## Samuel A Mclean

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

170 papers 4,910 citations

35 h-index 63 g-index

172 all docs

172 docs citations

172 times ranked

5832 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Decreased Central μ-Opioid Receptor Availability in Fibromyalgia. Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 27, 10000-10006.	1.7	445
2	International meta-analysis of PTSD genome-wide association studies identifies sex- and ancestry-specific genetic risk loci. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4558.	5.8	363
3	The Development of Persistent Pain and Psychological Morbidity After Motor Vehicle Collision: Integrating the Potential Role of Stress Response Systems Into a Biopsychosocial Model. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2005, 67, 783-790.	1.3	229
4	How well can post-traumatic stress disorder be predicted from pre-trauma risk factors? An exploratory study in the WHO World Mental Health Surveys. World Psychiatry, 2014, 13, 265-274.	4.8	194
5	Efficacy of milnacipran in patients with fibromyalgia. Journal of Rheumatology, 2005, 32, 1975-85.	1.0	181
6	Momentary relationship between cortisol secretion and symptoms in patients with fibromyalgia. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2005, 52, 3660-3669.	6.7	160
7	Characterization and consequences of pain variability in individuals with fibromyalgia. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2005, 52, 3670-3674.	6.7	123
8	Older US Emergency Department Patients Are Less Likely to Receive Pain Medication Than Younger Patients: Results From a National Survey. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2012, 60, 199-206.	0.3	112
9	The Role of Tissue Damage in Whiplash-Associated Disorders. Spine, 2011, 36, S309-S315.	1.0	101
10	T HE E PIDEMIOLOGY OF P AIN IN THE P REHOSPITAL S ETTING. Prehospital Emergency Care, 2002, 6, 402-405.	1.0	95
11	The AURORA Study: a longitudinal, multimodal library of brain biology and function after traumatic stress exposure. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 283-296.	4.1	92
12	Cerebrospinal Fluid Corticotropin-Releasing Factor Concentration is Associated with Pain but not Fatigue Symptoms in Patients with Fibromyalgia. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2006, 31, 2776-2782.	2.8	89
13	Health status, not head injury, predicts concussion symptoms after minor injury. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2009, 27, 182-190.	0.7	83
14	Catechol O-Methyltransferase Haplotype Predicts Immediate Musculoskeletal Neck Pain and Psychological Symptoms After Motor Vehicle Collision. Journal of Pain, 2011, 12, 101-107.	0.7	83
15	Incidence and predictors of neck and widespread pain after motor vehicle collision among US litigants and nonlitigants. Pain, 2014, 155, 309-321.	2.0	76
16	Emergency Medical Services Use by the Elderly: Analysis of a Statewide Database. Prehospital Emergency Care, 2010, 14, 329-333.	1.0	73
17	Comparison of Clinical and Evoked Pain Measures in Fibromyalgia. Journal of Pain, 2006, 7, 521-527.	0.7	64
18	Polymorphisms in the glucocorticoid receptor co-chaperone FKBP5 predict persistent musculoskeletal pain after traumatic stress exposure. Pain, 2013, 154, 1419-1426.	2.0	62

