

Mats Julius Stensrud

List of Publications by Citations

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2222709/mats-julius-stensrud-publications-by-citations.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

35
papers

445
citations

12
h-index

20
g-index

39
ext. papers

718
ext. citations

4.5
avg, IF

4.75
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
35	Why Test for Proportional Hazards?. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2020 , 323, 1401-1402	14.2	64
34	A causal framework for classical statistical estimands in failure-time settings with competing events. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2020 , 39, 1199-1236	2.3	51
33	VGLUT1 is localized in astrocytic processes in several brain regions. <i>Glia</i> , 2012 , 60, 229-38	9	44
32	How to detect and reduce potential sources of biases in studies of SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 36, 179-196	12.1	35
31	A distinct set of synaptic-like microvesicles in astroglial cells contain VGLUT3. <i>Glia</i> , 2012 , 60, 1289-300	9	29
30	Limitations of hazard ratios in clinical trials. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019 , 40, 1378-1383	9.5	27
29	On the collapsibility of measures of effect in the counterfactual causal framework. <i>Emerging Themes in Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 16, 1	3.9	18
28	Exploring Selection Bias by Causal Frailty Models: The Magnitude Matters. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 379-386	3.6	17
27	Separable Effects for Causal Inference in the Presence of Competing Events. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 2020 , 1-9	2.8	16
26	Time-dependent mediators in survival analysis: Modeling direct and indirect effects with the additive hazards model. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 2020 , 62, 532-549	1.5	16
25	Radiologic evaluation of lumps in the male breast. <i>Acta Radiologica</i> , 2016 , 57, 809-14	2	13
24	GABA is localized in dopaminergic synaptic vesicles in the rodent striatum. <i>Brain Structure and Function</i> , 2014 , 219, 1901-12	4	13
23	Diastolic hypotension due to intensive blood pressure therapy: Is it harmful?. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2017 , 265, 29-34	3.1	12
22	Inequality in genetic cancer risk suggests bad genes rather than bad luck. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017 , 8, 1165	17.4	12
21	Can chance cause cancer? A causal consideration. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 75, 83-85	7.5	7
20	The Hazards of Period Specific and Weighted Hazard Ratios. <i>Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research</i> , 2020 , 12, 518-519	1.2	7
19	A Graphical Description of Partial Exchangeability. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 31, 365-368	3.1	6

18	The surprising implications of familial association in disease risk. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018 , 18, 135	4.1	6
17	Transforming cumulative hazard estimates. <i>Biometrika</i> , 2018 , 105, 905-916	2	6
16	The Effect of Prenatal Treatments on Offspring Events in the Presence of Competing Events: An Application to a Randomized Trial of Fertility Therapies. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 31, 636-643	3.1	6
15	On the logic of collapsibility for causal effect measures. <i>Biometrical Journal</i> , 2021 ,	1.5	6
14	Immunogold characteristics of VGLUT3-positive GABAergic nerve terminals suggest corelease of glutamate. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 2015 , 523, 2698-713	3.4	5
13	On null hypotheses in survival analysis. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2019 , 75, 1276-1287	1.8	4
12	Effect heterogeneity and variable selection for standardizing causal effects to a target population. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 34, 1119-1129	12.1	4
11	Can Collider Bias Explain Paradoxical Associations?. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 28, e39-e40	3.1	4
10	Causal inference in continuous time: an example on prostate cancer therapy. <i>Biostatistics</i> , 2020 , 21, 172-185	3.7	3
9	Separating Algorithms From Questions and Causal Inference With Unmeasured Exposures: An Application to Birth Cohort Studies of Early Body Mass Index Rebound. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 190, 1414-1423	3.8	3
8	Feedback and Mediation in Causal Inference Illustrated by Stochastic Process Models. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Statistics</i> , 2018 , 45, 62-86	0.8	3
7	A generalized theory of separable effects in competing event settings. <i>Lifetime Data Analysis</i> , 2021 , 27, 588-631	1.3	3
6	The additive hazard estimator is consistent for continuous-time marginal structural models. <i>Lifetime Data Analysis</i> , 2019 , 25, 611-638	1.3	1
5	Identified Versus Interesting Causal Effects in Fertility Trials and Other Settings With Competing or Truncation Events. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 32, 569-572	3.1	1
4	Estimating the effect of increasing utilization of living donor liver transplantation using observational data. <i>Transplant International</i> , 2021 , 34, 648-656	3	1
3	Conditional separable effects. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 1-29	2.8	0
2	Sufficient Cause Interaction for Time-to-event Outcomes. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 30, 189-196	3.1	
1	How Do We Analyze Effects of Low Diastolic Blood Pressure?. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019 , 132, e23	2.4	

