Pepijn van den Munckhof

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effectiveness and safety of deep brain stimulation for patients with refractory obsessive compulsive disorder and comorbid autism spectrum disorder; A case series. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 299, 492-497.	4.1	9
2	Long-term Outcome of Deep Brain Stimulation of the Ventral Part of the Anterior Limb of the Internal Capsule in a Cohort of 50 Patients With Treatment-Refractory Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 714-720.	1.3	36
3	Optimizing Deep Brain Stimulation Parameters in Obsessive–Compulsive Disorder. Neuromodulation, 2021, 24, 307-315.	0.8	30
4	The Medial Subthalamic Nucleus Border as a New Anatomical Reference in Stereotactic Neurosurgery for Parkinson's Disease. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2021, 99, 187-195.	1.5	2
5	Structural and functional correlates of subthalamic deep brain stimulation-induced apathy in Parkinson's disease. Brain Stimulation, 2021, 14, 192-201.	1.6	13
6	Deep brain stimulation response in obsessive–compulsive disorder is associated with preoperative nucleus accumbens volume. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2021, 30, 102640.	2.7	6
7	Targeting of the Subthalamic Nucleus in Patients with Parkinson's Disease Undergoing Deep Brain Stimulation Surgery. Neurology and Therapy, 2021, 10, 61-73.	3.2	13
8	Traumatic Brain Injury Recovery Trajectories in Patients With Disorders of Consciousness. JAMA Neurology, 2021, 78, 1412.	9.0	0
9	Predicting Response to vALIC Deep Brain Stimulation for Refractory Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2021, 82, .	2.2	11
10	Efficacy of Deep Brain Stimulation of the Ventral Anterior Limb of the Internal Capsule for Refractory Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: A Clinical Cohort of 70 Patients. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 177, 265-271.	7.2	105
11	Long-term deep brain stimulation of the ventral anterior limb of the internal capsule for treatment-resistant depression. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2020, 91, 189-195.	1.9	41
12	Distance to white matter trajectories is associated with treatment response to internal capsule deep brain stimulation in treatment-refractory depression. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2020, 28, 102363.	2.7	13
13	The cerebral tremor circuit in a patient with Holmes tremor. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2020, 7, 1453-1458.	3.7	8
14	Directional sensory thalamus deep brain stimulation in poststroke refractory pain. BMJ Case Reports, 2020, 13, e233254.	0.5	3
15	Implementation of Intraoperative Cone-Beam Computed Tomography (O-arm) for Stereotactic Imaging During Deep Brain Stimulation Procedures. Operative Neurosurgery, 2020, 19, E224-E229.	0.8	12
16	The Dilemma of Hydrocephalus in Prolonged Disorders of Consciousness. Journal of Neurotrauma, 2020, 37, 2150-2156.	3.4	10
17	Relative Contribution of Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Microelectrode Recordings, and Awake Test Stimulation in Final Lead Placement during Deep Brain Stimulation Surgery of the Subthalamic Nucleus in Parkinson's Disease. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2020, 98, 118-128.	1.5	17
18	On the pathophysiology and treatment of akinetic mutism. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2020, 112, 270-278.	6.1	37

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19	Outcome After Decompressive Craniectomy for Middle Cerebral Artery Infarction: Timing of the Intervention. Neurosurgery, 2020, 86, E318-E325.	1.1	23
20	Complications in cranioplasty after decompressive craniectomy: timing of the intervention. Journal of Neurology, 2020, 267, 1312-1320.	3.6	36
21	Deep brain stimulation modulates directional limbic connectivity in obsessive-compulsive disorder. Brain, 2020, 143, 1603-1612.	7.6	35
22	Awakening after a sleeping pill: Restoring functional brain networks after severe brain injury. Cortex, 2020, 132, 135-146.	2.4	14
23	Distance to white matter tracts is associated with deep brain stimulation motor outcome in Parkinson's disease. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2020, 133, 433-442.	1.6	14