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19	Proton MR Spectroscopy in the Evaluation of Cerebral Metabolism in Patients with Fibromyalgia: Comparison with Healthy Controls and Correlation with Symptom Severity. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2008, 29, 913-918.	1.2	61
20	Pain and somatic symptoms are sequelae of sexual assault: Results of a prospective longitudinal study. European Journal of Pain, 2014, 18, 559-566.	1.4	57
21	No man is an island: Living in a disadvantaged neighborhood influences chronic pain development after motor vehicle collision. Pain, 2014, 155, 2116-2123.	2.0	57
22	A Functional riboSNitch in the 3′ Untranslated Region of <i>FKBP5</i> Alters MicroRNA-320a Binding Efficiency and Mediates Vulnerability to Chronic Post-Traumatic Pain. Journal of Neuroscience, 2018, 38, 8407-8420.	1.7	52
23	Motor Vehicle Collision–related Emergency Department Visits by Older Adults in the United States. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2012, 19, 821-827.	0.8	50
24	Early Cortical Thickness Change after Mild Traumatic Brain Injury following Motor Vehicle Collision. Journal of Neurotrauma, 2015, 32, 455-463.	1.7	50
25	Modification of COMT-dependent pain sensitivity by psychological stress and sex. Pain, 2016, 157, 858-867.	2.0	49
26	Persistent Pain Among Older Adults Discharged Home From the Emergency Department After Motor Vehicle Crash: A Prospective Cohort Study. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2016, 67, 166-176.e1.	0.3	49
27	The Potential Contribution of Stress Systems to the Transition to Chronic Whiplash-Associated Disorders. Spine, 2011, 36, S226-S232.	1.0	46
28	The feasibility of pain assessment in the prehospital setting*1. Prehospital Emergency Care, 2004, 8, 155-161.	1.0	43
29	Predicting chronic symptoms after an acute "stressor―– lessons learned from 3 medical conditions. Medical Hypotheses, 2004, 63, 653-658.	0.8	43
30	Gender Differences in Acute and Chronic Pain in the Emergency Department: Results of the 2014Academic Emergency MedicineConsensus Conference Pain Section. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2014, 21, 1421-1430.	0.8	43
31	Potential Processes Involved in the Initiation and Maintenance of Whiplash-Associated Disorders. Spine, 2011, 36, S322-S329.	1.0	42
32	The ACTTION–APS–AAPM Pain Taxonomy (AAAPT) Multidimensional Approach to Classifying Acute Pain Conditions. Pain Medicine, 2017, 18, 947-958.	0.9	42
33	Substantial postoperative pain is common among children undergoing laparoscopic appendectomy. Paediatric Anaesthesia, 2012, 22, 130-135.	0.6	39
34	Complex Multilocus Effects of Catechol-O-Methyltransferase Haplotypes Predict Pain and Pain Interference 6ÂWeeks After Motor Vehicle Collision. NeuroMolecular Medicine, 2014, 16, 83-93.	1.8	39
35	The ACTTION–APS–AAPM Pain Taxonomy (AAAPT) Multidimensional Approach to Classifying Acute Pain Conditions. Journal of Pain, 2017, 18, 479-489.	0.7	38
36	Brain-Based Biotypes of Psychiatric Vulnerability in the Acute Aftermath of Trauma. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 178, 1037-1049.	4.0	36

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37	Fibromyalgia After Motor Vehicle Collision: Evidence and Implications. Traffic Injury Prevention, 2005, 6, 97-104.	0.6	35
38	Using emergency department-based inception cohorts to determine genetic characteristics associated with long term patient outcomes after motor vehicle collision: Methodology of the CRASH study. BMC Emergency Medicine, 2011, 11, 14.	0.7	35
39	Acute Severe Pain Is a Common Consequence of Sexual Assault. Journal of Pain, 2012, 13, 736-741.	0.7	35
40	Chronic widespread pain after motor vehicle collision typically occurs through immediate development and nonrecovery. Pain, 2016, 157, 438-444.	2.0	33
41	Isolated fluid in the cul-de-sac: How well does it predict ectopic pregnancy?. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2002, 20, 1-4.	0.7	32
42	Biomedical models of fibromyalgia. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2005, 27, 659-665.	0.9	32
43	Pain distribution and predictors of widespread pain in the immediate aftermath of motor vehicle collision. European Journal of Pain, 2013, 17, 1243-1251.	1.4	32
44	Prognostic neuroimaging biomarkers of trauma-related psychopathology: resting-state fMRI shortly after trauma predicts future PTSD and depression symptoms in the AURORA study. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 1263-1271.	2.8	32
45	Shared Decisionâ€Making in the Selection of Outpatient Analgesics for Older Individuals in the Emergency Department. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2013, 61, 793-798.	1.3	31
46	MicroRNA Circulating in the Early Aftermath of Motor Vehicle Collision Predict Persistent Pain Development and Suggest a Role for microRNA in Sex-Specific Pain Differences. Molecular Pain, 2015, 11, s12990-015-0069.	1.0	30
47	Persistent Dissociation and Its Neural Correlates in Predicting Outcomes After Trauma Exposure. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2022, 179, 661-672.	4.0	28
48	Persistent pain after motor vehicle collision: comparative effectiveness of opioids vs nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs prescribed from the emergency departmentâ€"a propensity matched analysis. Pain, 2017, 158, 289-295.	2.0	27
49	ν-Opioid Receptor Gene A118G Polymorphism Predicts Pain Recovery After Sexual Assault. Journal of Pain, 2013, 14, 165-171.	0.7	26
50	Incidence and Predictors of Acute Psychological Distress and Dissociation After Motor Vehicle Collision: A Cross-Sectional Study. Journal of Trauma and Dissociation, 2014, 15, 527-547.	1.0	25
51	Side Effects From Oral Opioids in Older Adults During the First Week of Treatment for Acute Musculoskeletal Pain. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2013, 20, 872-879.	0.8	24
52	Methodology of AA CRASH: a prospective observational study evaluating the incidence and pathogenesis of adverse post-traumatic sequelae in African-Americans experiencing motor vehicle collision: TableÂ1. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012222.	0.8	24
53	MicroRNA 320a Predicts Chronic Axial and Widespread Pain Development Following Motor Vehicle Collision in a Stress-Dependent Manner. Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy, 2016, 46, 911-919.	1.7	24
54	Pain Treatment for Older Adults During Prehospital Emergency Care: Variations by Patient Gender and Pain Severity. Journal of Pain, 2013, 14, 966-974.	0.7	23

