

# Bo SÃ¶nderpalm

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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113  
papers

4,995  
citations

87843

38  
h-index

98753

67  
g-index

114  
all docs

114  
docs citations

114  
times ranked

2953  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Centrally administered neuropeptide Y (NPY) produces anxiolytic-like effects in animal anxiety models. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1989, 98, 524-529.	1.5	351
2	Voluntary ethanol intake in the rat: effects of nicotinic acetylcholine receptor blockade or subchronic nicotine treatment. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1996, 314, 257-267.	1.7	221
3	Nicotinic mechanisms involved in the dopamine activating and reinforcing properties of ethanol. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2000, 113, 85-96.	1.2	216
4	Voluntary ethanol intake in the rat and the associated accumbal dopamine overflow are blocked by ventral tegmental mecamylamine. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1998, 358, 189-196.	1.7	174
5	The mesolimbic dopamine-activating properties of ethanol are antagonized by mecamylamine. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1993, 249, 207-213.	1.7	165
6	Ethanol elevates accumbal dopamine levels via indirect activation of ventral tegmental nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2003, 467, 85-93.	1.7	151
7	Involvement of corticosterone in the modulation of ethanol consumption in the rat. <i>Alcohol</i> , 1994, 11, 195-202.	0.8	148
8	Accumbal dopamine overflow after ethanol: Localization of the antagonizing effect of mecamylamine. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1997, 334, 149-156.	1.7	148
9	VOLUNTARY ETHANOL INTAKE INCREASES EXTRACELLULAR ACETYLCHOLINE LEVELS IN THE VENTRAL TEGMENTAL AREA IN THE RAT. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2005, 40, 349-358.	0.9	119
10	Role of different nicotinic acetylcholine receptors in mediating behavioral and neurochemical effects of ethanol in mice. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2002, 28, 157-167.	0.8	118
11	Anxiolytic-like action of centrally administered galanin. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1993, 164, 17-20.	1.0	112
12	Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors in the ventral tegmental area mediate the dopamine activating and reinforcing properties of ethanol cues. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 195, 333-343.	1.5	107
13	The Smoking Cessation Medication Varenicline Attenuates Alcohol and Nicotine Interactions in the Rat Mesolimbic Dopamine System. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2009, 329, 225-230.	1.3	101
14	Ethanol-induced locomotor activity: involvement of central nicotinic acetylcholine receptors?. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 1992, 29, 173-178.	1.4	96
15	Neurocircuitry Involved in the Development of Alcohol Addiction: The Dopamine System and its Access Points. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2011, , 127-161.	0.8	96
16	Is an $\alpha$ -conotoxin MII-sensitive mechanism involved in the neurochemical, stimulatory, and rewarding effects of ethanol?. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2004, 34, 239-250.	0.8	95
17	THE GLYCINE REUPTAKE INHIBITOR ORG 25935 DECREASES ETHANOL INTAKE AND PREFERENCE IN MALE WISTAR RATS. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2006, 42, 11-18.	0.9	92
18	Varenicline for Treatment of Alcohol Dependence: A Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2189-2199.	1.4	89

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19	Accumbal Strychnine-Sensitive Glycine Receptors: An Access Point for Ethanol to the Brain Reward System. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 27-37.	1.4	87
20	Involvement of Accumbal Glycine Receptors in the Regulation of Voluntary Ethanol Intake in the Rat. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 38-45.	1.4	83
21	Phosphatidylethanol is Superior to Carbohydrate-Deficient Transferrin and $\gamma$ -Glutamyltransferase as an Alcohol Marker and is a Reliable Estimate of Alcohol Consumption Level. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2200-2208.	1.4	81
22	Glycine Receptors Regulate Dopamine Release in the Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2005, 29, 17-26.	1.4	76
23	Intermittent ethanol consumption depresses endocannabinoid-signaling in the dorsolateral striatum of rat. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2011, 61, 1160-1165.	2.0	69
24	Involvement of serotonin in nicotine dependence: Processes relevant to positive and negative regulation of drug intake. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2002, 71, 757-771.	1.3	65
25	Taurine elevates dopamine levels in the rat nucleus accumbens; antagonism by strychnine. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 23, 3225-3229.	1.2	62
26	Effect of Citalopram on Alcohol Intake in Heavy Drinkers. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 1994, 18, 1133-1136.	1.4	61
27	Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptors in the Anterior, but Not Posterior, Ventral Tegmental Area Mediate Ethanol-Induced Elevation of Accumbal Dopamine Levels. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2008, 326, 76-82.	1.3	61
28	Implications for glycine receptors and astrocytes in ethanol-induced elevation of dopamine levels in the nucleus accumbens. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 43-54.	1.4	60
29	Efficacy and safety of sodium oxybate in alcohol-dependent patients with a very high drinking risk level. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2018, 23, 969-986.	1.4	59
30	Neurocircuitry Involved in the Development of Alcohol Addiction: The Dopamine System and its Access Points. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2011, 13, 127-161.	0.8	56
31	The Glycine Reuptake Inhibitor Org 25935 Interacts With Basal and Ethanol-Induced Dopamine Release in Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2009, 33, 1151-1157.	1.4	54
32	Changes in glycine receptor subunit expression in forebrain regions of the Wistar rat over development. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2012, 1446, 12-21.	1.1	51
33	Rising taurine and ethanol concentrations in nucleus accumbens interact to produce dopamine release after ethanol administration. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 377-385.	1.4	50
34	Glycine Receptors in the Nucleus Accumbens Involved in the Ethanol Intake-Reducing Effect of Acamprosate. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2010, 34, 39-45.	1.4	48
35	Ethanol-induced modulation of synaptic output from the dorsolateral striatum in rat is regulated by cholinergic interneurons. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2011, 58, 693-699.	1.9	48
36	Does alprazolam, in contrast to diazepam, activate alpha2-adrenoceptors involved in the regulation of rat growth hormone secretion?. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1986, 38, 1491-1498.	2.0	47

