

Shengxian Tu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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133
papers

4,106
citations

147801

31
h-index

138484

58
g-index

136
all docs

136
docs citations

136
times ranked

2271
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Diagnostic Accuracy of Fast Computational Approaches to Derive Fractional Flow Reserve From Diagnostic Coronary Angiography. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2016, 9, 2024-2035.	2.9	394
2	Diagnostic Accuracy of Angiography-Based Quantitative Flow Ratio Measurements for Online Assessment of Coronary Stenosis. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 70, 3077-3087.	2.8	355
3	Fractional Flow Reserve Calculation From 3-Dimensional Quantitative Coronary Angiography and TIMI Frame Count. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2014, 7, 768-777.	2.9	292
4	Diagnostic Performance of In-Procedure Angiography-Derived Quantitative Flow Reserve Compared to Pressure-Derived Fractional Flow Reserve: The FAVOR II Europe-Japan Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2018, 7, .	3.7	240
5	Angiographic quantitative flow ratio-guided coronary intervention (FAVOR III China): a multicentre, randomised, sham-controlled trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2021, 398, 2149-2159.	13.7	175
6	Evaluation of Coronary Artery Stenosis by Quantitative Flow Ratio During Invasive Coronary Angiography. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2018, 11, e007107.	2.6	157
7	Diagnostic performance of angiography-derived fractional flow reserve: a systematic review and Bayesian meta-analysis. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2018, 39, 3314-3321.	2.2	116
8	OCT Assessment of the Long-Term Vascular Healing Response 5 Years After Everolimus-Eluting Bioresorbable Vascular Scaffold. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 64, 2343-2356.	2.8	101
9	In vivo comparison of arterial lumen dimensions assessed by co-registered three-dimensional (3D) quantitative coronary angiography, intravascular ultrasound and optical coherence tomography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2012, 28, 1315-1327.	1.5	97
10	Diagnostic accuracy of quantitative flow ratio for assessment of coronary stenosis significance from a single angiographic view: A novel method based on bifurcation fractal law. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2021, 97, 1040-1047.	1.7	94
11	Diagnostic accuracy of intracoronary optical coherence tomography-derived fractional flow reserve for assessment of coronary stenosis severity. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2019, 15, 189-197.	3.2	85
12	Biomechanical Modeling to Improve Coronary Artery Bifurcation Stenting. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2015, 8, 1281-1296.	2.9	84
13	Diagnostic performance of quantitative flow ratio in prospectively enrolled patients: An individual patient data meta-analysis. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2019, 94, 693-701.	1.7	79
14	Impact of Side Branch Modeling on Computation of Endothelial Shear Stress in Coronary Artery Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 66, 125-135.	2.8	75
15	Fractional flow reserve in clinical practice: from wire-based invasive measurement to image-based computation. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020, 41, 3271-3279.	2.2	69
16	Fusion of 3D QCA and IVUS/OCT. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2011, 27, 197-207.	1.5	66
17	The Impact of Coronary Physiology on Contemporary Clinical Decision Making. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2020, 13, 1617-1638.	2.9	60
18	Accurate and reproducible reconstruction of coronary arteries and endothelial shear stress calculation using 3D OCT: Comparative study to 3D IVUS and 3D QCA. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 240, 510-519.	0.8	55

