

Natalie D Luscombe-Marsh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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69
papers

5,117
citations

134610

34
h-index

111975

67
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69
all docs

69
docs citations

69
times ranked

5308
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Randomized Controlled Pilot Exercise and Protein Effectiveness Supplementation Study (EXPRESS) on Reducing Frailty Risk in Community-Dwelling Older People. <i>Journal of Nutrition in Gerontology and Geriatrics</i> , 2021, 40, 26-45.	0.4	1
2	Almond consumption affects fecal microbiota composition, stool pH, and stool moisture in overweight and obese adults with elevated fasting blood glucose: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 2021, 85, 47-59.	1.3	19
3	The Inhibition of Metabolic Inflammation by EPA Is Associated with Enhanced Mitochondrial Fusion and Insulin Signaling in Human Primary Myotubes. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 151, 810-819.	1.3	11
4	Effects of very low-carbohydrate vs. high-carbohydrate weight loss diets on psychological health in adults with obesity and type 2 diabetes: a 2-year randomized controlled trial. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 60, 4251-4262.	1.8	11
5	Nutritional adequacy of very low- and high-carbohydrate, low saturated fat diets in adults with type 2 diabetes: A secondary analysis of a 2-year randomised controlled trial. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 170, 108501.	1.1	11
6	Eicosapentaenoic Acid-Induced Inhibition of Metabolic Inflammation Is Associated with Preserved Mitochondrial Function and Insulin Sensitivity in Human Primary Myotubes. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020, 4, nzaa045_104.	0.1	0
7	Effects of intragastric tryptophan on acute changes in the plasma tryptophan/large neutral amino acids ratio and relationship with subsequent energy intake in lean and obese men. <i>Food and Function</i> , 2020, 11, 7095-7103.	2.1	4
8	Very Low and Higher Carbohydrate Diets Promote Differential Appetite Responses in Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 150, 800-805.	1.3	11
9	Plasma Free Amino Acid Responses to Whey Protein and Their Relationships with Gastric Emptying, Blood Glucose- and Appetite-Regulatory Hormones and Energy Intake in Lean Healthy Men. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 2465.	1.7	16
10	Efficacy of Real-Time Continuous Glucose Monitoring to Improve Effects of a Prescriptive Lifestyle Intervention in Type 2 Diabetes: A Pilot Study. <i>Diabetes Therapy</i> , 2019, 10, 509-522.	1.2	29
11	Mitochondrial (Dys)function and Insulin Resistance: From Pathophysiological Molecular Mechanisms to the Impact of Diet. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2019, 10, 532.	1.3	205
12	Effects of almond consumption on metabolic function and liver fat in overweight and obese adults with elevated fasting blood glucose: A randomised controlled trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition ESPEN</i> , 2019, 30, 10-18.	0.5	36
13	Effects of an energy-restricted low-carbohydrate, high unsaturated fat/low saturated fat diet versus a high-carbohydrate, low-fat diet in type 2 diabetes: A 2-year randomized clinical trial. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2018, 20, 858-871.	2.2	139
14	Food Services Using Energy- and Protein-Fortified Meals to Assist Vulnerable Community-Residing Older Adults Meet Their Dietary Requirements and Maintain Good Health and Quality of Life: Findings from a Pilot Study. <i>Geriatrics (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 3, 60.	0.6	5
15	Plant sterols lowers both fasting LDL-cholesterol and triglycerides in dyslipidaemic individuals with or at risk of developing type 2 diabetes. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 275, e198.	0.4	0
16	Plant sterols lower LDL-cholesterol and triglycerides in dyslipidemic individuals with or at risk of developing type 2 diabetes; a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2018, 8, 30.	1.5	28
17	Effect of Age on Blood Glucose and Plasma Insulin, Glucagon, Ghrelin, CCK, GIP, and GLP-1 Responses to Whey Protein Ingestion. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018, 10, 2.	1.7	53
18	Dose-Dependent Effects of Randomized Intraduodenal Whey-Protein Loads on Glucose, Gut Hormone, and Amino Acid Concentrations in Healthy Older and Younger Men. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018, 10, 78.	1.7	30

