.9	4
157	Socioeconomic status and impact of the economic crisis on dietary habits in Italy: results from the INHES study. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018 , 40, 703-712	3.5	7
156	Thromboxane-Dependent Platelet Activation in Obese Subjects with Prediabetes or Early Type 2 Diabetes: Effects of Liraglutide- or Lifestyle Changes-Induced Weight Loss. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018 , 10,	6.7	14

155	Mediterranean diet and mortality in the elderly: a prospective cohort study and a meta-analysis. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 120, 841-854	3.6	53
154	Food group consumption in an Italian population using the updated food classification system FoodEx2: Results from the Italian Nutrition & HEalth Survey (INHES) study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2017 , 27, 307-328	4.5	31
153	Relative contribution of health-related behaviours and chronic diseases to the socioeconomic patterning of low-grade inflammation. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017 , 62, 551-562	4	22
152	Screening for Fabry disease in patients with ischaemic stroke at young age: the Italian Project on Stroke in Young Adults. <i>European Journal of Neurology</i> , 2017 , 24, e12-e14	6	6
151	Obesity and ECG left ventricular hypertrophy. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2017 , 35, 162-169	1.9	20
150	Reduction by coffee consumption of prostate cancer risk: Evidence from the Moli-sani cohort and cellular models. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 141, 72-82	7.5	22
149	Higher adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with lower levels of D-dimer: findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2017 , 102, e61-e64	6.6	2
148	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128.9 million children, adolescents, and adults. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017 , 390, 2627-2642	40	2980
147	Moderate Alcohol Consumption Is Associated With Lower Risk for Heart Failure But Not Atrial Fibrillation. <i>JACC: Heart Failure</i> , 2017 , 5, 837-844	7.9	17
146	Mean platelet volume is associated with lower risk of overall and non-vascular mortality in a general population. Results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2017 , 117, 1129-1140	7	6
145	Fish intake is associated with lower cardiovascular risk in a Mediterranean population: Prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2017 , 27, 865-873	4.5	22
144	Effects of Liraglutide on Weight Loss, Fat Distribution, and Cell Function in Obese Subjects With Prediabetes or Early Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2017 , 40, 1556-1564	14.6	45
143	Frontal plane T-wave axis orientation predicts coronary events: Findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2017 , 264, 51-57	3.1	2
142	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with 19.1 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017 , 389, 37-55	40	1100
141	High adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with cardiovascular protection in higher but not in lower socioeconomic groups: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 46, 1478-1487	7.8	40
140	Risk Profile of Symptomatic Lacunar Stroke Versus Nonlobar Intracerebral Hemorrhage. <i>Stroke</i> , 2016 , 47, 2141-3	6.7	9
139	Age-sex-specific ranges of platelet count and all-cause mortality: prospective findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Blood</i> , 2016 , 127, 1614-6	2.2	27
138	Adherence to the traditional Mediterranean diet and mortality in subjects with diabetes. Prospective results from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 23, 400-7	3.9	68