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19	Artificial intelligence and optical coherence tomography for the automatic characterisation of human atherosclerotic plaques. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2021, 17, 41-50.	3.2	55
20	Diagnostic performance of intracoronary optical coherence tomography-based versus angiography-based fractional flow reserve for the evaluation of coronary lesions. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2020, 16, 568-576.	3.2	55
21	In vivo assessment of bifurcation optimal viewing angles and bifurcation angles by three-dimensional (3D) quantitative coronary angiography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2012, 28, 1617-1625.	1.5	54
22	Fractional Flow Reserve and Coronary Bifurcation Anatomy. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2015, 8, 564-574.	2.9	49
23	A novel method to assess coronary artery bifurcations by OCT: cut-plane analysis for side-branch ostial assessment from a main-vessel pullback. <i>European Heart Journal Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2015, 16, 177-189.	1.2	44
24	Novel Indices of Coronary Physiology. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2020, 13, e008487.	3.9	44
25	A novel three-dimensional quantitative coronary angiography system: In vivo comparison with intravascular ultrasound for assessing arterial segment length. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2010, 76, 291-298.	1.7	42
26	Co-registration of optical coherence tomography and X-ray angiography in percutaneous coronary intervention. The Does Optical Coherence Tomography Optimize Revascularization (DOCTOR) fusion study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 182, 272-278.	1.7	41
27	Accuracy of Intravascular Ultrasound-Based Fractional Flow Reserve in Identifying Hemodynamic Significance of Coronary Stenosis. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2021, 14, e009840.	3.9	41
28	Quantitative angiography and optical coherence tomography for the functional assessment of nonobstructive coronary stenoses: Comparison with fractional flow reserve. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2013, 166, 1010-1018.e1.	2.7	39
29	Assessment of obstruction length and optimal viewing angle from biplane X-ray angiograms. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2010, 26, 5-17.	1.5	37
30	ST elevation acute myocardial infarction accelerates non-culprit coronary lesion atherosclerosis. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2014, 30, 253-261.	1.5	37
31	Diagnostic accuracy and reproducibility of optical flow ratio for functional evaluation of coronary stenosis in a prospective series. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2020, 27, 350-361.	1.2	36
32	Quantitative angiography methods for bifurcation lesions: a consensus statement update from the European Bifurcation Club. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2017, 13, 115-123.	3.2	35
33	Quantitative flow ratio-guided strategy versus angiography-guided strategy for percutaneous coronary intervention: Rationale and design of the FAVOR III China trial. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2020, 223, 72-80.	2.7	34
34	Immediate post-procedural functional assessment of percutaneous coronary intervention: current evidence and future directions. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2021, 42, 2695-2707.	2.2	34
35	In Vivo Flow Simulation at Coronary Bifurcation Reconstructed by Fusion of 3-Dimensional X-ray Angiography and Optical Coherence Tomography. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2013, 6, e15-7.	3.9	25
36	Image-based assessment of fractional flow reserve. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2015, 11, V50-V54.	3.2	23

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37	Quantification of disturbed coronary flow by disturbed vorticity index and relation with fractional flow reserve. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 273, 136-144.	0.8	22
38	Optical flow ratio for assessing stenting result and physiological significance of residual disease. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2021, 17, e989-e998.	3.2	22
39	A systematic review of imaging anatomy in predicting functional significance of coronary stenoses determined by fractional flow reserve. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 33, 975-990.	1.5	21
40	The need for dedicated bifurcation quantitative coronary angiography (QCA) software algorithms to evaluate bifurcation lesions. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2015, 11, V44-V49.	3.2	21
41	The impact of acquisition angle differences on three-dimensional quantitative coronary angiography. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2011, 78, 214-222.	1.7	20
42	Analyses of aerodynamic characteristics of the oropharynx applying CBCT: obstructive sleep apnea patients versus control subjects. <i>Dentomaxillofacial Radiology</i> , 2018, 47, 20170238.	2.7	20
43	Model-based analysis of the sensitivities and diagnostic implications of FFR and CFR under various pathological conditions. <i>International Journal for Numerical Methods in Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2021, 37, e3257.	2.1	20
44	QCA, IVUS and OCT in interventional cardiology in 2011. <i>Cardiovascular Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2011, 1, 57-70.	1.7	19
45	Reproducibility of quantitative flow ratio: the QREP study. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2022, 17, 1252-1259.	3.2	19
46	Diagnostic Accuracy of a Fast Computational Approach to Derive Fractional Flow Reserve From Coronary CT Angiography. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2020, 13, 172-175.	5.3	18
47	Automatic stent reconstruction in optical coherence tomography based on a deep convolutional model. <i>Biomedical Optics Express</i> , 2020, 11, 3374.	2.9	18
48	A novel software tool for semi-automatic quantification of thoracic aorta dilatation on baseline and follow-up computed tomography angiography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2019, 35, 711-723.	1.5	17
49	Clinical implication of QFR in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction after drug-eluting stent implantation. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2021, 37, 755-766.	1.5	17
50	In vivo assessment of optimal viewing angles from X-ray coronary angiography. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2011, 7, 112-120.	3.2	17
51	Convolutional networks for the segmentation of intravascular ultrasound images: Evaluation on a multicenter dataset. <i>Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine</i> , 2022, 215, 106599.	4.7	17
52	Automatic coronary blood flow computation: validation in quantitative flow ratio from coronary angiography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2019, 35, 587-595.	1.5	16
53	Numerical and experimental investigations of the flow-pressure relation in multiple sequential stenoses coronary artery. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 33, 1083-1088.	1.5	15
54	Comparison of Optical Flow Ratio and Fractional Flow Ratio in Stent-Treated Arteries Immediately After Percutaneous Coronary Intervention. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2020, 84, 2253-2258.	1.6	15

