

# Bo SÃ¶nderpalm

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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113  
papers

4,995  
citations

87843

38  
h-index

98753

67  
g-index

114  
all docs

114  
docs citations

114  
times ranked

2953  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Astrocytes modulate extracellular neurotransmitter levels and excitatory neurotransmission in dorsolateral striatum via dopamine D2 receptor signaling. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 47, 1493-1502.	2.8	11
2	The glycine-containing dipeptide leucine-glycine raises accumbal dopamine levels in a subpopulation of rats presenting a lower endogenous dopamine tone. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2022, 129, 395-407.	1.4	2
3	Outcome Measures in Alcohol Studies: A Comment on the ORBITAL Core Outcome Set (Shorter et al.,) <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 jgBT /Over</i>	0.6	2
4	Differential and long-lasting changes in neurotransmission in the amygdala of male Wistar rats during extended amphetamine abstinence. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2022, 210, 109041.	2.0	2
5	Outcome Measures in Alcohol Studies: A Comment on the ORBITAL Core Outcome Set (Shorter et al.,) <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 jgBT /Over</i>	0.6	2
6	Sustained inhibitory transmission but dysfunctional dopamine D2 receptor signaling in dorsal striatal subregions following protracted abstinence from amphetamine. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2022, 218, 173421.	1.3	1
7	Sodium oxybate for the maintenance of abstinence in alcohol-dependent patients: An international, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 36, 1136-1145.	2.0	5
8	An acetylcholineâ€dopamine interaction in the nucleus accumbens and its involvement in ethanol's dopamineâ€releasing effect. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2021, 26, e12959.	1.4	7
9	Subregion-specific effects on striatal neurotransmission and dopamine-signaling by acute and repeated amphetamine exposure. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2021, 194, 108638.	2.0	5
10	Baseline severity and the prediction of placebo response in clinical trials for alcohol dependence: A metaâ€regression analysis to develop an enrichment strategy. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2021, 45, 1722-1734.	1.4	12
11	Differential dopamine release by psychosis-generating and non-psychosis-generating addictive substances in the nucleus accumbens and dorsomedial striatum. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 11, 472.	2.4	7
12	Treating alcohol dependence with an abuse and misuse deterrent formulation of sodium oxybate: Results of a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled study. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 52, 18-30.	0.3	13
13	Effects of systemic glycine on accumbal glycine and dopamine levels and ethanol intake in male Wistar rats. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2021, 128, 83-94.	1.4	6
14	Different dopamine tone in ethanol highâ€and lowâ€consuming Wistar rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12761.	1.4	13
15	Combined administration of varenicline and bupropion produces additive effects on accumbal dopamine and abolishes the alcohol deprivation effect in rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12807.	1.4	12
16	Sub-chronic taurine administration induces behavioral sensitization but does not influence ethanol-induced dopamine release in the nucleus accumbens. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2020, 188, 172831.	1.3	11
17	Energy drink constituents (caffeine and taurine) selectively potentiate ethanol-induced locomotion in mice. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2019, 187, 172795.	1.3	9
18	Voluntary Ethanol Intake Produces Subregionâ€Specific Neuroadaptations in Striatal and Cortical Areas of Wistar Rats. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2019, 43, 803-811.	1.4	16

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19	Acute and chronic modulation of striatal endocannabinoid-mediated plasticity by nicotine. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2019, 24, 355-363.	1.4	12
20	Progressive modulation of accumbal neurotransmission and anxiety-like behavior following protracted nicotine withdrawal. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 128, 86-95.	2.0	18
21	Acamprosate's ethanol intake-reducing effect is associated with its ability to increase dopamine. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2018, 175, 101-107.	1.3	11
22	Efficacy and safety of sodium oxybate in alcohol-dependent patients with a very high drinking risk level. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2018, 23, 969-986.	1.4	59
23	Involvement of lateral septum in alcohol's dopamine-elevating effect in the rat. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2017, 22, 93-102.	1.4	16
24	The Glycine Receptor A Functionally Important Primary Brain Target of Ethanol. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2017, 41, 1816-1830.	1.4	43
25	Ethanol-Induced Taurine Elevation in the Rat Dorsal Striatum. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2017, 975 Pt 1, 173-181.	0.8	2
26	Further characterization of the GlyT-1 inhibitor Org25935: anti-alcohol, neurobehavioral, and gene expression effects. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2017, 124, 607-619.	1.4	13
27	Minor Adaptations of Ethanol-Induced Release of Taurine Following Chronic Ethanol Intake in the Rat. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2017, 975 Pt 1, 217-224.	0.8	4
28	Transcriptional profiling of the rat nucleus accumbens after modest or high alcohol exposure. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0181084.	1.1	7
29	Temporal Rewiring of Striatal Circuits Initiated by Nicotine. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 41, 3051-3059.	2.8	22
30	Nicotine produces chronic behavioral sensitization with changes in accumbal neurotransmission and increased sensitivity to re-exposure. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2016, 21, 397-406.	1.4	17
31	High cortisol responders to stress show increased sedation to alcohol compared to low cortisol responders: An alcohol dose-response study. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2016, 143, 65-72.	1.3	13
32	Varenicline for Treatment of Alcohol Dependence: A Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2189-2199.	1.4	89
33	Involvement of Inhibitory Receptors in Modulating Dopamine Signaling and Synaptic Activity Following Acute Ethanol Exposure in Striatal Subregions. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2364-2374.	1.4	16
34	Phosphatidylethanol is Superior to Carbohydrate-Deficient Transferrin and Glutamyltransferase as an Alcohol Marker and is a Reliable Estimate of Alcohol Consumption Level. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2200-2208.	1.4	81
35	Alterations in ethanol-induced accumbal transmission after acute and long-term zinc depletion. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2015, 20, 170-181.	1.4	9
36	A family history of Type 1 alcoholism differentiates alcohol consumption in high cortisol responders to stress. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2015, 130, 59-66.	1.3	5