24	Kinesthetic Cells within the Subthalamic Nucleus and Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson Disease. World Neurosurgery, 2020, 139, e784-e791.	1.3	2
25	Defining the Dorsal STN Border Using 7.0-T MRI: A Comparison to Microelectrode Recordings and Lower Field Strength MRI. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2019, 97, 153-159.	1.5	17
26	Letter to the Editor Regarding "Decompressive Craniotomy for Malignant Middle Cerebral Artery Infarction: Optimal Timing and Literature Review― World Neurosurgery, 2019, 126, 685.	1.3	0
27	Electrode Location in a Microelectrode Recording-Based Model of the Subthalamic Nucleus Can Predict Motor Improvement After Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. Brain Sciences, 2019, 9, 51.	2.3	9
28	Resolution of apathy after dorsal instead of ventral subthalamic deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Journal of Neurology, 2019, 266, 1267-1269.	3.6	9
29	Do older patients with acute or subacute subdural hematoma benefit from surgery?. British Journal of Neurosurgery, 2019, 33, 51-57.	0.8	15
30	Directional Deep Brain Stimulation: First experiences in centers across the globe. Brain Stimulation, 2018, 11, 949-950.	1.6	35
31	Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease: defining the optimal location within the subthalamic nucleus. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2018, 89, 493-498.	1.9	65
32	Borders of STN determined by MRI versus the electrophysiological STN. A comparison using intraoperative CT. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2018, 160, 373-383.	1.7	20
33	Deep Brain Stimulation for Essential Tremor: Aligning Thalamic and Posterior Subthalamic Targets in 1 Surgical Trajectory. Operative Neurosurgery, 2018, 15, 144-152.	0.8	29
34	Substituting the Target After Unsatisfactory Outcome of Deep Brain Stimulation in Advanced Parkinson's Disease: Cases From the NSTAPS Trial and Systematic Review of the Literature. Neuromodulation, 2018, 21, 527-531.	0.8	2
35	Decompressive craniectomy in aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage for hematoma or oedema versus secondary infarction. British Journal of Neurosurgery, 2018, 32, 149-156.	0.8	13
36	In Reply to the Letter to the Editor Regarding "Neurologic Outcome After Decompressive Craniectomy: Predictors of Outcome in Different Pathologic Conditions― World Neurosurgery, 2018, 109, 504.	1.3	0

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37	Skin Augmentation as a Last-Resort Operative Technique During Decompressive Craniectomy. World Neurosurgery, 2018, 119, e417-e428.	1.3	4
38	Electrode Penetration of the Caudate Nucleus in Deep Brain Stimulation Surgery for Parkinson's Disease. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2018, 96, 223-230.	1.5	5
39	Striatal dopamine regulates systemic glucose metabolism in humans and mice. Science Translational Medicine, 2018, 10, .	12.4	79
40	Accuracy of Microelectrode Trajectory Adjustments during DBS Assessed by Intraoperative CT. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2018, 96, 231-238.	1.5	8
41	Cost-effectiveness of deep brain stimulation versus treatment as usual for obsessive-compulsive disorder. Brain Stimulation, 2017, 10, 836-842.	1.6	31
42	Body Weight Changes after Deep Brain Stimulation for Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder or Depression. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2017, 95, 348-351.	1.5	4
43	Accuracy of Intraoperative Computed Tomography during Deep Brain Stimulation Procedures: Comparison with Postoperative Magnetic Resonance Imaging. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2017, 95, 183-188.	1.5	481
44	Neurologic Outcome After Decompressive Craniectomy: Predictors of Outcome in Different Pathologic Conditions. World Neurosurgery, 2017, 105, 765-774.	1.3	21
45	Psychiatric and social outcome after deep brain stimulation for advanced Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders, 2016, 31, 409-413.	3.9	20
46	Deep Brain Stimulation of the Ventral Anterior Limb of the Internal Capsule for Treatment-Resistant Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 456.	11.0	246