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55	Post-PCI outcomes predicted by pre-intervention simulation of residual quantitative flow ratio using augmented reality. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2022, 352, 33-39.	1.7	15
56	The impact of image resolution on computation of fractional flow reserve: coronary computed tomography angiography versus 3-dimensional quantitative coronary angiography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2016, 32, 513-523.	1.5	14
57	Assessment of superficial coronary vessel wall deformation and stress: validation of in silico models and human coronary arteries in vivo. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2018, 34, 849-861.	1.5	14
58	Comparison of Instantaneous Wave-Free Ratio (iFR) and Fractional Flow Reserve (FFR) with respect to Their Sensitivities to Cardiovascular Factors: A Computational Model-Based Study. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiology</i> , 2020, 2020, 1-12.	1.2	14
59	A novel four-dimensional angiographic approach to assess dynamic superficial wall stress of coronary arteries in vivo: initial experience in evaluating vessel sites with subsequent plaque rupture. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2017, 13, e1099-e1103.	3.2	14
60	Reproducibility of quantitative flow ratio: An inter-core laboratory variability study. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2020, 27, 230-237.	1.2	14
61	First Presentation of 3-Dimensional Reconstruction and Centerline-Guided Assessment of Coronary Bifurcation by Fusion of X-Ray Angiography and Optical Coherence Tomography. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2012, 5, 884-885.	2.9	13
62	Reversal of flow between serial bifurcation lesions: insights from computational fluid dynamic analysis in a population-based phantom model. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2015, 11, e1-e3.	3.2	13
63	Quantification of aortic annulus in computed tomography angiography: Validation of a fully automatic methodology. <i>European Journal of Radiology</i> , 2017, 93, 1-8.	2.6	12
64	Is it safe to implant bioresorbable scaffolds in ostial side-branch lesions? Impact of "neo-carina"™ formation on main-branch flow pattern. Longitudinal clinical observations. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 238, 22-25.	0.8	11
65	Simultaneous evaluation of plaque stability and ischemic potential of coronary lesions in a fluid-structure interaction analysis. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2019, 35, 1563-1572.	1.5	11
66	Coronary angiography enhancement for visualization. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2009, 25, 657-667.	1.5	10
67	Advances in three-dimensional coronary imaging and computational fluid dynamics. <i>Coronary Artery Disease</i> , 2015, 26, e43-e54.	0.7	10
68	Comparison of quantitative flow ratio and fractional flow reserve with myocardial perfusion scintigraphy and cardiovascular magnetic resonance as reference standard. A Dan-NICAD substudy. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2020, 36, 395-402.	1.5	10
69	Quantitative flow ratio-guided residual functional SYNTAX score for risk assessment in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2021, 17, e287-e293.	3.2	10
70	Use of three-dimensional optical coherence tomography to verify correct wire position in a jailed side branch after main vessel stent implantation. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2011, 7, 528-529.	3.2	9
71	Optical coherence tomography and coronary revascularization: from indication to procedural optimization. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2023, 33, 92-106.	4.9	9
72	Risk Stratification in Acute Coronary Syndrome by Comprehensive Morphofunctional Assessment With Optical Coherence Tomography. <i>JACC Asia</i> , 2022, 2, 460-472.	1.5	9

