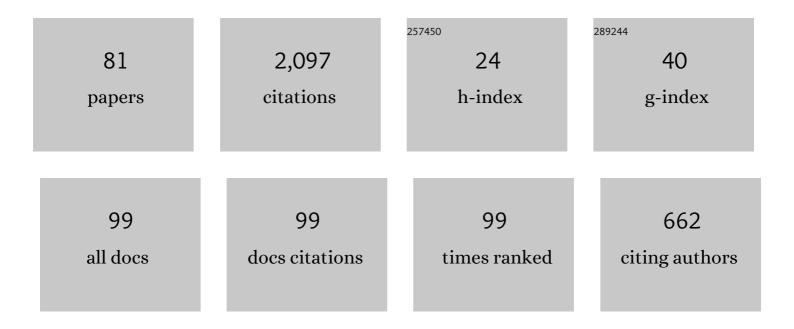
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Distinguishing "Loner―Attacks from Other Domestic Extremist Violence. Criminology and Public Policy, 2013, 12, 65-91.	3.1	148
2	Introducing the United States Extremis Crime Database (ECDB). Terrorism and Political Violence, 2014, 26, 372-384.	2.0	138
3	American Terrorism and Extremist Crime Data Sources and Selectivity Bias: An Investigation Focusing on Homicide Events Committed by Far-Right Extremists. Journal of Quantitative Criminology, 2012, 28, 191-218.	2.9	92
4	Intelligence-Led Policing As a Framework for Responding to Terrorism. Journal of Contemporary Criminal Justice, 2007, 23, 142-158.	1.1	84
5	The Organizational Dynamics of Far-Right Hate Groups in the United States: Comparing Violent to Nonviolent Organizations. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2013, 36, 193-218.	1.3	66
6	Surveying American State Police Agencies About Terrorism Threats, Terrorism Sources, and Terrorism Definitions. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2009, 21, 450-475.	2.0	62
7	The Relationship Between Hate Groups and Far-Right Ideological Violence. Journal of Contemporary Criminal Justice, 2014, 30, 310-332.	1.1	59
8	Criminology Theory and Terrorism: Introduction to the Special Issue. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2015, 27, 1-8.	2.0	58
9	Routine Activities and Right-Wing Extremists: An Empirical Comparison of the Victims of Ideologically- and Non-Ideologically-Motivated Homicides Committed by American Far-Rightists. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2015, 27, 182-203.	2.0	52
10	Religion and Crime: A Systematic Review and Assessment of Next Steps. Sociology of Religion, 2017, 78, 192-232.	0.8	51
11	Investigating the Applicability of Macro-Level Criminology Theory to Terrorism: A County-Level Analysis. Journal of Quantitative Criminology, 2015, 31, 383-411.	2.9	50
12	Extreme Hatred: Revisiting the Hate Crime and Terrorism Relationship to Determine Whether They Are "Close Cousins―or "Distant Relatives― Crime and Delinquency, 2017, 63, 1191-1223.	1.7	50
13	An Exploratory Study of Honor Crimes in the United States. Journal of Family Violence, 2016, 31, 303-314.	3.3	49
14	How social movement organizations explicitly and implicitly promote deviant behavior: The case of the militia movement. Justice Quarterly, 1999, 16, 655-683.	1.9	48
15	Critical events in the life trajectories of domestic extremist white supremacist groups. Criminology and Public Policy, 2009, 8, 497-530.	3.1	48
16	Exploring the Subculture of Ideologically Motivated Cyber-Attackers. Journal of Contemporary Criminal Justice, 2017, 33, 212-233.	1.1	46
17	Far-Right Lone Wolf Homicides in the United States. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2013, 36, 1005-1024.	1.3	45
18	Gender equity, traditional masculine culture, and female homicide victimization. Journal of Criminal Justice, 2005, 33, 213-223.	2.3	42

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19	The impact of state laws protecting abortion clinics and reproductive rights on crimes against abortion providers: Deterrence, backlash, or neither?. Law and Human Behavior, 2007, 31, 611-627.	0.7	39
20	The future of terrorism research: a review essay. International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice, 2015, 39, 353-369.	0.9	32
21	Law Enforcement Training and the Domestic Far Right. Criminal Justice and Behavior, 2009, 36, 1305-1322.	1.8	31
22	Situational Crime Prevention and Terrorism: An Assessment of 10 Years of Research. Criminal Justice Policy Review, 2019, 30, 1283-1311.	1.0	31
23	Surveying American State Police Agencies About Lone Wolves, Far-Right Criminality, and Far-Right and Islamic <i>Jihadist</i> Criminal Collaboration. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2010, 33, 1019-1041.	1.3	29
24	How Women Engage Homegrown Terrorism. Feminist Criminology, 2014, 9, 344-366.	1.5	27
25	Internet-Based Radicalization as Enculturation to Violent Deviant Subcultures. Deviant Behavior, 2017, 38, 855-869.	1.7	27
26	Ideological Victimization. Homicide Studies, 2015, 19, 211-236.	1.2	25