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37	Glycine receptor expression in the forebrain of male AA/ANA rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2009, 1305, S27-S36.	1.1	46
38	The Glycine Receptor—A Functionally Important Primary Brain Target of Ethanol. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2017, 41, 1816-1830.	1.4	43
39	The glycine reuptake inhibitor Org24598 and acamprosate reduce ethanol intake in the rat; tolerance development to acamprosate but not to Org24598. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2012, 17, 897-907.	1.4	40
40	Characterization of ethanol-induced dopamine elevation in the rat nucleus accumbens. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 555, 148-155.	1.7	39
41	Evidence for a role for dopamine in the diazepam locomotor stimulating effect. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1991, 104, 97-102.	1.5	38
42	Anticonflict and rotarod impairing effects of alprazolam and diazepam in rat after acute and subchronic administration. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 1989, 13, 269-283.	2.5	37
43	A Role for Accumbal Glycine Receptors in Modulation of Dopamine Release by the Glycine Transporter-1 Inhibitor Org25935. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2011, 2, 8.	1.3	35
44	Involvement of the GABAA/benzodiazepine chloride ionophore receptor complex in the 5,7-DHT induced anticonflict effect. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1991, 49, 139-153.	2.0	34
45	Peripheral involvement in nicotine-induced enhancement of ethanol intake. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2000, 21, 37-47.	0.8	33
46	Increase in Nucleus Accumbens Dopamine Levels Following Local Ethanol Administration Is Not Mediated by Acetaldehyde. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2014, 49, 498-504.	0.9	32
47	The involvement of accumbal glycine receptors in the dopamine-elevating effects of addictive drugs. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2014, 82, 69-75.	2.0	32
48	Naloxone reverses disinhibitory/aggressive behavior in 5,7-DHT-lesioned rats; involvement of GABAA receptor blockade?. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1999, 38, 1851-1859.	2.0	31
49	Pharmacology of the benzodiazepines; with special emphasis on alprazolam. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 1987, 76, 39-46.	2.2	30
50	Efficacy and Safety of the Glycine Transporter—1 Inhibitor Org 25935 for the Prevention of Relapse in Alcohol—Dependent Patients: A Randomized, Double—Blind, Placebo—Controlled Trial. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014, 38, 2427-2435.	1.4	30
51	Serotonergic involvement in conflict behaviour. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 1990, 1, 7-13.	0.3	28
52	Behavioral and neurochemical consequences of repeated nicotine treatment in the serotonin-depleted rat. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2001, 155, 348-361.	1.5	27
53	Glycine Receptors Involved in Acamprosate—'s Modulation of Accumbal Dopamine Levels: An In Vivo Microdialysis Study. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2010, 34, 32-38.	1.4	27
54	Subregion-specific modulation of excitatory input and dopaminergic output in the striatum by tonically activated glycine and GABAA receptors. <i>Frontiers in Systems Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 5, 85.	1.2	26

