

Gabrielle Davie

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

84
papers

1,411
citations

393982

19
h-index

360668

35
g-index

84
all docs

84
docs citations

84
times ranked

1499
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prevalence and predictors of post-traumatic stress symptoms in 2200 hospitalised and non-hospitalised injured New Zealanders. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2022, 56, 1344-1356.	1.3	1
2	Impact of legislative reform on worker fatalities in New Zealand workplaces: a 30-year retrospective population-level analysis. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2022, 79, 602-609.	1.3	0
3	Access to advanced-level hospital care: differences in prehospital times calculated using incident locations compared with patients' usual residence. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2022, 28, 192-196.	1.2	1
4	Decade of variable progress: trends in fatal injury in workers in New Zealand from a national observational study. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2021, 78, 167-172.	1.3	3
5	Incident Type 2 Diabetes and Risk of Fracture: A Comparative Cohort Analysis Using U.K. Primary Care Records. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2021, 44, 58-66.	4.3	5
6	Changes in the incidence of assault after restrictions on late-night alcohol sales in New Zealand: evaluation of a natural experiment using hospitalization and police data. <i>Addiction</i> , 2021, 116, 788-798.	1.7	7
7	Decade of fatal injuries in workers in New Zealand: insights from a comprehensive national observational study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2021, 27, 124-130.	1.2	12
8	Internalize at your peril: internalizing disorders as risk factors for dementia cohort study. <i>GeroScience</i> , 2021, 43, 253-261.	2.1	3
9	Evaluating the impact of prehospital care on mortality following major trauma in New Zealand: a retrospective cohort study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2021, 27, 582-586.	1.2	4
10	Opportunities to prevent fatalities due to injury: a cross-sectional comparison of prehospital and in-hospital fatal injury deaths in New Zealand. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021, 45, 235-241.	0.8	2
11	Access to specialist hospital care and injury survivability: identifying opportunities through an observational study of prehospital trauma fatalities. <i>Injury</i> , 2021, 52, 2863-2870.	0.7	3
12	POIS-10 Māori: Outcomes and Experiences in the Decade Following Injury. <i>Methods and Protocols</i> , 2021, 4, 37.	0.9	5
13	Prospective Outcomes of Injury Study 10 Years on (POIS-10): An Observational Cohort Study. <i>Methods and Protocols</i> , 2021, 4, 35.	0.9	7
14	Optimising base locations for New Zealand's Helicopter Emergency Medical Services. <i>Spatial and Spatio-temporal Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 38, 100435.	0.9	4
15	Predictors of subsequent injury for Māori in New Zealand. <i>Injury</i> , 2021, 52, 2630-2637.	0.7	0
16	Developing the geographic classification for health, a rural-urban classification for New Zealand health research and policy: A research protocol. <i>Australian Journal of Rural Health</i> , 2021, 29, 939-946.	0.7	6
17	Potential survivability of prehospital injury deaths in New Zealand: a cross-sectional study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2021, 27, 245-250.	1.2	2
18	Work-Related Fatalities Involving Children in New Zealand, 1999-2014. <i>Children</i> , 2021, 8, 4.	0.6	6