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19	Effect of gender on the acute effects of whey protein ingestion on energy intake, appetite, gastric emptying and gut hormone responses in healthy young adults. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2018, 8, 40.	1.5	26
20	Serve Size and Estimated Energy and Protein Contents of Meals Prepared by "Meals on Wheels" South Australia Inc.: Findings from a Meal Audit Study. <i>Foods</i> , 2018, 7, 26.	1.9	6
21	The EXPRESS Study: Exercise and Protein Effectiveness Supplementation Study supporting autonomy in community dwelling frail older people"study protocol for a randomized controlled pilot and feasibility study. <i>Pilot and Feasibility Studies</i> , 2018, 4, 8.	0.5	6
22	Effects of randomized whey-protein loads on energy intake, appetite, gastric emptying, and plasma gut-hormone concentrations in older men and women. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017, 106, 865-877.	2.2	53
23	A Cross-Sectional Study of Nutrient Intake and Health Status among Older Adults in Yogyakarta Indonesia. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 9, 1240.	1.7	23
24	Plasma Free Amino Acid Responses to Intraduodenal Whey Protein, and Relationships with Insulin, Glucagon-Like Peptide-1 and Energy Intake in Lean Healthy Men. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2016, 8, 4.	1.7	25
25	Ageing Is Associated with Decreases in Appetite and Energy Intake" A Meta-Analysis in Healthy Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2016, 8, 28.	1.7	128
26	Dairy Intake Enhances Body Weight and Composition Changes during Energy Restriction in 18"50-Year-Old Adults" A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2016, 8, 394.	1.7	46
27	Long-term effects of very low-carbohydrate and high-carbohydrate weight-loss diets on psychological health in obese adults with type 2 diabetes: randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2016, 280, 388-397.	2.7	34
28	A randomised-controlled trial of the effects of very low-carbohydrate and high-carbohydrate diets on cognitive performance in patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 116, 1745-1753.	1.2	11
29	Long-term effects of weight loss with a very-low carbohydrate, low saturated fat diet on flow mediated dilatation in patients with type 2 diabetes: A randomised controlled trial. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2016, 252, 28-31.	0.4	33
30	Contributions of upper gut hormones and motility to the energy intake-suppressant effects of intraduodenal nutrients in healthy, lean men - a pooled-data analysis. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2016, 4, e12943.	0.7	10
31	Long-Term Effects of a Very Low Carbohydrate Compared With a High Carbohydrate Diet on Renal Function in Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2015, 94, e2181.	0.4	84
32	Comparison of low- and high-carbohydrate diets for type 2 diabetes management: a randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 102, 780-790.	2.2	251
33	Comparative effects of intraduodenal protein and lipid on ghrelin, peptide YY, and leptin release in healthy men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2015, 308, R300-R304.	0.9	13
34	The role of protein in weight loss and maintenance. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 101, 1320S-1329S.	2.2	294
35	Lesser suppression of energy intake by orally ingested whey protein in healthy older men compared with young controls. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2015, 309, R845-R854.	0.9	46
36	Comparative effects of intraduodenal whey protein hydrolysate on antropyloroduodenal motility, gut hormones, glycemia, appetite, and energy intake in lean and obese men. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 102, 1323-1331.	2.2	39