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55	ν-Opioid Receptor Gene A118ÂG Variants and Persistent Pain Symptoms Among Men and Women Experiencing Motor VehicleÂCollision. Journal of Pain, 2015, 16, 637-644.	0.7	23
56	MicroRNA-19b predicts widespread pain and posttraumatic stress symptom risk in a sex-dependent manner following trauma exposure. Pain, 2020, 161, 47-60.	2.0	23
57	Prior sleep problems and adverse post-traumatic neuropsychiatric sequelae of motor vehicle collision in the AURORA study. Sleep, 2021, 44, .	0.6	23
58	Development and Validation of a Model to Predict Posttraumatic Stress Disorder and Major Depression After a Motor Vehicle Collision. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 1228.	6.0	23
59	Preliminary Study of Acute Changes in Emotion Processing in Trauma Survivors with PTSD Symptoms. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0159065.	1.1	22
60	Lidocaine-induced conduction disturbance in patients with systemic hyperkalemia. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2000, 36, 615-618.	0.3	21
61	Emergency Medical Services Outcomes Research: Evaluating the Effectiveness of Prehospital Care. Prehospital Emergency Care, 2002, 6, S52-S56.	1.0	21
62	Teachable moments and missed opportunities for smoking cessation counseling in a hospital emergency department: a mixed-methods study of patient-provider communication. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 651.	0.9	21
63	CRHBP polymorphisms predict chronic pain development following motor vehicle collision. Pain, 2016, 157, 273-279.	2.0	21
64	Stress-related psychological symptoms contribute to axial pain persistence after motor vehicle collision: path analysis results from a prospective longitudinal study. Pain, 2017, 158, 682-690.	2.0	21
65	Racial differences in presentations and predictors of acute pain after motor vehicle collision. Pain, 2018, 159, 1056-1063.	2.0	21
66	Enhancing Discovery of Genetic Variants for Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Through Integration of Quantitative Phenotypes and Trauma Exposure Information. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, 626-636.	0.7	21
67	Development of the Emergency Department Senior Abuse Identification (ED Senior AID) tool. Journal of Elder Abuse and Neglect, 2018, 30, 247-270.	0.5	20
68	Somatic Symptoms Among US Adolescent Females: Associations with Sexual and Physical Violence Exposure. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2013, 17, 1951-1960.	0.7	19
69	Chronic Pain and Itch are Common, Morbid Sequelae Among Individuals Who Receive Tissue Autograft After Major Thermal Burn Injury. Clinical Journal of Pain, 2017, 33, 627-634.	0.8	19
70	Recommendations For Core Outcome Domain Set For Whiplash-Associated Disorders (CATWAD). Clinical Journal of Pain, 2019, 35, 727-736.	0.8	19
71	"ls there any way I can get something for my pain?―Patient strategies for requesting analgesics. Patient Education and Counseling, 2015, 98, 137-143.	1.0	17
72	Gender Differences in Pain Experience and Treatment after Motor Vehicle Collisions: A Secondary Analysis of the CRASH Injury Study. Clinical Therapeutics, 2018, 40, 204-213.e2.	1.1	17

