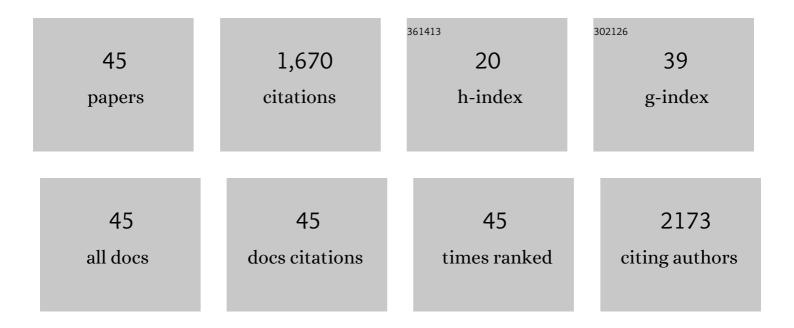
## Rashed Z Shah

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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ΡΛΩΗΕΝ 7 ΩΗΛΗ

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	"STOP Pneumonia―– A successful advocacy campaign for preventing and protecting Indonesia's children from pneumonia. Public Health of Indonesia, 2021, 7, 1-4.	0.2	1
2	Post-disruption catch-up of child immunisation and health-care services in Bangladesh. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 913.	9.1	9
3	Saving young children from forgotten killer: pneumonia. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2020, 319, L861-L862.	2.9	3
4	Barriers and enablers for practicing kangaroo mother care (KMC) in rural Sindh, Pakistan. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0213225.	2.5	22
5	Pregnancy intervals after stillbirth, neonatal death and spontaneous abortion and the risk of an adverse outcome in the next pregnancy in rural Bangladesh. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 62.	2.4	12
6	Use of voice messaging via mobile phone to communicate female adolescents in Bangladeshi urban slum. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, .	0.3	0
7	Umbilical cord care through community-based distribution of chlorhexidine in rural Sindh, Pakistan. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, .	0.3	0
8	An automated diagnostic device for children under 5 years of age: A proof-of-concept study in Malawi. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, .	0.3	0
9	Barriers and enablers for practicing kangaroo mother care (KMC) in rural Sindh, Pakistan. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, .	0.3	0
10	Approaches to support continued iCCM implementation during a flooding emergency in rural Bangladesh. Journal of Global Health, 2019, 9, 021001.	2.7	5
11	Development and Initial Validation of a Frontline Health Worker mHealth Assessment Platform (MEDSINC®) for Children 2–60 Months of Age. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 100, 1556-1565.	1.4	6
12	Authors' Response. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 101, 949-950.	1.4	0
13	Incidence and risk factors of neonatal infections in a rural Bangladeshi population: a community-based prospective study. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2018, 37, 6.	2.0	19
14	An integrated diagnostic device for neonatal sepsis and childhood pneumonia. Journal of Public Health in Africa, 2018, 9, 780.	0.4	4
15	Impact of Chlorhexidine Cord Cleansing on Mortality, Omphalitis and Cord Separation Time Among Facility-Born Babies in Nepal and Bangladesh. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2017, 36, 1011-1013.	2.0	6
16	Integrated community case management (iCCM) of childhood infection saves lives in hard-to-reach communities in Nicaragua. Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health, 2017, 41, 1.	1.1	4
17	Prevalence, Serotype Distribution and Mortality Risk Associated With Group B Streptococcus Colonization of Newborns in Rural Bangladesh. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2016, 35, 1309-1312.	2.0	15
18	Equity improvements in maternal and newborn care indicators: results from the Bardiya district of Nepal. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, 405-414.	2.7	11