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55	5-HT1A receptor agonists reduce ethanol-induced locomotor activity in mice. <i>Alcohol</i> , 1994, 11, 157-161.	0.8	23
56	Ethanol impairment of spontaneous alternation behaviour and associated changes in medial prefrontal glutamatergic gene expression precede putative markers of dependence. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2015, 132, 63-70.	1.3	23
57	Testosterone treatment induces behavioral disinhibition in adult male rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2003, 75, 481-490.	1.3	22
58	Modest Long-Term Ethanol Consumption Affects Expression of Neurotransmitter Receptor Genes in the Rat Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014, 38, 722-729.	1.4	22
59	Temporal Rewiring of Striatal Circuits Initiated by Nicotine. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 41, 3051-3059.	2.8	22
60	Mechanisms of Alcohol-Nicotine Interactions: Alcoholics Versus Smokers. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2001, 25, 152S-156S.	1.4	22
61	New Neuronal Networks Involved in Ethanol Reinforcement. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2003, 27, 209-219.	1.4	21
62	Effects of Serotonergic Manipulations on the Behavioral Sensitization and Disinhibition Associated With Repeated Amphetamine Treatment. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 66, 211-220.	1.3	20
63	Î²-alanine elevates dopamine levels in the rat nucleus accumbens: antagonism by strychnine. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2010, 38, 1051-1055.	1.2	20
64	Gonadectomy Enhances Shock-Induced Behavioral Inhibition in Adult Male Rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 65, 731-736.	1.3	19
65	Progressive modulation of accumbal neurotransmission and anxiety-like behavior following protracted nicotine withdrawal. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 128, 86-95.	2.0	18
66	Nicotine produces chronic behavioral sensitization with changes in accumbal neurotransmission and increased sensitivity to re-exposure. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2016, 21, 397-406.	1.4	17
67	Disinhibitory behavior and GABAA receptor function in serotonin-depleted adult male rats are reduced by gonadectomy. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2000, 67, 613-620.	1.3	16
68	Brain region specific modulation of ethanol-induced depression of GABAergic neurons in the brain reward system by the nicotine receptor antagonist mecamylamine. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2014, 48, 455-461.	0.8	16
69	Involvement of Inhibitory Receptors in Modulating Dopamine Signaling and Synaptic Activity Following Acute Ethanol Exposure in Striatal Subregions. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2015, 39, 2364-2374.	1.4	16
70	Involvement of lateral septum in alcohol's dopamine-elevating effect in the rat. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2017, 22, 93-102.	1.4	16
71	Voluntary Ethanol Intake Produces Subregion-Specific Neuroadaptations in Striatal and Cortical Areas of Wistar Rats. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2019, 43, 803-811.	1.4	16
72	Nefazodone attenuates the behavioral and neurochemical effects of ethanol. <i>Alcohol</i> , 1998, 15, 77-86.	0.8	15

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73	Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors are required for the conditioned reinforcing properties of sucrose-associated cues. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 212, 321-328.	1.5	15
74	The 5,7-DHT-induced anticonflict effect is dependent on intact adrenocortical function. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1992, 51, 315-326.	2.0	14
75	Intracerebroventricular 5,7-DHT alters the in vitro function of rat cortical GABAA/benzodiazepine chloride ionophore receptor complexes. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1992, 51, 327-335.	2.0	14
76	Ethanol-induced dopamine elevation in the rat – Modulatory effects by subchronic treatment with nicotinic drugs. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 555, 139-147.	1.7	14
77	High cortisol responders to stress show increased sedation to alcohol compared to low cortisol responders: An alcohol dose-response study. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2016, 143, 65-72.	1.3	13
78	Further characterization of the GlyT-1 inhibitor Org25935: anti-alcohol, neurobehavioral, and gene expression effects. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2017, 124, 607-619.	1.4	13
79	Different dopamine tone in ethanol high- and low-consuming Wistar rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12761.	1.4	13
80	Treating alcohol dependence with an abuse and misuse deterrent formulation of sodium oxybate: Results of a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled study. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 52, 18-30.	0.3	13
81	Acute and chronic modulation of striatal endocannabinoid-mediated plasticity by nicotine. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2019, 24, 355-363.	1.4	12
82	Combined administration of varenicline and bupropion produces additive effects on accumbal dopamine and abolishes the alcohol deprivation effect in rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12807.	1.4	12
83	Baseline severity and the prediction of placebo response in clinical trials for alcohol dependence: A meta-regression analysis to develop an enrichment strategy. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2021, 45, 1722-1734.	1.4	12
84	The mGluR5 antagonist MPEP elevates accumbal dopamine and glycine levels; interaction with strychnine-sensitive glycine receptors. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 591-599.	1.4	11
85	Healthy Subjects with a Family History of Alcoholism Show Increased Stimulative Subjective Effects of Alcohol. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2011, 35, no-no.	1.4	11
86	Stress and consumption of alcohol in humans with a Type 1 family history of alcoholism in an experimental laboratory setting. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2011, 99, 696-703.	1.3	11
87	Acamprosate's ethanol intake-reducing effect is associated with its ability to increase dopamine. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2018, 175, 101-107.	1.3	11
88	Sub-chronic taurine administration induces behavioral sensitization but does not influence ethanol-induced dopamine release in the nucleus accumbens. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2020, 188, 172831.	1.3	11
89	Astrocytes modulate extracellular neurotransmitter levels and excitatory neurotransmission in dorsolateral striatum via dopamine D2 receptor signaling. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 47, 1493-1502.	2.8	11
90	Growth hormone responses to clonidine and GRF in spontaneously hypertensive rats: Neuroendocrine evidence for an enhanced responsiveness of brain alpha2-adrenoceptors in genetical hypertension. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1986, 39, 2103-2109.	2.0	9