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73	Health care utilization by women sexual assault survivors after emergency care: Results of a multisite prospective study. Depression and Anxiety, 2021, 38, 67-78.	2.0	16
74	Classification and Prediction of Post-Trauma Outcomes Related to PTSD Using Circadian Rhythm Changes Measured via Wrist-Worn Research Watch in a Large Longitudinal Cohort. IEEE Journal of Biomedical and Health Informatics, 2021, 25, 2866-2876.	3.9	16
75	The Impact of Changes in HCFA Documentation Requirements on Academic Emergency Medicine Results of a Physician Survey. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2001, 8, 880-885.	0.8	15
76	Catechol-O-Methyltransferase Genotype Predicts Pain Severity in Hospitalized Burn Patients. Journal of Burn Care and Research, 2012, 33, 518-523.	0.2	15
77	Prior stress exposure increases pain behaviors in a rat model of full thickness thermal injury. Burns, 2015, 41, 1796-1804.	1.1	15
78	Results of a Pilot Multicenter Genotype-based Randomized Placebo-controlled Trial of Propranolol to Reduce Pain After Major Thermal Burn Injury. Clinical Journal of Pain, 2015, 31, 21-29.	0.8	15
79	Association of Epidemiologic Factors and Genetic Variants Influencing Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Adrenocortical Axis Function With Postconcussive Symptoms After Minor Motor Vehicle Collision. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2016, 78, 68-78.	1.3	15
80	Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder among Older Adults Experiencing Motor Vehicle Collision: A Multicenter Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2017, 25, 953-963.	0.6	15
81	Relationship of Hippocampal Volumes and Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Symptoms Over Early Posttrauma Periods. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2018, 3, 968-975.	1.1	15
82	Socio-demographic and trauma-related predictors of depression within eight weeks of motor vehicle collision in the AURORA study. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 1934-1947.	2.7	15
83	Genetic Polymorphisms in the Dopamine Receptor 2 Predict Acute Pain Severity After Motor Vehicle Collision. Clinical Journal of Pain, 2015, 31, 768-775.	0.8	15
84	Pain and Interference of Pain With Function and Mood in Elderly Adults Involved in a Motor Vehicle Collision: A Pilot Study. Experimental Aging Research, 2012, 38, 330-343.	0.6	14
85	Socio-demographic and trauma-related predictors of PTSD within 8 weeks of a motor vehicle collision in the AURORA study. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 3108-3121.	4.1	14
86	Mobile Neurofeedback for Pain Management in Veterans with TBI and PTSD. Pain Medicine, 2021, 22, 329-337.	0.9	14
87	Restricted activity and persistent pain following motor vehicle collision among older adults: a multicenter prospective cohort study. BMC Geriatrics, 2016, 16, 86.	1.1	13
88	Genes known to escape X chromosome inactivation predict coâ€morbid chronic musculoskeletal pain and posttraumatic stress symptom development in women following trauma exposure. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics, 2019, 180, 415-427.	1.1	13
89	Multicenter Validation of an Emergency Department–Based Screening Tool to Identify Elder Abuse. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2020, 76, 280-290.	0.3	13
90	Polygenic risk scoring to assess genetic overlap and protective factors influencing posttraumatic stress, depression, and chronic pain after motor vehicle collision trauma. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 359.	2.4	13