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19	The development and evaluation of a community-based clinical diagnosis tool and treatment regimen for postpartum sepsis in Bangladesh and Pakistan. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 16.	3.1	9
20	A Controlled Before-and-After Perspective on the Improving Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Survival Program in Rural Bangladesh: An Impact Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0161647.	2.5	13
21	Time volunteered on community health activities by brigadistas in Nicaragua. Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 40, 388-395.	1.1	2
22	Maternal vitamin D supplementation during pregnancy and lactation to promote infant growth in Dhaka, Bangladesh (MDIG trial): study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2015, 16, 300.	1.6	39
23	Household Animal and Human Medicine Use and Animal Husbandry Practices in Rural Bangladesh: Risk Factors for Emerging Zoonotic Disease and Antibiotic Resistance. Zoonoses and Public Health, 2015, 62, 569-578.	2.2	43
24	Assessing Community Based Improved Maternal Neonatal Child Survival (IMNCS) Program in Rural Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0136898.	2.5	20
25	Treatment of Infections in Young Infants in Low- and Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of Frontline Health Worker Diagnosis and Antibiotic Access. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001741.	8.4	36
26	Determinants and pattern of care seeking for preterm newborns in a rural Bangladeshi cohort. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 417.	2.2	32
27	Neonatal Mortality Risks Among Preterm Births in a Rural <scp>B</scp> angladeshi Cohort. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2014, 28, 510-520.	1.7	12
28	Newborn care practices in rural Bangladesh: Implications for the adaptation of kangaroo mother care for community-based interventions. Social Science and Medicine, 2014, 122, 21-30.	3.8	18
29	Incidence and risk factors of preterm birth in a rural Bangladeshi cohort. BMC Pediatrics, 2014, 14, 112.	1.7	59
30	The effect of umbilical cord cleansing with chlorhexidine on omphalitis and neonatal mortality in community settings in developing countries: a meta-analysis. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, S15.	2.9	79
31	Preterm birth and neonatal mortality in a rural Bangladeshi cohort: implications for health programs. Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 33, 977-981.	2.0	26
32	Operations research to add postpartum family planning to maternal and neonatal health to improve birth spacing in Sylhet District, Bangladesh. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2013, 1, 262-276.	1.7	31
33	Economic evaluation of neonatal care packages in a cluster-randomized controlled trial in Sylhet, Bangladesh. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2013, 91, 736-745.	3.3	35
34	Chlorhexidine Cleansing of the Umbilical Cord and Separation Time: A Cluster-Randomized Trial. Pediatrics, 2013, 131, 708-715.	2.1	24
35	Clustering of Neonatal Deaths in <scp>B</scp> angladesh: Results From the <scp>P</scp> rojahnmo Studies. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2013, 27, 165-171.	1.7	7
36	Contribution of community-based newborn health promotion to reducing inequities in healthy newborn care practices and knowledge: evidence of improvement from a three-district pilot program in Malawi. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 1052.	2.9	36

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37	Impact of 4.0% Chlorhexidine Cord Cleansing on the Bacteriologic Profile of the Newborn Umbilical Stump in Rural Sylhet District, Bangladesh. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2012, 31, 444-450.	2.0	26
38	The effect of cord cleansing with chlorhexidine on neonatal mortality in rural Bangladesh: a community-based, cluster-randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2012, 379, 1022-1028.	13.7	156
39	Vulnerability of Newborns to Environmental Factors: Findings from Community Based Surveillance Data in Bangladesh. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2011, 8, 3437-3452.	2.6	10
40	Factors affecting recruitment and retention of community health workers in a newborn care intervention in Bangladesh. Human Resources for Health, 2010, 8, 12.	3.1	114
41	Vitamin D status and acute lower respiratory infection in early childhood in Sylhet, Bangladesh. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2010, 99, 389-393.	1.5	149
42	Vitamin D Status of Infants in Northeastern Rural Bangladesh: Preliminary Observations and a Review of Potential Determinants. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 458-69.	2.0	28
43	Community-based Health Workers Achieve High Coverage in Neonatal Intervention Trials: A Case Study from Sylhet, Bangladesh. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2010, 28, 610-8.	2.0	13
44	Impact of 4.0% chlorhexidine cleansing of the umbilical cord on mortality and omphalitis among newborns of Sylhet, Bangladesh: design of a community-based cluster randomized trial. BMC Pediatrics, 2009, 9, 67.	1.7	26
45	Effect of community-based newborn-care intervention package implemented through two service-delivery strategies in Sylhet district, Bangladesh: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 1936-1944.	13.7	510