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73	Assessment of endothelial shear stress in patients with mild or intermediate coronary stenoses using coronary computed tomography angiography: comparison with invasive coronary angiography. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 33, 1101-1110.	1.5	8
74	Local Flow Patterns After Implantation of Bioresorbable Vascular Scaffold in Coronary Bifurcations—Novel Findings by Computational Fluid Dynamics. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2018, 82, 1575-1583.	1.6	8
75	The future of BRS in bifurcations. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2015, 11, V188-V192.	3.2	8
76	Optical Coherence Tomography-Derived Changes in Plaque Structural Stress Over the Cardiac Cycle: A New Method for Plaque Biomechanical Assessment. <i>Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2021, 8, 715995.	2.4	8
77	Accuracy of 3-dimensional and 2-dimensional quantitative coronary angiography for predicting physiological significance of coronary stenosis: a FAVOR II substudy. <i>Cardiovascular Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2019, 9, 481-491.	1.7	7
78	One-step anatomic and function testing by cardiac CT versus second-line functional testing in symptomatic patients with coronary artery stenosis: head-to-head comparison of CT-derived fractional flow reserve and myocardial perfusion imaging. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2021, 17, 576-583.	3.2	7
79	Prognostic value of post-procedural $\hat{1}/4$ QFR for drug-coated balloons in the treatment of in-stent restenosis. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2023, 30, 167-177.	1.2	7
80	Impact of coronary plaque morphology on the precision of computational fractional flow reserve derived from optical coherence tomography imaging. <i>Cardiovascular Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2022, 12, 155-165.	1.7	7
81	Agreement between Murray law-based quantitative flow ratio ($\hat{1}/4$ QFR) and three-dimensional quantitative flow ratio (3D-QFR) in non-selected angiographic stenosis: A multicenter study. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2022, 29, 388-395.	1.2	7
82	Online 3-Dimensional Rendering of Optical Coherence Tomography Images for the Assessment of Bifurcation Intervention. <i>Canadian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2012, 28, 759.e1-759.e3.	1.7	6
83	Non-culprit coronary lesions in young patients have higher rates of atherosclerotic progression. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2015, 31, 889-897.	1.5	6
84	Superficial wall stress assessed from 4-D analysis of coronary angiography in vivo. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 33, 1111-1112.	1.5	6
85	Association of stent-induced changes in coronary geometry with late stent failure: Insights from three-dimensional quantitative coronary angiographic analysis. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2018, 92, 1040-1048.	1.7	6
86	In-stent fractional flow reserve variations and related optical coherence tomography findings: the FFR-OCT co-registration study. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2018, 34, 495-502.	1.5	6
87	First Presentation of Integration of Intravascular Optical Coherence Tomography and Computational Fractional Flow Reserve. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2019, 35, 601-602.	1.5	6
88	Angiography-based coronary flow reserve: The feasibility of automatic computation by artificial intelligence. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2023, 30, 369-378.	1.2	6
89	Co-registration of fractional flow reserve and optical coherence tomography with the use of a three-dimensional angiographic roadmap: an opportunity for optimisation of complex percutaneous coronary interventions. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2013, 9, 889-889.	3.2	6
90	Examinee-Examiner Network: Weakly Supervised Accurate Coronary Lumen Segmentation Using Centerline Constraint. <i>IEEE Transactions on Image Processing</i> , 2021, 30, 9429-9441.	9.8	6