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91	Genetic variant rs3750625 in the 3′UTR of ADRA2A affects stress-dependent acute pain severity after trauma and alters a microRNA-34a regulatory site. Pain, 2017, 158, 230-239.	2.0	12
92	Pain and itch outcome trajectories differ among European American and African American survivors of major thermal burn injury. Pain, 2017, 158, 2268-2276.	2.0	12
93	Obesity increases the risk of chronic pain development after motor vehicle collision. Pain, 2019, 160, 670-675.	2.0	12
94	Pain after a motor vehicle crash: The role of socioâ€demographics, crash characteristics and periâ€traumatic stress symptoms. European Journal of Pain, 2021, 25, 1119-1136.	1.4	12
95	Thalamic volume and fear extinction interact to predict acute posttraumatic stress severity. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2021, 141, 325-332.	1.5	12
96	Protocol for the first large-scale emergency care-based longitudinal cohort study of recovery after sexual assault: the Women's Health Study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031087.	0.8	11
97	Intravenous Fluid for the Treatment of Emergency Department Patients With Migraine Headache: A Randomized Controlled Trial. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2019, 73, 150-156.	0.3	11
98	Nausea in the peri-traumatic period is associated with prospective risk for PTSD symptom development. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2019, 44, 668-673.	2.8	10
99	Perceived Care Quality Among Women Receiving Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Care: Results From a 1-Week Postexamination Survey in a Large Multisite Prospective Study. Journal of Emergency Nursing, 2021, 47, 449-458.	0.5	10
100	A prospective examination of sex differences in posttraumatic autonomic functioning. Neurobiology of Stress, 2021, 15, 100384.	1.9	10
101	Descriptions of Motor Vehicle Collisions by Participants in Emergency Department-Based Studies: Are They Accurate?. Western Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2012, 13, 329-334.	0.6	9
102	Early Changes in Cortical Emotion Processing Circuits after Mild Traumatic Brain Injury from Motor Vehicle Collision. Journal of Neurotrauma, 2017, 34, 273-280.	1.7	9
103	Epidemiology of intravenous fluid use for headache treatment: Findings from the National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2017, 35, 778-781.	0.7	9
104	Evaluation of the Association Between Genetic Variants in Circadian Rhythm Genes and Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms Identifies a Potential Functional Allele in the Transcription Factor TEF. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2018, 9, 597.	1.3	9
105	Ability of Older Adults to Report Elder Abuse: An Emergency Department–Based Crossâ€Sectional Study. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2020, 68, 170-175.	1.3	9
106	Prior differences in previous trauma exposure primarily drive the observed racial/ethnic differences in posttrauma depression and anxiety following a recent trauma. Psychological Medicine, 2023, 53, 2553-2562.	2.7	9
107	Study protocol for a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial of duloxetine for the treatment and prevention of musculoskeletal pain: altering the transition from acute to chronic pain (ATTAC pain). BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e025002.	0.8	7
108	Literature review and methodological considerations for understanding circulating risk biomarkers following trauma exposure. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 1986-1999.	4.1	7

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109	Antigenic diversity in Babesia divergens: preliminary results with three monoclonal antibodies to the rat-adapted strain. Research in Veterinary Science, 1987, 42, 96-100.	0.9	7
110	Duration of Reduction in Enduring Stress-Induced Hyperalgesia Via FKBP51 Inhibition Depends on Timing of Administration Relative to Traumatic Stress Exposure. Journal of Pain, 2022, 23, 1256-1267.	0.7	7
111	Rates of At-risk Drinking among Patients Presenting to the Emergency Department with Occupational and Nonoccupational Injury. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2003, 10, 1354-1361.	0.8	6
112	Ambulance transport rates after motor vehicle collision for older vs. younger adults: A population-based study. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2014, 73, 373-379.	3.0	6
113	Rates of At-risk Drinking among Patients Presenting to the Emergency Department with Occupational and Nonoccupational Injury. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2003, 10, 1354-1361.	0.8	6
114	Neurocognition after motor vehicle collision and adverse post-traumatic neuropsychiatric sequelae within 8 weeks: Initial findings from the AURORA study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 298, 57-67.	2.0	6
115	Vitamin D insufficiency increases risk of chronic pain among African Americans experiencing motor vehicle collision. Pain, 2020, 161, 274-280.	2.0	5
116	Anxiety Sensitivity Prospectively Predicts Increased Acute Posttraumatic Stress and Related Symptoms After Sexual Assault. Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2020, 33, 1111-1120.	1.0	5
117	Multi-ethnic GWAS and meta-analysis of sleep quality identify MPP6 as a novel gene that functions in sleep center neurons. Sleep, 2021, 44, .	0.6	5
118	Peritraumatic $17\hat{l}^2$ -estradiol levels influence chronic posttraumatic pain outcomes. Pain, 2021, 162, 2909-2916.	2.0	5
119	"l still feel so lost― experiences of women receiving SANE care during the year after sexual assault. Journal of the American College of Emergency Physicians Open, 2021, 2, e12464.	0.4	5
120	Pain, distress, and anticipated recovery for older versus younger emergency department patients after motor vehicle collision. BMC Emergency Medicine, 2014, 14, 25.	0.7	4
121	Preliminary Study on the Relationship Between Visitation in the Emergency Department and Posttraumatic Mental Health. Social Work in Mental Health, 2014, 12, 69-80.	0.7	4
122	Brief educational video plus telecare to enhance recovery for older emergency department patients with acute musculoskeletal pain: study protocol for the BETTER randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 615.	0.7	4
123	The Scientific Journey to Predicting and Preventing Postoperative Pain. Anesthesiology, 2013, 119, 1244-1246.	1.3	4
124	Variations in institutional review board reviews of a multi-center, Emergency Department (ED)–based genetic research protocol. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2013, 31, 967-969.	0.7	3
125	Pregabalin versus placebo in targeting pro-nociceptive mechanisms to prevent chronic pain after whiplash injury in at-risk individuals – a feasibility study for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2018, 19, 44.	0.7	3
126	Persistent and Widespread Pain Among Blacks Six Weeks after MVC: Emergency Department-based Cohort Study. Western Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2021, 22, 139-147.	0.6	3