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37	Ethanol impairment of spontaneous alternation behaviour and associated changes in medial prefrontal glutamatergic gene expression precede putative markers of dependence. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2015, 132, 63-70.	1.3	23
38	The Effects of Mirtazapine Versus Placebo on Alcohol Consumption in Male High Consumers of Alcohol. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 35, 43-50.	0.7	9
39	Increase in Nucleus Accumbens Dopamine Levels Following Local Ethanol Administration Is Not Mediated by Acetaldehyde. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2014, 49, 498-504.	0.9	32
40	Efficacy and Safety of the Glycine Transporter-1 Inhibitor Org 25935 for the Prevention of Relapse in Alcohol-Dependent Patients: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014, 38, 2427-2435.	1.4	30
41	Modest Long-Term Ethanol Consumption Affects Expression of Neurotransmitter Receptor Genes in the Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014, 38, 722-729.	1.4	22
42	The involvement of accumbal glycine receptors in the dopamine-elevating effects of addictive drugs. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2014, 82, 69-75.	2.0	32
43	Brain region specific modulation of ethanol-induced depression of GABAergic neurons in the brain reward system by the nicotine receptor antagonist mecamylamine. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2014, 48, 455-461.	0.8	16
44	Rising Taurine and Ethanol Concentrations in Nucleus Accumbens Interact to Produce the Dopamine-Activating Effects of Alcohol. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2013, 775, 215-223.	0.8	6
45	Dose Patterns among Patients Using Low-Dose Buprenorphine Patches. <i>Pain Medicine</i> , 2013, 14, 1374-1380.	0.9	2
46	The glycine reuptake inhibitor Org24598 and acamprosate reduce ethanol intake in the rat; tolerance development to acamprosate but not to Org24598. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2012, 17, 897-907.	1.4	40
47	Changes in glycine receptor subunit expression in forebrain regions of the Wistar rat over development. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2012, 1446, 12-21.	1.1	51
48	Repeated Ethanol but not Phencyclidine Impairs Spontaneous Alternation Behaviour in the Y-Maze. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2012, 110, 347-352.	1.2	8
49	Ethanol-induced modulation of synaptic output from the dorsolateral striatum in rat is regulated by cholinergic interneurons. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2011, 58, 693-699.	1.9	48
50	Intermittent ethanol consumption depresses endocannabinoid-signaling in the dorsolateral striatum of rat. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2011, 61, 1160-1165.	2.0	69
51	A Role for Accumbal Glycine Receptors in Modulation of Dopamine Release by the Glycine Transporter-1 Inhibitor Org25935. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2011, 2, 8.	1.3	35
52	Implications for glycine receptors and astrocytes in ethanol-induced elevation of dopamine levels in the nucleus accumbens. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 43-54.	1.4	60
53	Rising taurine and ethanol concentrations in nucleus accumbens interact to produce dopamine release after ethanol administration. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 377-385.	1.4	50
54	The mGluR5 antagonist MPEP elevates accumbal dopamine and glycine levels; interaction with strychnine-sensitive glycine receptors. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 591-599.	1.4	11