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91	Automatic tracing and segmentation of rat mammary fat pads in MRI image sequences based on cartoon-texture model. Transactions of Tianjin University, 2009, 15, 229-235.	6.4	5
92	Optimization of Tryton Dedicated Coronary Bifurcation System With Coregistration of Optical Coherence Tomography and Fractional Flow Reserve. JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions, 2013, 6, e39-e40.	2.9	5
93	Coronary Edema Demonstrated by Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance in Patients With Peri-Stent Inflammation and Aneurysm Formation After Treatment by Drug-Eluting Stents. Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2013, 6, 352-354.	2.6	5
94	Anatomical and functional assessment of Tryton bifurcation stent before and after final kissing balloon dilatation: Evaluations by three-dimensional coronary angiography, optical coherence tomography imaging and fractional flow reserve. Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions, 2017, 90, E1-E10.	1.7	5
95	Procedural findings and early healing response after implantation of a self-apposing bioresorbable scaffold in coronary bifurcation lesions. International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging, 2019, 35, 1199-1210.	1.5	5
96	Angiography-Based 4-Dimensional Superficial Wall Strain and Stress: A New Diagnostic Tool in the Catheterization Laboratory. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2021, 8, 667310.	2.4	5
97	Overview of Quantitative Flow Ratio and Optical Flow Ratio in the Assessment of Intermediate Coronary Lesions. US Cardiology Review, 0, 14, .	0.5	5
98	Carina shift as a mechanism for side-branch compromise following main vessel intervention: insights from three-dimensional optical coherence tomography. Cardiovascular Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 2, 173-7.	1.7	5
99	Combined Use of Multiple Intravascular Imaging Techniques in Acute Coronary Syndrome. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2021, 8, 824128.	2.4	5
100	Development of 3D IVOCT Imaging and Co-Registration of IVOCT and Angiography in the Catheterization Laboratory. Current Cardiovascular Imaging Reports, 2014, 7, 1.	0.6	4
101	Automatic detection of aorto-femoral vessel trajectory from whole-body computed tomography angiography data sets. International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging, 2016, 32, 1311-1322.	1.5	4
102	Usefulness of optical coherence tomography with angiographic coregistration in the guidance of coronary stent implantation. Heart and Vessels, 2021, , 1.	1.2	4
103	Automatic Coregistration Between Coronary Angiography and Intravascular Optical Coherence Tomography. JACC Asia, 2021, 1, 274-278.	1.5	4
104	Comparison of Clinically Adjudicated Versus Flow-Based Adjudication of Revascularization Events in Randomized Controlled Trials. Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes, 2021, 14, e008055.	2.2	4
105	Can the Wall Shear Stress Values of Left Internal Mammary Artery Grafts during the Perioperative Period Reflect the One-Year Patency?. Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgeon, 2020, 68, 723-729.	1.0	4
106	Comprehensive appraisal of cardiac motion artefact in optical coherence tomography. Cardiology Journal, 2023, 30, 543-555.	1.2	4
107	Functional Assessment of Cerebral Artery Stenosis by Angiography-Based Quantitative Flow Ratio: A Pilot Study. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2022, 14, 813648.	3.4	4
108	Comparison of coronary CT angiography-based and invasive coronary angiography-based quantitative flow ratio for functional assessment of coronary stenosis: A multicenter retrospective analysis. Journal of Cardiovascular Computed Tomography, 2022, 16, 509-516.	1.3	4