27	Editor's Introduction: Quantitative Approaches to the Study of Terrorism. Journal of Quantitative Criminology, 2012, 28, 1-5.	2.9	23
28	Post-9/11 Coverage of Terrorism in the <i>New York Times</i> . Justice Quarterly, 2020, 37, 161-185.	1.9	22
29	Disrupting Terrorist Assassinations Through Situational Crime Prevention. Crime and Delinquency, 2018, 64, 1515-1537.	1.7	20
30	Examining Ideologically Motivated Cyberattacks Performed by Far-Left Groups. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2021, 33, 527-548.	2.0	20
31	A reassessment of state-level covariates of militia groups. Behavioral Sciences and the Law, 2005, 23, 527-546.	0.8	19
32	Loners, Colleagues, or Peers? Assessing the Social Organization of Radicalization. American Journal of Criminal Justice, 2019, 44, 83-105.	2.0	19
33	Mismeasuring Militias: Limitations of Advocacy Group Data and of State‣evel Studies of Paramilitary Groups. Justice Quarterly, 2006, 23, 147-162.	1.9	18
34	Investigating the applicability of situational crime prevention to the public mass violence context. Criminology and Public Policy, 2020, 19, 271-293.	3.1	18
35	Measurement Issues in the Study of Terrorism: Introducing the Special Issue. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2016, 39, 569-579.	1.3	17
36	A Mixed-Method Analysis of Fatal Attacks on Police by Far-Right Extremists. Police Quarterly, 2016, 19, 216-245.	3.4	16

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37	Examining the Online Expression of Ideology among Far-Right Extremist Forum Users. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2022, 34, 364-384.	2.0	16
38	Examining the utility of social control and social learning in the radicalization of violent and non-violent extremists. Dynamics of Asymmetric Conflict: Pathways Toward Terrorism and Genocide, 2018, 11, 125-148.	1.1	15
39	Addressing the Myths of Terrorism in America. International Criminal Justice Review, 2020, 30, 302-324.	1.1	15
40	The nexus between terrorism and product counterfeiting in the United States. Global Crime, 2014, 15, 357-378.	1.3	14
41	Politics, culture, and political crime: Covariates of abortion clinic attacks in the United States. Journal of Criminal Justice, 2007, 35, 323-336.	2.3	13
42	Exploring the crime‒terror nexus in the United States: a social network analysis of a Hezbollah network involved in trade diversion. Dynamics of Asymmetric Conflict: Pathways Toward Terrorism and Genocide, 2015, 8, 263-281.	1.1	13
43	Commitment to Extremist Ideology: Using Factor Analysis to Move beyond Binary Measures of Extremism. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2016, 39, 687-711.	1.3	13
44	Changing organizational structures of jihadist networks in the Netherlands. Social Networks, 2017, 48, 270-283.	2.1	13
45	Are Honor Killings Unique? A Comparison of Honor Killings, Domestic Violence Homicides, and Hate Homicides by Far-Right Extremists. Homicide Studies, 2018, 22, 70-93.	1.2	13
46	Using Open-source Data to Better Understand and Respond to American School Shootings: Introducing and Exploring the American School Shooting Study (TASSS). Journal of School Violence, 2022, 21, 93-118.	1.9	13
47	A test of recent subcultural explanations of White violence in the United States. Journal of Criminal Justice, 2006, 34, 1-16.	2.3	12
48	Beccaria and Situational Crime Prevention. Criminal Justice Review, 2015, 40, 131-150.	0.9	12
49	Social Learning and Social Control in the Off- and Online Pathways to Hate Crime and Terrorist Violence. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2021, 44, 701-729.	1.3	12
50	Organizational-Level Characteristics in Right-Wing Extremist Groups in the United States Over Time. Criminal Justice Review, 2020, 45, 250-266.	0.9	12
51	Honor Crimes in the United States and Offenders' Neutralization Techniques. Deviant Behavior, 2018, 39, 187-202.	1.7	11
52	A test of Sprinzak's split delegitimization's theory of the life course of far-right organizational behavior. International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice, 2015, 39, 307-329.	0.9	10
53	Comparing Extremist Perpetrators of Suicide and Non-Suicide Attacks in the United States. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2019, 31, 943-965.	2.0	10