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55	Healthy Subjects with a Family History of Alcoholism Show Increased Stimulative Subjective Effects of Alcohol. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2011, 35, no-no.	1.4	11
56	Stress and consumption of alcohol in humans with a Type 1 family history of alcoholism in an experimental laboratory setting. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2011, 99, 696-703.	1.3	11
57	Neurocircuitry Involved in the Development of Alcohol Addiction: The Dopamine System and its Access Points. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2011, , 127-161.	0.8	96
58	Neurocircuitry Involved in the Development of Alcohol Addiction: The Dopamine System and its Access Points. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2011, 13, 127-161.	0.8	56
59	Subregion-specific modulation of excitatory input and dopaminergic output in the striatum by tonically activated glycine and GABA <sub>A</sub> receptors. <i>Frontiers in Systems Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 5, 85.	1.2	26
60	Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors are required for the conditioned reinforcing properties of sucrose-associated cues. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 212, 321-328.	1.5	15
61	Î <sup>2</sup> -alanine elevates dopamine levels in the rat nucleus accumbens: antagonism by strychnine. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2010, 38, 1051-1055.	1.2	20
62	Glycine Receptors Involved in Acamprosate's Modulation of Accumbal Dopamine Levels: An In Vivo Microdialysis Study. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2010, 34, 32-38.	1.4	27
63	Glycine Receptors in the Nucleus Accumbens Involved in the Ethanol Intake's Reducing Effect of Acamprosate. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2010, 34, 39-45.	1.4	48
64	Ethanol and phencyclidine interact with respect to nucleus accumbens dopamine release: differential effects of administration order and pretreatment protocol. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 4, 32.	1.0	3
65	The Smoking Cessation Medication Varenicline Attenuates Alcohol and Nicotine Interactions in the Rat Mesolimbic Dopamine System. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2009, 329, 225-230.	1.3	101
66	Glycine receptor expression in the forebrain of male AA/ANA rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2009, 1305, S27-S36.	1.1	46
67	The Glycine Reuptake Inhibitor Org 25935 Interacts With Basal and Ethanol-Induced Dopamine Release in Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2009, 33, 1151-1157.	1.4	54
68	Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptors in the Anterior, but Not Posterior, Ventral Tegmental Area Mediate Ethanol-Induced Elevation of Accumbal Dopamine Levels. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2008, 326, 76-82.	1.3	61
69	Characterization of ethanol-induced dopamine elevation in the rat nucleus accumbens. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 555, 148-155.	1.7	39
70	Ethanol-induced dopamine elevation in the rat's Modulatory effects by subchronic treatment with nicotinic drugs. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 555, 139-147.	1.7	14
71	Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors in the ventral tegmental area mediate the dopamine activating and reinforcing properties of ethanol cues. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 195, 333-343.	1.5	107
72	Stress and Addiction. , 2006, , 384-401.		0

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73	Taurine elevates dopamine levels in the rat nucleus accumbens; antagonism by strychnine. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 23, 3225-3229.	1.2	62
74	THE GLYCINE REUPTAKE INHIBITOR ORG 25935 DECREASES ETHANOL INTAKE AND PREFERENCE IN MALE WISTAR RATS. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2006, 42, 11-18.	0.9	92
75	Glycine Receptors Regulate Dopamine Release in the Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 17-26.	1.4	76
76	Involvement of Accumbal Glycine Receptors in the Regulation of Voluntary Ethanol Intake in the Rat. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 38-45.	1.4	83
77	Accumbal Strychnine-Sensitive Glycine Receptors: An Access Point for Ethanol to the Brain Reward System. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 27-37.	1.4	87
78	VOLUNTARY ETHANOL INTAKE INCREASES EXTRACELLULAR ACETYLCHOLINE LEVELS IN THE VENTRAL TEGMENTAL AREA IN THE RAT. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2005, 40, 349-358.	0.9	119
79	Is an $\alpha$ -conotoxin sensitive mechanism involved in the neurochemical, stimulatory, and rewarding effects of ethanol?. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2004, 34, 239-250.	0.8	95
80	Ethanol elevates accumbal dopamine levels via indirect activation of ventral tegmental nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2003, 467, 85-93.	1.7	151
81	Testosterone treatment induces behavioral disinhibition in adult male rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2003, 75, 481-490.	1.3	22
82	New Neuronal Networks Involved in Ethanol Reinforcement. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2003, 27, 209-219.	1.4	21
83	Involvement of serotonin in nicotine dependence: Processes relevant to positive and negative regulation of drug intake. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2002, 71, 757-771.	1.3	65
84	Role of different nicotinic acetylcholine receptors in mediating behavioral and neurochemical effects of ethanol in mice. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2002, 28, 157-167.	0.8	118
85	Behavioral and neurochemical consequences of repeated nicotine treatment in the serotonin-depleted rat. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2001, 155, 348-361.	1.5	27
86	Mechanisms of Alcohol-Nicotine Interactions: Alcoholics Versus Smokers. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 152S-156S.	1.4	22
87	Peripheral involvement in nicotine-induced enhancement of ethanol intake. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2000, 21, 37-47.	0.8	33
88	Effects of Serotonergic Manipulations on the Behavioral Sensitization and Disinhibition Associated With Repeated Amphetamine Treatment. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 66, 211-220.	1.3	20
89	Disinhibitory behavior and GABAA receptor function in serotonin-depleted adult male rats are reduced by gonadectomy. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 67, 613-620.	1.3	16
90	Gonadectomy Enhances Shock-Induced Behavioral Inhibition in Adult Male Rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 65, 731-736.	1.3	19