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91	Alterations in ethanol-induced accumbal transmission after acute and long-term zinc depletion. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2015, 20, 170-181.	1.4	9
92	The Effects of Mirtazapine Versus Placebo on Alcohol Consumption in Male High Consumers of Alcohol. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 35, 43-50.	0.7	9
93	Energy drink constituents (caffeine and taurine) selectively potentiate ethanol-induced locomotion in mice. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2019, 187, 172795.	1.3	9
94	Repeated Ethanol but not Phencyclidine Impairs Spontaneous Alternation Behaviour in the Y-Maze. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2012, 110, 347-352.	1.2	8
95	An acetylcholine-dopamine interaction in the nucleus accumbens and its involvement in ethanol's dopamine-releasing effect. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2021, 26, e12959.	1.4	7
96	Differential dopamine release by psychosis-generating and non-psychosis-generating addictive substances in the nucleus accumbens and dorsomedial striatum. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 11, 472.	2.4	7
97	Transcriptional profiling of the rat nucleus accumbens after modest or high alcohol exposure. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0181084.	1.1	7
98	Rising Taurine and Ethanol Concentrations in Nucleus Accumbens Interact to Produce the Dopamine-Activating Effects of Alcohol. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2013, 775, 215-223.	0.8	6
99	Effects of systemic glycine on accumbal glycine and dopamine levels and ethanol intake in male Wistar rats. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2021, 128, 83-94.	1.4	6
100	Environment-dependent effects of ethanol on DOPAC and HVA in various brain regions of ethanol-tolerant rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1990, 102, 319-324.	1.5	5
101	A family history of Type 1 alcoholism differentiates alcohol consumption in high cortisol responders to stress. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2015, 130, 59-66.	1.3	5
102	Subregion-specific effects on striatal neurotransmission and dopamine-signaling by acute and repeated amphetamine exposure. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2021, 194, 108638.	2.0	5
103	Sodium oxybate for the maintenance of abstinence in alcohol-dependent patients: An international, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 36, 1136-1145.	2.0	5
104	Minor Adaptations of Ethanol-Induced Release of Taurine Following Chronic Ethanol Intake in the Rat. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2017, 975 Pt 1, 217-224.	0.8	4
105	Ethanol and phencyclidine interact with respect to nucleus accumbens dopamine release: differential effects of administration order and pretreatment protocol. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 4, 32.	1.0	3
106	Dose Patterns among Patients Using Low-Dose Buprenorphine Patches. <i>Pain Medicine</i> , 2013, 14, 1374-1380.	0.9	2
107	Ethanol-Induced Taurine Elevation in the Rat Dorsal Striatum. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2017, 975 Pt 1, 173-181.	0.8	2
108	The glycine-containing dipeptide leucine-glycine raises accumbal dopamine levels in a subpopulation of rats presenting a lower endogenous dopamine tone. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2022, 129, 395-407.	1.4	2

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109	Outcome Measures in Alcohol Studies: A Comment on the ORBITAL Core Outcome Set (Shorter et al.,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 jgBT /Over	0.6	2
110	Differential and long-lasting changes in neurotransmission in the amygdala of male Wistar rats during extended amphetamine abstinence. Neuropharmacology, 2022, 210, 109041.	2.0	2
111	Sustained inhibitory transmission but dysfunctional dopamine D2 receptor signaling in dorsal striatal subregions following protracted abstinence from amphetamine. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2022, 218, 173421.	1.3	1
112	Stress and Addiction. , 2006, , 384-401.		0
113	Outcome Measures in Alcohol Studies: A Comment on the ORBITAL Core Outcome Set (Shorter et al.,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 jgBT /Over	0.6	2