54	The Influence of External and Internal Correlates on the Organizational Death of Domestic Far-Right Extremist Groups. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2015, 38, 734-758.	1.3	9

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55	Preventing successful assassination attacks by terrorists: an environmental criminology approach. Journal of Criminological Research, Policy and Practice, 2017, 3, 173-191.	0.3	9
56	A Situated Comparison of Suicide and Non-Suicide Terrorist Plots and Homicides in the United States, 1990-2014. Crime and Delinquency, 2019, 65, 1187-1217.	1.7	9
57	American Jihadi Terrorism: A Comparison of Homicides and Unsuccessful Plots. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2019, 31, 516-535.	2.0	9
58	Triggered by Defeat or Victory? Assessing the Impact of Presidential Election Results on Extreme Right-Wing Mobilization Online. Deviant Behavior, 2021, 42, 630-645.	1.7	9
59	An Exploratory Analysis of the Characteristics of Ideologically Motivated Cyberattacks. Terrorism and Political Violence, 2022, 34, 1305-1320.	2.0	7
60	Developing Open-Source Databases from Online Sources to Study Online and Offline Phenomena. , 2021, , 169-190.		7
61	Further evidence on the relationship between population diversity and violent crime. International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice, 2002, 26, 203-229.	0.9	6
62	Invisible Empire of Hate: Gender Differences in the Ku Klux Klan's Online Justifications for Violence. Violence and Gender, 2018, 5, 209-225.	1.6	6
63	Comparing Different Sources of Data to Examine Trends of Hate Crime in Absence of Official Registers. American Journal of Criminal Justice, 2021, 46, 445-460.	2.0	6
64	Providing Opportunities: A Sixth Column for the Techniques of Situational Crime Prevention. , 2014, , 33-42.		6
65	Tea Party Mobilization and Power Devaluation. Sociological Spectrum, 2015, 35, 329-348.	1.9	5
66	ls More Violent Better? The Impact of Group Participation in Violence on Group Longevity for Far-Right Extremist Groups. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2018, 41, 365-387.	1.3	5
67	An intervention analysis of fatal far-right extremist violence within a vector-autoregressive framework. Dynamics of Asymmetric Conflict: Pathways Toward Terrorism and Genocide, 2020, 13, 143-171.	1.1	5
68	Introducing and Exploring the Extremist Cybercrime Database (ECCD). Crime and Delinquency, 2023, 69, 2411-2436.	1.7	5
69	Examining the Characteristics That Differentiate Jihadi-Associated Cyberattacks Using Routine Activities Theory. Social Science Computer Review, 2022, 40, 1614-1630.	4.2	4
70	An Empirical Examination on the Severity of Lone-Actor Terrorist Attacks. Crime and Delinquency, 2023, 69, 915-942.	1.7	4
71	Exporting and importing criminality: Incarceration of the Foreign Born. International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice, 2002, 26, 143-163.	0.9	3
72	Only the Bad Die Young: The Correlates of Organizational Death for Far-Right Extremist Groups. Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 2016, 39, 477-499.	1.3	3

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73	Comparison of honor killings to anti-LGBTQ homicides. Journal of Aggression, Conflict and Peace Research, 2018, 10, 272-282.	0.6	3
74	An Examination of the American Far Right's Anti-Tax Financial Crimes. Criminal Justice Review, 2019, 44, 492-514.	0.9	3
75	Introducing the special issue on new directions in terrorism research. International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice, 2015, 39, 277-279.	0.9	2
76	Regulating Crime: The New Criminology of Crime Control. Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, 2018, 679, 8-18.	1.6	2
77	National Security and Domestic Terrorism: The US Case. , 2015, , 247-252.		1
78	The future of terrorism research: a review essay. , 0, .		1
79	Differentiating Online Posting Behaviors of Violent and Nonviolent Right-Wing Extremists. Criminal Justice Policy Review, 2022, 33, 943-965.	1.0	1
80	Far-Right Extremist Violence in the United States. , 2022, , 301-326.		1
81	Homegrown Terrorism in the United States. , 2014, , 2336-2345.		0