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127	Pain is common after sexual assault and posttraumatic arousal/reactivity symptoms mediate the development of new or worsening persistent pain. Pain, 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	2.0	3
128	Prior histories of posttraumatic stress disorder and major depression and their onset and course in the three months after a motor vehicle collision in the AURORA study. Depression and Anxiety, 2021, , .	2.0	3
129	334. Expression Levels of XIST RNA Predict PTSD and Chronic Pain Outcomes in Women Experiencing Motor Vehicle Collision. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S137.	0.7	2
130	204. Living in a Low Socioeconomic Status Neighborhood Increases Risk of Developing Clinically Significant PTSD Symptoms after Motor Vehicle Collision: Results of a Prospective Cohort Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S84-S85.	0.7	2
131	Pregabalin vs placebo to prevent chronic pain after whiplash injury in at-risk individuals: results of a feasibility study for a large randomised controlled trial. Pain, 2022, 163, e274-e284.	2.0	2
132	Mild traumatic brain injury: an update for advanced practice nurses. Journal of Neuroscience Nursing, 2007, 39, 43-51.	0.7	2
133	679. MicroRNA -19b Acts as a Sex-Dependent Regulatory Hub for PTSD and Chronic Widespread Pain Development following Trauma Exposure. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S275.	0.7	1
134	F25. Increased Adverse Childhood Experiences Predict Worse Acute Pain and Psychological Symptoms After Sexual Assault. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 85, S222.	0.7	1
135	Health care utilization following motor vehicle collision is poorly stratified by chronic pain risk: Lessons from the CRASH study. American Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2019, 37, 534-535.	0.7	1
136	A Critical COVID Metric: Your ED Staff Infection Rate. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2020, 27, 341-342.	0.8	1
137	Response to: Who receives opioids for acute pain in emergency departments? Considering evidence, patient and provider preferences. Pain, 2012, 153, 2300-2301.	2.0	0
138	Response to letter to the Editor. Pain, 2014, 155, 1416-1418.	2.0	0
139	205. Strangulation during Sexual Assault Predicts Increased PTSD Symptoms Six Weeks after Assault. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S85.	0.7	0
140	408. Somatic Symptoms Historically Termed "Post-Concussive―are Common in the Weeks after Sexual Assault but Unrelated to Head Injury. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S166-S167.	0.7	0
141	905. Genetic Variants in the Circadian Rhythm Pathway Predict PTSD Symptoms following Trauma Exposure. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S365-S366.	0.7	0
142	F276. Use of HIV Post-Exposure Prophylaxis Among Women Sexual Assault Survivors is Not Associated With Increased Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 83, S346.	0.7	0
143	S22. Contributions of Minor Traumatic Brain Injury to the Development of Posttraumatic Stress Following Motor Vehicle Accident. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 83, S355.	0.7	0
144	S31. Most Sexual Assault Survivors With Significant Posttraumatic Stress do not Receive Mental Health Care in the Initial Weeks After Assault. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 83, S358-S359.	0.7	0

