Saif Al Shamsi

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

18 papers	**137** citations	1477746 **6** h-index	1281420 **11** g-index
19 all docs	**19** docs citations	**19** times ranked	**177** citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Prognostic impact of anemia on the mortality of United Arab Emirates nationals with cardiovascular disease. Qatar Medical Journal, 2022, 2022, 3.	0.2	0
2	Prevalence of Celiac Disease in Patients With Turner Syndrome: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 674896.	1.2	10
3	Predictive Value of Creatinine-based Equations of Kidney Function in the Long-term Prognosis in United Arab Emirates Patients. Oman Medical Journal, 2021, 36, e217-e217.	0.3	0
4	Validation of the REduction of Atherothrombosis for Continued Health (REACH) prediction model for recurrent cardiovascular disease among United Arab Emirates Nationals. BMC Research Notes, 2020, 13, 484.	0.6	2
5	Performance of the Framingham coronary heart disease risk score for predicting 10-year cardiac risk in adult United Arab Emirates nationals without diabetes: a retrospective cohort study. BMC Family Practice, 2020, 21, 175.	2.9	7
6	Strength of the association between Turner syndrome and coeliac disease: protocol for a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e037478.	0.8	1
7	Incidence and risk factors of type 2 diabetes mellitus in an overweight and obese population: a long-term retrospective cohort study from a Gulf state. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e035813.	0.8	11
8	The Incidence of Adverse Drug Reactions in Patients Treated with Statins in the Emirates: A Retrospective Cohort Study. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2020, 18, 193-199.	0.8	2
9	External validation and clinical usefulness of three commonly used cardiovascular risk prediction scores in an Emirati population: a retrospective longitudinal cohort study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e040680.	0.8	1
10	External validation and clinical usefulness of three commonly used cardiovascular risk prediction scores in an Emirati population: a retrospective longitudinal cohort study. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e040680.	0.8	6
11	Weight bias and eating behaviours of persons with overweight and obesity attending a general medical practice in Durban, South Africa. South African Family Practice: Official Journal of the South African Academy of Family Practice/Primary Care, 2019, 61, 85-90.	0.2	1
12	Use of estimated glomerular filtration rate to predict incident chronic kidney disease in patients at risk of cardiovascular disease: a retrospective study. BMC Nephrology, 2019, 20, 325.	0.8	8
13	Incidence of cardiovascular disease and its associated risk factors in at-risk men and women in the United Arab Emirates: a 9-year retrospective cohort study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2019, 19, 148.	0.7	32
14	Mortality and potential years of life lost attributable to non-optimal glycaemic control in men and women with diabetes in the United Arab Emirates: a population-based retrospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e032654.	0.8	0
15	Incidence and risk factors for recurrent cardiovascular disease in middle-eastern adults: a retrospective study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2019, 19, 253.	0.7	18
16	Does performance on United States national board of medical examiners reflect student clinical experiences in United Arab Emirates? [Version 2]. MedEdPublish, 2019, 8, .	0.3	1
17	Chronic kidney disease in patients at high risk of cardiovascular disease in the United Arab Emirates: A population-based study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0199920.	1.1	25
18	Provision of care for chronic kidney disease by non-nephrologists in a developing nation: a national survey. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010832.	0.8	12