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109	Acquired peri-stent evaginations in a second generation durable polymer drug eluting stent. <i>Cardiovascular Revascularization Medicine</i> , 2013, 14, 246-247.	0.8	3
110	Optical Coherence Tomography-Guided Bifurcation Stenting of a Coronary Artery Dissection. <i>Canadian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 30, 956.e11-956.e14.	1.7	3
111	Identification of the type of stent with three-dimensional optical coherence tomography: the SPQR study. <i>EuroIntervention</i> , 2021, 17, e140-e148.	3.2	3
112	A simplified formula to calculate fractional flow reserve in sequential lesions circumventing the measurement of coronary wedge pressure: The APIS-S pilot study. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2019, 26, 310-321.	1.2	3
113	TCT-433 Feasibility, self-correcting properties and one-month results after implantation of a novolimus eluting bioresorbable stent in coronary bifurcations. The BIFSORB pilot study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 68, B174-B175.	2.8	2
114	Effects of local hemodynamics and plaque characteristics on neointimal response following bioresorbable scaffolds implantation in coronary bifurcations. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2020, 36, 241-249.	1.5	2
115	The yin-yang sign in the detection of subintimal hematoma with high-definition intravascular ultrasound. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2020, 27, 81-82.	1.2	2
116	The role of superficial wall stress and mechanical factors in scaffold failure: Protocol of the RANSOMED study. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2022, , .	1.2	2
117	Functional comparison of different jailed balloon techniques in treating non-left main coronary bifurcation lesions. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2022, 364, 20-26.	1.7	2
118	Stick-guided lateral inhibition for enhancement of low-contrast image. , 2007, , .		1
119	Mutual Information-Based Multimodal Non-Rigid Image Registration Using Free-Form Deformation with A New Joint Histogram Estimation. , 2007, , .		1
120	Fusion of CTA and XA data using 3D centerline registration for plaque visualization during coronary intervention. , 2016, , .		1
121	Influence of coronary microcirculatory dysfunction on FFR calculation based on computational fluid dynamics. <i>European Heart Journal Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 18, 1066-1066.	1.2	1
122	Whence we came, whither we go?. <i>International Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 33, 957-959.	1.5	1
123	Physiological assessment of non-culprit stenoses during acute coronary syndromes. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020, 41, 2598-2598.	2.2	1
124	Resting distal to aortic pressure ratio and fractional flow reserve discordance affects the diagnostic performance of quantitative flow ratio: Results from an individual patient data meta-analysis. <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2021, 97, 825-832.	1.7	1
125	Microvascular and Prognostic Effect in Lesions With Different Stent Expansion During Primary PCI for STEMI: Insights From Coronary Physiology and Intravascular Ultrasound. <i>Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2022, 9, 816387.	2.4	1
126	Physiologic and compositional coronary artery disease extension in patients with takotsubo syndrome assessed using artificial intelligence: an optical coherence tomography study. <i>Coronary Artery Disease</i> , 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, .	0.7	1

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127	A novel angiography-based computational modelling for assessing the dynamic stress and quantitative fatigue fracture risk of the coronary stents immediately after implantation: Effects of stent materials, designs and target vessel motions. <i>Medicine in Novel Technology and Devices</i> , 2022, 14, 100121.	1.6	1
128	Automatic Segmentation of Rat Mammary Glands from Serial MRI Images. , 2007, , .		0
129	Diagnostic Optimization of Coronary CT Angiography—Editorials published in <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> reflect the views of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> or the American College of Cardiology.. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2011, 4, 1158-1160.	5.3	0
130	THE FUSION OF THREE-DIMENSIONAL QUANTITATIVE CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY AND INTRACORONARY IMAGING FOR CORONARY INTERVENTIONS. <i>Series in Computer Vision</i> , 2014, , 151-173.	0.1	0
131	In vivo reconstruction of coronary artery and bioresorbable stents from intracoronary optical coherence tomography. , 2018, , .		0
132	Quantitative flow ratio-guided surgical intervention in symptomatic myocardial bridging. <i>Cardiology Journal</i> , 2020, 27, 685-692.	1.2	0
133	Diagnostic accuracy of CCTA-derived versus angiography-derived quantitative flow ratio (CAREER) study: a prospective study protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e055481.	1.9	0