137	Flavonoid and lignan intake in a Mediterranean population: proposal for a holistic approach in polyphenol dietary analysis, the Moli-sani Study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 70, 338-45	5.2	32
136	Polyphenol intake is associated with low-grade inflammation, using a novel data analysis from the Moli-sani study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2016 , 115, 344-52	7	68
135	Association of pasta consumption with body mass index and waist-to-hip ratio: results from Moli-sani and INHES studies. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2016 , 6, e218	4.7	17
134	Serum cholesterol levels, HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors and the risk of intracerebral haemorrhage. The Multicenter Study on Cerebral Haemorrhage in Italy (MUCH-Italy). <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 87, 924-9	5.5	22
133	A score of low-grade inflammation and risk of mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2016 , 101, 1434-1441	6.6	53
132	Effects of moderate beer consumption on health and disease: A consensus document. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2016 , 26, 443-67	4.5	124
131	Interaction between education and income on the risk of all-cause mortality: prospective results from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016 , 61, 765-76	4	19
130	Worldwide trends in diabetes since 1980: a pooled analysis of 751 population-based studies with 4.4 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016 , 387, 1513-1530	40	2039
129	Trends in adult body-mass index in 200 countries from 1975 to 2014: a pooled analysis of 1698 population-based measurement studies with 192 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016 , 387, 1377-1396	40	2787
128	ACE-inhibitors versus angiotensin receptor blockers for prevention of events in cardiovascular patients without heart failure - A network meta-analysis. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 217, 128-34	3.2	19
127	Cardiovascular risk and events and country income stratum. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015 , 372, 290	59.2	3
126	Effects of diabetes definition on global surveillance of diabetes prevalence and diagnosis: a pooled analysis of 96 population-based studies with 331,288 participants. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the</i> , 2015 , 3, 624-37	18.1	109
125	Circulating Tissue Factor Levels and Risk of Stroke: Findings From the EPICOR Study. <i>Stroke</i> , 2015 , 46, 1501-7	6.7	6
124	Nut consumption is inversely associated with both cancer and total mortality in a Mediterranean population: prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 114, 804-11	3.6	39
123	T-wave axis deviation is associated with biomarkers of low-grade inflammation. Findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2015 , 114, 1199-206	7	8
122	Supplementation with vitamin E alone is associated with reduced myocardial infarction: a meta-analysis. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2015 , 25, 354-63	4.5	40
121	Mushroom and dietary selenium intakes in relation to fasting glucose levels in a free-living Italian adult population: the Moli-sani Project. <i>Diabetes and Metabolism</i> , 2014 , 40, 34-42	5.4	22
120	L-Carnitine status in end-stage renal disease patients on automated peritoneal dialysis. <i>Journal of Nephrology</i> , 2014 , 27, 699-706	4.8	16

119	Seasonality of cardiovascular risk factors: an analysis including over 230 000 participants in 15 countries. <i>Heart</i> , 2014 , 100, 1517-23	5.1	88
118	Decline of the Mediterranean diet at a time of economic crisis. Results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2014 , 24, 853-60	4.5	100
117	Elevated levels of D-dimers increase the risk of ischaemic and haemorrhagic stroke. Findings from the EPICOR Study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2014 , 112, 941-6	7	28
116	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with lower platelet and leukocyte counts: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Blood</i> , 2014 , 123, 3037-44	2.2	59
115	5,10-Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) C677T and A1298C polymorphisms: genotype frequency and association with homocysteine and folate levels in middle-southern Italian adults. <i>Cell Biochemistry and Function</i> , 2014 , 32, 1-4	4.2	35
114	Folate intake and folate serum levels in men and women from two European populations: The IMMIDIET project. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 30, 822-30	4.8	20
113	Both red and blond orange juice intake decreases the procoagulant activity of whole blood in healthy volunteers. <i>Thrombosis Research</i> , 2013 , 132, 288-92	8.2	13
112	Metabolic syndrome in survivors from the 2009 earthquake in Italy. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2013 , 23, e5-8	4.5	3
111	Prolonged administration of <i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i> to healthy human volunteers and cardiovascular risk. <i>Nutrafoods</i> , 2013 , 12, 137-144		2
110	Prevention of postoperative atrial fibrillation in open heart surgery patients by preoperative supplementation of n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids: an updated meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , 2013 , 146, 906-11	1.5	49
109	T-wave axis deviation and left ventricular hypertrophy interaction in diabetes and hypertension. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , 2013 , 46, 487-91	1.4	11
108	Folate, vitamin B12 and homocysteine status in an Italian blood donor population. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2013 , 23, 473-80	4.5	23
107	T-wave axis deviation, metabolic syndrome and estimated cardiovascular risk--in men and women of the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013 , 226, 412-8	3.1	7
106	Effect of an L-carnitine-containing peritoneal dialysate on insulin sensitivity in patients treated with CAPD: a 4-month, prospective, multicenter randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2013 , 62, 929-38	7.4	32
105	Nutrition knowledge is associated with higher adherence to Mediterranean diet and lower prevalence of obesity. Results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Appetite</i> , 2013 , 68, 139-46	4.5	93
104	Reply to the editor. <i>Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , 2013 , 146, 992-3	1.5	
103	Heritability, genetic correlation and linkage to the 9p21.3 region of mixed platelet-leukocyte conjugates in families with and without early myocardial infarction. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2013 , 23, 684-92	4.5	8
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1	Exploring domains, clinical implications and environmental associations of a deep learning marker of biological ageing		1