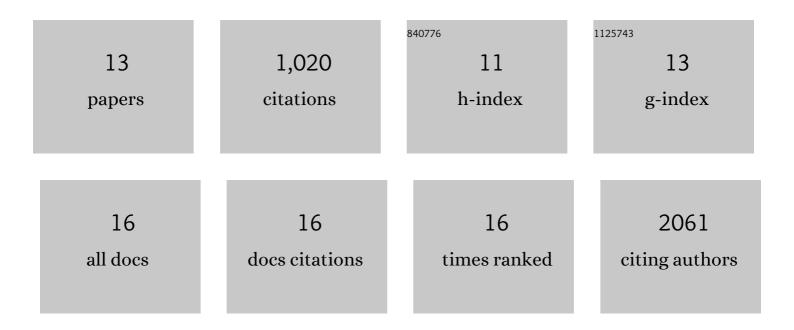
## Marco Di Gioia

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2154933/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



MARCO DI CIOIA

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Inhibition of transcription factor NFAT activity in activated platelets enhances their aggregation and exacerbates gram-negative bacterial septicemia. Immunity, 2022, 55, 224-236.e5.	14.3	11
2	An adjuvant strategy enabled by modulation of the physical properties of microbial ligands expands antigen immunogenicity. Cell, 2022, 185, 614-629.e21.	28.9	40
3	Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate 3-kinase B promotes Ca <sup>2+</sup> mobilization and the inflammatory activity of dendritic cells. Science Signaling, 2021, 14, .	3.6	15
4	Dooming Phagocyte Responses: Inflammatory Effects of Endogenous Oxidized Phospholipids. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2021, 12, 626842.	3.5	18
5	Aged vasculature drives neutrophils mad. Immunity, 2021, 54, 1369-1371.	14.3	0
6	Zinc-dependent histone deacetylases drive neutrophil extracellular trap formation and potentiate local and systemic inflammation. IScience, 2021, 24, 103256.	4.1	26
7	Endogenous oxidized phospholipids reprogram cellular metabolism and boost hyperinflammation. Nature Immunology, 2020, 21, 42-53.	14.5	112
8	By Capturing Inflammatory Lipids Released from Dying Cells, the Receptor CD14 Induces Inflammasome-Dependent Phagocyte Hyperactivation. Immunity, 2017, 47, 697-709.e3.	14.3	149
9	An endogenous caspase-11 ligand elicits interleukin-1 release from living dendritic cells. Science, 2016, 352, 1232-1236.	12.6	419
10	Prolonged contact with dendritic cells turns lymph nodeâ€resident <scp>NK</scp> cells into antiâ€tumor effectors. EMBO Molecular Medicine, 2016, 8, 1039-1051.	6.9	30
11	Toll-like receptor co-receptors as master regulators of the immune response. Molecular Immunology, 2015, 63, 143-152.	2.2	83
12	IL-15 cis Presentation Is Required for Optimal NK Cell Activation in Lipopolysaccharide-Mediated Inflammatory Conditions. Cell Reports, 2013, 4, 1235-1249.	6.4	66
13	CD14 and NFAT mediate lipopolysaccharide-induced skin edema formation in mice. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2012, 122, 1747-1757.	8.2	36