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19	Factors related to absence of toxicological investigation following fatal injury: a retrospective quantitative review of Coronial records in New Zealand. <i>Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology</i> , 2021, 17, 643-648.	0.6	0
20	Missing cases of injury death: use of quantitative methods and case reviews to inform future improvements in case definition. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2021, , injuryprev-2021-044371.	1.2	0
21	Predictors of severe or multiple subsequent injuries over 24 months among an already-injured cohort in New Zealand. <i>Injury</i> , 2020, 51, 620-627.	0.7	3
22	Predictors of subsequent injury at work: findings from a prospective cohort of injured workers in New Zealand. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2020, 77, 839-846.	1.3	1
23	Child protection inequalities in Aotearoa New Zealand: Social gradient and the "inverse intervention law"™. <i>Children and Youth Services Review</i> , 2019, 104, 104383.	1.0	19
24	Identifying opportunities to prevent work-related fatal injury in New Zealand using 40% years of coronial records: protocol for a retrospective case review study. <i>Injury Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 6, 16.	0.8	7
25	Using hospital discharge data for injury research or surveillance? An observational study illustrating the impact of administrative change. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2019, 25, 540-545.	1.2	0
26	O5A.3â€¦Injured at work: factors predictive of further work-related injuries " a prospective study. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2019, 76, A41.2-A41.	1.3	0
27	Geographical and population disparities in timely access to prehospital and advanced level emergency care in New Zealand: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e026026.	0.8	32
28	Use of mixed methods to investigate case definitions to improve the identification of serious injury cases from hospital episode data. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2019, 25, 552-556.	1.2	0
29	Concordance between sentinel and subsequent injuries: A prospective study of injured New Zealanders. <i>Injury</i> , 2019, 50, 301-307.	0.7	1
30	Subsequent injuries experienced by MÄori: results from a 24-month prospective study in New Zealand. <i>New Zealand Medical Journal</i> , 2019, 132, 23-35.	0.5	1
31	Injury upon injury: a prospective cohort study examining subsequent injury claims in the 24 months following a substantial injury. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2018, 24, 437-444.	1.2	10
32	Preventable injury deaths: identifying opportunities to improve timeliness and reach of emergency healthcare services in New Zealand. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2018, 24, 384-389.	1.2	9
33	Predictors of work participation for MÄori 3Ämonths after injury. <i>Archives of Environmental and Occupational Health</i> , 2018, 73, 79-89.	0.7	9
34	Age-related patterns in work-related injury claims from older New Zealanders, 2009â€“2013: Implications of injury for an aging workforce. <i>Accident Analysis and Prevention</i> , 2018, 110, 86-92.	3.0	12
35	Impact of further injury on participation in work and activities among those previously injured: results from a New Zealand prospective cohort study. <i>Quality of Life Research</i> , 2018, 27, 3167-3178.	1.5	5
36	Inequalities and Child Protection System Contact in Aotearoa New Zealand: Developing a Conceptual Framework and Research Agenda. <i>Social Sciences</i> , 2018, 7, 89.	0.7	11

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37	Financial impact of injury in older workers: use of a national retrospective e-cohort to compare income patterns over 3 years in a universal injury compensation scheme. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e018995.	0.8	8
38	The role of pre-existing comorbidity on the rate of recovery following injury: A longitudinal cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0193019.	1.1	14
39	Long-term effects of lowering the alcohol minimum purchasing age on traffic crash injury rates in New Zealand. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2017, 36, 178-185.	1.1	3
40	Subsequent Injury Study (SInS): Improving outcomes for injured New Zealanders. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2017, 23, 429-429.	1.2	9
41	Prehospital injury deaths: The missing link. <i>Injury</i> , 2017, 48, 973-974.	0.7	4
42	Two years after injury: prevalence and early post-injury predictors of ongoing injury-related problems. <i>Quality of Life Research</i> , 2017, 26, 1831-1838.	1.5	15
43	Prevalence and predictors of disability for Māori 24 months after injury. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 41, 262-268.	0.8	15
44	Are the early predictors of long-term work absence following injury time dependent? Results from the Prospective Outcomes of Injury Study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e017390.	0.8	7
45	Towards a harmonised approach to reducing quad-related fatal injuries in Australia and New Zealand: a cross-sectional comparative analysis. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 41, 524-529.	0.8	5
46	An evaluation of case completeness for New Zealand Coronial case files held on the Australasian National Coronial Information System (NCIS). <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2016, 22, 358-360.	1.2	3
47	Equity of publicly-funded hip and knee joint replacement surgery in New Zealand: results from a national observational study. <i>New Zealand Medical Journal</i> , 2016, 129, 8-18.	0.5	1
48	Is work organisation associated with work status 3 months after injury? Results from a case-control study of New Zealand workers. <i>Work</i> , 2015, 51, 849-854.	0.6	0
49	Functional status following injury: What recovery pathways do people follow?. <i>Injury</i> , 2015, 46, 1275-1280.	0.7	26
50	Effects of lowering the alcohol minimum purchasing age on weekend hospitalised assaults of young Māori in New Zealand. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2015, 34, 299-303.	1.1	1
51	Association between the Number of Injuries Sustained and 12-Month Disability Outcomes: Evidence from the Injury-VIBES Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e113467.	1.1	24
52	An outcome evaluation of a New Zealand farm safety intervention: A historical cohort study. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2014, 57, 458-467.	1.0	6
53	The epidemiology of life-threatening work-related injury: A demonstration paper. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2014, 57, 425-437.	1.0	2
54	Twelve-month post-injury outcomes for Māori and non-Māori: findings from a New Zealand cohort study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014, 38, 227-233.	0.8	16