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37	Acute load-dependent effects of oral whey protein on gastric emptying, gut hormone release, glycemia, appetite, and energy intake in healthy men. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 102, 1574-1584.	2.2	56
38	Response to Comment on Tay et al. A Very Low-Carbohydrate, Low-Saturated Fat Diet for Type 2 Diabetes Management: A Randomized Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> 2014;37:2909-2918. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2015, 38, e65-e66.	4.3	2
39	Effects of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibition on glycemic, gut hormone, triglyceride, energy expenditure, and energy intake responses to fat in healthy males. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 307, E830-E837.	1.8	15
40	Effects of Intraduodenal Infusion of L-Tryptophan on ad Libitum Eating, Antropyloroduodenal Motility, Glycemia, Insulinemia, and Gut Peptide Secretion in Healthy Men. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 99, 3275-3284.	1.8	72
41	OP66 LONG-TERM EFFECTS OF A LOW CARBOHYDRATE, LOW SATURATED FAT DIET VERSUS A CONVENTIONAL HIGH CARBOHYDRATE, LOW FAT DIET IN TYPE 2 DIABETES: A RANDOMISED TRIAL. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2014, 106, S34.	1.1	1
42	Hospital admissions in poorly nourished, compared with well-nourished, older Australians receiving meals on wheels™: Findings from a pilot study. <i>Australasian Journal on Ageing</i> , 2014, 33, 164-169.	0.4	8
43	Effects of intraduodenal protein on appetite, energy intake, and antropyloroduodenal motility in healthy older compared with young men in a randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014, 100, 1108-1115.	2.2	34
44	A Very Low-Carbohydrate, Low-Saturated Fat Diet for Type 2 Diabetes Management: A Randomized Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2014, 37, 2909-2918.	4.3	200
45	Effects of varying the inter-meal interval on relationships between antral area, gut hormones and energy intake following a nutrient drink in healthy lean humans. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2014, 135, 34-43.	1.0	9
46	Effects of intraduodenal lipid and protein on gut motility and hormone release, glycemia, appetite, and energy intake in lean men. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 98, 300-311.	2.2	75
47	Acute effects of oral preloads with increasing energy density on gastric emptying, gut hormone release, thermogenesis and energy intake, in overweight and obese men. <i>Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 22, 380-90.	0.3	13
48	Effects of fat, protein, and carbohydrate and protein load on appetite, plasma cholecystokinin, peptide YY, and ghrelin, and energy intake in lean and obese men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2012, 303, G129-G140.	1.6	158
49	Intraduodenal protein modulates antropyloroduodenal motility, hormone release, glycemia, appetite, and energy intake in lean men. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 96, 474-482.	2.2	66
50	Effects of acute dietary restriction on gut motor, hormone and energy intake responses to duodenal fat in obese men. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2011, 35, 448-456.	1.6	26
51	Monosodium glutamate is not associated with obesity or a greater prevalence of weight gain over 5 years: findings from the Jiangsu Nutrition Study of Chinese adults - response by Shi et al.. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2010, 104, 1730-1730.	1.2	4
52	Monosodium glutamate is not associated with obesity or a greater prevalence of weight gain over 5 years: findings from the Jiangsu Nutrition Study of Chinese adults. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2010, 104, 457-463.	1.2	90
53	Sex differences in energy homeostatis following a diet relatively high in protein exchanged with carbohydrate, assessed in a respiration chamber in humans. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2009, 97, 414-419.	1.0	41
54	The addition of monosodium glutamate and inosine monophosphate-5 to high-protein meals: effects on satiety, and energy and macronutrient intakes. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2009, 102, 929-937.	1.2	31

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55	Protein-induced satiety: Effects and mechanisms of different proteins. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2008, 94, 300-307.	1.0	329
56	Taste sensitivity for monosodium glutamate and an increased liking of dietary protein. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2008, 99, 904-908.	1.2	58
57	Energy Expenditure, Satiety, and Plasma Ghrelin, Glucagon-Like Peptide 1, and Peptide Tyrosine-Tyrosine Concentrations following a Single High-Protein Lunch. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2008, 138, 698-702.	1.3	109
58	Long-term weight maintenance and cardiovascular risk factors are not different following weight loss on carbohydrate-restricted diets high in either monounsaturated fat or protein in obese hyperinsulinaemic men and women. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2007, 97, 405-410.	1.2	39
59	Dietary protein, metabolism, and body-weight regulation: doseâ€“response effects. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2006, 30, S16-S23.	1.6	89
60	Ghrelin and glucagon-like peptide 1 concentrations, 24-h satiety, and energy and substrate metabolism during a high-protein diet and measured in a respiration chamber. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2006, 83, 89-94.	2.2	289
61	Carbohydrate-restricted diets high in either monounsaturated fat or protein are equally effective at promoting fat loss and improving blood lipids. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2005, 81, 762-772.	2.2	114
62	The Satiating Effect of Dietary Protein Is Unrelated to Postprandial Ghrelin Secretion. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2005, 90, 5205-5211.	1.8	78
63	Ghrelin and Measures of Satiety Are Altered in Polycystic Ovary Syndrome But Not Differentially Affected by Diet Composition. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2004, 89, 3337-3344.	1.8	142
64	Long-term effects of a high-protein, low-carbohydrate diet on weight control and cardiovascular risk markers in obese hyperinsulinemic subjects. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2004, 28, 661-670.	1.6	208
65	Effect of a high-protein, energy-restricted diet on weight loss and energy expenditure after weight stabilization in hyperinsulinemic subjects. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2003, 27, 582-590.	1.6	100
66	Effect of a high-protein, energy-restricted diet on body composition, glycemic control, and lipid concentrations in overweight and obese hyperinsulinemic men and women. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2003, 78, 31-39.	2.2	376
67	Effect of a High-Protein, High-Monounsaturated Fat Weight Loss Diet on Glycemic Control and Lipid Levels in Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2002, 25, 425-430.	4.3	295
68	Effects of Energy-Restricted Diets Containing Increased Protein on Weight Loss, Resting Energy Expenditure, and the Thermic Effect of Feeding in Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2002, 25, 652-657.	4.3	97
69	Diets high and low in glycemic index versus high monounsaturated fat diets: effects on glucose and lipid metabolism in NIDDM. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 1999, 53, 473-478.	1.3	156