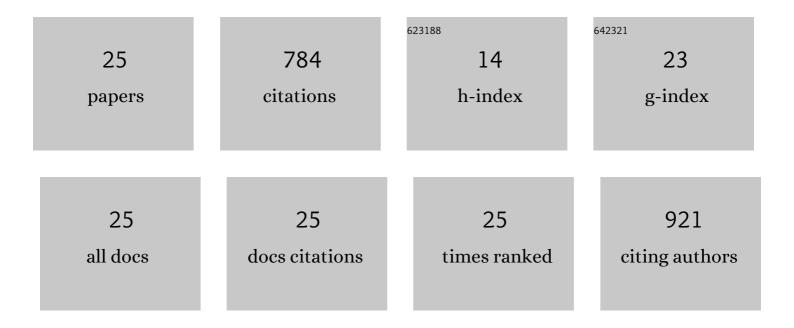
Jodi J D Stookey

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2205037/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hydration for health hypothesis: a narrative review of supporting evidence. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 1167-1180.	1.8	42
2	Hypotheses about sub-optimal hydration in the weeks before coronavirus disease (COVID-19) as a risk factor for dying from COVID-19. Medical Hypotheses, 2020, 144, 110237.	0.8	24
3	Water Researchers Do Not Have a Strategic Plan for Gathering Evidence to Inform Water Intake Recommendations to Prevent Chronic Disease. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3359.	1.7	3
4	Underhydration Is Associated with Obesity, Chronic Diseases, and Death Within 3 to 6 Years in the U.S. Population Aged 51–70 Years. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 905.	1.7	34
5	Analysis of 2009–2012 Nutrition Health and Examination Survey (NHANES) Data to Estimate the Median Water Intake Associated with Meeting Hydration Criteria for Individuals Aged 12–80 in the US Population. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 657.	1.7	29
6	Describing water intake in six countries: results of Liq.In7 surveys, 2015–2018. European Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 57, 35-42.	1.8	5
7	Under What Conditions do Water-Intervention Studies Significantly Improve Child Body Weight?. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2017, 70, 62-67.	1.0	2
8	Change in hydration indices associated with an increase in total water intake of more than 0.5ÂL/day, sustained over 4Âweeks, in healthy young men with initial total water intake below 2ÂL/day. Physiological Reports, 2017, 5, e13356.	0.7	14
9	Negative, Null and Beneficial Effects of Drinking Water on Energy Intake, Energy Expenditure, Fat Oxidation and Weight Change in Randomized Trials: A Qualitative Review. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 19.	1.7	40
10	Advances in water intake assessment. European Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 54, 9-10.	1.8	2
11	A Health Equity Problem for Low Income Children: Diet Flexibility Requires Physician Authorization. Obesity, Open Access, 2015, 1, .	0.1	0
12	Qualitative and/or Quantitative Drinking Water Recommendations for Pediatric Obesity Treatment. Journal of Obesity & Weight Loss Therapy, 2014, 04, 232.	0.1	10
13	From State to Process: Defining Hydration. Obesity Facts, 2014, 7, 6-12.	1.6	34
14	RBC deformability and amino acid concentrations after hypo-osmotic challenge may reflect chronic cell hydration status in healthy young men. Physiological Reports, 2013, 1, e00117.	0.7	10
15	Orange Juice Limits Postprandial Fat Oxidation after Breakfast in Normal-Weight Adolescents and Adults. Advances in Nutrition, 2012, 3, 629S-635S.	2.9	13
16	What is the cell hydration status of healthy children in the USA? Preliminary data on urine osmolality and water intake. Public Health Nutrition, 2012, 15, 2148-2156.	1.1	74
17	Drinking Water and Weight Management. Nutrition Today, 2010, 45, S7-S12.	0.6	17
18	Shortâ€ŧerm effects of caloric beverages and drinking water on macronutrient metabolism. FASEB Journal, 2009, 23, 722.9.	0.2	0

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Drinking Water Is Associated With Weight Loss in Overweight Dieting Women Independent of Diet and Activity. Obesity, 2008, 16, 2481-2488.	1.5	138
20	Increased water intake reduces metabolic syndrome over 12 mo in overweight dieting women, independent of diet composition, activity and weight loss. FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 295.4.	0.2	2
21	Replacing Sweetened Caloric Beverages with Drinking Water Is Associated with Lower Energy Intake. Obesity, 2007, 15, 3013-3022.	1.5	97
22	Exchangeable zinc pool mass (EZP) and fat free mass (FFM) in healthy elderly. FASEB Journal, 2007, 21, .	0.2	1
23	Is the prevalence of dehydration among community-dwelling older adults really low? Informing current debate over the fluid recommendation for adults aged 70+years. Public Health Nutrition, 2005, 8, 1275-1285.	1.1	88
24	Plasma Hypertonicity: Another Marker of Frailty?. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2004, 52, 1313-1320.	1.3	69
25	Hypertonic hyperglycemia progresses to diabetes faster than normotonic. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 19, 935-944.	2.5	36