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55	Factors predictive of subsequent injury in a longitudinal cohort study. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2014, 20, 393-400.	1.2	18
56	Prevalence of poor outcomes soon after injury and their association with the severity of the injury. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2014, 20, 57-61.	1.2	14
57	Effects of Lowering the Minimum Alcohol Purchasing Age on Weekend Assaults Resulting in Hospitalization in New Zealand. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014, 104, 1396-1401.	1.5	19
58	Injury characteristics and EQ-5D as predictors of personal wellbeing after injury. <i>International Journal of Wellbeing</i> , 2014, 4, 19-31.	1.5	3
59	Do outcomes differ between work and non-work-related injury in a universal injury compensation system? Findings from the New Zealand Prospective Outcomes of Injury Study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2013, 13, 995.	1.2	26
60	Difficulties in Functioning 1 Year After Injury: The Role of Preinjury Sociodemographic and Health Characteristics, Health Care and Injury-Related Factors. <i>Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2013, 94, 1277-1286.	0.5	32
61	Factors associated with non-participation in one or two follow-up phases in a cohort study of injured adults. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2013, 19, 428-433.	1.2	19
62	Pacific peoples three months after injury: a comparison of outcomes between Pacific and non-Pacific participants in a NZ cohort study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013, 37, 463-469.	0.8	4
63	Accuracy of evidence-based criteria for identifying an incident hip fracture in the absence of the date of injury: a retrospective database study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e003222.	0.8	10
64	Prevalence and Predictors of Disability 24-Months after Injury for Hospitalised and Non-Hospitalised Participants: Results from a Longitudinal Cohort Study in New Zealand. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e80194.	1.1	44
65	Nonprogression Through Graduated Driver Licensing: Characteristics, Traffic Offending, and Reasons for Nonprogression. <i>Traffic Injury Prevention</i> , 2012, 13, 7-13.	0.6	7
66	The New Zealand serious non-fatal self-harm indicators: how valid are they for monitoring trends?. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2012, 18, 246-252.	1.2	0
67	Factors predicting work status 3-6 months after injury: results from the Prospective Outcomes of Injury Study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2012, 2, e000400.	0.8	39
68	Prevalence and Predictors of Sub-Acute Phase Disability after Injury among Hospitalised and Non-Hospitalised Groups: A Longitudinal Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e44909.	1.1	51
69	East African immigrant children in Australia have poor immunisation coverage. <i>Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health</i> , 2011, 47, 888-892.	0.4	38
70	Alcohol, ethnicity and service use in trauma patients: challenges of presenting and interpreting effect modification. <i>Injury</i> , 2011, 42, 63-65.	0.7	0
71	A cohort study of short-term functional outcomes following injury: the role of pre-injury socio-demographic and health characteristics, injury and injury-related healthcare. <i>Health and Quality of Life Outcomes</i> , 2011, 9, 68.	1.0	56
72	Estimating person-based injury incidence: accuracy of an algorithm to identify readmissions from hospital discharge data. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2011, 17, 338-342.	1.2	23

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73	A proposed theoretical definition to address the undercounting of injury deaths. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2011, 17, 219-221.	1.2	9
74	Prospective Outcomes of Injury Study: recruitment, and participant characteristics, health and disability status. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2011, 17, 415-418.	1.2	63
75	An investigation into methods to develop indicators to measure injury related impairment. <i>Injury Prevention</i> , 2010, 16, 240-246.	1.2	4
76	Validity of Police-Reported Information on Injury Severity for Those Hospitalized from Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes. <i>Traffic Injury Prevention</i> , 2009, 10, 184-190.	0.6	41
77	The Utility of Routinely Collected Data in Evaluating Important Policy Changes: The New Zealand Alcohol Purchasing Age Limit Example. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2009, 99, 1212-1215.	1.5	15
78	NZ Government's trend analysis of hospitalised self-harm is misleading. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2008, 32, 162-166.	0.8	5
79	Assessing the validity of potential alcohol-related non-fatal injury indicators. <i>Addiction</i> , 2008, 103, 397-404.	1.7	20
80	Effect of insulating existing houses on health inequality: cluster randomised study in the community. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2007, 334, 460.	2.4	362
81	High prevalence of asymptomatic vitamin D and iron deficiency in East African immigrant children and adolescents living in a temperate climate. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2007, 92, 1088-1093.	1.0	83
82	Analysis of Respiratory Viral Coinfection and Cytomegalovirus Coisolation in Pediatric Inpatients. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2005, 24, 195-200.	1.1	8
83	Retinoblastoma in Victoria, 1976-2000: changing management trends and outcomes. <i>Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2004, 32, 354-359.	1.3	23
84	The cardiac analgesic assessment scale (CAAS): a pain assessment tool for intubated and ventilated children after cardiac surgery. <i>Paediatric Anaesthesia</i> , 2004, 14, 336-343.	0.6	25