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91	Nicotinic mechanisms involved in the dopamine activating and reinforcing properties of ethanol. Behavioural Brain Research, 2000, 113, 85-96.	1.2	216
92	Naloxone reverses disinhibitory/aggressive behavior in 5,7-DHT-lesioned rats; involvement of GABAA receptor blockade?. Neuropharmacology, 1999, 38, 1851-1859.	2.0	31
93	Voluntary ethanol intake in the rat and the associated accumbal dopamine overflow are blocked by ventral tegmental mecamylamine. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1998, 358, 189-196.	1.7	174
94	Nefazodone attenuates the behavioral and neurochemical effects of ethanol. Alcohol, 1998, 15, 77-86.	0.8	15
95	Accumbal dopamine overflow after ethanol: Localization of the antagonizing effect of mecamylamine. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1997, 334, 149-156.	1.7	148
96	Voluntary ethanol intake in the rat: effects of nicotinic acetylcholine receptor blockade or subchronic nicotine treatment. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1996, 314, 257-267.	1.7	221
97	Effect of Citalopram on Alcohol Intake in Heavy Drinkers. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 1994, 18, 1133-1136.	1.4	61
98	Involvement of corticosterone in the modulation of ethanol consumption in the rat. Alcohol, 1994, 11, 195-202.	0.8	148
99	5-HT1A receptor agonists reduce ethanol-induced locomotor activity in mice. Alcohol, 1994, 11, 157-161.	0.8	23
100	The mesolimbic dopamine-activating properties of ethanol are antagonized by mecamylamine. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1993, 249, 207-213.	1.7	165
101	Anxiolytic-like action of centrally administered galanin. Neuroscience Letters, 1993, 164, 17-20.	1.0	112
102	The 5,7-DHT-induced anticonflict effect is dependent on intact adrenocortical function. Life Sciences, 1992, 51, 315-326.	2.0	14
103	Intracerebroventricular 5,7-DHT alters the in vitro function of rat cortical GABAA/benzodiazepine chloride ionophore receptor complexes. Life Sciences, 1992, 51, 327-335.	2.0	14
104	Ethanol-induced locomotor activity: involvement of central nicotinic acetylcholine receptors?. Brain Research Bulletin, 1992, 29, 173-178.	1.4	96
105	Involvement of the GABAA/benzodiazepine chloride ionophore receptor complex in the 5,7-DHT induced anticonflict effect. Life Sciences, 1991, 49, 139-153.	2.0	34
106	Evidence for a role for dopamine in the diazepam locomotor stimulating effect. Psychopharmacology, 1991, 104, 97-102.	1.5	38
107	Environment-dependent effects of ethanol on DOPAC and HVA in various brain regions of ethanol-tolerant rats. Psychopharmacology, 1990, 102, 319-324.	1.5	5
108	Serotonergic involvement in conflict behaviour. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 1990, 1, 7-13.	0.3	28

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109	Centrally administered neuropeptide Y (NPY) produces anxiolytic-like effects in animal anxiety models. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1989, 98, 524-529.	1.5	351
110	Anticonflict and rotarod impairing effects of alprazolam and diazepam in rat after acute and subchronic administration. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 1989, 13, 269-283.	2.5	37
111	Pharmacology of the benzodiazepines; with special emphasis on alprazolam. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 1987, 76, 39-46.	2.2	30
112	Growth hormone responses to clonidine and GRF in spontaneously hypertensive rats: Neuroendocrine evidence for an enhanced responsiveness of brain alpha2-adrenoceptors in genetical hypertension. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1986, 39, 2103-2109.	2.0	9
113	Does alprazolam, in contrast to diazepam, activate alpha2-adrenoceptors involved in the regulation of rat growth hormone secretion?. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1986, 38, 1491-1498.	2.0	47