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145	T74. Developing Methods to Perform Smartphone-Based Studies of Trauma Survivors: Lessons From the AURORA Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 85, S157.	0.7	0
146	T71. Obtaining Neurocognitive Assessments From Trauma Survivors: Feasibility and Lessons Learned From the AURORA Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 85, S156.	0.7	0
147	Duration of Reduction in Stress-Induced Hyperalgesia via FKBP51 Inhibition Depends on Timing of Administration After Traumatic Stress Exposure. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S384-S385.	0.7	0
148	Physiological Responses to Fear Conditioning as Indicators of PTSD and Related Symptom Trajectories Following Trauma. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S75-S76.	0.7	0
149	Psychological and Physical Morbidity of Sexual Assault Among Adult Women Students. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S327.	0.7	0
150	Predictors of Posttraumatic Stress Six Months After Sexual Assault: Results of a Large-Scale, Multi-Site, Prospective Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S103.	0.7	0
151	Peritraumatic Anxiety Sensitivity Predicts Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms After Sexual Assault. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S319-S320.	0.7	0
152	Multidimensional Characterization of a Large Cohort of Trauma Survivors May Improve Trauma Survivor Phenotyping. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S200-S201.	0.7	0
153	Peritraumatic Circulating 17β-Estradiol as a Resiliency Factor for Chronic Pain Outcomes in Women Following Trauma. Biological Psychiatry, 2020, 87, S320.	0.7	0
154	Latinas Have Worse Mental and Physical Health Outcomes Following Sexual Assault, but are Less Likely to Receive Health Care. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 89, S103.	0.7	0
155	Association Between RDoC Construct Negative Valence Domain Trajectories and Posttraumatic Stress Symptom Cluster Domain Trajectories in the Aftermath of Trauma: Results From the Aurora Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 89, S141.	0.7	0
156	Research Among Women Sexual Assault Survivors Presenting for Emergency Care is Justified: Results From a Multi-Site, Prospective Observational Cohort Study. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 89, S158.	0.7	0
157	The Prevalence of At-risk Drinking among Patients Presenting to the Emergency Department with Occupational Injury. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2002, 9, 470-a-470.	0.8	0
158	At Risk Drinking among Injured Older Adults Presenting to the Emergency Department. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2003, 10, 536-a-536.	0.8	0
159	This Article Corrects: "Persistent and Widespread Pain Among Blacks Six Weeks after MVC: Emergency Department-based Cohort Study― Western Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2022, 23, 289-289.	0.6	0
160	P638. Substance Use to Cope with Posttraumatic Stress Disorder in the Aftermath of Sexual Assault: Results From a Multi-Site Prospective Study of Women Sexual Assault Survivors. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, S347-S348.	0.7	0
161	P624. Risk Prediction for Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms Following Trauma Exposure. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, S341-S342.	0.7	0
162	Brief Educational Video plus Telecare to Enhance Recovery for Older Emergency Department Patients with Acute Musculoskeletal Pain: an update to the study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2022, 23, 400.	0.7	0

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163	P123. Anxiety Sensitivity is a Leading Risk Factor of Severe or Widespread Pain Three Months After Motor Vehicle Collision. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, S137.	0.7	O
164	P680. MicroRNA-Mediated Protective Effects of Peritraumatic 17β-Estradiol on Posttraumatic Chronic Pain in Women. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, S365-S366.	0.7	0
165	P652. Impact of Prior Sexual Trauma Exposure on Posttraumatic Dysfunction and Neural Circuitry Following a Recent Traumatic Event. Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 91, S353-S354.	0.7	O
166	Duration of Reduction in Enduring Stress-induced Hyperalgesia via FK506-Binding Protein 51 Inhibition Depends on Timing of Administration Relative to Traumatic Stress Exposure. Journal of Pain, 2022, 23, 20.	0.7	0
167	DNA Methylation Levels in Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal Axis Genes Predict Chronic Pain Outcomes Following Trauma Exposure. Journal of Pain, 2022, 23, 1.	0.7	0
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