47	Cognitive and psychiatric outcome 3 years after globus pallidus pars interna or subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2016, 33, 90-95.	2.2	36
48	Idiopathic delayed-onset edema surrounding deep brain stimulation leads: Insights from a case series and systematic literature review. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2016, 32, 108-115.	2.2	22
49	Comparative study of microelectrode recording-based STN location and MRI-based STN location in low to ultra-high field (7.0 T) T2-weighted MRI images. Journal of Neural Engineering, 2016, 13, 066009.	3.5	21
50	GPi vs STN deep brain stimulation for Parkinson disease. Neurology, 2016, 86, 755-761.	1.1	188
51	Cognitive effects of deep brain stimulation in patients with obsessive–compulsive disorder. Journal of Psychiatry and Neuroscience, 2015, 40, 378-386.	2.4	26
52	Directed Communication between Nucleus Accumbens and Neocortex in Humans Is Differentially Supported by Synchronization in the Theta and Alpha Band. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0138685.	2.5	24
53	Advanced target identification in STN-DBS with beta power of combined local field potentials and spiking activity. Journal of Neuroscience Methods, 2015, 253, 116-125.	2.5	14
54	Response to Mavridis' area as a target for either selective or combined accumbens/ventral internal capsule deep brain stimulation. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2015, 157, 345-345.	1.7	0

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55	Thalamic deep brain stimulation for orthostatic tremor: Clinical and neurophysiological correlates. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2015, 21, 1005-1007.	2.2	22
56	Deep brain stimulation for obsessive-compulsive disorders: long-term analysis of quality of life. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2014, 85, 153-158.	1.9	67
57	Deep Brain Stimulation Induces Striatal Dopamine Release in Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2014, 75, 647-652.	1.3	92
58	Rebound of Affective Symptoms Following Acute Cessation of Deep Brain Stimulation in Obsessive-compulsive Disorder. Brain Stimulation, 2014, 7, 727-731.	1.6	30
59	Directional steering. Neurology, 2014, 83, 1163-1169.	1.1	213
60	Nurses Assessing Pain with the Nociception Coma Scale: Interrater Reliability and Validity. Pain Management Nursing, 2014, 15, 881-887.	0.9	17
61	Structural changes in cerebellar outflow tracts after thalamotomy in essential tremor. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2014, 20, 554-557.	2.2	9
62	Deep brain stimulation restores frontostriatal network activity in obsessive-compulsive disorder. Nature Neuroscience, 2013, 16, 386-387.	14.8	379
63	Active Stimulation Site of Nucleus Accumbens Deep Brain Stimulation in Obsessive–Compulsive Disorder Is Localized in the Ventral Internal Capsule. , 2013, 117, 53-59.		48
64	Open-wound treatment for gunshot to the brain. Journal of Neurosurgery: Pediatrics, 2012, 10, 64-66.	1.3	2
65	Tremor-specific neuronal oscillation pattern in dorsal subthalamic nucleus of parkinsonian patients. Brain Stimulation, 2012, 5, 305-314.	1.6	35
66	Germline SMARCB1 mutation predisposes to multiple meningiomas and schwannomas with preferential location of cranial meningiomas at the falx cerebri. Neurogenetics, 2012, 13, 1-7.	1.4	107
67	Recurring Intracranial Malignant Peripheral Nerve Sheath Tumor: Case Report and Systematic Review of the Literature. Neurosurgery, 2011, 68, E1152-E1159.	1.1	16
68	Deep brain stimulation increases impulsivity in two patients with obsessive–compulsive disorder. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2011, 26, 1.	1.7	33
69	Postoperative Curving and Upward Displacement of Deep Brain Stimulation Electrodes Caused by Brain Shift. Neurosurgery, 2010, 67, 49-54.	1.1	105
70	Deep Brain Stimulation of the Nucleus Accumbens for Treatment-Refractory Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2010, 67, 1061.	12.3	634
71	A Randomized Trial Comparing Unilateral Pallidotomy with Bilateral Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in PD: Perspectives for Future Implication in Clinical Practice. Progress in Neurotherapeutics and Neuropsychopharmacology, 2007, 2, 13-26.	0.0	0